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THURSDAY MORNING JUNE 22 1916—FOURTEEN PAGES

VOL. XXXVI.—No. 13,007

RUSSIANS CROSS THE SERETH RIVER IN BUKOWINA DRIVE GERMANS ATTACK RUSSIANS AT MANY POINTS TO AID AUSTRILIANS 40 U. S. Cavalry Killed by Carranza's Machine Guns

UNITED STATES TROOPS CAUGHT IN FATAL TRAP

Mexicans Used Flag of Truce, Then Opened Machine Gun Fire.

FORTY TROOPERS SLAIN

General Gomez, of Carranza's Forces, Officially Reported Killed.

WASHINGTON, June 21.—A despatch from El Paso, Texas, received tonight says: A detachment of American cavalry clashed with Carranza forces at Carrizal, about 30 miles south of El Paso, early today, both sides suffering heavy casualties, according to unofficial reports received by Mexican military authorities in Juarez tonight.

According to the report, which the Mexican authorities are investigating, 40 Americans were killed by machine gun fire in a surprise attack. The Mexican casualties were said not to have been so heavy, but Gen. Felix Gomez is named as being among the Mexican dead.

The American command is said to have been part of a scouting patrol from Guzman, returning to Gen. Pershing's line of communication.

Later General Francisco Gonzalez, Mexican commander at Juarez, gave out a statement, in which he announced officially that the Mexican command had taken 17 American prisoners. He also said that General Gomez's death had been confirmed, but said he had no official reports as to the number of casualties on either side.

General Funston's Report.
General Funston reported late tonight that he had received official confirmation of a clash between Carranza and American troops early today near Carrizal, Mexico. He transmitted to the war department the following report from General Bell at El Paso:

"There was a clash this morning at Carrizal, near Villa Ahumada, between

(Continued on Page 4, Col. 5.)

BERLIN, ONT., COUNCIL PICKS OUT SIX NAMES

Brook, Kitchener, Corona, Adauac, Keowana and Benton Are Offered.

By a Staff Reporter.
BERLIN, Ont., June 21.—The city council at a special meeting tonight called for the purpose of selecting six names to be submitted to the ratepayers for them to make a choice, decided after a selection of twenty names were made from a list of 25. It took six ballots to make a choice of these names: Brook, Kitchener, Corona, Adauac, Keowana, Benton. A vote will now be taken on these on June 24, 25, 27 and 28.

WAR SUMMARY

THE DAY'S EVENTS REVIEWED

If the Austrians in Bukovina planned, as has been said, to turn about and withstand the shock of the Russian onset on the line of the Sereth River, that scheme has been a failure, for, pressing on at the heels of the Teuton vanguard, the Russians have crossed the river and the enemy is still retreating. Concerning the Russian columns which are advancing upon Czernowitz by way of Sniatyn and Kalicz, nothing has been officially announced. The second Russian column is believed to be in the vicinity of Brody. The Russian column which has been making Vladimir-Volynski and Kovel its objective is still being held up by counter-attacks by German and Austrian reinforcements, and also the Russian troops are displaying great dash, it is premature yet to try to forecast the outcome of the fighting in this region. The belief entertained in Petrograd last night that the march there had been resumed by the Russians has not been substantiated. The fighting in this region has been severe.

If the Russians continue to press on in Bukovina and cut the Austrian forces off there or drive them disorganized into the Carpathians, they will have a splendid opportunity of launching a Cossack raid, upon Hungary. These mobile mounted infantry could speedily do a great deal of damage to the crops and create a tremendous political sensation in a few days' ride. In fact, that may be the plan of Gen. Brusiloff and the Russian general staff.

It should take the Russians only a few days to repair the railways destroyed by the Germans and Austrians in their retreat, so that they can bring the full force of their artillery to bear on the enemy on the Vladimir-Volynski road with a plentiful supply of munitions. It was the terrific nature of the Russian drumfire that disorganized the enemy at the outset, and that finally ousted him from Czernowitz. Behind the army of Gen. Brusiloff lies the industrial

SHORTAGE OF POTATOES IS ACUTE IN COLOGNE

Sale is to Be Stopped Completely in Next Few Days.

AMSTERDAM, via London, June 22, 12.03 a.m.—According to The Vorwaerts a potato famine is threatening Cologne. The quantity available at the present time is two and one-half pounds per head per week, but the paper declares the sale of potatoes is to be completely stopped in the next few days.

CURB PLACED ON VISITS TO OFFICERS IN FRANCE

'Necessities of Military Situation,' Reason Given for British Order.

LONDON, June 21, 8.50 p.m.—After Monday next no relatives of sick or wounded officers will be permitted to visit France unless the officer's condition is dangerous and special permission has been granted, it was announced today. This restriction has been imposed owing to the necessities of the military situation.

FOE ATTACKS AGAIN IN VERDUN REGION

French Repel Assaults on Le Mort Homme and Near Fort Vaux.

USES HEAVY SHELLS

Enemy Bombs Wide Area to Prepare for Renewal of Fighting.

Special Cable to The Toronto World.
LONDON, June 21.—Heavy fighting has broken out again in the region of Verdun, with the Germans still on the offensive and attacking the French positions on the slopes south of Le Mort Homme, west of the Meuse, and west and south of Fort Vaux. The enemy was checked by the French fire.

In preparing for his attacks in the district of Fort Vaux, the enemy violently bombarded with big shells for the whole day the Chapire Wood and the Fumina de Chinoie. The assaults of the foe were twice broken by French curtains of fire and machine gun fire.

The attack of the Germans south of Le Mort Homme was directed against the trenches which the French had taken on June 15.

Northwest of Rheims the Germans tried to wrest trenches at Hill 108, south of Barry-au-Bac, from the French, and they were completely checked by a curtain of fire.

Two hundred and ten shells were dropped on Arnville Station and 278 on German military establishments and the Metz Station by French bombing squadrons last night.

THINK GENERAL WAS SLAIN IN ARMAGH WOOD

Friends of General Mercer Believe Body Still Lies There.

HAD STARTED BACK

Canadian Division Commander Took Refuge in Headquarters Dugout.

Canadian Associated Press Cable.
LONDON, June 21.—The following details of the last seen of General Mercer are supplied by a perfectly reliable authority.

General Mercer and Williams with their A.D.C.'s, and Lieuts. Gooderham and Fraser reached the front line of the Canadians, east of Ypres, just before the bombardment commenced, having come up from the maple copse to battalion headquarters of the 4th Canadian Mounted Rifles, near Armagh wood, immediately behind trench 51 thru heavy shelling.

When the bombardment commenced shortly after 9 o'clock on the morning of June 2, apparently Gen. Mercer went into the battalion headquarters dugout with Major Denison, together with two A.D.C.'s.

General Williams, who was reported slightly wounded in the face, went into the trench called the "tunnel," slightly to the northeast of this headquarters dugout and running into a still deeper trench known as the "tube." General Williams accompanied "Col. Usher," commanding the 4th Battalion, and a considerable number of men took refuge in the "tunnel." During the bombardment the "tunnel" was blocked at least once. The men inside were nearly suffocated before it was possible to dig a way out again.

Men in Tunnel Taken
When the bombardment ceased the Germans rushed across before word could be given to the men in the trench and apparently all inside were captured. This would account for the one general and the one mentioned in the German communiqué.

It is thought that Gen. Mercer stayed in the headquarters dugout for a considerable while and that in the afternoon he started to walk back in the direction of the maple copse, thru Armagh wood. Young Gooderham, who was wounded in the arm and leg, who was unharmed, was last seen in a shell hole not far distant from the battalion headquarters.

General Mercer would frequently stride away like this and leave his A.D.C.'s to follow after him. On this occasion, he apparently got away from them together and has never since been seen.

It is said that he had been rendered stone dead, but whether as a result of a blow or merely from noise of the shock of shelling is not clear. It is presumed that he must have been killed and his body is probably lying yet out in Armagh wood.

GEN. LIPPSETT SUCCEEDS MAJOR-GEN. MERCER

Brig.-Gen. Loomis is Appointed to Second Brigade Command.

Canadian Associated Press Cable.
LONDON, June 21.—The following appointments have been gazetted to the Canadian army corps: General Lippsett commands the third division, succeeding General Mercer. Brigadier-General J. Elmsley, formerly of the Dragoons, has been named to command the 8th Brigade. Brigadier-General F. W. Loomis will command the 2nd Brigade, vacated by Major-General Lippsett.

NORWEGIAN SHIP SUNK BY AUSTRIAN SUBMARINE

Aquilla Torpedoed Hundred Miles off Marseilles—Crew Saved.

LONDON, June 21, 8.10 p. m.—The Norwegian steamer Aquilla has been torpedoed by an Austrian submarine 100 miles off Marseilles, according to a Reuter despatch from Christiansand, Norway, today. The crew was saved.

CANADIANS' FEATS DESERVED HONOR

Many Individual Deeds of Gallantry Are Officially Recorded.

SPLENDID ENTERPRISE

Instances of Remarkable Qualities of Initiative Are Numerous.

Canadian Associated Press Cable.
LONDON, June 21.—The Gazette tonight gives particulars of acts of gallantry which earned Distinguished Conduct Medals, as announced on June 3, for Canadians. They include:

Pte. Armes, 10620, 4th Battalion, who voluntarily went out to repair telephone wires during a heavy bombardment. Also knocked over by a shell he continued to work until communication was established.

Sergeant Cameron, 7495, 25th Battalion, after the explosion of an enemy mine, collected a party of men to beat off the attack. He led the bombers, and displayed marked courage during a raid on the enemy's trenches.

Lance-Corporal Denman, 7953, of the 2nd Battalion, repaired telephone lines under heavy shell fire, and on one occasion with a private he rescued a wounded officer and brought him to safety.

Gunner Donnelly, 8377, 13th Artillery, repaired telephone wires under heavy fire.

Sergeant Durgan, No 7552, 29th Battalion, repeatedly carried out dangerous work in front of our lines and on one occasion in a raid by his battalion he showed marked courage.

First to Volunteer
Pte. Plansborg, No. 47797, of the 10th Battalion, volunteered for dangerous duties. His gallantry is an example and inspires confidence among the men.

Company Sergeant Fraser, No. 27829, of the 16th Battalion was rewarded for consistent good work and great steadiness under fire in taking up stores in action.

Company Sergeant-Half, No. 24199, 18th Battalion, has displayed great gallantry in action when he carried important despatches under fire.

(Continued on Page 2, Col. 5.)

TORONTO BOY LOST LIFE BATHING AT WOODBRIDGE

Coel Revoy, 10 years of age, 49 Saultier street, was drowned in the Humber River at Woodbridge shortly after 5 o'clock last evening when bathing with a party of boys who had accompanied their parents to the annual outing of the Woodgreen Methodist Church. The picketers were making preparations to return home when the accident occurred.

Young Revoy, who is said to have been a good swimmer, was seized with cramps and sank before any of his companions could reach him. Every effort was made by a grappling party to recover the body, but up to a late hour last night they were unsuccessful.

LORD SHAUGHNESSY RECOVERING

MONTREAL, June 21.—Baron Shaughnessy, who has been indisposed for some time, is now making a good

RUSSIANS PUT FOE TO FLIGHT IN ENGAGEMENT IN VOLHYNIA

Greek Cabinet's Downfall May Help Entente Allies

New Ministry Expected to Be Less Under Sway of King Constantine Than the Cabinet of Skouloudis.

Special Cable to The Toronto World.
LONDON, June 21.—Interest is keen in the Greek ministerial crisis as the result of the announcement that Premier Skouloudis has resigned. The downfall of the cabinet which served the ends of King Constantine is regarded as a hopeful sign for the Entente allies, but it is not thought likely that former Premier Venizelos will return to office at the present time. If former Premier Zaimis steps into the breach it is believed he will seek to form a ministry acceptable to the Entente powers.

FRESH ADVANCE MADE ON ROADS TO BAGDAD

Turks Cleared Out of Region of Kola-y-Shabin by Cosacks.

Special Cable to The Toronto World.
LONDON, June 21.—A further advance for the Russians toward Bagdad is recorded in today's official communiqué from Petrograd, which says that the Turks were driven from the region of Kola-y-Shabin, on the road to the capital of Mesopotamia.

In the Rivandouza region, in the direction of Mosul, Russian detachments, including Georgian tribesmen, put strong bands of Kurds to flight. A large number of dead was left on the field by the defeated enemy. Near Diabek, Russian scouts ambushed and shot down a strong detachment of the enemy while it was on the way to relieve outposts.

FIVE PERISHED IN POWDER EXPLOSION

Twenty-Seven Others Injured at Nobel Plant of Canadian Explosives.

WRECKED A BUILDING

Fire Followed Explosion and Many Workmen Had Narrow Escapes.

Special to The Toronto World.
PARRY SOUND, Ont., June 21.—Five workmen lost their lives and 27 others were injured as the result of an explosion followed by fire in a building of the Nobel plant of the Canadian Explosives, Limited, at 10.30 a.m. today.

The dead, all young, unmarried men, are:

H. R. Quinn, Parry Sound, Ont.; W. H. Wire, London, Eng.; Charles Smith, Chatsworth, Ont.; Frank Denis, Plantagenet, Ont.; Harry Dalby, Montreal.

Quinn was killed outright by the explosion, while the four others died from burns after removal to the hospital here.

It is stated that all the injured will recover. Most of them are suffering from slight burns and are receiving treatment in the hospital.

Building Wrecked.
About seventy workmen were in the building when an apparently accidental explosion of powder occurred, wrecking the building. Seven doctors were hurried to the scene from Parry Sound, seven miles distant, by special train, and gave first aid to the injured. The company's fire brigade quickly put out the blaze and the company states the material damage to the plant is not great.

Although little doubt is felt that the disaster was the result of accident, an inquiry will be held. The explosion is the second in the shrapnel section of the plant this year.

DINEEN'S IMPROVED STRAWS

Every Dineen hat has exceptional value. Look at the label on the inside and you will find the name of a prominent English maker. Dineen's, 140 Yonge Street, Hamilton, Ont., 20-22 King Street, West, Toronto.

TEUTONS COULD NOT KEEP HOLD UPON CANADIAN

Private Sanderson Crossed Dutch Border in Second Bid for Liberty.

DID WORK IN MINES

Germans' Harshness in Treatment of Prisoners Failed to Overawe.

Canadian Associated Press Cable.
LONDON, June 21.—How after many months' imprisonment in Germany he had escaped after a previous attempt had proved a failure was related to the Canadian Associated Press tonight by Private Henry Sanderson, 8th Battalion of Canadian Infantry, a clerk of the British-American Elevator Company at Winnipeg.

Sanderson, who was captured on April 25, 1915, when many other Canadians were likewise lost to their battalions, was taken with his comrades to Ruppel, where he was placed in a church for the night, and thence to Courtral, part of the journey being done afoot. A British aeroplane came over the line and dropped bombs, which damaged the line, and the further journey of the Canadian prisoners was considerably delayed. On the journey, too, the German guards were most menacing to the prisoners.

Miss Sanderson put her aunt to bed at 9 o'clock and left the gas burning. It was still burning when Mr. Bainger discovered his aunt's body.

The body was removed to the morgue and the chief coroner notified. An inquest will probably be held.

NEXT BRITISH MAIL

The next British and foreign mail, via England, will close at the general postoffice at 6 a.m. tomorrow. Supplementary mail (parcel post and newspapers) will close at 6 p.m., and supplementary mail (letter and registered matter) will close at 9 p.m.

Desperate Battle Proceeds on the Road to Kovel—Czar's Force in Bukovina Drives Austrians Across Sereth River and Crosses Stream in Pursuit.

Special Cable to The Toronto World.
LONDON, June 21.—In the heavy engagements which are continuing on the Russian front west of the Sereth River in Volhynia, on the road to Kovel, the Russians in an impetuous counter-attack drove the Germans in flight in the region of Vorotshine, northwest of Kiseline. The enemy started the fighting by the making of attacks under gusts of fire against the young regiments of Russians, and he kept these up with furious persistence until attacked in turn, when his troops broke and fled.

North of Gadamitsh Village desperate fighting continues and the village of Grusiatyn changed hands several times. The Russians captured it yesterday afternoon and took 11 officers and 400 men prisoners, but the gusts of fire from the batteries of the enemy forced them to evacuate this point.

Desperate fighting is in progress in the region of Kiseline and further south.

Russians Cross Sereth.
On their extreme left wing in Bukovina, the Russians have pursued the Austrians so effectively that they have been unable to make a stand on their Sereth River line of defence and the Russians have crossed the Sereth in the chase.

The total number of prisoners taken by Gen. Brusiloff between June 3 and June 15 was 2,350 officers and 169,154 men. The Russians also captured 198 guns, 550 machine guns, 189 bomb throwers, 119 artillery limbers, 34 searchlights and a large quantity of other war material.

Try to Relieve Austrians.
The official communications issued today by the German, Austrian and Russian War Offices all indicate that, as has been anticipated, the Germans are making a determined effort to resume the initiative lost by the Russian General Brusiloff's drive and create a diversion by a strong attack on Gen. Kuropatkin's armies in the north, and to concentrate their energies especially in Volhynia on the Sereth and across rivers, in an effort to prevent the Russians receiving reinforcements.

Altho up to the present the Germans are making no striking advances, they are holding up their opponents. Most stubborn fighting, with fluctuating results, is proceeding around Grusiatyn, west of Kovel. The Germans also are again attacking farther north, in the Smorgon district and the region of Hies. Military experts are of opinion that it remains to be seen whether the Germans will be able to bring sufficient

(Continued on Page 4, Col. 2.)

The Political Situation at Ottawa

OTTAWA, June 22.—(Special.)—Sir Robert Borden may be in New York tomorrow arranging for a railway pact to be associated with Sir Geo. Paish, London, on the commission to advise the government as to the Canadian railway situation. But the government has even more pressing things on hand, the main one of which turns on reconstruction of itself, especially after the finding of the Meredith-Duff commission is handed in, which may be almost any day. Will Sir Robert do anything? Said a tried supporter of the administration, after reading the news of the Nova Scotia election: "Discontent with the Borden government is growing; and unless Sir Robert takes a firmer hold of things, goes in for a substantial reorganization of his cabinet, the discontent in the country is even more pronounced in the rank and file of the members of the house of commons; but, so far, his parliamentary supporters have not shown either appreciation of the actual conditions, or been possessed of force sufficient to compel a change in them. Indecision and inaction where there ought to be both outspoken policy and power behind it, seem to be the prevailing weakness all round. It is to be hoped that the chief end of an administration in times like these, as for his colleagues, they are equally at sea, save Sir Sam Hughes, who gets credit for treating his leader and his colleagues as he treated Sir Charles Davidson and Hartley Dewar, one of the counsel in the armistice matter."

The war is over, and we must reform our recruiting; the failure of Quebec to do her part may have to be endured for a time, but it should neither be unrebuked nor unrecognized. A country or a party that is afraid to tell a prime minister that he has lost his bearings, or that he must change his ways, is not worth saving in a world cataclysm like the present."

(Continued on Page 4, Col. 5 and 4.)

