The Chronicle
AND CANADIAN DAIRYMAN.
THURSDAY, JANUARY 19, 1888.

# THE STORM'S FATAL WORK

## GREAT LOSS OF LIFE DURING LAST WEEK'S BLIZZARD.

**Many Casualties in Dakota, Minnesota, Nebraska, Iowa and Other Northwestern States and Territories—Roll of the Dead—Railroads Blocked by the Snow.**

ST. PAUL, Minn., Jan. 15.—The loss of life by the great blizzard on Thursday is shown to have been very great, by far the largest number of casualties being reported from Dakota points. The Despatch has the following summary of the dead (thirty-six in all), but as will be seen by special despatches received by The Pioneer Press yesterday and last night, the list will be largely augmented when the returns are all in:

As Adrian, Minn., John Baring; Hitchcock, Dak., Emil Gilbertson; Nutshell, Dak., George Allen, jr., Joseph Anderson; Minot, Dak., James Smith and two sons; Raymond, Dak., William Drivers, two sons, Charles Heath; Omaha, Neb., Fred Eller, cigarmaker, a young lady, name not reported, Wexwell Beck, aged 8 years; Poster, Neb., George W. Post; David City, Neb., child of John Denlinger; Sioux City, Ia., unknown man; Belgrade, Mont., Wm. Overlun; Maryville, Mont., Patrick Hanley; Huron, Dak.; Thos. E. Gilkeson, Rowland Chambers; Luverne, Minn., John Loy; Inwood, Ia., Mr. Fitzgerald's two children; Aberdeen, Dak., Wm. Love, Judson Westgate; Roscoe Dak., Peter Terhune; Virgil, Dak., Frank Nirison, William Nirison, Joseph Wilkon; Iroquois, Dak., Mrs. Davine, Adam Gerner, J. W. Gonlo.

A Brookings, Dak., special says: A young man started from here to go into the country Thursday and cannot be found. It is feared he perished. Several others had narrow escapes.

A Clarmont, Dak., despatch says: Reports have been received here of four persons lost in the blizzard, but without particulars except in the case of Miss Stineberner of Amherst, who was out all night and can hardly recover.

A Grafton, Dak., despatch says: The Northern Pacific train from Grand Forks left here for Pembina last night and three miles north of here was thrown from the track by a huge drift. The passengers were shaken up, but none were hurt.

A Watertown, Dak., despatch says: Thursday forenoon, just before the blizzard struck, a party of seven farmers living twenty-five miles northwest of here started for their homes. The bodies of four of them have been found. Searching parties are looking for the others.

The mercury was about 20° below zero last night. All railroads to Chicago got their trains through yesterday except the Albert Lea and Minnesota and Northwestern roads, which are still blocked. The St. Paul and Duluth is open, but the roads northwest are still having trouble, the Omaha and Sioux City line and the Manitoba being still blockaded.

Specials giving additional loss of life in the great blizzard are as follows: Gary, Dak.—Charles Staltzsenberg of Altamont started to procure a coffin for his dead son, and has not been since heard from. Two children of Joseph Hutchinson, living west of here, perished while going home from school. Minot, Dak.—Mr. Davis and his 15-year-old son were found by searching parties two miles from town frozen to death. Several others are missing. Sioux Falls, Dak.—Five victims of the blizzard have been found in this section: a lady teacher named Jacobson and a pupil named Ginde G. Grunstrom, a farmer and two others, names unknown. Lesterville—Jacob Krutz died and his wife badly frozen. Frederick Milberger may die from exposure. A man, name unknown, was frozen. Three deaths are reported from Tindall and two girls near Wakenda. A lady schoolteacher near Flandreau was frozen to death. Miller, Dak.—J. W. Gaslee, a wealthy farmer, perished in the blizzard. Faulkton, Dak.—Emma Lamar, a schoolteacher southwest of here, and Carrie Auman, a pupil, were frozen to death Wednesday night. Doland, Dak.—W. C. Gartswate, a farmer's son, got lost in the blizzard Thursday going from his father's house to the barn and was found dead in the snow yesterday. Ramond, Willie and Harry Driver were frozen to death.

Reports of fatalities are still coming in. At Adrian, Minn., Mrs. Knutzson of Rushmore was found frozen to death within forty feet of her own door. Her husband was absent and she started to look for him. A special from Canton, Dak., says: "The following deaths have been reported, but it is thought there will be others: Two men at Pumrhar, Iowa; two school children at Inwood, Ia.; two men between Marion Junction and Bridgewater; one man near White Lake; two boys and ninety-five head of cattle near Larchwood, Ia.; four school children near Lennox, Dak. One of the last named, a boy, was alive when found, after being in the snow for thirty-six hours, but soon died.

The Manitoba and Northern Pacific roads sent out their regular trains on their main lines to-night. Manitoba officials report their lines clear to the boundary, and the Northern Pacific is open beyond the Missouri River. The Minnesota and Northwestern train from Chicago arrived here to-day after being four days on the road.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Jan. 16.—The terrible storm which has swept over the Northwest, blockading railroads in five states, is now over, and the victims of its fury are being counted. The list is growing almost every hour. It is not improbable when the record is complete that it will show a hundred lives have been sacrificed to the fury of the blizzard. Next to this the worst blizzard that the Northwest ever experienced occurred Jan. 7, 8 and 9, 1873. In that storm seventy people were frozen to death, and thousands of dollars' worth of property was destroyed. The present storm promises to be even more terrible in its results. It came without warning.

KANSAS CITY, Jan. 16.—Saturday and Sunday nights were the coldest ever experienced in this section. The reports that come from Western Kansas are appalling. The blizzards that raged through that section a few days ago left the people in such a bad condition that they were unable to stand the severe weather of the past six hours, and a large number of deaths from cold and starvation occurred. A carload of provisions was started yesterday from Wichita to Ashland, but the storm stopped the train. It is estimated that 3000 people in Clark County are in a destitute condition, and unless immediate relief is afforded the number of deaths will be fearful.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Jan 16.—The Journal's revised list of blizzard fatalities shows 97 dead in Dakota, 12 in Minnesota, 5 in Iowa, 17 in Nebraska and 2 in Montana; total 133, besides 55 reported missing.

### Not in the Milk Business.

PETERBORO, Jan. 16.—An odd occurrence took place here a few days ago. Mr. John J. Hall, Inland Revenue Inspector, received instructions to get several specimens of milk for testing for use in a Government report. In order to get a full complement of specimens he dropped into Councillor Yelland's residence, a few doors from his office, and asked for a pint of milk. Thinking that he wanted it to drink, the milk was handed to him. But it was skimmed milk. It now comes out in the report that Mr. Yelland sells poor milk, and orders have been issued that he shall be prosecuted. Councillor Yelland is highly indignant that he should be charged with having sold milk, far less skimmed milk.

### A Train Despatcher's Error.

OTTUMWA, Ia., Jan. 16.—A Wabash passenger train from Des Moines and a water train of the Ottumwa and Kirkville road, collided four miles west of here last night. The engines were completely demolished. The Wabash baggage car was derailed, also four of the Ottumwa and Kirkville cars. H. E. Peck, the Wabash engineer, jumped and escaped with a slight sprain. His fireman was scalded to death. George Milbz and Isaac Budenstein, the engineer and fireman of the other train, were killed and buried under the wreck. The collision was caused by a mistake of the Rock Island train despatcher.

### Raid on an Illicit Distillery.

OWEN SOUND, Jan. 16.—On Saturday afternoon W. J. Graham, Collector of Inland Revenue at this port, made a raid on an illicit distillery in the Township of Amabel, run by one Thomas Martin. He arrested Martin and seized his still, two fermenting tuns and a quantity of molasses. Martin was tried at Allenford to-day and fined $100 and one month in Walkerton Jail.

### Premature Explosion.

BOSTON, Jan. 15.—A terrible blasting accident, caused by the premature explosion of a large charge of giant powder, occurred at Boston Highlands yesterday afternoon. Four men were killed and many badly injured.

FROM Low's MAGIC SUPERIOR SOAP.—Healing, soothing and cleansing for all sculpture diseases of the skin. Delightful for toilet use.

# POLITICS IN MANITOBA.

## MR. T. GREENWAY FORMALLY INSTALLED AS PREMIER.

**The New Cabinet—Parliament House Again Crowded—The New Members Introduced—The House Adjourned Until Thursday.**

WINNIPEG, Jan. 16.—The Government formally resigned at 11 o'clock to-day. His Honor Governor Aikens immediately sent for Mr. Thos. Greenway, leader of the Opposition, who repaired to the Government House and was called upon to take hold of the reins of government.

There was a large crowd in attendance at the reassembling of the Legislature. Owing to the absence of Mr. Greenway at Government House the House did not meet until 3.45.

Hon. Mr. Hamilton introduced an act to amend the Election Act of 1886.

Mr. MacArthur, member-elect, Assiniboia, was introduced by Messrs. Luxton and Drewry, and took his seat on the Ministerial side of the House. This caused considerable laughter, but the Liberals shouted out that it had been done only to save time. Mr. Frances, member-elect for St. Francois Xavier, was introduced by Martin and Greenway, and took his seat for the time on the same side as Mr. McArthur amid great applause.

From good authority it is learned that the Greenway Cabinet, which will be announced in the Legislature on Thursday, will be composed about as follows: Thomas Greenway (Mountain), President of the Council and Provincial Treasurer; Mayor L. M. Jones, Provincial Secretary; Joseph Martin (Portage la Prairie), Attorney-General; James A. Smart (East Brandon), Minister of Public Works; J. A. Prendergast (La Verandrye), Minister of Agriculture. The Liberals have not committed themselves to a reduction of the number of Cabinet Ministers, and think it is necessary the Cabinet should retain five members. All the abovementioned who are at present in the Legislature are certain of re-election. Several rural constituencies have been placed at the disposal of Mayor Jones. The Legislature will adjourn for four weeks on Thursday to allow the new Ministers to appeal to their constituents.

### A TRUE BILL.

**Returned Against Financier Taylor for Embezzling $15,000.**

LONDON, Jan. 15.—A true bill was found by the Grand Jury yesterday against Henry Taylor for embezzling $15,000 belonging to the Ontario Investment Association. Taylor was not ready for trial, so the case goes over till the Spring Assizes.

The case of the Indian, David Schuyler of Oneida Village, charged with counterfeiting silver coin, fell through. Thos. Green v. Hull, an action on an account, resulted in a verdict for plaintiff for $923 and costs.

The Grand Jury in their presentment called His Lordship's attention to the fact that there are at present three indigent lunatics confined in the County Jail, one of them being dangerous, and that these cases have been refused admittance to the asylum under the pretence of no room, while several persons of means have been admitted thereto since such refusal.

Yesterday afternoon Mrs. Grafton of Queen's-avenue, while about to enter a street car, was knocked down and run over by a sleigh driven by Jas. McIlhargy of Biddulph. The lady had her shoulder and arm fractured and was otherwise so severely injured as to make her recovery doubtful. McIlhargy seeing what he had done, whipped up his team and drove off at a rattling pace. Officer Morgan, who witnessed the affair, pressed a passing milk sleigh into the service, gave chase and captured McIlhargy at St. John's Village, four miles distant, compelling him to return to the city and establish his identity.

### Ice-Jam in the St. Lawrence.

CORNWALL, Jan. 15.—The first ice-shove here this winter took place between 1 and 2 o'clock yesterday morning, but without doing any damage to the town. The ice rose mountains high, and the roaring of the waters and jamming of the ice could be heard miles away. Had the ice not given way near Sommerstown as it did, Cornwall would likely have had a repetition of what occurred last winter. However, the water fell eight or nine feet in less than two hours, and the mills were running in full blast yesterday as usual.

### A DETERMINED SUICIDE.

**Old James McKay's Fatal Leap on the Rocks at Monkey Town.**

HAMILTON, Jan. 15.—Rock Chapel or Monkey Town is a wild looking place. It is situated on the brow of the Flamboro Mountain, about two miles east of Clappison's Corners and northeast of Dundas. It is surrounded by deep gullies and ravines, and a small cascade falls over the mountain near by. About half a mile east of Rock Chapel is the homestead of James McKay, a wealthy farmer. McKay had married a wealthy widow named Mrs. Erb, and after her death, about a year ago—she was well advanced in years and he had been the hired man—he concluded to return to his native heather in Scotland. His wife had bequeathed him two farms, and he sold them. After a tour of the British Isles Mr. McKay returned. He then repurchased one of the farms he had sold.

McKay was lonesome. His niece kept house for him, but he aspired to the hand of a neighbor's daughter about 25 years of age. Miss Mann, the choice of his affections, did not look favorably on an alliance with a man of 60, and when she refused her hand McKay brooded over the refusal, made a will and cut his throat. This was last September. The gash inflicted in his windpipe, however, was not a fatal one, and after it was stitched up he recovered. His niece after this refused to live in the house with him alone, and one of the Misses Mann kept her company in the way of a help. It was quite evident that Mr. McKay was somewhat deranged after the first effort, and on Saturday, a week ago, he took a pistol and fired a shot, in his own house, through one of the plastered walls, for the purpose, he said, of testing its capabilities of destruction. The pistol was taken from him by Miss Mann and his niece, and all quieted down again. Friday morning about 10 o'clock McKay went out of the house, and shortly afterwards a neighbor saw him lying at the bottom of the waterfall close by, and it was evident he had precipitated himself fifty or sixty feet on the rocks below. The alarm was given, and McKay was found to be unconscious. A few minutes after he was removed to the top of the mountain he expired, and it was evident his skull had been fractured.

### LOSSES BY FIRE.

**A Listowel Residence Destroyed—Burning of a Forest Livery Stable.**

LISTOWEL, Jan. 16.—At 7.30 last night fire destroyed the residence of Thomas E. Hay while the family were at church. Insured in the British America $1400, Mercantile $1200, Waterloo Mutual $1000.

**Burning of a Livery Stable.**

FOREST, Jan. 16.—A fire broke out in D. McDougall's livery stable last evening. They got the horses and rigs out. The loss on the contents is about $100, insured in the Huron and Middlesex. The building is a total loss, insured in the Gore District for $400; total loss $1200.

**A Small Blaze at Hamilton.**

HAMILTON, Jan. 16.—At 11.10 last night the office of the Hamilton and Dundas Street Railway was discovered to be on fire. The firemen were soon on hand and succeeded in confining the fire to the little office in front, the ceilings and partitions of which were pretty badly charred. Everything in the office was destroyed, except the company's books. Mr. Weatherston estimates his loss as about $100. Another $150 ought to repair the building.

**Roman Catholics in Quebec.**

QUEBEC, Jan. 16.—Le Courrier du Canada gives the following statistics with regard to the Roman Catholic Church in this province. There are 1,485,000 Roman Catholics, directed by 1 cardinal, 2 archbishops, 1 apostolic prefect and 1546 priests and religieux. They have 957 churches, 28 seminaries and colleges, 222 convents and 69 hospitals. The different ecclesiastical provinces into which the province is divided are peopled as follows by Catholics: Quebec, 729,000; Montreal, 619,000; Ottawa, 137,000. In the Diocese of Quebec there are 666 priests, 411 churches and 108 convents, 10 seminaries and colleges, 26 hospitals and 1927 schools.

**Coasting Accidents at Hamilton.**

HAMILTON, Jan. 16.—There were a number of coasting accidents here last week. Miss McLeod of Duke-street had her collar bone broken at one of the toboggan slides on Friday evening. Maggie Semmens, daughter of Thomas Semmens, had her right leg broken while coasting. Nelson Gain, the 6-year-old son of Thomas Gain, had his thigh broken while coasting on Saturday. The 13-year-old son of James McCleary, freight agent of the Grand Trunk Railway, had his leg very badly fractured while coasting on Saturday afternoon. John Glasco fractured his hand while coasting on Saturday.

# THE NEWS FROM EUROPE.

## MR. PARNELL STATES HIS VIEWS TO A REPORTER.

**Another Anti-Socialist Bill to be Submitted to the Reichstag—The German Budget—M. Tirard's Financial Scheme Rejected—Russia Will Not Disarm.**

LONDON, Jan. 16.—In reply to Prince Lobanoff, the Russian ambassador to Vienna, who had spoken of the movements of the Russian troops, Count Kalnoky said that he had taken note thereof. Austria had peaceful intentions also, but the situation created by the advance of troops would be judged by military councils. It is currently reported that the second Caucasian army corps has received orders to proceed to the Austro-Roumanian frontier. Large reinforcements of Hungarian troops will be sent by the Government to Transylvania. It is announced in The Warsaw Journal (semi-official) that eighty barracks will be built at Suvalki, Kalvaria and Maryampo, on the Russian frontier.

Advices from St. Petersburg to the Porte deny the rumors of an actual or intended disarmament in connection with the Bulgarian question. The military arrangements of Russia will not be subordinated to those of any other nation.

Several Italian staff officers are in Berlin, consulting with the German military authorities. Their mission is supposed to be in connection with Italy's undertaking to send 150,000 troops to Galicia in the event of war.

The financial scheme of M. Tirard, Prime Minister and Minister of Finance, has been virtually rejected by the Budget Committee of the French Chamber of Deputies. The committee also refused to agree to an immediate surtax on sugar, applicable to the stock now in the hands of the refiners. The tax should commence in September next, the best reason. M. Tirard made vain efforts to convince the committee that the 75,000,000 francs yearly pocketed by the refiners was the sole cause of the deficit in the budget.

In a late interview the Pope exhorted several Irish bishops and priests to use their influence to restore quietness and respect for the law in Ireland, and told them that nothing could be gained by the Irish through violence.

In an interview granted to a reporter of The Freeman's Journal, Mr. Parnell said he believes it cannot be doubted that there are grave dissensions in the Cabinet, and that a crisis may occur at any moment next session over some English question. He advises the Parnellites and Radicals to facilitate Government business, so as to avoid the charge of obstruction. The Liberal-Unionists, he says, will certainly separate on English matters. The recent reductions of rents by the Land Commission are not half what the Irish tenants are entitled to, and the party should take such action as will oblige the sub-commissioners to reopen the whole question. In his opinion the Nationalists will gain three seats in Ulster at the next parliamentary election.

Ras Alaula and other Abyssinian chiefs have been summoned to a council at Adowah by King John, to arrange for a forward movement when the main body joins Ras Alaula's forces at Asmara.

The Reichstag will have to consider another anti-Socialist bill, calling for more stringent measures towards Socialists than those heretofore offered. Expatriation or total loss of citizenship is provided in certain cases. The reason for this excuse is that those who have been expelled resume their agitation in new places of abode and in places not previously affected by Socialist propaganda.

The charges that the municipal authorities of Paris had been found guilty of organizing a revolt during the late crisis were refuted by M. Sarrien, Minister of the Interior, in the French Chamber of Deputies to-day. The Minister intimated that he would promote a special bill installing the Prefect of the Seine in the Hotel de Ville, and would move urgency for the same. An order of the day implying confidence in the Government was carried by 265 to 178.

The German Minister of Finance submitted his estimates to-day for the fiscal year, 1888-89. The receipts and expenditures, which balance, are placed at 1,410,728,921 marks. The revenue is increased 121,693,708 marks against an increase in expenditure of 81,235,952 marks. The estimates of railway receipts show an improvement of 2,225,000 marks, and the taxes on brandy and sugar are expected to yield 71,000,000 marks. A new item of 20,000,000 marks is inserted in the estimates as a contribution to the requirements of communal schools. The Budget for 1886-87 showed a surplus of 16,000,000 marks, while the Budget for 1887-88 left an available surplus of 28,000,000 marks.

The steamer Mula at Tarragona reports that in lat. 40° north, long 9°, 45 mins west, on Jan. 3, she met an American-built bark, painted brown. The bark signalled that she was leaking, and asked assistance, which, owing to the state of the weather, the Mula was unable to render.

Professor Galbraith of Dublin has received a letter from Archbishop Knox, stating that membership in the National League is not compatible with his membership of the Finance Committee of the church. In reply the Professor says he joined the league to protest against the action of the British Government in Irish matters. If his resignation is publicly requested he will retire, but he will do so with sorrow and regret.

The freedom of the city has been conferred by the Dublin corporation upon Lord Ripon and John Morley. As Mr. O'Brien's health forbids him attending open air receptions the demonstration proposed to be held in his honor in London will be limited to a banquet. The doctors advised Mr. O'Brien to go to a warm climate.

Senor Purgoerver, Spanish Minister of Finance, announced in the Chamber of Deputies to-day that the Bank of Spain will convert the floating debt into a loan of $33,000,000 at a maximum rate of interest of 3 per cent. during five years.

The report is denied by the police that Mr. Fyne, M.P., has escaped from Lisfinny Castle, where he has defied the authorities for some time past.

M. Flourens, the French Minister of Foreign Affairs, is trying to establish an entente between France, Russia and England.

The Portuguese Minister of Finance, Senor Cytillo de Carvalho, presented the Budget in the Cortes to-day. The Minister anticipated a surplus of 1285 contos of reis, and is of opinion that no foreign loan or increase of taxation will be necessary. He recommends the adoption of an extraordinary Budget for 1888-89, to include 1160 contos for the colonies.

The Credit Lyonnais invites applications for 4 per cent. bonds of the Province of Quebec amounting to £722,000 sterling, repayable in 1928. The price of issue is placed at par.

**An Actress Perishes in the Flames.**

STEUBENVILLE, O., Jan. 16.—Cain's Variety Theatre was burned at 5 o'clock this evening. The flames communicated to Cain's Hotel across the street, and caused a lively scramble among the guests. Anna Devoe, an actress, from Pittsburg, who was asleep in her room on the third floor, was burned to death. All the others escaped. All the performers lost their wardrobes.

**How Wolverton Became a Lord.**

The late Lord Wolverton was a famous sportsman and an inveterate theatregoer with a special fondness for French comedies. It is told that his first intimation that he was to become a peer came to him one day when in attendance on Mr. Gladstone and Lord Granville at the treasury upon the occasion of their drawing up their first list of "honors" for submission to the queen. In the middle of the conference Lord Granville said to him in rather a shy voice: "Glyn, would you mind leaving me and Gladstone alone for a minute? We want to confer alone." Glyn, rather surprised, retired in an undignified manner to the passage. After a brief space Lord Granville called him in again, and then Mr. Gladstone, looking at him with great dignity and severity, asked him if he thought his father would like to be a peer. Glyn laughed, and declared that he supposed such an idea had never entered the old gentleman's head, but that he would like, above all things, to have the peerage in his turn, and that, therefore, he would accept on his behalf. The elder Glyn was accordingly ennobled, much to his own bewilderment.—New York Tribune.

**Forgot His Own Name.**

Speaking of loss of memory reminds me of a singular incident in the career of the New York millionaire Peter Hayden. On one occasion he was in the town of Portsmouth, O., attending to some business, and went to the postoffice to see if there were any letters for him.

"Any mail for me?" he inquired of the clerk.

"What name, please?" was the response; but for the life of him the capitalist could not recall it. Going out upon the street he met an acquaintance, who greeted him, saying: "How are you today, Mr. Hayden?" "That's it," was the rejoinder of the New Yorker, and then explaining his strange demeanor to his friend he hurried back into the postoffice and gave the required information to the clerk.

That was an actual occurrence, and no one enjoyed the joke afterward better than the victim.—St. Paul Globe.

### INTERESTING ITEMS BY WIRE.

Berlin and Vienna financiers are disappointed because the Czar made no speech at his New Year reception.

A Hungarian peasant woman has confessed that she murdered eight of her children soon after their birth.

The Czar and Czarina held their annual New Year's reception on Saturday. No formal speech was made by the Czar.

The London Standard denies that there is any dissension between the Unionists over the Government Bill.

The weather is intensely cold at Berlin. Neither the Emperor nor Crown Prince went out of doors yesterday.

Two bands organized to cause an uprising in Bulgaria were defeated by Turkish soldiers before they crossed the frontier.

One hundred emigrants from Belfort started yesterday for Dakota. There are signs that emigration from France is increasing.

It is reported that Queen Victoria will invite King Humbert and Queen Marguerite to visit London during the coming Italian exhibition.

Advices from the Russian frontier say that the troops at the Lublin district are suffering terribly from cold. Forty sentinels have been frozen to death.

The Paris Lanterne asserts that a young sentinel near Chalons was attacked by three Germans, who, after knocking him senseless, carried off his Lebel rifle.

De Lesseps maintains that the Panama Canal will be made available for the transit of vessels in 1890, by means of immense metallic locks which Engineer Eiffel has been ordered to construct.

It is rumored that a regiment of British regulars is to be stationed in the town of Niagara in the coming spring.

George Stevens of Ottawa is among the applicants for the vacant Montreal Chiefship of Police.

It is stated that another $5000 of the stolen Grand Trunk bonds have been discovered in New York.

The gauge in the Montreal Harbor Commissioners' office Saturday registered 30 ft. 10½ in. of water in the river.

The losses by the fire at Indianapolis, Inda., Saturday aggregate $950,000; insurance $500,000.

The Omaha Furniture Company's factory and the Omaha Brass Works were burned to-day; loss $40,000.

Rev. Christian Bombelger, bishop of the Mennonite Church at Lititz, Pa., has been deposed on charges of immorality, the truth of which he confessed.

Hecht & Putzel, shoe dealers, Baltimore, assigned yesterday, liabilities heavy.

Benjamin Sawyer, injured in a coasting accident at Oswego Saturday evening, is dead.

Mr. and Mrs. John Hammond of Oswego were fatally burned in bed yesterday morning.

Henry Warder's Boiler and Conduit Works, Philadelphia, were burned yesterday; loss $100,000.

A wreck on the Chicago, Kansas and Nebraska Railway occurred at Willard, Kan., yesterday morning. Twelve persons were injured, only one fatally.

L. J. Curtis, the millionaire manufacturer of Meriden, Conn., has left $750,000 to the Curtis Home for Old Women and Orphans.

The employes of the Troy Steel and Iron Company refuse to accept a reduction of 10 per cent. proposed by the company, and all the works will be closed.

The great steel gun which was cast solid at the Pittsburg Steel Casting Company's Works last Wednesday was taken from the mould yesterday and found to be perfect.

Ex-Secretary Lamar has been confirmed as Judge of the United States Supreme Court. Messrs. Dickinson and Vilas have also been confirmed as Postmaster-General and Secretary of the Interior respectively.

Rev. Duncan Campbell of the Columbia Church, Glasgow, has been missing since Jan. 1.

A new summer hotel is to be built at Laprairie.

There are thirty creameries and 108 cheese factories in the Province of Quebec.

The coroner's jury, investigating the Lachine Bridge accident, failed to agree on a verdict.

R. Harkley, from Treherne, stopping at the Grand Union Hotel, Winnipeg, was suffocated by gas in his room. His parents live in Midland.

Lord Randolph Churchill will leave Russia for England this week.

James G. Blaine has arrived at Venice. He will remain for some time.

Herr Liebknecht (Socialist) has announced himself as a candidate for the Reichstag.

The Paris Bourse was depressed yesterday owing to rumors that M. de Giers had resigned.

M. Flourens will make a contest for a seat in the Chamber of Deputies in a Hautes Alpes district.

The rumors of Socialists' designs upon the life of the Crown Prince, at San Remo, are unfounded.

The St. James' Gazette announces the resignation of Lord Charles Beresford, a junior Lord of the Admiralty.

At Skibbereen on Sunday Bishop Ros preached a sermon, in which he vehemently denounced the Coercion Act.

The Pope on Sunday canonized the founders of the order of the Servants of Mary and three members of the Society of Jesus.

In the Lower House of the Prussian Diet yesterday the President read a telegram from the Crown Prince thanking the entire nation for its sympathy with him in his illness.

The decoration of Count Tolstoi has produced a painful impression. Several statesmen have expressed the opinion that his system of government will lead to internal troubles.

Archbishop Dinder has obtained from the Government the assurance that in all primary schools in Posen the use of the Polish language in religious teaching will be allowed to continue.

A conflict occurred at Gweedore on Saturday between peasants and a party of police collecting rates. A woman was stabbed by a bayonet, a girl was wounded with a truncheon, and other persons more or less seriously hurt.

An explosion in the Albion mine at New Glasgow, N.S., on Sunday injured three men fatally.

The Irish Creek firebug, McDonald, has been sentenced to twenty years in Kingston Penitentiary, and Lee to seven years.

A petition will be laid before one of the judges of the Supreme Court at Ottawa this week for a writ of habeas corpus to admit Detective Fahey to bail.

Mr. Gladstone again returns thanks, through the press, for the numerous letters of birthday congratulations which he received. There is no truth in the report that he is going to Rome.

General Briere was wounded in the hip while hunting at Rambouillet yesterday, by the accidental discharge of a keeper's gun. The President was one of the party.

The Berlin Tagblatt reports that there is a serious difference of opinion between Dr. Mackenzie and the German doctors in regard to the Crown Prince's case.

Ex-President Grevy suffered a stroke of apoplexy last Monday.

Taplow Court, the well-known residence of Henry Riversdale Grenfell, one of the directors of the Bank of England, was broken into by burglars, and property and money to the value of £6000 were stolen.

### AN OFFERING TO A FATHER FROM A CHILD.

No common song my muse aspires to sing,
Yet though her music rustic is and wild;
Her bounding thoughts from long pent feelings spring—
An offering to a father from a child.

If supernatural powers were mine
And motion's laws obedient to my will;
One word should halt the rapid march of time,
That all the world might listen and be still.

O honesty! stern watcher of the fights,
Great principle, and policy of man;
My father's help in warring for the right—
Be so to me, life's troubles just began.

Unbounded energy to overcome
The hydra-headed creatures born of self;
Unyielding well to cause what should be done,
Though loss of love should follow loss of wealth.

E'en as an arrow from the bow is sent,
And strikes the centre of the target sure;
So he, in going, swift, unswerving went—
No bullet found its far off billet truer.

No father gave—that which he hath this hour—
"The magic words are simply said"—He made,
He sought not wealth for love of gain or power,
But, that the fortunes of his children laid,
He might, with his ("God took—God gave")—sweet wife,
Glide gently down the last sea reach of life.

G. W. H.

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FIVE barrels Mixed Candy, only 15c. per pound, at Beck's Fruit Store.

HOLMES, the importer, will sell crockery 20 per cent. less than any other dealer in the county. Come and see for yourselves

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

### BLINDED BY PREJUDICE.

**Some Striking Situations Into which Well Informed Persons Are Led.**

There is no end of witchcraft and deception. Years ago persons suspected of the "strange infatuation" were thrown into the water—if guilty of witchcraft, they would drown.

For many years the world was shocked at such inhumanity of man to man, but if we were to declare that people are persecuted to-day quite as remorselessly as were the socalled witches of old, our statements might be received with great incredulity.

But it is a fact.

If you do not believe it, enter any one of the schools of medical practice, and attempt to use a preparation which the code does not recognize, or even to recommend indirectly any popular remedy, such for instance, as Warner's celebrated kidney remedy, and then relate your experience.

Then you'll admit the fact.

Let us be frank with you, reader. We tell you that this is downright bigotry. Merit demands and is entitled to recognition, wherever found. If geologists tell us that diamonds must always be found in sand, would you not be a fool, if you found one in gravel, not to take it and "realize" on it?

Your friends would call you foolish. The trouble with the doctors is that they can't cure advanced diseases of certain forms, and they know it. And yet they will not allow the use of any outside proprietary medicine, which they know has cured the disease.

For instance:

Kidney disease has no marked individual symptoms. It produces all sorts of symptoms of the commonest diseases. Not being able to treat the disease itself with any success, the bigoted physician treats these symptoms!

But what good does that do? In order to stop the freshet, you must stop the flood! It won't do to try brushing it away with a broom.

Dr. J. G. Holland, whom all the world admired as a teacher of sense, wrote in Scribner's Monthly:" It is a fact that many of the best proprietary medicines of the day are more successful than many physicians, and most of them were first discovered and used in actual medical active."

Dr. Robson of the Royal Navy of England enthusiastically endorses Warner's safe cure, as indeed do many hunderds of thousands all over the world. The late Dr. Dio Lewis, who almost never used medicines, commended it highly and said if he had any kidney disease he would use it.

This evidence is conclusive.

Paralysis, consumption, pneumonia, apoplexy, heart disease, general debility, rheumatism, all these common disorders are often only symptoms of kidney disease. Instead of admitting their inability to cure this disorder, doctors give their attention to the symptoms. If they cure one another comes, and finally death takes the case out of their hands. Then they disuise the fact that it is bright's disease of the kidneys and say that death came from paralysis, apoplexy, pneumonia, consumption, general debility, rheumatism, heart disease, blood poisoning, or some other of the names of the direct effects of kidney disease. They are not the real disease itself.

We do not believe every advertisement that we read. Some people may perhaps regard this article as an advertisement and will not believe it, but we are candid enough to say that we believe the parties above mentioned have proved their case, and under such circumstances the public is unwise if it is long influenced by adverse prejudice

**Mr. Darwin's Great Error.**

*From The British Weekly.*

A very remarkable article appears in The Nineteenth Century from the Duke of Argyll, in which he points out that Darwin's theory of the coral islands, explaining them by the subsidence of mountain after mountain and island after island slowly sinking into the water and affording fresh bases for the growth of corals is entirely false. The theory has maintained an unquestioned place for fifty years as one of the great triumphs of reasoning and research. Darwin himself spoke of it in an unwonted tone of confidence. Eminent men have declared that if he had done nothing else his solution of the great problem of the coral islands would have crowned him with an immortal name. But" the voyage of the Challenger proves that his theory was a dream. It is being admitted very reluctantly, almost sullkily, and with grudging slowness, as far as public discussion is concerned, but the truth cannot be hidden. The Duke of Argyll draws the inference that many speculations equally fashionable at the present moment, may go with advancing knowledge, and protests against the curious power which is sometimes exercised on behalf of certain accepted opinions, or of some reputed prophet, in establishing a sort of reign of terror in the half, sometimes in philosophy, sometimes in politics and sometimes in science. The Duke closes by saying: "If this be taught us even of those relations which concern results merely physical, comparatively simple and comparatively definite, how much more is this taught upon us when, concerning far deeper and more complicated things, explanations are offered which are in themselves obscure, full of metaphor, full of pitfalls and traps due to the ambiguities of language—explanations which are incapable of being reduced to proof, and concern both agencies and results of which we are profoundly ignorant."

**How Zola's New Novel Passed the Censor.**

*From The Pall Mall Gazette.*

Here is a good instance of the sluggishness of officialism. M. Zola's last novel caused the official world to bestir itself. As censor of public morals in France, the parquet felt it its duty to read the daily instalment of "La Terre" as it was published. One fine morning he discovered that M. Zola was going beyond the official standard of morals, and set about putting official machinery in motion to stop the progress of "La Terre." He submitted the question to his superior, the Minister of Justice. This mighty functionary, however, would not take upon himself the responsibility of suppressing Zola. A Ministerial Council was called, and no doubt all the feuilletons up to date were read over to them. At any rate, they heard enough to enable them to confirm the parquet's discovery, and they resolved that "La Terre should be at once suppressed. This resolution then began slowly to penetrate through the various strata of officialism in order to be put into practical shape. But while these deliberations were going on "La Terre" had been pursuing its daily course in the Gil Blas, and before legal proceedings could be taken out against it had come to an end. The absurdity of suppressing the novel after it was once published was apparent even to the official mind. "La Terre" was saved, and red tape gained another victory.

**A Celebrated Viennese Actor.**

*From The London Standard.*

The most popular of Viennese actors, Joseph Matras, died early this morning at a lunatic asylum, where he had been confined for the last five years. The course of his malady was followed with touching solicitude by the Viennese, and almost every week the local press published bulletins of his condition. He was interviewed from time to time, and the result was always read with the keenest interest. The Viennese hoped until lately that they would see their favorite again. To-day the papers devote much of their space to obituary notices of Matras. He was, undoubtedly, a genius in his art, and his memory, together with that of Frau Gallmayer, who died a couple of years ago, will ever remain graven in the annals of the Vienna stage.

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CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.
CURE
Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing
SICK
Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured
HEAD
Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here on all those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head
ACHE
is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.
Carter