

THE LITERARY TRANSCRIPT

UNITED STATES:

We understand from the Commercial Advertiser, that a writer in the Philadelphia Gazette has under taken to be severe upon such New York papers as have advertised upon the establishment of a revolutionary paper in this city by the *Patrol*. Mr. Kenzie. We did not see the communication our selves, or it is more than likely we might have had a word or two to say to the writer. We do not know precisely in what form he has delivered himself of his surplus sympathy but he must suffer us to tell him that he had better husband it for a note deserving objection. This Mr. Kenzie is a very miserable specimen of "patriotism," even in estimation of his Canadian coadjutors—a brawling impudent vagabond, who, instead of getting encouragement, ought to go to the state's prison for his crimes committed in this country; to say nothing of his robberies and murders in Upper Canada. By the way he is at this present *punctum temporis* in close goal in this city, having been sent there by a creditor for a large amount due for type and materials for his printing office at Toronto, and for money paid for him on a draft.—N. Y. Gazette.

BENJAMIN RATHBUN.—The trial of this individual before the Circuit Court at Baravia, Gen. Co. has been put over in consequence of affidavits made by the prisoner, that the testimony of his brother, Lyman Rathbun, was important to him, who is now supposed to be residing in Texas.

EX-SHERIFF PARRINS.—EX-SHERIFF who was so conspicuous a few years since has after five years imprisonment in the debtors' jail, been set at liberty; and his friends have called a meeting this evening, at Manhattan House, in Duane street, for the purpose of expressing their opinion of the hardship of his case.—N. Y. Express.

The new work by Rox to be published by Messrs. Cady, Lea & Blanchard is to be called "The Life and Adventures of Nicholas Fickley, containing a faithful account of the fortunes, misfortunes, upsings, downfalls and complete career of the Nickleby family." The first number will not be long delayed. The same publishers will issue in a few days, "The Life of Grimaldi," by Boz.

UPPER CANADA.

[OFFICIAL.]
Downing Street, 30th Jan. 1838.

Sir,—I have received and have laid before the Queen, Sir Francis Head's Despatch of the 19th December last, (No. 132) reporting the recent events which, up to that date, had occurred in the Province of Upper Canada.

Her Majesty has learned with the deepest regret, that at a moment of profound tranquility, and in the absence even of any plausible pretext for resistance to lawful authority, an attempt should have been made to effect an insurrectionary movement, and to attack the loyal and peaceable inhabitants of the city of Toronto.

Her Majesty, however, has observed with peculiar satisfaction the zeal and enthusiasm with which the Militia of the Province came forward, unsupported by the presence of any of Her Majesty's regular troops, for the suppression of revolt, the protection of property, and the defeat of the interested designs of a few disaffected individuals.

Highly as Sir Francis Head had estimated the attachment of the people of Upper Canada to Great Britain, it is evident that he had not overrated their sentiments in this respect, but that he was fully justified in placing the strongest reliance on their fidelity and loyalty. The energy and decision evinced by Sir Francis Head, and the Militia of Upper Canada, after the first appearance of open disturbance, have received the Queen's high commendation; and Her Majesty has been pleased especially to notice the gallantry and activity of Colonel Allan McNab, the Speaker of the House of Assembly; to that officer and to the Militia of Upper Canada generally, Her Majesty has commanded me to direct that you will communicate her thanks for the zeal which they have displayed on this occasion.

I have, &c.
(Signed) GLENEG.
His Excellency Sir Geo. Arthur, &c. &c.

Government House, 3rd April, 1838.
MADAM.—I have the honor to transmit to you, by command of His Excellency the Lieutenant Governor, an extract of a despatch which His Excellency has recently received from Her Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for the Colonies, in which His Excellency

is directed to convey to you the expression of Her Majesty's sympathy for the lamented loss of Colonel Moodie, a loss which I am desired to assure you, no individual in the Colony more deeply regrets than His Excellency the Lieutenant Governor.

I have the honor to be, Madam,
Your most obedient humble servant,
(Signed) J. JOSEPH.
Mrs. Moodie.

EXTRACT.

"The Queen has learned with deep concern the murder of Colonel Moodie, in his endeavor to apprise the Executive Government of the preparations which were in progress among the insurgents; and I am commanded to convey through you to Colonel Moodie's family the expression of Her Majesty's sympathy with their loss."

Kingston, 11th April.—"The busy note of preparation" now going on at our wharves and among our commercial and business men would indicate an extensive trade during the approaching season. The stean-boats are already in motion. The *William IV.* left this port on Sunday for the head of the Lake; the *Commodore Barrie* will proceed upwards to-day, and the *Kingston* started for Prescott this morning. The *United States* left here this morning, on her way upwards, and the *Onedra* on her way downwards.

The election for the County of Grenville terminated in the return of H. Burritt, Esq., without any contest. Doctors Jessup and Phillips were candidates, but they resigned in favour of Mr. Burritt. Samuel Crane, Esq., had come forward as a Candidate on the reform interest, but he withdrew in consequence of the election being fixed at Merrickville. After the election had closed, an affray occurred, and a man named Berk was stabbed so severely that his life was despaired at. A man named McCormick has been arrested and committed to Gaol as the perpetrator of the offence.

On the 23d instant the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the city of Toronto, waited upon His Excellency Sir George Arthur, with an Address, expressive of their congratulations on His Excellency's safe arrival in that city, to assume the Administration of the Government of Upper Canada—of the majority of the great mass of the people of Upper Canada—and the gratification which they felt, at the selection, at the present important crisis, of an individual, as the Representative of Her Majesty in Upper Canada, who, during a long period of honorable service, had been distinguished by his Sovereign's approbation, and the esteem and confidence of those interests had been committed to His Excellency's care and protection.

LOWER CANADA.

Montreal, 12th April.—The presses, types, &c. of the defunct *Vindicator* were seized yesterday afternoon, on account of a seditious pamphlet having been printed at that office, purporting to be a reprint of an article on Canada from the *London* and *Westminster Review*, from the pen of H. S. Chapman. The reprints were exposed for sale at the shop of Mr. J. O. Brown, with whom they were left for the purpose of being sold by Mr. Laroque, of the firm of Laroque, Bernard & Co. We understand that a warrant was issued for the apprehension of Mr. L.—Herald.

Sherbrooke, April 12.—On Saturday, the 31st ultimo, an elegant banner which had been prepared by "the fairest portion of creation," was presented with suitable honors to Captain A. Kilborn's Company of the Volunteers. The Company having been drawn up opposite to the residence of Mrs. Grannis, and near the Stanstead County Hotel, and in the presence of numerous spectators, among whom were Colonel Heriot, C. B., and Paymaster J. Millar of the Volunteers, and Assistant Commissary General Thompson, the banner was handed by Miss Grannis, Hoyle and Osgood, to William Ritchie, Esquire, who placed it in the hands of Captain Kilborn, by whom it was subsequently transferred to the charge of Ensign Robert Langworthy. The following address accompanied the presentation of the colour:

"At the request, and in behalf of the Ladies of Stanstead, I present this BANNER, to Capt. A. Kilborn's Company of Loyal Township Volunteers, as a memento of respect for their services, in defence of their Queen and country, when, 'in defence of her rightful authority,' 'Treason stalked abroad in open day.'"

In presenting you with this Banner which bears those illustrious National emblems, which have waved in triumph in every clime over many a hard fought battle, by sea and land, and which for a "thousand years hath braved the battle and the breeze," we feel assured that we will ever be secure in your valor and zeal from internal or foreign foes.

"Take thy Banner! May it wave Proudly o'er the good and brave! Guard it—ill our homes are free, Guard it—Heaven will prosper thee; In the dark and trying hour, In the breaking forth of power, In the rush of steeds and men, Tho' right hand will shield thee then."

To these complimentary and honorable sentiments, Captain Kilborn most feelingly replied in nearly the following terms:—

"LADIES OF STANSTEAD!—In the name of the Loyal Volunteers whom I have the honor to command, I return you our most grateful acknowledgments for this token of your approbation, and should it ever become our duty to march to the field of battle we trust that the result will prove that your confidence has not been misplaced. "Ready for the contest," shall be our watch-word, and while fighting for our country, our Queen, and all those we hold most dear, with this Esquin waving over our heads, condoling our cause to the protection of the Lord of Hosts, we will remember from whom it was received. Sooner may it prove our winding sheet than be disgracefully surrendered to our foes. May it wave triumphantly over our heads until our enemies are subdued, peace restored, and rebellion which threatened to devastate our country shall be known no more."

Three cheers were then given for our beloved Sovereign, and three for the fair donors. The Band of the Company then struck up "God save the Queen," the whole of the spectators taking off their hats. The Company then marched past in parade with their new Banner unfurled.

We understand that the banner is of the most elegant workmanship; it is made of white silk, with the Union Jack in the corner. In the centre the British Coat of Arms, is most beautifully painted. Above the arms are the words "Loyal Loyal Volunteers," in large gilt letters, and below is the motto, "Be ye ready for the contest, but do not seek it."

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QUEBEC, TUESDAY, 17th APRIL, 1838.

LATEST DATES.

London, - - Feb. 28. New-York, - - April 9.
Liverpool, - - Mar. 1. Halifax, - - April 4.
Havre, - - Feb. 25. Toronto, - - April 9.

New York papers of the 9th inst. are received. They furnish no later news from Europe.

We received yesterday morning our files of Nova-Scotia and New Brunswick papers to the 4th inst.

The Session of the Legislature was expected to close in a few days. The Nova-Scotia Gazette is filled with the different acts which have been sanctioned by His Excellency the Lieutenant Governor.

The House of Assembly has passed a resolution, (on a division of 22 to 20,) appointing four of their number a Committee to proceed to Quebec, should it be found necessary, to represent the views and wishes of the people of Nova-Scotia to the Earl of Durham. Mr. Howe, the editor and proprietor of the *Nova-Scotian*, is one of the Committee.

It is reported that some important alterations are about to be made in the composition of the Executive and Legislative Councils.

Toronto papers of the 6th, and Kingston papers of the 11th inst. were received yesterday. We have much pleasure in copying from the Upper Canada Official Gazette a despatch from the Right Hon. the Secretary for the Colonies, expressing Her Majesty's approbation of the energy and decision evinced by Sir Francis Head previous to and throughout the late rebellion.

The Court-Martial is still sitting at Toronto. The trial of "General" Sutherland is closed, but the decision of the Court has not yet transpired. The *Toronto Patriot* intimates that "he is not destined for the gallows this turn, but is to be put to *better use*," and that he has, already made some very important disclosures, which throw great light upon the late rebellion. These disclosures are said to implicate