MONDAY EVENING, MARCH 12 1894.

WHOLE NO. 9825

In the Queen's Speech to Parliament.

Disestablishment of the Church in Wales.

Principle The One-Man-One-Vote Indorsed.

Boards of Conciliation to Settle Labor Troubles.

Relief for Evicted Tenants and Other Reforms Proposed - More British Troops for India-Colossal Conspiracy in Corea-Resignation of the German National Liberal Leader.

Mr. Gladstone Better.

LONDON, March 11 .- Mr. Gladstone was able Saturday to leave his bedroom, and will probably go to Brighton Monday. British Troops for India,

LONDON, March 11 .- The Indian troophip Malabar sailed from Portsmouth for Sombay this morning with 1,250 soldiers n board.

Extricated.

CALCUTTA, March 11 .-- Advices from the north show that the British column which was sent out against the Abors in Assam and was forced back to Sadyah has been extricated from its dangerous position.

The Czar's Birthday.

BERLIN, March 11-Emperor William gave a dinner last evening in honor of the Czar, who was 49 years old yesterday. Forty diplomatists and high officers were

March, 1848, Remembered. VIENNA, March 11 .- The anniversary of

the March revolution of 1848 was celebrated here to-day. More than 20,000 workingmen went to the burial places of the revolutionists who were shot and placed wreaths on their graves. Cart vs. Carriage.

BERLIN, March 11 .- A cart collided yesterday afternoon with the royal carriage, in which the Emperor's three youngest sons, Joachim, Oscar and August Wilhelm, were returning from a drive. The side of the carriage was smashed, but none of the inces were injured.

Colossal Conspiracy in Corea

YOKOHAMA, March 11. - Advices received from Corea tell of the discovery of a conspiracy to kill Prince Li Tchok, the heir to the Corean throne, with all of the King's Ministers and many other dignitaries. Upwards of 1,000 persons were arrested in connection with the plot.

International Arbitration.

LONDON, March 11 .- Under the initiative of the American committee the cause of international arbitration is being pushed among the British church people and a considerable agitation has been begun. The British provisional committee have resolved to extend their operations and are already forming an enlarged committee to be composed of clergymen of all Christian bodies and of conspicuous politicians.

Discount.

LONDON, March 11 .- The rates of discount last week were 13 for three months and 2 for 30 days. The influx of gold continued. Silver was unsteady, with a tendency to recover somewhat, as the impression prevailed that the worst had already happened. Prices on the Stock Exchange were firmer. The safer investment securities rose, although business in speculative stocks remained stagnant. American securities were firm, but transactions small.

France's Weak Navy.

Toulon, March 11 .- The commission of inquiry which is investigating the allegations of inefficiency against the French navy and the charges that the French coast defenses are inadequate has succeeded in obtaining a great deal of evidence sustaining the charges, which were in effect that the war vessels of France were practically useless as engines of war and the coast defenses so weak as to leave the country bordering the sea at the mercy of any firstclass naval power.

An Imperial Secret Made Public.

BERLIN, March 11 .- The true reason for the Empress' trip to Abazzia has become an open secret. Her Majesty has enfeebled her health by unwise efforts to reduce her weight. The imperial physicians think six weeks or two months will suffice to restore her health.

The Emperor, Empress and Crown Prince drove to Charlottenburg on Friday and placed wreaths on the sarcophagus of Emperor William I. They did this in observance of the sixth anniversary of the old Emperor's death,

British Soldiers in Africa.

BATHURST, Gambia, March 10.-The naval brigade made a landing yesterday for the purpose of attacking Gonjur, one of Chief Fodisilah's strongholds, which place the flagship Raleigh and the gunboat Widgeon had bombarded on the previous day. The commander of the British force was surprised to meet with no resistance to his approach to the place, and was still more amazed upon his arrival to find the village abandoned. The native chief had left the bodies of his soldiers where they were slain by the bombardment, without attempting to bury one of them. The whereabouts of Fodisilah and the remainder of his party has not yet been ascer-

The Victim of a Bomb Explosion. Rome, March 11 .- Signor Angeli, who died of wounds caused by the bomb explosion on Piazza di Citero, was buried yesterday afternoon. As he was a treasury official, Baron Sonnino, Finance Minister. and many men from the treasury offices walked in the funeral procession. Enormous crowds gathered along the route, and gave evidences of regret and sympathy with Angeli's family. The expenses of the funeral were defrayed by the Government.

Disgusted. BERLIN, March 11. - Pudolnh Von Ber- | bers escaped.

nigsen, member of the Reichstag for the eighteenth district of Hanover and leader of the National Liberal party, has decided to resign his office and retire to private life. He has become disgusted with the unmannerly proceedings in the Reichstag since men of the Sigl and Ahlward stripe began making themselves conspicuous in the debates. There is, however, considerable bad feeling in the National Liberal party. A rupture threatens and as Bennigsen is in his 70th year he feels no longer equal to the task of reconciling the warring factions. He has been sitting in the German Parlia. ments for more than 40 years.

Count Doehnhoff (Conservative) has resigned from his party organization owing to his difference with the other leaders over the Russian treaty. He favored the ratification of the treaty.

Captured a Yankee Millionaire's Daughter.

LONDON, March 11.-The marriage of Virginia Bonynge, daughter of the California millionaire, Charles William Bonynge, to Viscount Derhurst took place in the Church of All Saints, Kensington, yesterday afternoon. The church was well filled with guests, among whom were the Princess Christian, Princess Victoria of Schleswig-Holstein, the Countess of Arran, the Countess of Cairns, the Earl and Countess of Cadogan, the Earl and Countess of Essex, the Earl and Countess of Craven, Lord and Lady Burton, Mrs. Bradley. Martin, Gen. and Mrs. Byron, and many thers. The wedding gifts were numerous and magnificent.

British Parliamentary Programme. LONDON, March 11 .- The Queen's speech, which will be read to Parliament tomorrow, is much briefer than usual. Her Majesty congratulates the members upon the continuance of Great Britain's friendly arbitration as especially gratifying. She refers to the Anglo-Russian negotiations concerning frontiers in middle Asia and the Anglo-Chinese arrangements as regards the orders of Burmah, and expresses her re-British forces near Warina, northwest Africa. The encounter is mentioned as a "lamentable accident."

The speech proposes in domestic politics the expected programme with the two or three additions. The measures recommended are: The abolition of plural voting, the extension of Scotch local government, the organization of boards of conciliation to settle labor troubles, the amendment of the Factory Act, the disestablishment of tenants in Ireland and registration reform. Sir William Harcourt means to bring

forward a Radical budget, raising the death the increase of taxation of beer and spiri-

The advent of Lord Rosebery to the Premiership has been viewed with misgiv. ings by churchmen. Both Mr. Gladstone and Lord Salisbury are high churchmen and generally made important church appointments pleasing to all of their creed. What Lord Rosebery may do under similar circumstances nobody knows and few can surmise, for he has always shown utter indifterence to the prejudices and feuds of

church parties. Lord Rosebery's attitude towards the House of Lords remains doubtful. The impression is that the Prime Minieter will suggest an interim measure giving the Peers the right to sit in the House of Commons as a preliminary to a sweeping reconstruction of the whole system of hereditary legislators. In a letter written in 1883 Lord Rosebery declared that he favored allowing the Peers the option of the Lower House. His supporters now argue that the occasion is inopportune for any more com-

prehensive reform. as customary just before the opening of Parliament. Lord Rosebery entertained at William Harcourt in Downing street, the Duke of Davonshire at Devonshire House, and Lord Salisbury at 20 Arlington street. The outlines of the Queen's speech were communicated to the guests on each

The anti-Parnellite Commoners will meet soon after the reading of the Queen's speech to elect officers to decide upon the future policy of the party. The anti-Parnellite leaders have already obtained information sufficient to convince them the Government's course will be satisfactory.

The report prevailed that John Morley had not obtained the assent of his colleagues to the project for the relief of the evicted tenants in Ireland. The fact is that Mr. Morley consented to retain his office only on the condition that the bill in question be taken in hand and the old Gladstone Cabinet be kept as nearly intact as possible. The plan of relief is based upon the recommendations of Justice Matthews' evicted tenants' commission. Through the land court the evicted tenants will be enabled to buy holdings, the time of repayment of borrowed capital being extended over a term of years. The clause concerning compulsory sales remains undecided. Justin McCarthy and his anti-Parnellite followers insist upon the compulsory feature, and their de-

mand will hardly be refused. The position of the Government has been made easier by the improvement of the budgetary prospects. Instead of the expected deficit of over £2,000,000 there will be little more than £750,000 needed to balance the accounts. The change in the outlook is due to the increase of the revenue, especially of the part produced by the income tax.

The navy estimates will be laid before Parliament on March 19.

Two Doctors Victimized. TORONTO, March 10. - W. S. Lee is charged with having obtained \$20 from Dr. Elliott and \$6 from Dr. Pollard by false pretenses. He is the agent of a suppositious ceident company-the "Preferred Accident Company"-of which he appointed the two gentlemen medical examiners. On the strength of this appointment he ob.

tained the sums above mentioned. Bank Robbery in Syracuse. SYRACUSE, New York, March 11 .- A bold robbery was committed at East Syracuse last night. About 6 o'clock two strangers entered the store of Charles Monahan, in East Main street, and asked for a pound of crackers, While Monahan was weighing the goods one man covered him with a revolver, demanding his money while the other went through the safe and secured \$600 in cash. Monahan resisted the robbers and was shot through the arm, though not seriously wounded. The rob-

Will Shape the Liberal Policy on Lines More Advanced Than Ever.

A Mine of Corruption Unearthed in the British Army.

Sympathy for Gladstone - Dufferin's Diplomacy-Against Bucket Shops-A Court Dress.

LONDON, March 11. - The Cabinet crisis is over, and the Parliamentary crisis is about to begin. Had it not been for the sudden interposition of the hand of death which raised Marjoribanks to the peerage, Ministerial reorganization would have been effected in a single day. The fate of the new Ministry largely depends upon its declaration of policy. It will be in every sense the most critical atterance in recent British politics.

Amid all speculations in the past day or two no one has attempted to prophesy with confidence what attitude the new Premier will take. All the extreme groups in the Gladstonian party are, it is safe to say, expecting too much. Several Radical members have assured me that the Rosebery programme will be much more radical than any ever issued by Gladstone. The relations to the powers. She mentions the Irish party hopes for assurance that the satisfactory conclusion of the Bering Sea cause of Ireland will still be kept paramount.

It is now generally believed that the new Ministry will seek to avoid dissolution at present. Lord Rosebery naturally degret for the encounter between French and sired to make some record in his high is a growing feeling that he will, as soon as an opportunity allows, endeavor to redraw the existing political lines. If he tries to make a new deal with the Liberal-Unionists and some of his Conservative friends, we shall have a highly interesting political drama. It would probably require more than even his consummate skill the church in Wales, the relief of evicted in handling men to escape falling between two stools. The desertion of his old supporters would probably come faster than duties in accordance with the former the enrollment of new recruits. He is Radical demands. He will advocate also now strenuously endeavoring to retain all groups of the Gladstonian folowers, but the Parnellites, already, are hopelessly lost to him. The bulk of the Royal's pamphlet, "The Present Crisis," Irish members cannot afford to accept from has created a sensation. him less substantial assurances than those given by Gladstone. Anything less, even if satisfactory to the leaders, would give something defective about our present the Parnellites such an advantage in Ireland that the disruption of the Irish party | mediate attention. would follow. The Irish position, therealready understood that Rosebery will receive the support of a portion of the Liberal-Unionists of both houses on most measures except home rule. This may be a sufficient offset to the detection of the Parnellites.

Gladstone's Popularity.

Mr. Gladstone's slight illness this week called forth an enormous outpouring of popular sympathy from all classes. It is becoming evident that certain of his countrymen regard him as more of a patriot now that he is less a partisan. He will be Official dinners were given last evening unable to attend the meeting of the Liberal party this week, but probably will soon issue an address to his constituents. his town house, 38 Berkeley square, Sir It is hoped that the Grand Old Man may yet appear many times in the House of Commons, and to this end the seat next behind the treasury bench has already been reserved for him,

Dufferin's Diplomacy.

Lord Dufferin's speech on the peace of Europe in Paris on Monday has had a remarkably good effect throughout Europe. In France itself the words have been received in excellent spirit, and public sentiment has quite taken the sting from the vulgar insults to the British ambassador which, by a few days, preceded the address. The French Government's bold declaration of a policy of religious toleration also has been received as a distinct mark of progress.

Against Bucket Shops. The Government has made the first move in what it is hoped will be an active campaign against bucket shop keepers by prosecuting and convicting one of the most impudent of the gang infesting the city of London. This fellow, Walter Henry Scott, traded as an outside broker under a score of aliases, and though he has been swindling the public for years, the charges against him were legally proved with the greatest difficulty. He was sentenced to eighteen months at hard labor, and the judge very properly expressed his regret that Parliament did not make the bucket shop busi-

ness illegal. The Phonograph's Use. Prof. Hubert Herkomer, of the Royal Academy, has put the phonograph to a new and excellent use at his studio. He delivers into the instrument his art lectures, and students came at certain hours and turn the professor on as often as they feel inclined. For classes that are constantly

changing this is an enormous advantage. An Enormous Umbrella.

Among certain African nations the umbrella is a symbol of royalty. British soldiers carry off the king's umbrella after every little war. The monarch usually sends to London for a new one. A house here is now making an immense umbrella for a sable despot not far from the territories of the late King Coffee. It is the largest umbrella in the world. The stick is fifteen feet long, the ribs are of brass and when they are extended cover a space sufficient for twelve persons. The premier or other favored members of the government selected for the honor of carrying this enormous spread of gingham over the king and his family will wear a strong leather belt containing a socket into which the bamboo fits.

Regardless of Cost.

Americans will be interested to know that Canada.

Craven attracted more attention than any other dress at the Queen's drawing-room this week. She wore a dress of pure white satin, draped with old point d'Alencon lace, said to be worth more than diamonds. because practically matchless. The train was brocaded with silver in a way which gave an imposing effect. A shower of ilies of the valley was carried with long trails of pure white orchids falling down over the dress, and with spikes of smaller flowers standing out from the lilies and mingled with white and green foliage.

Corruption in the Army.

It used to be a cardinal article of an Englishman's faith that his army, if small, was of the very best possible quality, and that its administrators, from the commander-inchief down to the humblest subaltern officer, were incorruptible. The latter belief received a rude shock a few days ago when the Woolwich Arsenal was proved to be a hotbed of corruption, and a clean sweep had to be made of some of its leading officers. The faith which survived that blow has now again been sorely tried. Officers Loch and Murray, in charge of the War Department armorv at the tower, Birmingham, have been placed under arrest and will be tried by court martial next week. The charges are systematic blackmailing, extending over a number of years, and frauds of the shabbiest and most unmilitary character. The tower is virtually a training school for A Magnificent Reception to the New regimental armorers, and no non-commissioned officer could hope to obtain the rank of armorer without a certificate of competency signed by Loch and Murray. It is alleged that these trusted officers extorted money as the price of every certificate, and also had a secret system whereby every workman applying for work and every soldier desiring promotion had to pay sums ranging from shillings to pounds. The incriminated officials have long been living far beyond their visible means, but the malpractices were not suspected until a few months ago, when the War Department in London began to receive anonymous letters purporting to be written by fleeced victims. The Secretary of War was unwilling to take cognizance of anonymous accusations the charges became so persistent and categorical that he decided to investigate them, and Col. King Harman was sent to Birmingham. With the assistance of the local police he soon obtained sufficient evidence to justify the arrests. The curious feature of the case is that Col. Nuttall,

ROUSING THE RIP VAN WINKLES.

Ex-Lieut.-Gev. Reyal's Pamphlet Makes a Stir-"Something' Defective in Canada's Government, Says a Tory Newspaper.

UEBEC, March Ex-Lieut.-Gov. D'Evenement (Conservative), commenting on the brochure, says that there is

system of government which requires imwould follow. The Irish position, there. The Daily Telegraph (Liberal) recalls to fore, is difficult. The leaders desire to remembrance the fact that Mr. Mercier was continue to support the Government. It is prosecuted for such like utterances as Mr. Roval's, and says that this will at least end the Tories' arguments against Mercier since both Conservatives and Liberals are

of the same same opinion. THREE WATERSPOUTS.

Nice to Look at, but They Made the Captain Feel Mighty Anxicus. NEW YORK, March 11 .- Capt. Coull, of Thursday, March 9, when 30 miles off Cape Hatteras, three large waterspouts appeared. passing very close to the vessel. The one which passed nearest to the vessel made a beautiful appearance, looking like a large hour glass, reaching from the sky to the ocean, and it approached Scotland will also be submitted, them so closely that he feared it would burst over the vessel and crush them with the immense weight of water which it contained, but fortunately the wind caused it to circle completely around them. It finally broke about a quarter of a mile astern, the water falling with tremendous force, churning the sea into a foam for a

away from the vessel to a distance.

Yankee Fishermen "Kick." TACOMA, Wash., March 11 .- The proposition agitated in the British Columbian Parliament to purchase from the United States Point Roberts-a small bit of land at the mouth of the Fraser River, separated by water from the rest of the United States-is causing a storm of indignation among the fishermen of this State. Owing to differences in the fish regulations between this State and British Columbia American fishermen can operate on Point Roberts to the detriment of Canadian fishermen, but to great advantage to themselves. The British Columbians propose to trade land adjoining Alaska for the point.

Mormons Go Abroad for Converts. NEW YORK, March 11 .- The Maasdam, which sailed yesterday for Rotterdam, carried eleven members of the Mormon Mormon Church is sending 1,000 mission. aries to Europe in search of converts. Nearly all the converts are found in Denwho sailed yesterday will remain abroad for two years or longer.

ALL MEN Young, old or middle-aged, who find them-

selves, nervous, weak and exhausted, who are broken down from excess or overwork, resulting in many of the following symptoms: Mental depression, premature old age, loss of vitality, loss of memory, bad dreams, dimness of sight, palpitation of the heart, emissions, lack of energy, pain in the kidneys, headaches, pimples on the face and body, itching or peculiar sensation about the scrotum, wasting of the organs, dizziness, specks before the eyes, twitching of the muscles, eyelids and elsewhere, bashpower, tenderness of the scalp and spine, weak and flabby muscles, desire to sleep, failure to be rested by sleep, constipation, dullness of hearing, loss of voice, desire for solitude, excitability of temper, sunken eyes, surrounded with LEADEN CIRCLES, oily looking skip, etc., are all symptoms of ner yous debility that lead to insanity unless cured. The spring or vital force having lost its tension every function wane; in consequence. Those who through abuse committed in ignorance, may be permanently cured. Send your address and 10c in stamps for book on diseases peculiar to man, sent sealed. Address M. V. LUBON, 24 Macdonnell avenue, Toronto, Ont., the costume of the voung Countess of | Please mention this paper.

Great Speech by the New Premier.

Loyal to the Whole Liberal Programme.

Gladstone's Home Rule Ideas Maintained.

The House of Lords is Now an Anomaly.

Radical Measures Foreshadowed in the Speech from the Throne.

The Liberal Leader in the Commons Indorses the Premier.

Chie:

London, March 12.-Parliament reasembled to-day at 2 o'clock this afternoon. The members of the House of Commons were summoned to the chamber of the House of Lords to hear the speech from the throne. After the usual formalities at the bar the Queen's speech was read by the lord high chancellor, Lord Herschell. The speech was as follows:

My Lords and Gentlemen: I regret, in view of my speech at the recent completion of your arduous labors. to have to summon you so soon to renew them. My relations with foreign powers continue amicable. Satisfactory negotiations between my Government and office before going to the country. There against the honor of reputable officers, but that of the Emperor of Russia for the settlement of frontier questions in Central Asia, are proceeding with a spirit of mutual confidence and good-will, which gives every hope of an early and equitable adjustment. Negotiations are also in progress with the Government of the United States for the purpose of executing commander-in-chief of the tower, was not | the award of the court of arbitration on arrested also for shameful neglect of his the question of the seal fisheries in Bering

> I take pleasure in informing you that the protracted and intricate arrangements over the frontier of the Burmese dominions and those of the Empire of China have been brought to a satisfactory conclusion by the signature of the convention.

Two collisions accompanied by lamentable losses of life have lately occurred between the French and colonial forces in West Africa. I await the result of the inquiry which has been instituted in regard to these deplorable occurrences in full confidence that they will be examined in the calm and dignified manner which befits two great nations on such an occasion.

Gentlemen of the House of Commons: The estimates for public service for the year will be laid before you. They will be found to make full and adequate provision

for the defense of the empire. The recent improvement in the state of Ireland has been continuous and marked. Agrarian crime has been reduced under the administration of ordinary law to the lowest point recorded in the last fifteen years. A measure will be submitted to you with the view of a reasonable settlethe steamer Catilian Prince, states that on | ment of a question deeply affecting the

well-being of Ireland. Bills will be submitted to you for the amendment of the registration law and the abolition of plural voting in parliamentary elections, and measures dealing with the ecclesiastical establishments in Wales and

There will also be presented to you bills with the object of equalization of rates in London, the establishment of a system of local government in Scotland on the same basis as that recently accorded to England and Wales, and the exercise of direct local control over the liquor traffic. You will also be asked to consider measures for the considerable distance. The others passed promotion for the conciliation of labor disputes the amendment of the Factory and Mine Acts, and the reform of the present method of conducting inquiries concerning fatal accidents in Scotland.

Upon all your labors and deliberations humbly implore the blessing and guidance of Almighty God.

GLADSTONE OFF TO BRIGHTON. Mr. Gladstone went to Brighton this

MEETING OF LIBERAL LEADERS. meeting of the Liberal leaders was held at noon at the Foreign Office. There was a full attendance. John Morley, Lord Rosebery and Sir William Harcourt made speeches, which elicited prolonged ap-

Lord Rosebery said they missed the sublime figure which had not only enriched the Ministerial bench, but the House of Commons also. (Cheers.) It had been thought that he (Rosebery) ought to Church lately from Salt Lake City. The make a complete declaration of his policy. (Cries of "Hear, hear.") There was no need of such a declaration, he said, seeing that there would be no change of measures, mark, Norway and Sweden. The eleven | Lut only of men. The Cabinet had no intention of receding from the policy they pursued at the last session. The honor of England abroad was safe in their hands. The Welsh church question would receive the earliest settlement, though he could not Eay whether it would receive the first place. It would certainly be pressed to a definite and successful issue. (Cheers.) Regarding the group of Irish questions, the party was bound by every tie of honor

TO CONTINUE MR. GLADSTONE'S PLANS. It would be an affection to deny that his (Rosebery's) speech in the House of Lords had raised doubts as to his position on the questions, but his critics must have read the speech in a very cursory way if fulness, deposits in the urine, loss of will they imagined that he designed to depart from a full acceptance of the Liberal policy. If there were any doubts on that point they ought to be set at rest by Mr. Morley's decision to remain in the Irish office. With Mr. Gladstone's last declara. tions concerning the House of Lords the Queen's present Ministers entirely agreed. He had himself s'udied the question, and perhaps had used, in the House of Lords. even stronger language than Mr. Gladstone had made use of. What the Lords had to understand was that with them the task of revision was delicate and that REJECTION WAS DANGEROUS.

(Cheers.) With the democratic suffrage

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CHEMISTS.

tuted like the House of Lords was an anomaly. (Cheers and "Hear, hear.") The Upper House, he said, had degenerated into an organization guided by one man. The Government would lose sight of no measures that might force upon the attention of the country this anomaly and the grave questions to which this existing con-

stitution of the House of Lords exposed the nation. (Hear, hear.) Then referring to the circumstances leading to his acceptance of the Premiership, Lord Rosebery said it was the greatest nconvenience his being in the House of Lords, but it was no fault of his. (Laughter.) He did not think it ought to be regarded as a stigma. He asked the party to judge him by his deeds. (Cheers.) When the party were tired of him they could dismiss him, but while he occupied his position no Liberal would be more steadfast to carry out a thorough Liberal

policy. (Prolonged cheers.) SIR WILLIAM HARCOURT Said he was gratified to hear this exposition of their leader's policy. Still the party felt, as the British fleet felt over the loss of Nelson, but the same spirit remained that animated Nelson's crew. Though they had suffered a great loss they would do their duty. Though the Prime Minister was a lord himself, the Liberals in the House of Commons could be relied upon as a compact party in support of his policy abroad, peace at home and progressive reforms. (Cheers.) It was utterly untrue, he said, that he desired to drop home 'rule and it was also untrue that he had abandoned the cause of temperance. He had dropped nothing, but accepted and supported the whole Newcastle programme unreservedly.

(Cheers.) The members of the Cabinet then dispersed and joined their Parliamentary col leagues to hear the Queen's speech.

JUDGE BURKE BOTHERED.

Doesn't Know Whether to Accept or

Reject a Weman Juror. CHICAGO, March 11 .- Judge Burke is now considering whether to accept or reject a woman juror. On the list of the jurors issued for Judge Burke's court on Monday appears the name of M. E. Farson. No. 134 Warren avenue. The bailiff did not serve the summons personally, but left a copy. Yesterday morning Miss Mary Elizabeth Farson, principal of the Brown school, appeared before the bar of judge Burke's court. She was ready, she said, to help out the cause of justice in Cook county, but thought her excuse apparent and valid.

Judge Burke will decide to-morrow whether he will thus help along the cause of woman's emancipation. Miss Farson voted last year upon the school question, and as a consequence her name appears upon the voting list.

Steamship Arrivals. March 10. March 10. At From

Noordland... Lendon... New York
Ethiopia... New York... Glasgow
Umbria... New York... Liverpool
March 11.

Amsterdam London New York

Aurania London New York

Aurania London New York

LETTING HIMSELF DOWN EASY.

(Hamilton Herald.) W. R. Meredith, Q.C., has been appointed city solicitor of Toronto at the comfortable salary of \$13,000 a year, and it is beginning to be something of a puzzle to see how he can manage to attend to the law business of Toronto and London and his private clients and be a big gun in politica at the same time. More than once during the last year it has been intimated that Mr. Meredith had grown tired of political life and while he has said nothing publicly to lend color to the conclusion, recent events would seem to bear it out."

OWNERS of land among the Thousand Islands have a way of making their islands grow, not in number, but in size. An almost bare rock of small dimensions is thus expanded into an island covered with vegetation and having space enough for a house of comfortable size. The thing is accomplished by riprapping, pile driving, and the importation of earth. The work is often done gradu. ally, year by year, until the land-owner has made space enough for his house, and after that the island is extended as the

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the country now enjoyed a chamber consti- 136 LUNDAS STREET