



A MEETING

LIB-CONSERVATIVE ORGANIZATION

KIRBY'S HALL, THURSDAY EVENING

Business of importance will be transacted, and addresses delivered.

Let there be a good attendance of the friends of the party.

W. A. LETSON, Sec'y Lib-Con. Association.

LUNENBURG ARGUS

TUESDAY MARCH 12, 1895

NOTICE—Hereafter, all Correspondence, Business Letters, Advertisements, Accounts, etc., in connection with the Lunenburg Argus will be addressed

W. A. LETSON, Editor, Lunenburg, N. S.

VOTER'S LISTS.

In another column we give a statement in connection with the Voters List which contains not only much valuable information, but also shows that great care has been exercised on the part of the Rivington Barrister.

Under the National Policy the number of voters in the Province has increased in the number of voters, in its proof of the palpable absurdity of the Grit contention with regard to the effects of the National Policy on the increase of population.

Under the National Policy the whole face of business in this Country has been changed; old industries have been broadened and enlarged, and new ones introduced.

Under the National Policy the cost of all manufactured goods has been cheapened to the consumer, until there never was a period in the history of Canada when the poor man's dollar could purchase as much as it can today.

Under the National Policy as shown by the above facts the industrial life of Canada has ever been improving, and it will require other than the dismal, doleful wailing of Grit politicians to induce the people to alter their opinion as expressed at four general elections.

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UNDER THE NATIONAL POLICY.

Under the National Policy the savings of the People of Canada, as proved by the deposits in the various banks—Government and otherwise—amounted on the 28th of February, 1894, to \$242,645,358, or nearly \$50 per head for the population of the country, while in 1878, after five years of Grit rule, under a Tariff for Revenue only, it was \$87,000,000, showing an increase between that period and the present of \$155,096,312, or 180 per cent.

UNDER THE NATIONAL POLICY

Under the National Policy Canada has 10,000 more miles of railroad than she had in 1878, traversed by 8,000,000 more passengers, carrying 17,000,000 more tons of freight, and earning \$33,000,000 in excess of what they then earned.

UNDER THE NATIONAL POLICY

Under the National Policy 113 articles have been placed upon the free list, which paid duty under the Revenue Tariff of the Liberal Party.

UNDER THE NATIONAL POLICY

Under the National Policy all raw materials and articles of necessity, which cannot be produced in this country are admitted free.

UNDER THE NATIONAL POLICY

Under the National Policy Tea, Coffee, Sugar, Molasses are free, while under the Liberal Policy they were taxed \$5,000,000.

UNDER THE NATIONAL POLICY

Under the National Policy the farmers and manufacturers of Canada are protected by duties on such articles coming from foreign countries as can be profitably grown or manufactured in this country.

UNDER THE NATIONAL POLICY

Under the National Policy the luxuries of the rich are taxed while the necessities of the poor man are free.

UNDER THE NATIONAL POLICY

The financial condition of Canada has been sound. In the period of fifteen years, during which other countries have suffered from great depressions of trade, Canada has stood the strain better than ever she did, and compared with other countries has come out of them prosperously.

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Under the National Policy the aggregate wealth, comfort and happiness of the people of Canada has constantly increased, so that taken as a whole they are as comfortable as the people in any other part of the world.

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Under the National Policy, instead of importing their manufactured goods, the people of Canada have imported the raw material free, and Canadian capital, Canadian brain, and Canadian brain has had a chance to do the work, that under the Revenue Tariff they paid foreigners to do for them.

UNDER THE NATIONAL POLICY

Under the National Policy in ten years the Iron and Steel industries increased their output from \$37,000,000 to \$64,000,000, an increase of 27,000,000, and an increase in wages paid of \$7,000,000.

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Under the National Policy in ten years the wood industries increased their output from \$60,000,000 to \$80,000,000, and an increase in wages paid of \$6,000,000.

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Under the National Policy the capital invested in manufacturing establishments increased in ten years from \$165,000,000 to \$353,836,817, an increase of \$188,836,817.

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AT A MEETING

At a meeting of all the clergymen of the town in the Lutheran lecture hall yesterday morning, it was unanimously agreed to call a public meeting of the citizens of Lunenburg on Thursday the 28th of March at 8 p. m. in the Drill Shed for the purpose of aiding the suffering and distressed in Newfoundland. His Worship Mayor Wolf to preside and open the meeting, and that the following representative citizens be asked to address the meeting: C. E. Kaulback M. P., J. D. Eisenman, Judge Chesley, W. Oxner, G. Parker and the clergymen. That the band of the 75th and Mr. Morash's male quartette be asked to supply the music.

FISHING BOUNTIES.

The payments made for this service are under the authority of an Act passed in 1891, 54-55 Vic, Cap. 42 (being a repeal of chapter 96, Revised Statutes), intitled "An Act to encourage the development of the sea fisheries and the building of fishing vessels," which provides for the payment of a sum of \$160,000 annually, under regulations to be made from time to time by the Governor General in Council.

AMOUNT BOUNTY PAID TO VESSELS

Table with columns: Vessels, Boats, Totals. Rows: 1882, 1883, 1884, 1885, 1886, 1887, 1888, 1889, 1890, 1891, 1892.

LUNENBURG ELECTORAL LISTS.

We are indebted to his Honor the Returning Officer, Jas. A. McLean, Esq. for the following statement in respect to the new voters:

Table with columns: No. and name of polling district, No. votes. Rows: 1. Lunenburg West, 2. Lunenburg Central, 3. Lunenburg East, 4. Garden Lots, 5. Lily Dale, 6. Martins Brook, 7. Ritceys Cove, 8. Middle South, 9. Kingsburg, 10. Petite Riviere, 11. Dublin Shore, 12. Have Islands, 13. Vaglers Cove, 14. Pleasantville, 15. Conquerall, 16. Summerside, 17. East Bridgewater, 18. Bridgewater Lower, 19. Bridgewater Central, 20. Bridgewater Upper, 21. Newcombville, 22. Baker's Settlement, 23. Northfield, 24. Middleville, 25. Chesley's Corner, 26. Hemphill, 27. Barri's Corner, 28. Oakland, 29. Mahone Bay, 30. Madlers' Cove, 31. Blockhouse, 32. New Cornwall, 33. Tancook, 34. Western Shore, 35. Chester Basin, 36. New Cornwall, 37. Chester West, 38. Chester East, 39. Sandy Beaches, 40. Mill Cove.

FROM THE ABOVE IT WILL BE SEEN

that the number of qualified voters in Lunenburg County has increased from 5840 in 1889 to 8555 in 1894 or an increase of over 46 per cent in 5 years.

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IN CONVERSATION WITH HIS WIFE.

To the last Mr. Douglas showed a keen interest in the welfare of the colored people. His presence will be missed in many a circle.

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LUNENBURG CHARITABLE OR RELIGIOUS INSTITUTIONS.

The women who control the affairs of the North Adams hospital, adopted the following method for meeting the financial needs of the hospital. They sent out 12000 envelopes among the mills, factories and business places for voluntary contributions. These envelopes were to be returned a certain day. In this case last Saturday—the committee found the experiment netted the hospital about \$2000.

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