

Y MORNING JULY 3 1920
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Women's Fibre
Silk Stockings
65c

Usual Value \$1.25.
6,000 pairs in this ex-
ceptionally select lot of
manufacturer's season's
seconds. The defects are
not in the silk, which is
of good weight and fine
finish. Black, white, brown,
navy and gray. All sizes.
Midsummer Sale 65

Women's \$2.50 Silk
Stockings.
Black, brown, navy and
white. Perfect finish,
smeared back, sheer
weave. All sizes. Midsum-
mer Sale 1.75

Men's \$2.00 Silk Socks.
Black, brown, navy,
gray and black. Sheer
weave, seamless. All sizes.
Midsummer Sale 1.25

Women's Cotton
Stockings.
Grouping odds and
ends, balances of former
sales, of seconds, etc.
Brown and gray. Sizes
1/2 to 9/4. Midsummer
Sale 29

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his Season
the Most Fashionable
Early Today for Yours.

00
white Toyo Panamas.
1.00

colored Panamas
and \$4.95.

of the smartest outing
fine quality white Toyo
in colored and white silk
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taffeta and georgette.
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Partly first frontage—very deep lot, with
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PROBS: Moderate to fresh westerly winds;
fair and warm.

DEMOCRATIC PLATFORM CARRIED BY CONVENTION; IS MUM ON PROHIBITION

PEOPLE MUST WAIT WEEK FOR NAME OF NEW PREMIER

Government Leadership Decision Depends Party on Letters From Members of Parliament—Feeling Swinging Toward Meighen.

Ottawa, July 2.—(Special).—The National Liberal and Conservative leadership will not be decided for a week or probably longer. About half the members have written their views to the prime minister, but all the letters expected on this subject will not be received before the middle of next week. In the meantime and afterwards the prime minister will consult prominent Canadians without parliament on the leadership question. The letters from members and senators to the prime minister are confidential and will remain so, so that the only indication of the trend of sentiment is to be secured from the members remaining here. It is generally conceded that Hon. Arthur Meighen will be first choice of at least seventy-five per cent. of the letter ballots forwarded to the prime minister. During the past week there has been a strong swing to the minister of the interior, especially among Ontario Unionists.

Support Mr. Meighen.

It is estimated he will secure the support of a majority of the Liberals on the government side, while among Conservatives he will have a great following. Conservatives from the

HARTLEY DEWART
DENIES MEETING
EVER OCCURRED

Liberal Leader Characterizes Story of Dissatisfaction "Miserable Falsehood."
J. W. CURRY SILENT

James Walter Curry, Liberal M.L.A. for about 23, Southeast Toronto, when interviewed by The World last night, refused to comment on the statement made by H. Hartley Dewart to an evening paper yesterday regarding the meeting on Wednesday in the Ontario Club of Liberal M.L.A.'s who are dissatisfied with the conditions under the present leadership.

Earlier in the day Mr. Curry made the statement that he was determined not to sit in the Ontario legislature another session under the leadership of Hartley Dewart. He admitted that he was one of those present at the conference at the Ontario Club, but declined to state the number present. Just what took place at the meeting, Mr. Curry refused to say, but it is understood that those assembled agreed that they could no longer sit in the legislature under the leadership of Mr. Dewart and decided to present a memorial to the Liberal leader. It has also been stated that if there is not a party convention to choose a new leader for Ontario Liberals, the legislative group will sit apart in the house and follow their own sweet will.

Asked concerning the meeting, Hartley Dewart declared that the story was a miserable falsehood and stated that no meeting ever took place. "The whole thing absolutely didn't happen," he said.

REORGANIZATION BEFORE INCREASES

Premier Drury Replies to Civil Servants' Request for Higher Salaries.

Civil servants in the employ of the Ontario government must wait until reorganization of the service has been effected before they will receive a general increase in salaries.

Premier E. C. Drury thus replied to a deputation of ten civil servants, who waited upon him yesterday afternoon and presented a memorial requesting immediate action by the government to increase the salaries of civil servants before reorganization.

The premier pointed out to the deputation that it would be unwise for the government to promise salary increases before reorganizing the service, as it will probably be found necessary to dispense with the services of a number of the servants. He promised that the work of reorganization would be proceeded with immediately, as it was the intention of the government to get the changes put into effect as soon as possible. It is understood that the premier's views met with the approval of the committee, and their co-operation was promised in the matter.

Those comprising the deputation were: E. Harley, president; N. H. Crow, secretary; J. A. C. Cameron, Harry Lovelock, J. Lockie Wilson, E. V. Donnelly, W. W. Dunlop, Fred Bulmer and Deputy Fire Marshal Lewis.

ELECTED IN WINNIPEG.

Winnipeg, July 2.—At ten o'clock tonight another of the local candidates for the legislature was declared elected. This was John H. Hais, Conservative, the first of his party to win in the city.

The Toronto Star

SATURDAY MORNING JULY 3 1920

Alberta's Liquor Law Is Quashed by Courts

Decision Means Liquor Importation Into Province Continues as Before Recent Legislation—Ruling to Be Contested.

Calgary, Alta., July 2.—The appeal division of the supreme court in a ruling handed down at Edmonton on Wednesday has decided that the legislation passed by the provincial government with regard to the import into and export out of Alberta, of liquor, is ultra vires of the powers of the local house.

The decision of the court means that importation of liquor into the province will be continued as before the recent legislation. Hundreds of orders for points in British Columbia and Saskatchewan are in the hands of local wholesalers, and the next few days will doubtless be busy ones in this line.

Edmonton, July 2.—The attorney-general's department will enter an appeal in the supreme court of Canada against the decision of the Alberta appellate court in the Gold Seal liquor export case. It is the intention of the department to carry the case, if necessary, to the privy council.

BOARD PROPOSES, WILLER DISPOSES AND PUBLIC PAYS

Food Board Rates Shorts at \$34, But It Sells at \$56.

Bulletin No. 9 of the Dominion food board set the price of bran at \$26 a ton, with \$5 additional for each bag, and shorts at \$48. This was the product from wheat raised in the country set by the board, and also they have gone out of existence, this regulation stands," said a man who deals much in foodstuffs to The World yesterday. "But the product known as shorts, or what is sometimes called 'middlings,' is selling today at \$58 a ton."

Asked why the increase, the reason was given that last December an order was issued taking \$1 off feed and putting \$1 on flour for every 100 lbs. of each.

At the same time, The World was instructed, an order was issued that there was to be return to the war custom of putting about half the amount "feed" product back into the flour. That is, in every 270 pounds of whole wheat to make 100 pounds, or one barrel of flour, there are 4 pounds lost in grinding, and about 70 pounds of bran and shorts, but the half of the latter is put back into the flour.

The miller then sells his flour at about \$32 per barrel increase, and the feed product is one-half less in quantity; therefore, one reason, at least, for the rise in the selling price of flour, is that, per ton, as set by the food board, to cost price to the consumer today of \$56.

COMMISSION ON HYDRO - RADIALS FIGMENT OF FANCY

Attorney-General Poph-Poohs Idea—Cabinet Meeting Probable Monday.

The future of the Hydro radial is the principal theme of discussion all over the city yesterday. Rumors of various kinds were sent afloat by the failure of the Ontario government to promptly confirm the acquisition of the Guelph Electric Railway by the Hydro Radial Commission. One evening paper went so far as to say that a royal commission would be appointed to examine into the whole subject of the Hydro radial program, and named the members of this alleged and imaginary commission.

"Most of the east, was taken out of these rumors, however, by Attorney-General Poph-Poohs, interviewed by The World last night. Mr. Poph-Poohs denied the report, and said that the government in respect to Hydro radials and the taking over of the Guelph line and the three lines now belonging to the Canadian National Railway system would be announced after a meeting of the cabinet to be held early next week. The cabinet will not convene until the day of the cabinet meeting, but Mr. Poph-Poohs said that it would probably be held on Monday.

Considering Whole Policy.

Premier Drury gave out a statement yesterday to the effect that the government was considering the whole policy of Hydro radials, and was experting advice on the subject. He said the taking over of the Guelph line was part of a general policy and that policy should not be investigated unless the government was sure that it was absolutely sound financial end."

"The attitude of the government," he said today, "is the same as when I told the deputation from the municipal council that we must be sure of the financial end."

In view of these statements, and the announcement that some decision would be arrived at, and some policy announced, respecting the Hydro radials the first of the week, there does not seem to be much room for a royal commission, and facts seem to be that the government has been carefully examining into the whole subject of the Hydro radial program, and had secured expert advice and assistance.

Seeing Things.

The sporting edition of The Evening Telegram last night published the following: "The provincial government contemplates the appointment of a royal commission of three members to investigate and report upon the whole problem of Hydro radials. While the personnel of the commission has not been arranged as yet, names so far suggested as desirable to set, it is said, were those of Chief Justice Sir William Meredith, Justice Hodgins and Thos. Bradshaw, late city finance commissioner."

FEARED TROUBLE IN HALIFAX SHIPYARDS

Halifax, July 2.—City police who were sent to the Halifax shipyards this afternoon as a precautionary measure, because of the possibility of some serious trouble as a result of the activities of strikers picketers, were not molested when they were there to see the shipyard workmen picketing the yard at 10 o'clock. John Jones, one of the strikers who was arrested during the day, was arraigned in court this evening. "Whoever is chosen as his successor faces a difficult task," the newspaper says, "and faces in the new Liberal party, a determined and aggressive opposition under the leadership of Mackenzie King."

"The coalition, moreover, has suffered in unity during the long absence of Borden in England and the United States. It has set forth no clear program; and great were its achievements in winning the war and beginning reconstruction, it has been regarded as an emergency organization."

The newspaper adds: "The Post believes the tariff would be the chief issue in the event of a general election."

Concluding it says: "There has been much discontent over the tentative hold of the war government, and now that post-war radicalism has subsided but one reason apart from party ambition blocks the coalition surrender to an election. This is the fact that, as in Manitoba this week, the mixed political situation would result in a majority for no single party, four or five groups dividing a confused parliament."

Kingston, J.A., July 2.—Kingston and St. Andrew were shaken by an earthquake at 11.30 last night. No damage has been reported.

BORDEN'S MANTLE NO EASY GARMENT

Premier's Successor Will Have No Light Task, Says New York Paper.

New York, July 2.—"The coalition government in Ottawa has shown none too much strength, even at such a tried leader," says the Evening Post, in an editorial today, regarding the resignation of Sir Robert Borden. "Whoever is chosen as his successor faces a difficult task," the newspaper says, "and faces in the new Liberal party, a determined and aggressive opposition under the leadership of Mackenzie King."

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BISHOP BRINGS MOTHER IN AIRPLANE TO TORONTO

Owen Sound, Ont., July 2.—When Lieut.-Col. Bishop, V.C., left Owen Sound for Toronto last night he took with him his mother, Mrs. Bishop. They left this city at 6:15 and arrived in Toronto at 7:15. Mrs. Bishop had enjoyed a short flight in the afternoon and decided to attempt the journey to Toronto with her son.

ROWELL RETIREMENT SITUATION UNCHANGED

Ottawa, July 2.—(Canadian Press).—There is no change in the situation regarding the retirement of Hon. N. W. Rowell from the cabinet. Mr. Rowell tonight declined to make any statement with regard to his decision, further than that given to the caucus yesterday; that he intended to consult his unionist friends in Ontario and would then communicate his decision to the prime minister. Mr. Rowell is leaving the city tonight and will not return until Monday morning. By that time it is expected there may be a statement covering the whole situation as regards leadership and cabinet reconstruction.

MEXICAN GENERAL ORDERED EXECUTED

Mexico City, July 2.—General Francisco Gonzales, former governor of the state of Tamaulipas, captured at Santa Eufemia by General Aguilar Gomez has been ordered executed by General Pedro Calles, secretary of war.

Gen. Gomez, who is chief of operations in Tamaulipas, reported to General Calles yesterday that he had defeated Carlos Ochoa, insurgent leader, who was supposed of being Ochoa.

McADOO LEADING IN FIRST BALLOTS; PALMER RUNNER-UP

Democratic Convention Settles Down to Business of Naming Candidate.

TWO BALLOTS TAKEN

San Francisco, July 2.—The first two ballots taken on presidential candidates tonight by the Democratic National Convention were without a nominal winner. McAdoo led on both ballots with Palmer second and Cox in third place.

All three of the leaders made gains on the second ballot, McAdoo picking up 23 and making his total two hundred and eighty-nine; Palmer recording ten additional, making two hundred and sixty-four; while Cox gained 25, giving him a total of one hundred and fifty-nine. The Palmer forces who had opposed an adjournment following the adoption of the platform were now anxious to discontinue balloting until tomorrow, but the McAdoo people would not consent and passed the word around that they expected their candidate to go over on the fourth ballot. They were determined to remain in session.

Former Representative Fitzgerald, New York, moved an adjournment as soon as the result of the second ballot was announced and the motion was defeated.

Alabama, the first state to be called, split its strength many ways, but McAdoo got the lion's share of it, nine voters out of the total of 21, taking four more than any other candidate in the Arkansas delegation. Ten of California's 26 went to McAdoo.

The first state from which Palmer got a plurality was Colorado. Connecticut cast her 14 solidly for National Chairman Cummings, who was aided Florida both scattered their strength widely, and then Georgia cast her 35 all for Palmer, and Idaho followed by giving 39 to McAdoo. Palmer got the best of the lot in Illinois, taking 58 of the 68, and then Kansas were split solidly for McAdoo.

When the 29 votes of Kansas were apparent that the race for the best showing on the first ballot would be between McAdoo and Palmer, unless there was an upset in the roll of states. Many of the states were distributing their strength as a

(Continued on Page 2, Column 8).

JAPAN FRIENDLY TOWARDS AMERICA

Says Prominent Japanese Banker—Rumors of Ill-Feeling Hearst Propaganda.

While it is an undisputed truth that the great war was a serious blow to Great Britain and the allies, it is true that Japan did not suffer thus, but on the contrary, very much benefited. At least, this was the assertion made to The World last night by K. Hirooka, president of the great Japanese insurance and Banking Company, Tokio, Japan.

Mr. Hirooka, along with M. Matsu, director of the company, N. M. Vories, secretary of the institution, and his brother, is touring America and Canada, and is in Toronto for a few days, stopping at the King Edward Hotel.

"Japan is in a better state today, both financially and politically, than it ever has been before," was Mr. Hirooka's emphatic assertion. "During the war Japan was called upon to supply foodstuffs and merchandise to the belligerent countries in quantities which were unheard of in our history. We rose to the occasion, and our industries prospered, and in this manner all our industries prospered."

"Also, what is more important, the effect lasted. The acceleration given to our industries has led to greater headway, and Japan's future is bright. In this respect we have it over Canada and the United States. Our exchange has not decreased, but rather increased. Again our laboring classes have been benefited. We had a few labor troubles, but the increased prosperity of the classes has made them contented, and everything appears to be running smoothly."

"But what is Japan's attitude towards the United States?" asked The World. "I understand that there is considerable hard feeling between the two countries."

"Not at all," was the emphatic reply. "Japan is more than friendly towards America. The Hearst papers undoubtedly tried to create hard feeling, but its nefarious aims went for naught. Some of the uneducated classes in both countries feared trouble, and thought bitter thoughts, but those with vision have never anticipated any trouble between the two countries. That is as it should be, because we have so much in common."

DEMOCRATIC PLATFORM CARRIED BY CONVENTION IS MUM ON PROHIBITION

Peace Treaty Endorsed and Sympathy for Ireland Expressed—Bryan Put Up Hot Fight for Acceptance of His Bone-Dry Plank, But Was Overwhelmingly Defeated.

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W. J. Bryan led the fight for adoption of his bone-dry plank, but it was buried after a dramatic day of debate by a majority so overwhelming that he did not even ask for roll calls on the four other minority reports which he had prepared.

A rider, wine and beer plank championed in an emotional speech by W. Bourke Cochrane, New York, also was thrown out by the convention, along with a plank for prohibition of the Irish republic, backed by several organizations of Irish sympathizers.

In the battle for the platform as framed, the administration forces were led by Secretary of State Coby and Senator Glass, Virginia, during a debate, in which both sides carried on a series of emotional outbursts. Mr. Bryan got a warm demonstration of 23 minutes after the platform was adopted for the bone-dry plank, but when the balloting began it became apparent that the march of the enthusiasm was a personal tribute to Bryan as a member of the party, and not an expression of sympathy with his present views.

When the platform committee reported with no prohibition plank, and minority reports on Irish and other issues, the convention developed into a debating society. William Jennings Bryan as the oratorical center of things. By a vote the debate was limited to three hours and a half.

Mr. Bryan presented five planks. One was his "bone dry" prohibition, another asked for publication of a government bulletin to deal with professional soldiers, a third a plank opposing compulsory military training in times of peace. His league plank asked for an amendment to the constitution for ratification of the League of Nations by a majority vote of the senate.

For the vote, W. Bourke Cochrane of New York offered a plank permitting the consumption of cider, light wines and beer. Edward W. Dineen, California, brought in the Irish plank. It was, in part, the measure for which an amendment to the constitution was by organized Irish sympathizers in the committee, but as it read it did not contain a declaration of recognition of the Irish republic. A minority plank on soldiers' relief was presented by Tom Lyons, Oklahoma.

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"If you can't get enough alcohol to make you drunk, why do you want a license at all?" he demanded.

The Lie Given.

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Then the Bryan demonstration subsided, Richmond Pearson Hobson of Alabama briefly supported the dry plank. He started something when he changed the motion so that it was a conspiracy on foot against the United States. Representative A. K. Sabath, Illinois, passed the lie, and it was some time before order could be restored. Mrs. Peter Gleason, Miss Amy Washburn, Mrs. Bryan plan, "in the name of the motherhood of America."

"These ladies and gentlemen speak of the average drinker, used to be jolly, by the amendment," said Mr. Cochrane, replying to the drys. "It has not. The result has been that where the average drinker used to be jolly, now he is paralyzed. He used to touch the bottle to spur his enterprise. And now he gets no further than the bottle which in itself becomes his enterprise."

"I ask you not to bring back rum," he continued, "but to bring back to the localities the right to govern themselves."

Mr. Cochrane was given a mighty ovation by the delegates.

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T. J. Duffy, East Liverpool, Ohio, said it seemed to him to be so apparent that it was impossible for Ireland to win her independence by the sword. The Irish had, however, given the world a noble lesson in democracy.

"Shall we say to the Irish people," he went on, "that we are not going to recognize their intelligent and peaceful methods, but are going to force them to take the sword and kill in order to win the liberty they are bound to have."

Charles X. O'Brien, Jersey City, N.J., also spoke for the plan, followed by Senator David J. Walsh, Massachusetts. He had led the fight for the Irish plank in the committee.

"Circumstances connected with the fight of the Irish people for freedom

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While the convention was engaged in the demonstrations and discussions of the platform fight, McAdoo leaders were working to make accessions from the field and the inner circles of old-line party leaders, who hoped to prevent the nomination of the president's son-in-law, continued at work, but privately said they were accomplishing little, because they could find no candidate about whom all the forces of McAdoo could be centered.

BORDEN'S ADDRESS TO HIS FOLLOWERS IS GIVEN TO PUBLIC

Tells Caucus Any Attempt to Continue Office Would Seriously Hurt Health.

MUST REST ONE YEAR

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Reviews Union History.

The prime minister reviewed the history of Union government from its formation and thru the trying years of the war. The Canadian people, in December, 1917, had elected the Union government. The chief purpose for which that government was formed was the successful prosecution of the war. That supreme purpose had been abundantly accomplished, and the Canadian forces were maintained in the field up to armistice day up to complete strength and in highest efficiency. The answer of the Canadian people in 1917, Sir Robert stated, gave like a trumpet call through the empire and the world. The allies and the enemy alike recognized the unquestionable spirit of the British dominions.

Advice of Doctors.

The men forming the cabinet government were of different political beliefs. When the war ended they had

(Continued on Page 6, Column 4).

IRELAND TO BLAME, SAYS LORD BRYCE

British People Willing to Give Her Fullest Freedom Within the Empire.

London, July 2.—Forty articles devoted to the relations between Great Britain and the United States are published in a special "American edition" of The London Times this morning. Chief among the contributions is one by Viscount Bryce, former ambassador to the United States, who writes on the Irish question and the attitude of the American people toward this issue.

"What the American people ought to know, but apparently do not know," says Viscount Bryce, "is that the great majority of the English people desire to give Ireland the fullest measure of freedom within the empire. But it is in the divisions within Ireland—not in the lack of any goodwill on England's part—that there lies practically the only obstacle which still delays that peaceful settlement which the British democracy sincerely desires."

TWO IMPORTANT SALES AT DINEEN'S.

The reduced-price sale of Men's Panamas and Straws is keeping all hands busy, and today extra hands have been arranged for, so there will be no waiting. The reductions are fully 25 per cent. off regular prices.

There is also a special sale of Men's High-crowned Raincoats at less than wholesale cost. Nearly all are made in England, which means good material and honest workmanship. The Dineen Company address is 144-Young Street.

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The prime minister reviewed the history of Union government from its formation and thru the trying years of the war. The Canadian people, in December, 1917, had elected the Union government. The chief purpose for which that government was formed was the successful prosecution of the war. That supreme purpose had been abundantly accomplished, and the Canadian forces were maintained in the field up to armistice day up to complete strength and in highest efficiency. The answer of the Canadian people in 1917, Sir Robert stated, gave like a trumpet call through the empire and the world. The allies and the enemy alike recognized the unquestionable spirit of the British dominions.

Advice of Doctors.

The men forming the cabinet government were of different political beliefs. When the war ended they had

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IRELAND TO BLAME, SAYS LORD BRYCE

British People Willing to Give Her Fullest Freedom Within the Empire.

London, July 2.—Forty articles devoted to the relations between Great Britain and the United States are published in a special "American edition" of The London Times this morning. Chief among the contributions is one by Viscount Bryce, former ambassador to the United States, who writes on the Irish question and the attitude of the American people toward this issue.

"What the American people ought to know, but apparently do not know," says Viscount Bryce, "is that the great majority of the English people desire to give Ireland the fullest measure of freedom within the empire. But it is in the divisions within Ireland—not in the lack of any goodwill on England's part—that there lies practically the only obstacle which still delays that peaceful settlement which the British democracy sincerely desires."

TWO IMPORTANT SALES AT DINEEN'S.

The reduced-price sale of Men's Panamas and Straws is keeping all hands busy, and today extra hands have been arranged for, so there will be no waiting. The reductions are fully 25 per cent. off regular prices.

There is also a special sale of Men's High-crowned Raincoats at less than wholesale cost. Nearly all are made in England, which means good material and honest workmanship. The Dineen Company address is 144-Young Street.