"Winter Finds Out What Summer Lays By.

Be it spring, summer, autumn or winter, someone in the family is "under the weather" from trouble originating in impure blood or low condition of the system.

All these, of whateve name, can be cured by the great blood purifier, Hood's Sarsaparilla. It never disappoints. Bolls-"I was troubled with boils for Was advised to take Hood's Sarsaparilla, and after using a few bottles have not since been bothered." E. H. GLADWIN, Truro, N. S.

Could Not Sleep-"I did not have any appetite and could not sleep at night. Was so tired I could hardly walk. Read about Hood's Sarsaparilla, took four bottles and it restored me to perfect health."

JESSIE TURNBULL, Cranbrook, Ont.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Never Disappoint

Heod's Pills cure liver ills; the non-irritating and only cathartic to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

THE MARKETS

Local Markets.
A. M. HAMILTON & SON'S REPORT.
London, Wednesday, Feb. 7.
Wheat, white, per bu63c to 66c
Wheat, red, per bu63c to 66c
Wheat, spring, per bu63c to 65c
Oats, per bu
Peas, per bu
Corn, per bu
Barley, per bu
Rye, per bu50c to 56c
Beans, per bu\$1 to \$1 35
WEEKLY.
The volume of trade in grain on this

market for the past week has not been large, but was fully equal to that of the previous week. Prices close much the same for most lines, about the only exceptions being peas and wheat. The latter gained back the 5c lost a week ago, and closes steady at \$1 10. Only a fair amount came forward and the demand was steady.

Peas were a shade higher; some in-ferior lots that would not have brought over 95c a week ago, were taken at \$1. Oats were steady and prices not much different, closing at 84c to 85c, with a shade higher being sometimes paid for single loads to go outside of the trade. Barley receipts were light and little or nothing of anything but feed stock offered; 80c to 82c were the ruling

Corn-Several lots of Flint corn sold at 80c per cwt. No rye, buckwheat or beans came in,

Hay deliveries were about steady, and prices just the same. Receipts for the week were remarkably good,

considering the snowstorms.

Dressed hogs came in better on Saturday and Tuesday, and prices got down to their old level again, \$5 75

Live hogs were again higher, selling at \$4 40.

....BUY YOUR

.... AT A. M. HAMILTON & SON'S and you will be pleased.

St. Thomas Market. St. Thomas, Feb. 3.-Wheat, per bu, 65c; oats, new, per bu, 30c; peas, per bu, 50c to 60c; barley, per bu, 35c to rye, per bu, 60c; corn, per bu, 40c to 45c; flax seed, per cwt, \$2 45 to \$2 50; timothy seed, \$1 50 to \$1 75; clover seed, per bu, \$6 70.

The Oil Market. PITTSBURG. Pa., Feb. 7.—Oil opened at 168; closed at \$168. 168; closed at \$168. OIL CITY, Feb. 6.—Oredit balances, \$168; ertificates, no bids.

English Markets. Ruling prices for the past four market days— The following table shows the quotations per cental at Liverpool for the three previous market days. In the case of wheat highest

prices are given.									
## 57 Pole21 401		Feb.		Feb.		Feb.		Feb.	
WHEAT-									
Red Winter	5	1114	5	1136	5	1114	5	11	
No. 1 Nor. Spring	6	1	6	ī	6	1	6	01/2	
No. 1 Cal	6	41/2	6	414		416	6	41/2	
Dec	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
March	5	103%	5	10%		10%	5	934	
Мау						93/4	5	914	
July	5					10	5	914	
CORN-	1	/-		/4	-		-	-/-	
New	3	7	3	75%	3	8	3	734	
Old,	3		3		3	816	3	81/2	
Jan			0	0	Ó	0	ň	0	
Feb	3			736	3	75/8		75%	
March			3		1 2	134	3	71/2	
May				64	3	65%		7	
July	3		3			644	3	7	
Flour	118		18		18	0	17	6	
Peas	5		5		ő	61/2	5		
Pork	56		56		56	3	56	3	
Lard			30		30	9	31	0	
Tallow	97		0		28		28		
Bacon, light			85				35	6	
			86		85	0			
			59	6	56	0	56	0	
Cheese, colored	HOH	U	LOW	0	ınx	U	50	1)	

Wheat—Spot, steady; winter, firm; No. 1
Cal., steady, 6s %d: No. 2 red western, winter
steady, 5s 11d; No. 1 red northern, spring.
firm; 6s 1d; No. 1 red northern, Duluth,
5s 10\formalford fatures quiet, March, 5s 9\formalford fatures,
5s 9\formalford fatures quiet, March, 5s 9\formalford fatures,
5s 9\formalford fatures,
5s 9\formalford fatures,
5s 9\formalford fatures,
5s 1\formalford fatures,
5s 10\formalford fatures,

Peas - Western, 5s 10½d. Canadian, 53 7½d. Flour-St. Louis fancy winter, dull, 7s 8d. Minn., 7s 9d. Beef-Prime mess dull, 73s 9d; extra India

Beef-Prime mess dull, 73s 9d; extra India mess, dull, 50s.
Pork-Firm; prime mess, fine western, 50s 3d; do. medium, western, 42s 6d.
Lard-American refined, in pails, firm, 33s; prime western in tierces, firm, 31s; middlings, light, easy, 33s.
Hams-Short out, 1s to 16 lbs., firm, 49s.
Bacer - Firm; Oumberland out, 23 to 30 lbs., 36s; ribs, 18 to 22 lbs., firm, 34s 6d: middles, light, 30 to 35 lbs., firm, 36s 6d: clear middles, heavy, 35 to 40 lbs, firm, 33s; short clear backs, 16 to 18 lbs, firm, 34s; clear bellies, 16 to 18 lbs, easy 33s 6d.

nrm, 34s; clear beilies, 16 to 18 lbs, easy 82s &d.

Shoulders—Square, 12 to 14 lbs, firm, 33s.
Butter—Finest American and good, nominal.
Cheese—American finest white, firm, 57s; colored, firm, 59s; do. old, firm, 54s &d; ordinary, new, 43s &d.

Tallow — Prime city, firm, 28s; Australian in Lendon, firm, 57s &d.

Hops—At London (Pacific coast), dull, £3 10s to 44.

Hops—At Loudon & Rosel Hull refined, May of the Control of the Con

improved from yesterday's final fig-

The leading futures closed as follows: Wheat, Feb., 65%c; May, 67%c; July, 67%c to 67%c. Corn.—Feb., 310; May, 35%c; July, 33%c to 23%c. Oata—May, 23%c; July, 22%c, Mess Pork.—May, 311 10; July, 311-12%. Lard—May, 35 16; July, 36 22%. Short ribs—May, 35 97%; July, 36. Cash quotations—Flour, easy. No. 3 spring wheat, 63%c to 65%c; No. 2 rad, 68%c to 69%c. No. 2 corn, 31%c to 32c; No. 2 yellow corn, 32c to 32%c. No. 2 oata, 23%c to 23%c; No. 2 white, 26%c; No. 3 white, 25c to 25%c. No. 2 rye, 52%c to 53%c. No. 2 barley, 38c to 42c. No. 1 flaxseed, \$1 59 to \$1 50; No. 1 Northwest, 31 59 to \$1 60. Mess pork, per bbl, \$9 90 to \$11. Lard, \$6 87% to \$6 05. Sugar, out loaf, \$6 05; granulated, \$5 49. Cloverseed, contract grade, \$6 40. Timothy seed, \$2 40. Eggs, weak, fresh, 14c.

RECEIPTS—Flour, 61,000 barrels; wheat, 6,000 bushels; corn, 519,000 bushels; cats. 278,000 bushels; barley, 61,000 bushels; barley, 61,000 busheis.

SHIPMENTS—Flour, 28,000 bushels; wheat, 17,000 bushels; corn, 252,000 bushels; oats, 54,000 bushels; rye, 2,000 bushels; barley, 28,000 bushels.

AVAILABLE SUPPLIES. New York, Feb. 6.-Special cable and telegraphic communications to Bradstreet's show the following changes since last accounts: Wheat—United States and Canada, east of the Rockies, detreased 1,025,000 bushels; Liverpool Corn Trade News reports affoat for and in Europe, increase 500,000 bushels; total supplies decreased 525,000 bushels. Corn—United States and Canada, east of the Rockies, decreased 258,-000 bushels. Oats—United States and Canada, east of the Rockies, increased 475,000 bushels.

Live Stock Markets. EAST BUFFALO, Feb. 6.—Cattle—There were about 5 loads left over and there was a fair demand at no particular change in the prices from the close yesterday. Calves were in light supply, moderate demand and lower; choice to extra were quotable at \$8 to \$850; good to choice, \$750 to \$8. Sheep and lambs—The offerings were 11 loads, principally left over from yesterday; the sheep market was steady at the principally left over from yesterday; the sheep market was steady at unchanged figures, but lambs sold at about 15c lower; lambs, choice to extra, were quotable at \$7 15 to \$7 25; good to choice, \$7 to \$7 15; sheep, choice to extra, \$6 to \$6 50; good to choice, \$5 50 to \$6. Hogs—Market generally active and higher, the basis of \$5 25 being fully established again; heavy were quotable established again; heavy were quotable at \$5 20 to \$5 25; mixed, \$5 20; Yorkers, \$5 10 to \$5 15; light,\$5 10 to \$5 15; roughs, \$3 60 to \$3 70; stags, \$3 70 to \$4; the close here was steady, at the best prices of the day.

NEW YORK, Feb. 6.-Beeves-Recelpts, 704; nothing doing; feeling was steady; cables quote American cattle higher, at 12c to 13c per lb; refrigerator beef lower, at 10c per 4b. Exports to-day none; tomorrow, 449 cattle. 45 sheep and 6.142 quarters of beef. Calves -Receipts, 164; quiet but steady; all sold; veals, \$5 50 to \$9. Sheep and lambs Receipts, 1,362; sheep steady; lambs slow and 10c lower; 6 cars unsold; sheep, \$4 50 to \$5 87½; lambs, \$7 25 to \$7 70; yearlings, \$6 12½. Hogs—Receipts, 4.370; 1 car on sale; firm, at \$5 20 to \$5 30; pigs, \$5 30 to \$5 40.

CHICAGO, Feb. 6.—Cattle steady; good to choice, \$5 25 to \$6 10; poor to medium, \$4 to \$4 90; mixed stockers, \$3 25 to \$3 95; selected feeders, \$4 25 to \$4 95; bulls, \$2 65 to \$4 60; calves, \$4 50 and the prices quoted for them are to \$8 75. Hogs—Good clearances; mix-based on latest transactions. to choice heavy, \$4 85 to \$5; rough, heavy, \$4 70 to \$4 80; sheep, native wethers, \$4 50 to \$5 35; lambs, \$5 to \$7; western wethers, \$4 40 to \$5 40; western lambs, \$6 to \$7.

TORONTO, Ont., Feb. 6.-Contrary down to their old level again, \$5 75 to \$6, closing steady today, with receipts much heavier than usual on a Wednesday.

TORONTO, Ont., Feb. .—Contrary to the tendency last week hogs at the western cattle market today advanced 12½c per cwt. all round; lambs 30c per cwt. Trade in cattle was peculiar and inclined to be nervous. Speculators were bidding cautiously, not knowing which way the market would turn. on the other hand, held out for fairly firm prices, and most of the butchers' cattle sold at such to the local trade. The quality of stock was only fair. There were in all 53 loads, made up of 800 cattle, 425 sheep and lambs, and 1,850 hogs Export cattle in fair demand; a moderate run selling at steady prices of \$4 25 to \$4 60 for light stock, and \$4 75 to \$5 for choice heavy cattle; a few lots sold a trifle higher. Butchers' cattle—Supply about equal to demand, which was good for choice grades; stock sold out fairly well at \$4 to \$4 25 for choice heifers and steers; \$3 60 to \$3 90 for good cattle, and \$3 to \$3 50 for common to mixed lots. Export bullsmand fair at unchanged prices; feeders, good demand, and scarce at firm prices as heretofore. Stockers, demand steady; young heifers, 500 to 700 lbs., sold at \$3 to \$3 50 per cwt.; 700 to 900 lbs, at \$3 25 to \$3 75 per cwt. Bulls—Stock bulls, light bulls for Buffalo, and feeding bulls were unchanged and steady. Sheep and lambs—Trade brisk; lambs were 25c to 35c higher, at \$5 to \$5 50 per cwt., and \$5 50 to \$5 60 per cwt. for picked ewes and wethers; export ewes sold at \$3 to \$3 60 per cwt. and bucks \$2 50 to \$2 75 per cwt. The demand for export sheep was weak; lambs were wanted. Calves sold at \$4 to \$12. Hogs advanced 12½c per cwt., to \$4 85½ per cwt. for select of 160 to 200 lbs., natural weight, and

\$4 371/2 for thick and light fats. OLD COUNTRY PRICES. London, Feb. 6.-Here and at Liverpool prices for cattle are higher at 12c to 13c per lb (dressed weight); re-frigerator beef is quoted lower, at 10c

The Dairy Markets.

CHICAGO, Feb. 6. — Butter firm; creameries, 19c to 241/2c; dairies, 19c to 22c. Cheese firm at 12c to 13c.

DANGER ON THE PRAIRIES

Alkali in Water a Great Source of Trouble in Northwest.

Oak Lake, Man., Feb. 5 .- One of the great drawbacks to life in the great Canadian wheat belt, is the presence of alkali in the water. This is a prolific source of kidney and bladder trouble, and it is for this reason that Dodd's Kidney Pills are becoming indispens-

able in this district. Frank Colleaux, of Oak Lake, writes: "It give me great pleasure to testify to the excellent curative qualities of Dodd's Kidney Pills. About two years ago I was attacked with kidney and severe pains in the back. A friend of mine advised me to try Dodd's Kidney Pills. I did so and six boxes cured me. My back has not troubled me since."

According to the kaiser's new naval programme Germany will have forty battleships in 1910, instead of the seventeen she has now, twenty large cruisers instead of eleven, forty-eight small cruisers and gunboats in place of thirty-two and 114 torpedo boats instead of eighty-four as at present.

LIFE SAVED.—Mr. James Bryson Cameron writes: "I was confined to my bed with inflammation of the lungs and was given up by physicians. Rosin-Common, firm, 5s 91.
Linseed oil—24s 3d.
Petroleum—Refined, 75/d.

American Markets.

CHICAGO, Feb. 6.—The increased movement in the Northwest, and the absence of shipping demand, were the ruling factors in the wheat market to-day, May closing %c to ½c under yesterday. Corn closed a shade down.

Provisions at the close were 5c to 7½c

CABLEGRAMS HOUSE-

The British Trade Continues to Increase.

Mortality in the City of Bombay Is Unprecedented.

an Irish Amendment to the Address in the British House-John Redmond's Plea for the Boers.

London, Feb. 7.—The statement of the board of trade for the month of January shows increases of £3,344,200 in imports and £3,236,400 in exports.

THE BUBONIC PLAGUE. Lisbon, Feb. 7.—A decree has been issued, announcing that the bubonic plague has disappeared from Oporto and that the quarantine of that place has been raised.

UNPRECEDENTED MORTALITY. Bombay, India, Feb. 7.-The mortality in this city yesterday was un-precedented. There was a total of 408 deaths. The situation is aggravated by the advent of famine refugees.

GERMANY IS NEUTRAL. Berlin, Feb. 7 .- With reference to the attempt of French diplomacy and jour-nalism to induce Germany to join in a movement against England in Egypt, a high personage at the foreign office made the following statement last evening: "Germany will not join a movement to reopen the Egyptian question. Aside from the question whether France and Russia mean honestly, Germany is of opinion that it would be unloyal and unfair to seize a moment when England is deeply en-gaged elsewhere for such steps." SITUATION IN CHINA.

Pekin, Feb. 6.-It is generally believed that the Dowager Empress will not attempt the formal deposition of the emperor at the present moment, though that this was her first intention there is little room to doubt. It is gathered from credible Chinese sources that the dowager intended to carry out her plans during the first days of the New Year. Everything had been prepared for the coup, but at the last moment representations were made to her that such a course would probably create serious opposition in the south and this induced her to temporarily abandon her decision. There is much anxiety in native quarters regarding the Dowager Empress' next move.

PRO-BOER AMENDMENT. London, Feb. 7 .- Mr. John Redmond chairman of the united Irish party, was loudly cheered by all sections of the Irish members when he rose in the House of Commons today to move an amendment to the address in reply to the speech from the throne, representing that the time had arrived to bring the war to a conclusion on the basis of recognizing the independence of the Transvaal and the Orange Free State. He said the Irish party abhorred this war, and intended, so far as possible, to maintain the in-dependence of the republics, defended with such heroism. Mr. Redmond admitted that when the empire was involved in complications a feeling of hope and satisfaction stirred the Irish at home and abroad. But the sympathies of the Irish would still have been pro-Boer, even if England had not been concerned and another power had attempted to "act the bully and oppressor in South Africa." England today, added Mr. Redmond, stood "Not splendid, but in disgraceful isolation, Turk alone lending her countenance." hile he admitted that official expression of hostility had not been heard in the United States, "chiefly because America, being en-gaged in the Philippine war, had not felt herself in a position to rebuke England as she would otherwise have done." Mr. Redmond declared that the overwhelming opinion of the leading English statesmen was hostile to Great Britain in this war, and said "unanimous disapproval of the world demonstrated that the war was world demonstrated that the war was unjust, and it ought, therefore, to be stopped." As to whether the prospects of home rule were adversely affected by the attitude of the Irish, Mr. Redmond thought Ireland had nothing to lose and everything to gain by raising her voice on the side of justice and liberty.

justice and liberty.

Mr. Patrick Joseph Power, member for the east division of Waterford county, seconded Mr. Redmond's

00000000000000 **MULTUM IN PARVO** 00000000000000

Thornbury has subscribed \$100 to the patriotic fund. Six or seven cases of smallpox are reported at Toronto Junction,

Mr. George Ross was killed at the Kenilworth crossing of the C. P. R. The Vancouver city council has donated \$1,000 to the Canadian patriotic fund.

John Finley and wife were drowned in a collision between barges off New York Monday night.

Alexander McKay, a West Zorra pioneer, died at his daughter's home in Woodstock, at the age of 85 years. William D. de Brisay, of the public works department, died yesterday, af-ter a long illness. He was 47 years of age.

Annie Lloyd and Jessie Meffan, two Toronto girls on a runaway tour, are at the central police station, at Detroit, treatment. awaiting their parents.

In the recent national (Mexican) plebiscite there were 1,548,654 votes and 1,456,482 were for Gen. Diaz as the candidate for the presidency. At the annual meeting of the asso-

ciated chambers of agriculture in England, the outbreak of the foot and mouth disease in Norfolk and Suffolk was announced. Mexican voters seem to have indorsed the candidacy of President Diaz for

another term. In a plebiscite taken in the City of Mexico, out of 88,632 votes cast, Diaz got 67,798. There is still no official announcement regarding the officers' roll of the Stratheona Rifles or the departure of the Toronto Mounted Rifles and C.

Battery of Kingston. The Brooklyn presbytery has dismissed the charges against Dr. George MacClelland, of the Duryea Presby-terian Church, formerly of Gloversville, N. Y., and granted him an honorable

letter of dismissal. Fifty-seven paintings, the property of Austin H. King, of Providence, were sold at auction in Chickering Hall, New York. They brought a total of \$77,375. The pick of the collection, "Bedouins on the March," by Schreyer, was bought by R. Hoagland for \$7,900.

BAYLEY'S 174

Many bargains for housekeepers this week. Look over your linen stock. This is the time to replenish. Our Staple Department will repay a visit.

8-4 Plain and Twilled Sheeting, 15c, worth 20c. 9-4 Plain and Twilled Sheeting, extra quality, 18c, worth 25c.

Very fine Hygiene Roller Crash, 8c worth 12%c.

Extra strong Real Russian Crash, 8c 36-inch Bleached Cambric, 7c, worth 36-inch Bleached English Cambric, 8c

worth 10c. 60-inch Table Linen Damask, 35c, re-gular 50c. This Damask is extra special and cannot be repeated. 50 dozen Linen Towels, 10c, worth 25c

65 dozen Real Linen Towels, cheap a 40c per pair; marvelous value at 25c Three-quarter Table Napkins, Irish Linen, \$1 25, worth \$1 75. Manufacturers' ends of Table Linen,

2 to 3 yards in the piece; very much less than wholesale price. Odd Napkins-Manufacturers' nants, put up in half-dozens; these Napkins are worth from \$125 to \$2 per

dozen, now selling per half-dozen at These quotations give but a faint idea of real worth. Come and look through this department. Many an economical and shrewd housewife will save dollars

here this week.

office will be known as "Tunnel Postoffice," and all mail matter intended for it must be addressed that way. The office of the Canadian Bank of Commerce in Dawson, destroyed by fire, was a small affair in the town, kept for the convenience of customers. The main office of the bank stands in the government reservation, adjoining the Northwest Mounted Police barracks, far from the scene of the fire.

RULERS OF THE WORLD.

Meat Eating Nations Are the Leaders in Every Branch of Human Achievement.

The ruling nations of the world are meat eaters and history records that they always have been.

Vegetarians and food cranks may explain this in any way they choose, but the facts remain that the Americans, English, French, Russians and Germans are meat-eating nations, and they are also the most energetic and progressive

The principal food of the heroic Boer soldier known as biltong, is a sort of dried beef, affording a great deal of nourishment in a highly concentrated

The weak races of people are the rice eating Chinese, Hindoos and Siamese, regarded since the dawn of history as non-progressive, superstitious and in-ferior physically and mentally to the meat eating nations who

The structure of the teeth plainly indicates that human beings should sub-sist upon a variety of food, meat, fruit and grains, and it is unhygienic to confine one's diet to any of those classes to the exclusion of another. Meat is the most concentrated and most easily digested of foods, but our manner of living is often so unnatural that the digestive organs refuse to properly digest meat, eggs and similar nutritious and wholesome food, but it is not because such food is unwholesome; but the real reason is that the stomach lacks, from disease or weakness, some necessary digestive element; hence arising indigestion, and, later on,

chronic dyspepsia.

Nervous people should ealt plenty of meat, convalescents should make meat the principal food, hard-working people have to do so, and brain-workers and office men should eat, not so much meat, but at least once a day, and to insure its perfect digestion one or two of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets should be taken after each meal, because they supply the peptones, diastase and fruit acids, lacking in every case of stom-

ach trouble. Nervous dyspepsia, catarrh of stomach, gastritis, sour stomach, gas and acidity are only different names for indigestion, the failure to digest wholesome food, and the use of Stuart's Tablets cures them all, because, by af-fording perfect digestion, the stomach has a chance to rest and recover its

natural tone and vigor.

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets is the real household medicine; it is as safe and pleasant for the stomach ache of the baby as it is for the imperfect digestion of its grandsire.

They are not a cathartic, but a diges-

tive, and no pill habit can ever follow their use; the only habit Stuart's Tab-lets induce is the habit of good di-gestion and consequently good health. A little book on stomach diseases mailed free by addressing F. A. Stuart Co., Marshall, Mich. All drug stores sell the tablets at 50c for complete

BRITISH COLUMBIA'S MOUNTED HORSE

Prof. Odlum's Views on the Offer of 10,000 Canadian Rough Riders for Service in South Africa.

Prof. Odlum, M.A., B.Sc., of British

Columbia, is the guest of Mr. James Thomas, city. Prof. Odlum was at the patriotic meeting in the Vancouver city hall, at which resolutions were passed to offer 100 rough riders, fully mounted and furnished for service, to go with the second contingent, and also to offer 500 rough riders to be made ready as quickly as possible. Out of these offers, and out of other patriotic meetings throughout the Province of British Columbia, grew the offer of 10,000 horsemen for South Africa. Of these offers Prof.Odlum says: "No part of the British Empire is by nature better adapted to furnish just such material as is needed by the forces now operating against the Boers in the mounbought by R. Hoagland for \$7.000.

The new postoffice at the Sarnia tunnel district was opened Feb. 1, with James Fry as postmaster. The new of hminers there, hardy, daring men in

Bargains in Underwear.

Men's All-Wool Shirts and Drawers..... Men's Heavy Wool Shirts, double back and front, special

Gray Flannels.

At 15c, 20c, 25c and 30c. Shaker Flannels.

At 5c, 8c, 10c and 121/2c. Good All-Wool Blankets. Ladies' Drawers and Vests, from.....

Ladies' Combinations, at\$1 00 These are just the goods for cold weather.

Prof. Odlum is of the opinion that even if the men were not needed, Great Britain could not do better than little variation of the officer who goes secure a few thousand British Colum-

bia ponies.
need to be specially fed, as they will live on almost any sort of life spring-ing from the soil; sand, gravel or rock, and are capable of carrying from 260 to 250 pounds on their backs daily from 15 to 30 miles. The Indians everywhere through the province raise them in large numbers, and, in fact, they have are supported by the bounds of the compared with the Belmont Ridges. grown and spread beyond the bounds of the Indian villages and ranches to such an extent that, there are thousands of wild horses running in the mountains. Their increase has led to different regiments, Guards, Seaforths, the thought of the comparison of the property of the comparison of the property of the comparison the thought of taking means at the public expense to kill them as a nuis-ance."

MORE CANADIANS TO THE FRONT

Forty Members of the First Contingent Who Remained at Cape Town

Left on Jan. 9 for Belmont and Modder River,

Capt. Stuart Who Was Sent to Cape Town for Rest and Lighter Duties-The Change in Command Explained.

From the following extracts from letters received by Capt. Stuart's brother, a few days ago, will be gleaned explanation of the temporary change in the command of B Company, first Canadian contingent, South Africa:

Orange River, Cape Colony, S. A., Dear Brother,—I am on my way down to the Cape to take charge of the regimental depot there [to a friend he says, "and for a rest, as I am not very well']. I'll likely be back to the regiment before this reaches you, but I may as well let you know what I'm doing. There will nothing happen for five or six weeks to come, and then no more foolish charges up against kopjes. All well at camp.

DUNCAN. Cape Town, S. A., Cape Garrison Artillery Mess, Jan. 7, 1900. Dear Brother,—Here I am in Cape Town again, and have just begun to realize how dreadfully tired I was, with two months and a half constant "go," the last month on the heat and sand of the desert. There is a good deal to do here, but it will be less soon, for 38 out of the 65 men are to join the regiment soon. There are two bodies of troops here, the Cape Garrison Artillery, with whom I live, but have nothing to do otherwise, and a batta-lion made up of men from about seven or eight British regiments-Munster Fusiliers, Shropshires, Suffolks, Cordon Highlanders, Seaforths, Argyles and Sutherlands, Warwicks and Cornwalls, besides Australians and our own. We were over-strength when we arrived, and detailed 34 men to stay here, and 31 others were left behind for other reasons. The change gives me a chance to rest, and then I can see Cape Town and learn something of the country, which you cannot do if you are kept as we are, strictly within our own regimental lines on the plain. As you will see, there is nothing doing now, no general forward movement, but there will be one before you get this, I think. It is not expected that there will be any more storming of kopies. At least, that is the talk. The

kopjes are natural forts. They com-mand a wide and perfectly level plain, with absolutely no sheltef for the assailants and when they reach the foot of the kopje they have to climb, in CARTERS PILLS

Positively cured by these

Little Pills. They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They Regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable.

Small Dose, Small Pill. Small Price.

the prime of manhood, are of necessity many cases, an almost perpendicular good horsemen, fine marksmen and face, composed of tremendous bould-excellent scouts. excellent scouts.

They are small, active, hardy and easily handled. They practically never Besides these miners are ranchers, who are hardened to coarse food, sleeping out with or without tents, and finding their way through heat, cold, storm, cloud and sunshine. Such men are required in the mountains of South Africa, and none could do the work better."

Prof. Odlum is of the opinion that forward to receive the flag of truce

A Few Comforters Left.

75c, \$1.00, \$1.25, \$1.50

Special line at

being shot. I inclose a rough sket ch of Belmont battlefield. We know it pretty well now, as we have been doing outpost

Black Watch, Cornwalls and Mun-sters, besides 40 Royal Canadians, to Belmont and Modder River. Will not likely stay, however, but will be back in about a week. No time to write more

TWO CHILDREN **BURNED TO DEATH**

Locked in the House While Their Parents Were Away - Teamster Killed at a Railway Crossing.

Harriston, Ont., Feb. 7.-When crossing the track near Kenilworth, with a team, George Ross, formerly of Harriston, was struck and instantly kill-

ed by a Canadian Pacific train. Hamilton, Feb. 7.—James Little, an employe of the Hamilton Bridge Company, fell a distance of 30 feet while working on a structure over the Thames River, three miles west of Bothwell, and sustained a severe fracture of the left hip. He was sent to

St. Michael's Hospital, Toronto.
Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., Feb. 7.—A conflagration occurred here Monday, which resulted in the burning to death of two children of Joseph Kowalski, a boy and girl, aged 3 and 5 years respectively, and the destruction of their homes. Mrs. Kowalski locked the two children in the house while she went out to see a neighbor.

North Bay, Ont., Feb. 7.—John Stewart, formerly of Nipissing Junction, while at work in the C. P. R. machine shop here, making some repairs to a locomotive, fell into a large pit beneath the engine. When found 15 or 20 minutes later he was dead.

LEVI'S CRIME.

Windsor, Feb. 7.—The crime for which Levi Steward was hanged yesterday, at Sandwich, was committed at or near midnight on Tuesday, July 19, 1899. The scene of murder was the vicinity of a hotel kept by David Smith (colored), at the corner of the Lauzon road and town line of Sandwich East, about ten miles from Windsor. The victim was James Ross, a colored farmer of the neighborhood, aged about 80 years. Ross had attended a picnic on the afternoon of that day, and went to the hotel, hanging about until about midnight, when he shook hands with the bartender, David Scott, and started for his home a quarter of a mile away. At 2 a.m. he was found by Thomas Carter, and G. Shanklin, on the roadside, unconscious and badly injured. He had been robbed of his watch and money. Ross lingered until 5:30 a.m. the following Thursday, when he died without regaining consciousness. The condemned man made a full con-

fession of the murder, saying that he was drunk at the time. His sentence, he said, was just. FREE TREATMENT.

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The town of Maros Ujvar, Hungary with 3,500 population, is without a sin-

Brave Men Fall.

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