

- (5) that competitions for unilingual positions will continue to be open to unilingual or bilingual candidates who meet the language requirements of the job;
- (6) that unilingual incumbents of bilingual positions may elect to become bilingual and undertake language training or transfer to another job having the same salary maximum, or, if they were to decline such a transfer, to remain in their positions even though the posts have been designated as bilingual;
- (7) that employees who, as of April 6, 1966, had at least ten years of continuous service and who, since that date, have been employed continuously in the federal Public Service, will be entitled to apply for any job that has been identified for future designation as bilingual without having to indicate their willingness to become bilingual;
- (8) that unilingual French-speaking and English-speaking persons from outside the Public Service who are willing to become bilingual may apply for bilingual positions open to public competition;
- (9) that language training, at public expense, will be provided to unilingual public servants as well as to persons who are appointed to the Public Service to bilingual positions;

do further approve the Government of Canada, and, in particular, the Treasury Board and the Public Service Commission, taking the measures required to give effect to the aforementioned Principles; and

- (ii) do further approve the taking of measures, after consultation with employee representatives, designed to produce a greater use of the French language at all levels in the Public Service, through increasing, where practical, the number of French Language Units, through further recruitment efforts by the Public Service Commission, through training programs offered in the French language and by developing proposals, in conjunction with the Governments of the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec, to enhance the bilingual character of the National Capital region, thus helping to realize the objective of achieving, within the merit principle, full participation in the Public Service by members of both the anglophone and the francophone communities.

And on the motion of Mr. Stanfield, seconded by Mr. Baker, in amendment thereto,—That the motion be amended by adding to paragraph (i) thereof, next after the words, “taking the measures required to give effect to the aforementioned Principles”, the following:

“and the Government of Canada, as a priority measure, introducing legislation to incorporate the aforementioned Principles in the Official Languages Act, the Public Service Employment Act and other appropriate statutes;”

And debate continuing;

By unanimous consent, the hour for Private Members' Business was suspended.

Debate was resumed on the motion of Mr. Trudeau, seconded by Mr. Drury,—That this House,

- (i) aware that as provided in the Official Languages Act, the English and French languages possess and enjoy equality of status and equal rights and privileges as to their use in all institutions of the Parliament and Government of Canada;

cognizant that it is the duty of departments and agencies of the Government of Canada to ensure, in accordance with that Act, that members of the public can obtain available services from and communicate with them in both official languages; while recognizing that public servants should, as a general proposition and subject to the requirements of the Official Languages Act respecting the provision of services to the public, be able to carry out their duties in the Public Service of Canada in the official language of their choice;

do hereby recognize and approve the following Principles for achieving the foregoing:

- (1) that positions which are seen, under the present circumstances, as requiring the knowledge and use of both the French and English languages will be first identified, and then designated, as bilingual in the course of the period ending December 31, 1978;
- (2) that positions will also be identified where English is an essential requirement of the job, where French is essential, or whether either French or English may be used;
- (3) that a knowledge of English and French is one of the elements of merit in the selection of candidates for bilingual positions;
- (4) that competitions for bilingual positions will be open both to bilingual candidates and unilingual candidates who have formally indicated their willingness to become bilingual;
- (5) that competitions for unilingual positions will continue to be open to unilingual or bilingual candidates who meet the language requirements of the job;
- (6) that unilingual incumbents of bilingual positions may elect to become bilingual and undertake language training or transfer to another job having the same salary maximum, or, if they were to decline such a transfer, to remain in their positions even though the posts have been designated as bilingual;
- (7) that employees who, as of April 6, 1966, had at least ten years of continuous service and who, since that date, have been employed continuously in the federal Public Service, will be en-