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the price is low; if the yields are high, the elevators are jammed; when the granaries are empty, the prices go up; when the grain bins are full, there is a strike at the coast and demurrage costs eat up the profits; when a bountiful crop ready for harvest brings hope, there is a sudden hail storm.

If a farmer trades in an old tractor for a new one, he is taxed because the machine company paid him "too much" for the used machine; when prospects look good and land is purchased with a loan, interest rates rise; when the farmer cannot pay back the loan, the financiers take his land; when he crawls from the soil he loves, Revenue Canada charges him taxes on a capital gain. Is it not a wonder that we have any farmers at all left on the land?

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PUBLIC SERVICE**SECOND FIRING OF IMMIGRATION OFFICIAL**

Mr. Sergio Marchi (York West): Mr. Speaker, the Government's vendetta against John Quigley continues with full vengeance. Last year the Government fired him because he advised me and other Members of Parliament that the Immigration Department was inviting known criminals to apply for refugee asylum. He was subsequently reinstated following an order by the Public Service Staff Relations Board.

Now, after failing to learn from this lesson, the Government again fired Mr. Quigley, who is the president of his union local, on the allegation that he used a government telephone for union business. This latest move is nothing more than a thinly veiled attempt to get Mr. Quigley at any cost, over any possible excuse.

Rather than utilizing its energies to carry on a petty, vindictive and needless battle with one employee, the Minister should concentrate on vastly improving her Government's management of Canada's immigration policy. The Government looked bad the first time it fired Mr. Quigley and now it looks pathetic. It has opted for the gutter when the high road was clearly available.

I call upon the Minister of Immigration (Mrs. McDougall) and the Government to bring this sad affair to a satisfactory end by reinstating Mr. Quigley.

BANKS AND BANKING**CHARTERED BANKS—REPORTED PRESSURE ON AUTOMOBILE DEALERSHIPS**

Mr. Vic Althouse (Humboldt—Lake Centre): Mr. Speaker, I would like to make the House aware of yet another set of financial pressures being placed on rural communities. The banks are now telling rural automobile dealerships to get bigger or get out. Most banks are beginning a policy of providing credit for floor stock only if it exceeds \$2 million. Smaller inventories are apparently of little or no interest to the banks. Some banks even have a policy of not financing dealerships at all if they are located in rural communities.

Banks do not seem to realize that cutting car and truck dealerships in small towns means the demise of a very necessary transportation service for all rural residents. New vehicles and repairs to older ones are a necessary part of viable communities.

Cutting back on dealerships by imposing preconceived size and volume requirements on credit eligibility reduces the investment potential for all aspects of the small-town rural community and only adds to the devaluation of existing rural assets and loans. I call on the Minister of State for Finance (Mr. Hockin) to make that point with Canada's banking system.

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CARTOGRAPHY**COMPUTERIZED MAPPING PROGRAM**

Mr. Bill Tupper (Nepean—Carleton): Mr. Speaker, I enjoyed being present yesterday when the Minister of State for Forestry and Mines (Mr. Merrithew) announced a \$16-million program to computerize mapping in Canada. Known as the Geographic Information Systems, or GIS, the computerized maps will not only revolutionize the way in which geographic information is produced and stored, they will revolutionize the uses to which maps can be applied.

Canada has taken the lead in developing state-of-the-art computerized mapping techniques. By becoming leaders in GIS technology, we can also service and train customers around the world. It will provide us with enormous advantages in managing and developing our own natural resources.

This is a first step in a national program that will result in GIS expertise becoming world-class. It will mean high-technology jobs for Canadians. It will mean the development of key industries. It will mean increased trade in goods and services. We are poised to make our Geographic Information Services the most advanced in the world.