

We respectfully remind advertisers that hereafter when a contract is made with this paper it is a contract that cannot be dissolved by the mere whim of the advertiser. Several parties have done this in the past, and we have not insisted upon a strict right of the publishers. Such leniency will not be repeated in the future. Advertisers will bear in mind that in future they will be required to fulfill the conditions of their agreement, and that annulments of contract without liability can only be made by mutual consent between the contracting parties.

THE NOR' WESTER.

CALGARY, THURSDAY, Feb. 12, 1885.

Mr. Pope has introduced a bill to provide for the taking of the census of the Northwest Territories.

Mr. A. C. Killam, M.P.P., of Winnipeg, has been appointed to the vacant Judgeship caused by the death of the late Judge Smith.

The Reginese are jubilant in anticipation of the building of the railway from that hamlet to Long Lake. We wish them every success and hope their wishes may be gratified, but would intimate it is just possible to be a little too previous in such matters.

At the examination of Cunningham, charged with conspiracy in causing the recent explosion at the Tower of London, the Solicitor for the Crown asked to have the prisoner arraigned under the Explosive Act on a charge of conspiracy and at some later day it might be changed to high treason. This has caused a slight commotion among the people, as the result would be execution instead of penal servitude, which he would certainly deserve if guilty of the outrage.

The publishers of the Winnipeg Times have taken a new departure in Northwest journalism. By the last mail we received a copy of an illustrated supplement which they purpose issuing every Saturday. The cartoons are well executed, the leading one refers to Manitoba's new terms. The Hon. John being about to say farewell to Sir John. Evidently from the facial expression of the former he is well satisfied with the result of his negotiations, and the latter seems equally well pleased to get rid of so troublesome a visitor.

The Deputy Minister of the Interior in his report which has been presented to Parliament, says: "The success of the cattle industry in the Fort McLeod district and generally along the base of the Rocky Mountains to Calgary may be considered settled. Forty-one companies and individuals are engaged in the business, holding under lease from the Department 2,782,690 acres, on which they have placed a large number of cattle, horses and sheep, and there are also 375,000 acres of grazing lands on which no cattle have been placed yet and it will be in the public interest to terminate the tenure of all those at the close of three years from the date of the grant."

A bill will be introduced during the present session to bring into force in the Northwest territories, the Torrens system of land registration, such as has been in operation in Australia for many years. By this act the old method of registering deeds upon every change of proprietorship, and searches for abstract of titles will be done away with, and a certificate only from the registrar, will in future be necessary to establish ownership, and in cases of sale or transfers, simply transfer certificate to the purchaser will be required, who in turn deposits it with the registrar, who issues the new certificate. This change in the present land transfer system, will greatly facilitate land transactions in the Northwest, and is regarded as one of the most important measures the government will bring down during the coming session.

The Canadian Gazette of London says: "It is gratifying to learn that the Canadian Pacific Railway, through Mr. Begg in London, have made arrangements by which the Manitoban farm, which attracted so

much attention to the Forestry Exhibition in Edinburgh, will be exhibited in the Antwerp Exhibition of the ensuing summer. Excellent arrangements have been made. Mr. Begg has secured a very large space in the outside grounds of the Exhibition. The Committee have recognized the special attractiveness of the exhibition by offering great facilities for it, and Mr. Begg intends to make the farm in every way even more complete than when it was on view in the Scotch capital. It is beyond all doubt that this novel and striking mode of illustrating the wealth of the prairies of the Northwest will produce a great impression on the minds of the Belgian and other farmers who may inspect the exhibition, and must constitute a most important element in the representation at Antwerp.

The most brilliant surgical case yet recorded, is an operation recently performed at the Chambers street hospital, New York. In this case precedent was openly defied and the attending surgeons saved a human life and performed an operation of a kind that never before had been attended with success. One McElroy was shot, the ball stopping at some point within the abdominal cavity. A consultation was held, and it was determined that death would speedily ensue unless relief was afforded in some manner; and heroic treatment was decided upon. Within twenty hours after being shot McElroy was transferred to the operating table. Elaborate precautions were taken to prevent the introduction of disease germs into the wound. An incision was made into the abdominal cavity and the entire intestines gradually taken out. The bullet was found in the last section and removed. It was found to have penetrated the intestines in several places. The operation lasted two hours. As soon as food could be given properly McElroy gained strength, and went out of the hospital for the first time on Christmas day, less than two months from the time he was injured, and about a week after he was discharged cured. The success of the operation is considered a great triumph in surgical science.

It may not be too early to make a few suggestions respecting next season's crops. There are now quite a large number of farmers in this district and the general expectancy is that there will be a large influx of settlers this season. But it is to those who are now settled here that we address ourselves particularly. It has been shown the past season that as good grain and root crops can be grown here as in any part of the world. The Calgary Agricultural Society has in a very commendable manner done much in making this information known to the world not only by the products that have been sent by the Society to all parts of Canada, the Eastern States and England, but by the distribution of over 30,000 copies of the Society's excellent pamphlet, in the countries named; which the Society were instrumental in having distributed. And now there is on foot another scheme by which the products of our country can be widely advertised in England. The Queen has appointed a Royal Commission for the purpose of organizing and carrying out a world's Exhibition in 1886. The Prince of Wales is the President of this Commission, and Sir Philip Cantliff-Owen, Secretary. The Dominion Government are taking an active interest in this national undertaking and are inviting the cordial co-operation of the different Provinces therein. So it may be taken for granted that the exhibition will be a decided success, and it can easily be seen it may be of momentous importance to this district to be properly represented there. The people here now have ample time to prepare for the exhibition as next season's crops will be the ones selected to be sent; hence we would urge all the farmers to take especial pains in raising their different crops so that the very best samples can

be sent. There is no doubt our Agricultural Society will hold an exhibition here next Fall possibly in October, and the products that receive prizes at that exhibition, will doubtless be forwarded for exhibition in London. It is thought the exhibition will be held in London in May, 1886. It is not necessary to remind the farmers that every good settler secured in the country enriches the country to a certain extent, and self-interest if no other motive should impel us all, farmers as well as miners, ranchers and business men, to exert ourselves to the utmost to secure desirable settlers. There will be some system of forwarding all products free of charge to the producer, and he will have the additional advantage of his chance in securing prizes and medals. We would therefore again urge the farmers to take especial pains in raising their crops this next season. Besides the chances are that good prices will rule in consequence of the expected influx of settlers.

O'DONOVAN ROSSA

SHOT BY A WOMAN.

Five Shots Fired - Only One Taking Effect.
New York, Feb. 2.—O'Donovan Rossa was shot at twelve minutes past five o'clock this afternoon. He is still alive. He was in front of the Stewart building, on Chambers street, when he was approached by a handsome young lady. The latter was dressed plainly, wore spectacles, and had the appearance of an intellectual school teacher. She drew a five-barrelled revolver from her dress pocket and leveling it at Rossa fired one shot. Rossa threw his hand above his head and cried "I'm shot!" He then fell heavily to the sidewalk. The woman fired the remaining bullets in her pistol at the prostrate man, and calmly unconcernedly walked off with the smoking revolver in her hand. She was followed by a large crowd, while a still larger mob surrounded the wounded dynamiter. City Marshal James McAuley, in the absence of a policeman, saw the revolver in the woman's hand and arrested her. She was conducted to the 26th Precinct station house, in the city hall. Her coolness of demeanor was remarkable when she was arraigned at the sergeant's desk. She gave her name as Ysolt Dudley.

STORY OF THE SHOOTING.
The first shot fired took effect in O'Donovan's body, and he fell down. The woman offered no remonstrances but when arrested allowed herself to be taken through the mass of citizens to the city hall station house. When she had been taken away, Rossa rose and made an attempt to find his way back to his office on Chambers street. He walked all the way to the Chambers street hospital, a distance of nearly a quarter of a mile. He bled considerably on the way. Once in the hospital he was undressed and examined by Dr. Dennison. It was found that the bullet had entered his back directly below the left shoulder blade. The doctor pronounced the wound not of a dangerous character.

THE ASSAILANT
is a good-looking woman, dressed neatly in plain dark clothing, and wearing eye-glasses. She appeared like a school teacher, with an entirely plain face. Her manner was entirely composed, and she answered some of the questions put to her promptly and without embarrassment. To others she simply shook her head and smiled. "She was here asked: "Do you know the man you shot?" "Yes," replied the prisoner, coolly, with an English accent; "I shot O'Donovan Rossa."

Further questioning by the Sergeant elicited the statement that her name was Ysolt Dudley, age 25. She is a nurse and married; and she lived at 60 Clinton Place. She was asked why she shot Rossa, how long she had been in America, and other questions, to which she made no answer. After her name had been taken she was escorted to a rear room and the crowd slowly dispersed. Her entire demeanor was that of a rational person, and a cool-headed one at that. Rossa had been placed on a cot in the same ward with Capt. Phelan, who was stabbed by Richard Short in Rossa's office over three weeks ago. O'Donovan was within eight feet of Phelan. The doctor says there is no danger apprehended from the wound. He said he thought his conviction was serious enough to warrant him making an ante-mortem statement, which was made as follows to coroner Kennedy:—

On Saturday, Jan. 31st, about 4 p.m., I received a letter at my office, 12 Chambers street. The note said that a lady wished to see me, that she was interested in the Irish cause, and desired to assist it. I met the lady and went to Sweeney's Hotel, and she said she would be able to give considerable money if anything good was done. An appointment was made for Monday at 4 p.m., and I met the lady, who had a paper which I had to sign. We walked down Chambers street towards Broadway, and we got a short distance towards Broadway when she stepped back and fired two or three shots at me. One of the balls entered my back.

JEREMIAH O'DONOVAN ROSSA, a lot of Rossa's friends, determined looking chaps, sat on the hospital to-night and discussed the attempted murder. To a reporter Rossa said: "It was a premeditated affair, and this woman was 'imply' the engine by which the dynamite work was done. She had no private revenge to gratify. No relative of hers had been injured."

New York, Feb. 3.—1 a.m.—About nine o'clock last night Mrs. Dudley asked about

the condition of Rossa, and seemed sorry when she learned that he was still alive. She had acted as a trained nurse in hospitals in London and Paris, and said she had diplomas from institutions of that kind. Mrs. Dudley came from England about three months ago, and has pursued her following as a valet. If Englishmen, he said, thought to frighten the Irish in the United States by murdering their leading men, they would find that Irishmen feared the lead of the assassin no more than they feared England's rope, and they would meet them at their own game.

OTTAWA, Feb. 2.—In the Commons tonight great excitement was caused among the members on the receipt of the news of the shooting of O'Donovan Rossa.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 2.—Congressman Finerty said that if it should be found that Rossa's assassination was a hiring assassin, this would prove to be the beginning of a vendetta. If Englishmen, he said, thought to frighten the Irish in the United States by murdering their leading men, they would find that Irishmen feared the lead of the assassin no more than they feared England's rope, and they would meet them at their own game.

Le Temps says that England has accepted the French counter proposals to the financial management of Egypt, with few amendments, which France and the other powers have adopted, and that an Egyptian treaty will shortly be arranged. France has secured her required interests, and England has admitted the principle of international control. It only remains for the two parliaments to endorse the agreement.

NOTICE.

All parties are hereby notified that the undersigned committee have petitioned the Lieutenant-Governor for the erection of the "School District of Calgary Protestant Public School District No. — of the Northwest Territories" within the following limits, that is to say, sections 25 to 36 inclusive, Township 24 and sections 1 to 24 inclusive, Township 24 in Range 1 West fifth principal meridian, and hereby call for a vote of the school electors within these limits to decide whether such petition shall be granted or not, to be given on:—

Saturday, the 21st day of February, 1885, at the School House, Calgary.

Votes will be received from nine o'clock a.m. until four o'clock p.m.
The qualification of voters is expressed in the following oath, which persons desiring to vote must take: "I do solemnly swear that your name is (mention name given by proposed voter); that you are the owner (tenant, or occupant) of (describe the land voted upon); that it is of the value of one hundred dollars; (or, if a tenant, of the yearly value of twenty dollars); that it is situated within the limits of the proposed School District, that you are of the full age of twenty-one years; that you are not an alien or unfree Indian; and that you have not received any corrupt reward, and have no hope or expectation of receiving any such reward, for voting at this time and place."

HOWARD DOUGLAS, Return of Officer.
J. S. FREEZE, A. McNELL, School Committee.

AVIS.

AVIS public est par le present donne que le comite scolaire, par requete au Lieutenant-Gouverneur demande que l'arrondissement scolaire No. — des Territoires du Nord-Ouest soit cree dans les sections 25 a 36 inclusives, Township 24 et sections 1 a 24 inclusives, Township 24 en Range 1 Ouest du 5e meridian principal, et appelle a un vote des electeurs de l'arrondissement scolaire, dans les limites de ces sections, pour decider si la petition pour la creation de l'arrondissement scolaire sera ou non accordee, et un Poll sera ouvert a cet effet le samedi, le 21 fevrier, 1885, a la maison d'education dans Calgary, Alberta. Et que les votes seront recues de 9 heures du matin jusqu'a quatre heures de l'apres-midi. La qualification des votants se trouve contenue dans le serment que tout electeur doit prendre avant de voter, et qui est le suivant: "Je jure que votre nom est (mentionner le nom donne par le votant); que le dit terrain est de la valeur de cent dollars (ou, si vous etes un locataire, de la valeur annuelle d'un cent de dollar); que le dit terrain est situe dans les limites du District scolaire No. — des Territoires du Nord-Ouest, et que vous etes un electeur de plein droit; que vous n'etes ni alien, ni Indien non libre; et que vous n'avez recue ni esperance de recevoir, aucun salaire corrompu, et n'avez aucune esperance de recevoir un tel salaire, pour voter a ce moment et en ce lieu."

HOWARD DOUGLAS, Officier Rapporteur.
J. S. FREEZE, A. McNELL, Comite Scolaire.

PUBLIC NOTICE

All persons, including Lessees of grazing lands, are hereby notified to take notice that the cutting of timber on the public land without authority from the Minister of the Interior, or the Local Crown Timber Agent of the Dominion Lands for the District, is forbidden by law, and all timber so cut without authority is liable to seizure and to be dealt with as the Minister of the Interior may direct. Each settler on a homestead quarter section not having title to his land, on application to the Local Agent of Dominion Lands, purchase a wood lot not exceeding twenty acres in extent, at five dollars per acre. Any person other than a homestead settler desiring permission to cut timber, must make application therefor to the Minister of the Interior, who will deal with such application according to law. Persons who have already cut timber without authority, must pay the dues thereon to the Crown Timber Agent at his office, on or before the 1st of May, 1885; otherwise the said timber will be sold under the provisions of the Dominion Lands Act.

(Signed) A. M. BURGESS, Deputy of the Minister of the Interior

STEPHEN AVE. Orders by mail from Edmonton. KILN GOODS. GO TO THOMAS FOR YOUR CIGARS AND TOBACCO. GO TO THOMAS FOR YOUR KILN WARE. GO TO THOMAS FOR YOUR LATHES AND SHINGLES. GO TO THOMAS FOR YOUR LATHES AND SHINGLES. GO TO THOMAS FOR YOUR LATHES AND SHINGLES.

NEW DRUG STORE. DRUGS AND MEDICINES. S. J. HOGG & CO.

S. J. HOGG & CO. Dealer in all kinds of building Lumber, Lath & Shingles. STORE SASH & DOORS. Corner Broadway, Building Paper and Lime.

A Harris, Son & Co's IMPLEMENTS. Of which a full supply constantly on hand. SLEIGHS. To arrive in a few days, cheap for cash or approved notes.

Confederation Life Association. Lumber Yard and Office. Stephen Avenue, opposite Glenn's Feed Stable.

Canadian Pacific RAILWAY. WESTERN DIVISION. Winter Time Table.

On and after Dec. 7th, 1884, trains will move as follows:—

| Going West. | Going East. |
|-------------|-------------------------|
| 8:30 Leave. | Winnipeg Arrive 6:30 |
| 11:05 | Portage la Prairie 4:00 |
| 3:00 | Brandon 12:30 |
| 11:00 | Brandon W. 2:00 |
| 5:25 | Regina 8:00 |
| 8:00 | Moose Jaw 5:30 |
| 3:40 | Swift Current 7:55 |
| 5:40 | Maple Creek 1:25 |
| 2:15 | Medicine Hat 8:15 |
| 7:30 Arrive | Calgary Leave 3:50 |
| 1:10 a.m. | Lacombe 8:45 p.m. |

Trains between Winnipeg and Brandon daily, except Sundays. Three trains a week between Winnipeg and Moose Jaw, leaving Winnipeg on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, returning, leave Moose Jaw Sundays, Wednesdays and Fridays. Once a week between Winnipeg and Lacombe leaving Winnipeg Tuesday, returning, leave Lacombe on Friday. Train between Calgary and Lacombe subject to cancellation at any time without notice.

| Going South. | Going North. |
|--------------|----------------------|
| 8:35 | Winnipeg Arrive 7:00 |
| 10:50 | Emerson 4:15 |
| 8:40 | Winnipeg 7:00 |
| 9:15 | Morris 1:30 |
| 10:30 | Morris 5:05 |
| 11:55 | Gretna 4:00 |
| 11:40 | Manitou a.m. 8:30 |

John M. Egan, Wm. Kerr, Superintendent. Gen'l. Pass. Agt.

BOW RIVER MILLS.

Calgary, Padmore, Silver City.

LUMBER, LATH, SHINGLES, DOORS, WINDOW SASH.

Far and Brown Paper. Builders' Hardware. Brick, Lime, Stone, Coal and Cord Wood. Contracts taken for all kinds of business.

JAMES WALKER, OFFICER.

Stephen Avenue East, CALGARY.

PIONEER STORE

FLOUR, FEED AND SEED, WHOLESALE & RETAIL.

S. PARRISH & CO., STEPHEN AVENUE.

Flour, Oats, Cornmeal, Cracked Wheat, Cattle Feed, Suet, Soap, Chop, Bran.

SEED WHEAT. Special Inducements given to Bakers and Hotels.

POTATOES A SPECIALTY.

Branch Store in Silver City where all the above can be had. Do not forget the Standard.



KEEP YOUR Eye Open FOR MY NEW STOCK!

Which will arrive in a few days.

G. E. JACQUES

THE PIONEER WATCHMAKER CALGARY, ALTA

Chicago, Milwaukee And St. Paul RAILWAY IS THE

SHORT LINE FROM ST. PAUL AND MINNEAPOLIS

Via La Crosse and Milwaukee to Chicago

STOCK

Chicago

And all points in the Eastern States and Canada. It is the only line under one management between St. Paul and Chicago, and is the finest equipped railway in the Northwest. It is the only line running through the Sleeping Cars and Palace Smoking Cars, the Pullman and the beautiful St. Louis River to Minneapolis and Chicago. Its trains consist of the best of the Northern lines in the Grand Union Depot at St. Paul and Chicago. The Stock Exchange in the World are now being run by this company between St. Paul and Chicago. For through tickets, timetables, and full information apply to any competent agent in the Northwest. J. S. MERRILL, Gen'l. Manager. A. V. H. CHAPMAN, Gen'l. Pass. Agt. T. CHASE, Gen'l. Supt. Milwaukee, Wis.

(From Our Readers) The streets and under water now render the ch dangerous, and for total abstinence, to Cupid is playing hearts of some of couple has come to marriage is the term making campaign, the silken bonds will take place short Three carloads of lived here for the talked of emigrant agent, Mr. Miquel, a couple of days ago, it is a very short C. P. R. track close agent will have a day in which he expects when they arrive The present spell put the quietus on the through the principal vehicles, singing in celestial soprano do all the lullaby songs await their reappearance like many other quite satisfied with Some of the male much improved by of Brown's Bronchial Owing to the strict Liquor Law, and the the N. W. M. Police here have either a to peering their samples The retailers of the useful corkers a black dotted bone water with an am watched, and if necessary warriors bold, and the favor of a profit an stringent law as it farce, and very little whenever a chance a remarkable fact is parties do not get apply for them, they goody class of men, during the elections, and, and usually the cooling, they also have miserable sinners flesh and spirit tremble coolly for a per annum of proscruent vanitor of beer, who is a for boy, he has y getting clear. The pre share of a fine, as a a great temptation, at the baser passions, Dollars are a tempt man, who has degnat hon is tattering in throne. Yes, the al the intending inform does an innocent bid miserable wretch is as his scowling face in victim pays his fine, still continue, to min an honorable public, a with a lavish hand, called blood-money. Informers are offered for their dirty work, suggest to the authorit furnishing such immed copy of a book public Carey, entitled "The terrible tale with its cause some of them to stain their souls with noble examples we see among the chosen one the liquor law, so some dear no, just only a lit of these same persons "nip" with some too chette. Thereby after ment, the civilian coats of justice and scorched. Very the Judas of old, is soaring Northwest, his kiss of prepared soil, on which into a golden harvest. hears about total abstin wind lost. The total the question; prevent is what is required and improvement on the exists. Let some one abolish the pernicious not have the Northwest by the rest of the Do again to this importa Feb. 4th, 1885.