

Carleton Place Herald.

VOL. XIII.

CARLETON PLACE, C. W., APRIL 1, 1863.

No. 30

Auld Auntie Meg.
Let them brag o' their freens that's baith
noble an' gran'.
Wi' their high towerin' ha's an' their bonnie
strath lan'.
Wha has stunkies an' soddies aye at their
coman'.
Toots, sic pair silly gowks maan a sumplish-
ly stan'.
As they gabble like geese roon' humanity's
peg.
Whaur wable the kind actions o' my auld
Auntie Meg.
My auld Auntie loved on the Kelvin's
green lip.
Whaur blackens the braunle and reddens
the lip.
Whaur the primrose an' daisy the early
dew sip.
Far up that dear glen, whaur the yodag lam-
men skip.
Near a core whaur a smugger langsyne hid
his leg.
Stood the ben cooie biggan o' my auld
Auntie Meg.
Wi' her clean flannan toy, aye sae ookie and
croove.
Wi' her muckle Tam cat that strade guard
through the hoose.
Wi' her auld Haly Beuk that made a things
look donee.
For her heart brim'd wi' kindness, and
when it brak loose,
A' them whilk misfortune had driven forth
to beg.
Gat a kind word an' amous fra Auld
Auntie Meg.
She won roun' a' the bairns wi' her saft
scotchin' wiles,
Tho' their pranks made her clout their
huffit-blades whies,
For pokin' her cats beird, ay, or breakin'
her liles.
Yet she pleased them wi' bannocks weel
lattered wi' smiles.
Loch, a shinty-cut cut she could buckle' fa'
gleg.
Weel skill'd in a' ailments was my auld
Auntie Meg.
When a wife fell ill wi' a cholie or weel,
Maggie waddled an' ran to the top o' her
speed,
She stopp'd nae to speer about their kintra
or creed,
Frowth, quo she, it's God's work to help
folk in their need.
She would riven the stockin' fra' 'bout her
trig leg,
To sweet' roun' the sair place—that's my
Auntie Meg.
Then the wife tell't her a' her sufferin' an'
pain,
Hoo she wish'd she was deed, and then
wish'd it again.
That she might be spared to her pair feck-
less wean.
"Maggie, what wad it die in this cauld
world its lane."
"Deed, that's true; lie still noo, for God
wings yeg.
The gab o' the truthfu'," said my auld
Auntie Meg.
"Woman, he lo'es us a', as ye lo'e that
dear bairn;
For the worst e'er He made His kind heart
maan aye yearn,
Gin they age over their ill tricks an' better
anes learn,
And a blessin' for time and eternity ear;
When he lays on the law, hooe it's auld
He's the best freon we hae," said my auld
Auntie Meg.
When gowds were smirkin' on brae face
and lea,
And birdies were chirpin' fra whie bus,
an' tree,
Auld Maggie fell sick and she lay down too
dee;
There was peace in her heart, there was
hope in her e'e,
As she drapt to her rest like a sun-rip'n'd
leg.
For rich in gudc warks was my Auld Auntie
Meg.
On the day that she dec't bairnies blunket
the schules,
Nor wad they go back till she was laid in
the moole;
Hoo the Dominies ban'd and rampaged like
daft fules,
Skail'd a' their ink, coupt their muckle desk
stules,
Synce gaed to the yin' and drank the last
draig,
That honor'd the draidge o' my auld
Auntie Meg.
In piece rest her ashes, the kind and the leal
Wi' a' ban' that aye gied, w'a' heart that
could feel.
For nae sect or party, but the hale warl's
weel.
And her holiday toast—"May the black
touzy deil
Stang their coud hearts wi' the kye's sim-
mer eieg.
That's harsh to the needfu'!"—quo' my auld
Auntie Meg.
Row safely, sweet Kelvin, wi' thy southeist
wave.
Weet the flow'rets that spring upon auld
Maggie's grave,
Gar thy wad dancing ripplets croon a wa-
wallin' stave,
Mind, gin ye hae ae that's mair sweet than
the lave,
Pour it fourth wi' feelin' to the kind and
the brave.
Fre frae a waridly self, an' as callers an' eeg,
To the heart's inmost core was my auld
Auntie Meg.
CALTON FEB. 1863. JAMES NORVAL

Premiums to be offered for competition by the North Riding of Lanark County Agricultural Society for the year 1863.
STOCK CLASS 1st.
Best Mare and foal for draught. \$3 00
2d. 2 00
3d. 1 50
Best Mare and foal for general use. 3 00
2d. 2 00
3d. 1 50
Best Saddle Horse or Mare. 2 00
2d. 1 50
3d. 1 00
Best span draught Horses in Harness. 4 00
2d. 3 00
3d. 2 00
Best span Horses for general use in harness. 4 00
2d. 3 00
3d. 2 00
Best 3 yr. old entire Colt for general use. 2 50
2d. 2 00
3d. 1 50
Best 3 yr. old altered Colt for general use. 2 50
2d. 2 00
3d. 1 50
CLASS 2nd.
Best Ayrshire Bull, pure blood. 10 00
2d. 8 00
3d. 6 00
Best Durham Bull, pure blood. 10 00
2d. 8 00
3d. 6 00
Best Galway Bull, pure blood. 10 00
2d. 8 00
3d. 6 00
(Pedigree of pure blood to be furnished.)
Best Bull, not less than 3 years old. 3 00
2d. 2 50
3d. 2 00
Best Bull not less than 2 years old. 2 50
2d. 2 00
3d. 1 50
Best Bull 1 year old. 2 00
2d. 1 50
3d. 1 00
Best Bull Calv. 1 50
2d. 1 25
3d. 1 00
Best yoke of Oxen. 2 50
2d. 2 00
3d. 1 50
Best fatted Ox (quality of beef). 2 50
2d. 2 00
3d. 1 50
Best pair 2 year old Steers. 2 50
2d. 2 00
3d. 1 50
Best pair 2 year old Steers. 2 50
2d. 2 00
3d. 1 50
Best pair 2 year old Steers. 2 50
2d. 2 00
3d. 1 50
Best fatted Cow (quality of beef). 2 50
2d. 2 00
3d. 1 50
Best Milch Cow. 2 50
2d. 2 00
3d. 1 50
Best 2 year old Heifer. 2 00
2d. 1 50
3d. 1 00
Best 1 year old Heifer. 1 50
2d. 1 25
3d. 1 00
Best Heifer Calv. 1 50
2d. 1 25
3d. 1 00
CLASS 3rd.
Best Leicester Ram, pure blood. 10 00
2d. 8 00
3d. 6 00
Best Cotswold Ram, pure blood. 10 00
2d. 8 00
3d. 6 00
Best Merino Ram, pure blood. 10 00
2d. 8 00
3d. 6 00
(Pedigree of pure blood to be furnished.)
Best Ram of any age. 2 00
2d. 1 50
3d. 1 00
Best Ram Lamb. 1 00
2d. 75
3d. 50
Best 3 Ewes. 3 00
2d. 2 50
3d. 2 00
Best 3 Ewe Lambs. 3 00
2d. 2 50
3d. 2 00
CLASS 4th.
Best pair Ducks. 0 50
2d. 0 25
3d. 0 10
Best pair Poultry. 0 50
2d. 0 25
3d. 0 10
CLASS 5th—IMPLEMENTS, &c.
Best side hill Plough. 1 50
2d. 1 00
3d. 0 50
Best subsoil Plough. 2 00
2d. 1 50
3d. 1 00
Best Iron Plough. 2 50
2d. 2 00
3d. 1 50
Best Wooden Plough. 1 50
2d. 1 00
3d. 0 50
Best Lumber Wagon. 2 50
2d. 2 00
3d. 1 50
Best Cart. 1 00
2d. 0 75
3d. 0 50
Best pair Harrows. 1 75
2d. 1 50
3d. 1 25
Best horse Rake. 1 00
2d. 0 75
3d. 0 50
Best Turnip sowing Machine. 0 50
2d. 0 25
3d. 0 10
Best Double Buggy. 2 50

CLASS 6th.
Best Broom. 2 00
2d. 1 50
3d. 1 00
Best 3 Hoes. 0 50
Best set horse shoes. 0 75
2d. 0 50
3d. 0 25
Best Washing Machine. 1 00
2d. 0 50
3d. 0 25
Best assortment of farm Implements. 3 00
2d. 2 50
3d. 2 00
Best sett Lumber harness. 2 00
2d. 1 50
3d. 1 00
Best single sett silver mounted do. 2 00
2d. 1 50
3d. 1 00
Best Saddle, Bridle, and Martingale. 1 00
2d. 0 75
3d. 0 50
Best 2 pair Blankets, home made. 1 50
2d. 1 00
3d. 0 75
Best 15 yds. Sateen, home made. 2 00
2d. 1 50
3d. 1 00
Best 15 yds. Sateen, Factory. 2 00
2d. 1 50
3d. 1 00
Best 15 yds. Tweeds, Factory. 2 00
2d. 1 50
3d. 1 00
Best 2 pairs Blankets, Factory. 1 50
2d. 1 00
3d. 0 75
Best plain Shawls. 1 00
2d. 0 75
3d. 0 50
CLASS 12th—LADIES DEPARTMENT.
Best specimen Crochet Work. 0 75
2d. 0 50
3d. 0 25
Best ornamental Needle Work. 1 00
2d. 0 75
3d. 0 50
Best pencil drawing. 1 00
2d. 0 75
3d. 0 50
Best Crayon Drawing. 1 00
2d. 0 75
3d. 0 50
Best 2 pair Woolen Socks. 0 50
2d. 0 25
3d. 0 10
Best 2 pair Woolen Stockings. 0 50
2d. 0 25
3d. 0 10
Best 2 pair Woolen Mitts. 0 50
2d. 0 25
3d. 0 10
Best home made Quilt, knitted. 1 00
2d. 0 75
3d. 0 50
Best home made Quilt, quilted. 1 00
2d. 0 75
3d. 0 50
Best Coverlet, woven. 1 00
2d. 0 75
3d. 0 50
Best lot of work in Straw. 1 00
2d. 0 75
3d. 0 50
CLASS 13th—AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS.
Best 3 acres Fall Wheat. 4 00
2d. 3 00
3d. 2 00
Best 3 Acres Spring Wheat. 4 00
2d. 3 00
3d. 2 00
Best 3 acres Oats. 2 00
2d. 1 50
3d. 1 00
Best 1 acre Barley. 2 00
2d. 1 50
3d. 1 00
Best 1 acre two rowed. 2 00
2d. 1 50
3d. 1 00
Best 2 acres Peas Baga Seed. 3 00
2d. 2 00
3d. 1 00
Best 1 acre Indian Corn. 3 00
2d. 2 00
3d. 1 00
Best half acre Beans. 2 50
2d. 2 00
3d. 1 50
Best 1 acre Potatoes. 3 00
2d. 2 00
3d. 1 00
Besides the above, a liberal sum will be set apart as discretionary prizes, for nurseries of Fruit Trees, Horticultural Products, Fancy Work, and other articles which may be brought under the notice of the Judges.
The competition for the above will be held on the Exhibition Ground at ALMONTE, on TUESDAY, the 15th of September next. None but members who have paid their subscriptions by the 1st day of May, will be allowed to compete for premiums, unless by paying three times the amount of their original subscriptions, and having owned the property offered for at least three months prior to the 15th September, or who have manufactured the articles within the year, will be allowed to compete for any of the prizes.
Should the funds be insufficient to pay the whole of the prizes, a percentage will be deducted therefrom.
The Judges are particularly requested not to award premiums to any article not considered worthy of a prize.
Those persons who intend to compete for Farms, Gardens, Orchards, Implements, and Crops are required to enter their names with the Secretary, on or before the day that the Dues are payable, and having owned the property for some time past, all gave out on Tuesday. The stoppage, we believe, was nearly spontaneous, the flow of oil, as in some other cases, being succeeded by a flow of water. This is bad news for those engaged in the business generally, as it affords further evidence that the supply is by no means so inexhaustible as many have supposed. We had been led to understand that since the giving out of the first sixteen or eighteen flowing wells a good deal of oil was being obtained by working the original pumping wells, but we have reason to believe that this has not been the case to any material extent—the flowing wells first above alluded to having furnished the chief part of the supply of oil lately brought out. The quantity finding its way out to Wyothing is now trifling. A week or two ago the number of teams employed in hauling oil was about forty, but now does not amount to probably half that amount.—Sarnia Observer.
A revolting spectacle is already presented on the battle field of Antietam. The earth is washing away from the shallow trenches used for graves, and bodies of buried soldiers are appearing on the face in various parts of that vast graveyard.
Mr. H. O. Wood, of the Monitor Oil Works, Sarnia, had two of his fingers torn on Monday, by getting them entangled with a portion of the machinery.
A blacksmith at Paris was suddenly cured of paralysis leg, by firing into a passion because a thief had robbed him of some horse shoes. It would not be well however, to rely too implicitly on this remedy in all cases.
The Courier de St. Hyacinthe says that a man named Johnson was severely injured by the premature explosion of a blasting charge at Anson on Wednesday last. There is no hope for his recovery.

Proposed Impeachment of President Lincoln.
Washington March 15.
I learn from a distinguished gentleman from New York that there is a movement on foot in that city looking toward the impeachment of the President at the opening of the next session of Congress, in the manner provided by the Constitution. The movement originated with the most eminent constitutional lawyers of the country, including two from the West, and is in the hands of men whose character for decision and firmness, as well as for courage, is a sufficient guarantee that they will carry it through. Every intelligent man is aware that the crimes committed by the executive and his utter inability to conduct the affairs of the nation even in the time of peace, have furnished ample grounds for his impeachment; and every true patriot will rejoice to learn that it is to be brought to punishment. The first draft of the articles of impeachment is already drawn up. It embraces charges which it is believed will certainly bring her to the untimely end of Charles I. The English people would not have endured the outrages on their rights which the American people have patiently submitted. No English King would have dared to violate the constitution as President Lincoln has violated the Constitution of the United States.
No question has yet come before the supreme Court involving the constitutionality of various other acts of this corrupt Congress, among others the conscription bill and the bill abolishing the habeas corpus. But such questions will soon arise, and if they do not come before the Court, they will be brought there by the President to arrest whom he pleases, and abolishing the habeas corpus, was never regularly passed by Congress at all. It was declared passed by Mr. Pomeroy (who temporarily occupied the chair) at 5 o'clock after a session that had continued all through the night. But at that time Mr. Pomeroy was speaking against the bill had the floor. And although he was deprived of the floor by the abolition majority in violation of all parliamentary rules, still he had the floor by right and was only deprived of it by wrong. These facts will be discovered, the members of the supreme court would decide the act unconstitutional and void. Whichever, therefore, the President arrests any man under that act, or refuses to any man the habeas corpus under it, he does so at his peril.—[Special Correspondence of the Chicago Times.

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The "Europa" from New York arrived at Liverpool on the 5th, and the North American on the 7th. The "City of Manchester" left Liverpool for New York, shortly after the "Europa."
The English news is not of great importance, and the most interesting item is the entry of the Princess Alexandra into London on the day the "Europa" sailed. The preparations were on an unexampled scale, and a brilliant demonstration would take place.
The Times asserts that during the whole history of London she has never seen such a day, and the cause of the demonstration is the pride entertained by the nation for the moral eminence of the royal family raised by the virtues of its head.
The comments on American affairs in the journals are unimportant.
A Washington letter in the London Herald asserts that a secret society has been discovered, the members of which are sworn to kill President Lincoln.
In the House of Commons, on the 5th another debate took place. Mr. Cobden made a vigorous attack upon the general policy of the Admiralty in maintaining obsolete vessels after the valuable experience furnished by America in favor of iron-plated ships. He denounced the idea of obtaining seamen to man vessels utterly useless for warlike purposes.
Lord C. Paget and Sir John Pakington defended their respective administration of Admiralty affairs, and finally all the remainder of the navy votes were agreed to.
In the House of Lords, on the 6th, Earl Hardwicke asked that if in restoring to the Galway contract it was intended to make any alteration in the port of destination or departure.
Lord Stanley, of Alderley, said there had been no proposal of the kind whatever.
In the House of Commons, Mr. Brantley Moore moved a resolution, regretting the disturbance of friendly relations with the Government, and hoping that the Government will take all honorable means to restore amity; and he announced the proceedings of the British Minister at Brazil. A general debate followed in the course of which Mr. Layard indicated the diplomatic action of the Government. The resolution was finally withdrawn.
The King of Belgium has accepted the arbitration between Brazil and England.
Malta despatches say that the fever has entirely left Prince Alfred, and he is steadily improving. He would not be able to attend his brother's wedding.
Bishop Colenso has declined the suggestion of his brother Bishops, that he should resign. It is stated that the English and French Governments are quite agreed as to the tenor of their notes to Russia regarding Poland. Regret is expressed for the various partitions of which Poland has been the victim, but they are regarded as things of the past, and will be remedied. Both Governments, however, speak as earnestly as diplomacy allows, of their hopes for the fulfillment of the solemn promises made the Poles by granting liberal institutions.
The great advantages the Polish insurgents enjoy over the Russian regular forces are—first their superior knowledge of the country; secondly the nature of the soil which consists almost exclusively of woods and morasses; thirdly the wretched firing of the Russians; they never take a battle, but rest on the hills and in the fire. They fight in dense columns with every shot tells; whilst the Poles scattered on a plain, are very hard to hit and artillery is no use against them in the open, except at very short distances. Lastly, the Cossacks, admirable horsemen as they are, can scarcely be brought to face the insurgents, who with one thrust of their murderous weapon disable both horse and rider.

Minutes of Admaston Council.
Monday, January 19th, 1863.
The newly elected Council met in the evening at 7 o'clock at the residence of Mr. Gorman.
There were present, Messrs. William Harris, elected councillor for Rural Ward No. 1; Geo. Cardiff, for Rural Ward No. 2; Geo. Brown, Jr., for Rural Ward No. 3; Thomas Gorman for Rural Ward No. 4; and James Whelan for Rural Ward No. 5, who each filed with the clerk their declarations of qualification and office, and took their seats.
They then proceeded to the election of a Reeve, the clerk in the chair.
Mr. Gorman moved, seconded by Mr. Cardiff, that Thomas Whelan, Esq., be Reeve of this municipality for the current year. Carried.
Mr. Whelan having made and subscribed the declarations required by law took his seat as Reeve of this municipality.
Mr. Gorman moved for leave to introduce a By-Law appointing John Gorman assessor of this municipality for the current year and James Gorman, appointed by the Reeve, and James Thompson, appointed by the Council as Auditors of the Public Accounts in this municipality. Carried.
Mr. Harris moved, seconded by Mr. Cardiff, that this Council request their Reeve, that in the event of Robert R. Smith being nominated as warden for the municipal Council of these United Counties, or for the Provisional Council of this county, that he record his vote in favor of these officers, and that failing Mr. Smith, that he record his votes for Thomas Hickey, Esq., for the said offices. Carried.
Mr. Harris moved, seconded by Mr. Gorman, that the clerk be instructed to ascertain from Mr. Poole, the publisher of the Carleton Place Herald, what he would charge, for publishing in his journal the minutes of proceedings of this Council, the copies of by-laws required to be published, a copy of the audited accounts, and notices of the meetings of council. Carried.
Mr. Brown moved for leave to introduce a by-law amending the by-law of this municipality, respecting the fees paid to the Inspector of taverns and the Revenue Inspector, for the issuing of Licenses in this municipality. Carried.
Mr. Harris moved, seconded by Mr. Gorman, that the sum of seventeen shillings ten pence charged on James John O'Day in the collector's roll for 1862, be credited to him as part payment of nine days extra statute labor which he claims and that the collector be instructed to credit him with the said amount on his collector roll. Carried.
Mr. Gorman moved, seconded by Mr. Harris, that the by-law appointing John Gorman assessor, and James Gorman and James Thompson Auditors of public accounts be now received and read a first time.
The by-law was received and read a first time.
Mr. Gorman moved, seconded by Mr. Harris, that the by-law now read be read a second time, short forthwith. The by-law was read a second time, short forthwith.
And on motion of Mr. Gorman, seconded by Mr. Harris, that the by-law now read be read a third time and passed.
The by-law was read a third time and passed.
Mr. Brown moved, seconded by Mr. Harris, that the by-law amending the by-laws of this municipality respecting the fees paid to the Inspector of Taverns and the Revenue Inspector for the issuing of licenses in this municipality be now received and read a first time.
The by-law was received and read a first time.
Mr. Brown moved, seconded by Mr. Harris, that the Clerk be instructed to grant the following orders on the Treasurer of this municipality: To James Dunne, for ten shillings; to Robert Brown, Sen., for ten shillings; to John Bernard, for ten shillings, being payment of their services as Returning officers for the election of councillors for the current year in rural ward No. 1, 3, 4, and 5 in this township, and that the Reeve grant an order on the said Treasurer to Geo. Brown, clerk of the law services for the election of a councillor in rural ward No. 2, in this township, Carleton Place.
Mr. Harris moved, seconded by Mr. Gorman, that this Council do now adjourn to meet again in this place, on Monday the second day of March next, at 10 o'clock a.m. Carried.
GEO. BROWN, TOWN CLERK.

Minutes of Lanark Council.
Middleville School house, 14th March 1863.
Pursuant to adjournment, the Municipal Council of the Township of Lanark met this day; present Messrs. Mathie, Affleck, and Yull. In the absence of the Reeve, Mr. Mathie was appointed in his stead, and the Chairman of the Council having been read, approved and signed by the Chairman, there were presented and read—
A letter from the Co. Treasurer in answer to an inquiry, on the part of this Council, if the late Treasurer, Adam Craig had paid the Educational along with the other county taxes.
The Reeve and Councillor Campbell, now entered and took their seats.
A letter from the Secretary's office, acknowledging the receipt of \$10, as the contribution of this municipality towards the erection of a memorial to the late Francis Gorman.
A letter from Daniel Galbraith, Esq., requesting that the award of the Arbitration for the settlement of differences existing between the Municipality of the Township of Lanark, and the Municipality of the Township of Lanark, be referred to a meeting of the

Fire.—Early on Monday morning last a fire broke out in the barn of Mr. E. G. Lamb, Montague, and before discovered, the devouring element had become too powerful to be subdued. The barn and its whole contents were consumed; but we understand that the total loss is covered by insurance in the Provincial Insurance Co. of Canada. How the fire originated is unknown, though some surmise that it is the work of an incendiary.—Smiths Falls Review.

ACCIDENT.—We regret to learn that Mr. Ballantyne, of the firm of Williamson and Ballantyne of this village, met with a serious accident one day last week. While engaged fastening a bolt in the neighborhood of a circular saw, his hand accidentally slipped and coming in contact with the saw, two of his fingers were instantly severed from his hand.—Smiths Falls Review.

Proposed Impeachment of President Lincoln.
Washington March 15.
I learn from a distinguished gentleman from New York that there is a movement on foot in that city looking toward the impeachment of the President at the opening of the next session of Congress, in the manner provided by the Constitution. The movement originated with the most eminent constitutional lawyers of the country, including two from the West, and is in the hands of men whose character for decision and firmness, as well as for courage, is a sufficient guarantee that they will carry it through. Every intelligent man is aware that the crimes committed by the executive and his utter inability to conduct the affairs of the nation even in the time of peace, have furnished ample grounds for his impeachment; and every true patriot will rejoice to learn that it is to be brought to punishment. The first draft of the articles of impeachment is already drawn up. It embraces charges which it is believed will certainly bring her to the untimely end of Charles I. The English people would not have endured the outrages on their rights which the American people have patiently submitted. No English King would have dared to violate the constitution as President Lincoln has violated the Constitution of the United States.
No question has yet come before the supreme Court involving the constitutionality of various other acts of this corrupt Congress, among others the conscription bill and the bill abolishing the habeas corpus. But such questions will soon arise, and if they do not come before the Court, they will be brought there by the President to arrest whom he pleases, and abolishing the habeas corpus, was never regularly passed by Congress at all. It was declared passed by Mr. Pomeroy (who temporarily occupied the chair) at 5 o'clock after a session that had continued all through the night. But at that time Mr. Pomeroy was speaking against the bill had the floor. And although he was deprived of the floor by the abolition majority in violation of all parliamentary rules, still he had the floor by right and was only deprived of it by wrong. These facts will be discovered, the members of the supreme court would decide the act unconstitutional and void. Whichever, therefore, the President arrests any man under that act, or refuses to any man the habeas corpus under it, he does so at his peril.—[Special Correspondence of the Chicago Times.

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Malta despatches say that the fever has entirely left Prince Alfred, and he is steadily improving. He would not be able to attend his brother's wedding.
Bishop Colenso has declined the suggestion of his brother Bishops, that he should resign. It is stated that the English and French Governments are quite agreed as to the tenor of their notes to Russia regarding Poland. Regret is expressed for the various partitions of which Poland has been the victim, but they are regarded as things of the past, and will be remedied. Both Governments, however, speak as earnestly as diplomacy allows, of their hopes for the fulfillment of the solemn promises made the Poles by granting liberal institutions.
The great advantages the Polish insurgents enjoy over the Russian regular forces are—first their superior knowledge of the country; secondly the nature of the soil which consists almost exclusively of woods and morasses; thirdly the wretched firing of the Russians; they never take a battle, but rest on the hills and in the fire. They fight in dense columns with every shot tells; whilst the Poles scattered on a plain, are very hard to hit and artillery is no use against them in the open, except at very short distances. Lastly, the Cossacks, admirable horsemen as they are, can scarcely be brought to face the insurgents, who with one thrust of their murderous weapon disable both horse and rider.

Minutes of Admaston Council.
Monday, January 19th, 1863.
The newly elected Council met in the evening at 7 o'clock at the residence of Mr. Gorman.
There were present, Messrs. William Harris, elected councillor for Rural Ward No. 1; Geo. Cardiff, for Rural Ward No. 2; Geo. Brown, Jr., for Rural Ward No. 3; Thomas Gorman for Rural Ward No. 4; and James Whelan for Rural Ward No. 5, who each filed with the clerk their declarations of qualification and office, and took their seats.
They then proceeded to the election of a Reeve, the clerk in the chair.
Mr. Gorman moved, seconded by Mr. Cardiff, that Thomas Whelan, Esq., be Reeve of this municipality for the current year. Carried.
Mr. Whelan having made and subscribed the declarations required by law took his seat as Reeve of this municipality.
Mr. Gorman moved for leave to introduce a By-Law appointing John Gorman assessor of this municipality for the current year and James Gorman, appointed by the Reeve, and James Thompson, appointed by the Council as Auditors of the Public Accounts in this municipality. Carried.
Mr. Harris moved, seconded by Mr. Cardiff, that this Council request their Reeve, that in the event of Robert R. Smith being nominated as warden for the municipal Council of these United Counties, or for the Provisional Council of this county, that he record his vote in favor of these officers, and that failing Mr. Smith, that he record his votes for Thomas Hickey, Esq., for the said offices. Carried.
Mr. Harris moved, seconded by Mr. Gorman, that the clerk be instructed to ascertain from Mr. Poole, the publisher of the Carleton Place Herald, what he would charge, for publishing in his journal the minutes of proceedings of this Council, the copies of by-laws required to be published, a copy of the audited accounts, and notices of the meetings of council. Carried.
Mr. Brown moved for leave to introduce a by-law amending the by-law of this municipality, respecting the fees paid to the Inspector of Taverns and the Revenue Inspector, for the issuing of Licenses in this municipality. Carried.
Mr. Harris moved, seconded by Mr. Gorman, that the sum of seventeen shillings ten pence charged on James John O'Day in the collector's roll for 1862, be credited to him as part payment of nine days extra statute labor which he claims and that the collector be instructed to credit him with the said amount on his collector roll. Carried.
Mr. Gorman moved, seconded by Mr. Harris, that the by-law appointing John Gorman assessor, and James Gorman and James Thompson Auditors of public accounts be now received and read a first time.
The by-law was received and read a first time.
Mr. Gorman moved, seconded by Mr. Harris, that the by-law now read be read a second time, short forthwith. The by-law was read a second time, short forthwith.
And on motion of Mr. Gorman, seconded by Mr. Harris, that the by-law now read be read a third time and passed.
The by-law was read a third time and passed.
Mr. Brown moved, seconded by Mr. Harris, that the by-law amending the by-laws of this municipality respecting the fees paid to the Inspector of Taverns and the Revenue Inspector for the issuing of licenses in this municipality be now received and read a first time.
The by-law was received and read a first time.
Mr. Brown moved, seconded by Mr. Harris, that the Clerk be instructed to grant the following orders on the Treasurer of this municipality: To James Dunne, for ten shillings; to Robert Brown, Sen., for ten shillings; to John Bernard, for ten shillings, being payment of their services as Returning officers for the election of councillors for the current year in rural ward No. 1, 3, 4, and 5 in this township, and that the Reeve grant an order on the said Treasurer to Geo. Brown, clerk of the law services for the election of a councillor in rural ward No. 2, in this township, Carleton Place.
Mr. Harris moved, seconded by Mr. Gorman, that this Council do now adjourn to meet again in this place, on Monday the second day of March next, at 10 o'clock a.m. Carried.
GEO. BROWN, TOWN CLERK.

Minutes of Lanark Council.
Middleville School house, 14th March 1863.
Pursuant to adjournment, the Municipal Council of the Township of Lanark met this day; present Messrs. Mathie, Affleck, and Yull. In the absence of the Reeve, Mr. Mathie was appointed in his stead, and the Chairman of the Council having been read, approved and signed by the Chairman, there were presented and read—
A letter from the Co. Treasurer in answer to an inquiry, on the part of this Council, if the late Treasurer, Adam Craig had paid the Educational along with the other county taxes.
The Reeve and Councillor Campbell, now entered and took their seats.
A letter from the Secretary's office, acknowledging the receipt of \$10, as the contribution of this municipality towards the erection of a memorial to the late Francis Gorman.
A letter from Daniel Galbraith, Esq., requesting that the award of the Arbitration for the settlement of differences existing between the Municipality of the Township of Lanark, and the Municipality of the Township of Lanark, be referred to a meeting of the

Fire.—Early on Monday morning last a fire broke out in the barn of Mr. E. G. Lamb, Montague, and before discovered, the devouring element had become too powerful to be subdued. The barn and its whole contents were consumed; but we understand that the total loss is covered by insurance in the Provincial Insurance Co. of Canada. How the fire originated is unknown, though some surmise that it is the work of an incendiary.—Smiths Falls Review.

2 Dolls per Annum