

# S U D

navigable for any thing but canoes. A little below the village its breadth is 150 yards; the level of its bed is 20 feet above the St. Lawrence, which occasions a fall that from the latter has a very beautiful effect. On each side of it, just at the break of the descent, are two saw-mills in situations most advantageously chosen for ensuring a continual supply of water. The basin is spacious and well sheltered; at high water vessels from 20 to 25 tons may run in for security against a gale, by taking care to avoid a muddy flat at its entrance: the channel, however, is not difficult. The branch called Bras St. Nicholas has its source in the high lands, in the rear of Bonsecours and L'Islet, and runs parallel to the St. Lawrence, but in an opposite direction, until it falls into the r. du Sud at the village of St. Thomas. At its confluence a handsome bridge, called Prevost Bridge, was erected in 1812 by Jacques Morrin; it is 120 feet in length, 18 in breadth and 15 above the level of the water. Over the Rivière du Sud there is a much handsomer one, called Regent's Bridge, built in 1813, by François Friclette; it is 300 feet long, 20 in breadth and 15 above the water's level; it is built with wood and supported by substantial neat piers with a very handsome railing on the top. These bridges are nearly together and almost at right angles, having a very light and pretty appearance. The lands near the source of this river are reported by the hunters to be of the best quality, and the valley through which it runs is a level, rich and fruitful plain. The richness of the harvests in this luxuriant valley formerly acquired for it the reputation of being the granary of Lower Canada, but it is now supposed to yield in fertility to the lands on the river Richelieu; its scenery, however, is extremely soft and beautiful.

**SUD-OUEST** or **SOUTH-WEST**, river, in the co. of Rouville. There are two rivers of this name in the augmentation to Monnoir: the Great South-west River rises in Lake John and runs into the r. Yamaska; near its mouth it receives the Little South-west River, which waters the Scotch settlement.—*Vide Monnoir, S.*

**SUD-OUEST, BRAS DE**, river, in the counties of Megantic and Beauce, is supplied by small lakes in the r. of Tring, from which it enters the S. of Vaudreuil and discharges itself into the r. Chaudière. It is generally passable in canoes but not in boats.

# S U T

**SUFFOLK** or **LOCKABER**, township, in the co. of Ottawa, *vide Lochaber*.—Besides the grant to Mr. McMillan in 1807, a grant of 1945 acres was made to Philemon Wright, Esq. in 1823.

**SUGAR LOAVES**, in the co. of L'Islet and south of the Grande Rivière Noire, are 5 small mountains connected by ridges; the diameter of their bases is from 15 to 20 perches, and the length of their sloping sides from 4 to 5 perches. They are rather stony and end in abrupt rocks covered with mixed timber. Most of them are close to the bank of the river.—*V. Grande Rivière Noire.*

**SUNDAY RIVER**, in the r. of Leeds, joins the Ossgood River.

**SUTTON**, township, in the co. of Mississkoui, is bounded n. by Potton; w. by St. Armand; s. by the province line; n. by Brome. The land is generally very good and every branch of cultivation might be carried on to advantage, except in some few marshy places which could, however, be easily drained and converted into very good meadow land. The timber is chiefly ash, elm, maple and beech; on the lower parts are the kinds usually found on wet soils, viz. cedar, spruce, fir, hemlock, &c.—It is watered by the River Missiskoui, that crosses the s. e. corner, and by many small rivers.—Several roads have been opened in different directions towards Missiskoui Bay, the other townships and the state of Vermont.—Settlements to a large extent have been made and agriculture appears to be carried on with spirit. The principal settlements are on each side of the r. Missiskoui and its n. branch. A road has been laid out from Rickford in the United States to the r. of Brome. On the streams that intersect the cultivated parts are two grist and three saw-mills. In this r. bog and mountain iron-ores are found and an iron forge is established.—About 3,000 acres are under cultivation.

## Statistics.

Population	825	Carding-mills	1	Shopkeepers	1
Schools	1	Fulling-mills	1	Taverns	1
Corn-mills	1	Saw-mills	1	Artisans	15

## Annual Agricultural Produce.

	Bushels.		Bushels.		Bushels.
Wheat	6,900	Potatoes	27,000	Buck wheat	3,000
Oats	6,700	Peas	6,000	Indian corn	4,900
Barley	1,000	Rye	1,500	Map. sug. cwt.	44

## Live Stock.

Horses	210	Cows	560	Swine	500
Oxen	460	Sheep	2,000		