THE OLDEST MAN IN AMERICA. A correspondent of the Casevinia Carlo Strategy of the Waters of THE British and Irish Steam-Packet, Company's Belly firestells after the matter of the Waters of THE British and Irish Steam-Packet, Company's Belly firestells after the waters of the Waters of THE British and Irish Steam-Packet, Company's Belly firestells after the waters of the Waters of THE British and Irish Steam-Packet, Company's LADY: EGLINTON, LADY: EGLINTON, LADY: EGLINTON,

Heis index throughout the region to which he lives:

| Heis index throughout the region to which he lives:
| Heis index throughout the region of the regi he was the delicate of his neighbors the Honongahela to He and several of his neighbors stiforth to join the headstrong and ill-fated commander, but, after several days march, were turned back by the news of his overthrow. He emigrated to back by the number of the was both Carolina nearly a hundred years ago: He was in thirteen considerable conflicts during the War of in infreen constant in skirmishes and rencounters with Indians, with Tories, and with British; time beyoud memory. He was with Gates at Camden, with 1000 memory. Cowpens, with Greene at Hillsboro Morganiae the distribution in many a bold rush ido a Tory camp or red-coat quarters.

The question of reforming the drinking habits of the people by means of legislative restrictions on public bouses, is one which the public of the United pablic nouses, is one water the public of the United States have before them at the present time no less than the people of Scotland. Here, in New York, we have recently had an attempt made, just as in Sotland, to prevent the sale of intoxicating liquors on the Sabbath, but without success; a few months on the public houses were nearly all closed for a short time, but now the traffic is again being carried on with nearly as much openness as before there was any law on the subject. "RYANGELICAL" BUT NOT ANGELICAL .- A Rev.

Mr. Shields, a Presbyterian parson, it appears, has married a lady who ran away from her husband.—
it seems that the Presbyterian "Confession of Faith" allows two causes of divorce, viz: "adultery or wilful desertion." but makes no provision for the case of the wife's desertion of her husband—"wilful descrition," the Confession of Faith allows, is sufficient cause for divorce—but the general interpretation is desertion on the part of the husband. Whereas, places Rev. Mr. Shields in a difficulty, According to the American Presbyterian and Genesee Evangelist Our book allows of divorce for wilful desertion: such as can in no way be remedied by the Church or civil magistrate. Well, in the case before us. we have no evidence that a single effort was ever made either on the part of the Church or the civil magistrate to remedy the evil. Look carefully at the case here of wilful desertion. It is singular. The hushand deserts the wife by staying at home. She flies ind lowa, where divorces are easily obtained; becomes acquainted with the Rev. J. H. S., suce out a ivorce and fails ; makes a second attempt and succeeds, and forthwith the two are married. All the cridence of wilful desertion on the part of the husband is her affidavit before the Civil Court that he was a bad man. And the plea used to justify the present alliance is most special: like as when a man loes a work of necessity or mercy on the Sabbath.-Does our book sanction this kind of desertion? Do the Holy Scriptures approve it?

EXTRACTS FROM THE DIARY OF A YANKEE PHYSIman -A correspondent of an American paper lately taked up the memorandum book of an eminent pracitioner in New York, from whence we make the following extract :-

"Kase 230, Mary An Perkins, Bisnes, washwoman. Sikaes in her hed. Fisik sum blue pills a soaperifik; aged 52. Ped me one dollar, 1 kuarter boge. Mind get good kuarter and make her tak mo fisik. "Kase 231, Tummes Krinks, Bisnes, Nirishman.-Lires with Pady Moloney whot keeps a dray. Sikcess, dig in ribs and tow black eyes. Fisik to drink my mixter twict a day of sasiperly bere and jollop, and fish ile, with asifidety to make it taste fisiky. Rubbed his face with kart grese liniment, aged 39 ears of age. Drinked the mixter and wuddnt pay ne bekause it tasted nasty, but the mixter 'll work

his innards, I reckon. "Kase 232, Old Misses Boggs. Aint got no bis-ass, but plenty of money. Sikness awl a humbugg. Cave her sum of my celebrated 'Dipseboikon.' which The Old Woman has got the roks."

DO YOU WANT SOMETHING TO STRENGTHEN

DO YOU WANT A GOOD APPETITE? DO YOU WANT TO BUILD UP YOUR CONSTI-

DO YOU WANT TO FEEL WELL?

DO YOU WANT TO GET RID OF NERVOUS-

DO YOU WANT ENERGY?
DO YOY WANT TO SLEEP WELL?

10 YOU WANT A BRISK AND VIGOROUS FEELING?

If you do, use Hoofland's German Bitters, prepared by Dr. C. M. Jackson 418 Arch Street Philadelphia, Pa., and sold by druggists and storekeepers throughout the United States, Canadas, West Indies and South America, at 75 cents per bottle.

For Sale by all the druggists in Montreal.



THE REGULAR MONTHLY MEETING of the ST. PATRICK'S SOCIETY will take place in the ST. PATRICK'S HALL, on MONDAY EVENING next, 4th instant, at EIGHT o'clock. Ey order,

RICHARD M'SHANE, 0et. 2.

OHEAP READING FOR THE MILLIONS.

UPWARDS of TWO THOUSAND VOLUMES on Religion, History, Biography, Voyages, Travels, Tales, and Novels, by Standard Authors, to which Constant Additions are making at J. FLYNN'S CIRCULATING LIBRARY, NEWSPAPER and REGISTRY OFFICE, No. 105 M'GILL STREET, Four Doors from Corner of Great St. James Street. Hours of Attendance.-From 9 to 11, A.M.; and from 2 to 4, and from 7 to 9, P.M.

N.B.—Subscribers, whose terms of subscription hare expired, are requested to return the books in their possession to the Library, without further notice. Montreal, September 16, 1858.

## SENECAL & RYAN,

ADVOCATES,

No. 23, St. Vincent Street, Montreal. D. H. SENECAL,

\$1 in the Steerage.

For Freight or Passage, apply to
HENRY OHAPMAN & CO.,

Montreal and Quebec Agents.

September 9.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY.

A SCHOOL TEACHER, who understands Teaching Arithmetic, English Grammar, and Book-Keeping, for District No. 2, Sr. COLUMBAN, C.E. Salary £50 for 10 Scholastic months. Apply to

JOSEPH RYAN, Sec. Treasurer, St. Columban, C.E. St. Columban, Sept. 13th, 1858.

CONVENT OF ST. MARGARET,

(Under the Direction of the Sisters of the Holy Cross,)

AT ALEXANDRIA, GLENGARRY, C.W.

THIS INSTITUTION, situated in a healthy and agreeable locality, is now OPEN for the admission of BOARDERS and DAY-SCHOLARS.

The Course of Education embraces every useful and ornamental branch suitable for young Ladies. Difference of religion is no obstacle to admission, provided the pupils conform to the general regulations of the House.

TERMS:

Board and Tuition, per Quarter, in advance, £4 10 FREE of Charge.

> Dark, or Royal Blue Dress, with Cape or Mantilla of the same; Summer Bonnet, Straw, trimmed with dark blue ribbon; Winter Bonnet, Black, trimmed like the Summer one.

COSTUME:

Pupils are permitted to wear any color or manner of Dress during week days.

For further particulars, apply to the Lady Superior, Convent St. Margaret, Alexandria, Glengarry, C.W. The Montreal Transcript, and the Cornwall Freeholder, will please to give each four weekly insertions. Alexandria, September 4, 1858.

## CHAMBLY COLLEGE.

THE SCHOLASTIC TERM for the Students of CHAMBLY COLLEGE, will COMMENCE on TUES-DAY, SEPTEMBER 7th, 1858. Rev. P. M. MIGNAULT,

Procurator-General. Chambly, August 28th, 1858. N.B.—United States papers, please copy.

CONGREGATION CONVENT, SHERBROOKE.

THE Ladies of the CONGREGATION CONVENT, at SHERBROOKE, C. E., will RE-OPEN their CLASSES on the FIRST of SEPTEMBER next.

TERMS : Board and Tuition Quarterly, (payable in For further information apply to the Lady Direc-

tress. August 24th, 1858.

## CHAMBLY MODEL SCHOOL.

THE COURSE of INSTRUCTION will include a the sed drank like cold toe—which it was to. Must Complete CLASSICAL and COMMERCIAL EDU-gut sumthink in it to make her feel sick and bad. CATION; Mathematics in a Collegiate Course. CATION; Mathematics in a Collegiate Course. T. O. TREVOR, Principal. Chambly, 4th September, 1858.

ENGLISH EDUCATION.

Ms. KEEGAN wishes to inform the Citizens of Montreal that his EVENING SCHOOL (under the Patronage of the Rev. Mr. O'Brien) is NOW OPEN in the Male School-house at ST. ANNE'S CHURCH,

GRIFFINTOWN, for Young Men and Mechanics:— where they will receive Instruction in any of the various branches of English Education, for five nights each week. Hours of attendance—from 7 to 92 o'clock, P.M. Terms very moderate. Apply to
ANDREW KEEGAN, Teacher.
St. Anne's Male School Griffintown.

REMOVAL.

JOHN PHELAN, GROCER,

HAS REMOVED to 43 NOTRE DAME STREET, the Store lately occupied by Mr. Berthelot, and opposite to Dr. Picault, where he will keep a Stock of the best Tea, Coffee, Sugar, Wines, Brandy, &c., and all other articles [required] at the lowest prices. JOHN PHELAN.

PATRICK DOYLE.

AGENT BROWNSON'S REVIEW,"

AND "THE METROPOLITAN," TORONTO,

WILL furnish Subscribers with those two valuable Periodicals for \$5 per Annum, if paid in advance. P. D. is also Agent for the TRUE WITNESS. Toronto, March 26, 1854.

> MONTREAL EYE AND EAR HOSPITAL,

DR. HOWARD, Oculist and Aurist, 132 CRAIG STREET, AND 39 FORTIFICATION LANE.

Dr. Howard's Private Surgery in the same building. Hours of consultation Every Day from TEN A.M. to Montreal, June 24, 1858.

ROBERT PATTON,

229 Notre Dame Street, BEGS to return his sincere thanks to his numerous Cuttomers, and the Public in general, for the very liberal pa-

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PIERCE RYAN.

Tomage he has received for the last three years; and hopes, by strict attention to business, to receive a continuance of the same.

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PIERCE RYAN.

Tomage he has received for the last three years; and hopes, by strict attention to business, to receive a continuance of the same.

A TEACHER who has had four years' experience under the Board of Education, in Ireland, is desirous of obtaining a situation in the above capacity.

Address "G.," True Witness.

GALWAY LINE OF STEAMSHIPS. INDEPENDENT ELECTORS

appear before you, formally soliciting your support.

Should I consult my own private interests alone, I should certainly decline accepting the candidature; but the reasons which have been urged, and the recognised necessity which exists for practical representatives of the commercial interests of the country, in our Legislative bodies, render it imperative upon me to lay aside all private considerations, and yield myself to the guidance of the dictates of my convictions of duty.

Born and educated amongst you, my sympathies, sentiments, associations, and interests, are identified with yours, and are a guarantee to a large extent, that your interests and opinions will be faithfully represented by me, should I be elected your Representative. But when a man comes before his fellowcitizens, or suffers himself to be brought forward by others, claiming their suffrages, it is justly expected that his principles and views should be made known as fully as possible, in order that the electors may be guided in their choice, by principles, and not personal considerations. Holding these views, and also in obedience to custom, I have now to lay before you my reasons for asking your suffrages, at the approaching election, to represent you in the Legislative Council.

My name has, for some months past, been before you as a probable Candidate, and there are very few amongst you who have not been cognizant of the fact. There has been ample opportunity therefore to make yourselves acquainted with my antecedents, character, &c., and thus prepare the way for action on your part, in reference to the more formal course now taken by me, either to pronounce in favor or against my pretensions. My reasons for appearing before you and asking your suffrages may be expressed by the comprehensive term "Commercial." Agriculture, Manufactures, and Commerce are inseparably connected in their bearing upon the material prosperity of the country; but the two first named occupy the most important position, inasmuch as without production no commerce would exist. It is believed, and I coincide with those who entertain that opinion, that there is a deficiency of practical representation of the above-named interests. We have had a large share of experimentalising legisla-tion, (if I may so term it) bearing upon our sources of material prosperity; and it is much to be regretted that no definite policy has preas nothing so retards the placement of vailed, capital, so necessary to the erection of large manufactories, and the engagement in large commercial transactions, as uncertainty in regard to the fiscal policy of the country. If the subjects of "Free Trade" and "Protection" were to be fully discussed, not as abstract theories, but as applicable to the circumstances of the country and a definite policy decided upon, there is no doubt that much good would result. I do not hesitate to announce it as my settled conviction that "Free Trade," being the normal condition of Commerce, is better calculated to develope the resources of the various countries of the world, than the imposition of restrictions involved in a protective theory-provided such a policy were adopted throughout the world. But it is conceded by the advocates of both theories, that our position, in reference to revenue and other countries, as to render our adoption of the "Free Trade" policy in its integrity impossible; and a compromise between the two opposite theories, called "Incidental Protection," has hitherto received approval; but that policy is so uncertain in its duration, and variable in its details, that it has given rise to many evils which might, perhaps, have been avoided. My opinion is, that our position in reference to other countries, more particularly the neighboring Republic, eminently a commercial country, and with which the large majority of our commercial transactions are undoubtedly occurring, is such as to render it advisable to adopt a system of reciprocity of duties; or, in other words, assimilate our Customs Tariff to that of the United States, in so far as it affects such articles as are, or can be, advantageously produced in Canada: such reciprocity of duties, or assimilation of Tariff, to be the well understood fiscal policy of the country, extending even to perfect Free Trade, whenever the United States chooses to adopt such a policy. I do not stop here to enquire how far such a policy on our part would meet the approval of the Imperial Government, or how far our Constitution would allow us to proceed in such a direction; fully believing that any difficulties which may possibly exist, could be overcome. My political position is one strictly independent of either party of the parties known as Ministerialists and Oppositionists; and about the elected the ball occupy on independent should I be elected, I shall occupy an independent position; prepared to do my duty to my constituents and the country, without reference to whatever party may occupy the Treasury benches, not lending my vote or influence to factious movements of any kind. There is one great question before the country, upon which it is incumbent on me to declare my viewsviz., the question of "Representation based upon Population." On looking back from the Union of Upper and Lower Canada to the passage of the Act changing the Constitution of the Legislative Council in 1854, we find that the principle of Federalism, or perfect equality of the two Provinces, has been the basis of the Constitution and all political changes and arrangements which have been made; hence the question of Representation based upon Population, involves a total change of the Constitution; and however correct in the abstract that mode of Representation may be, it certainly is not applicable to our

circumstances and political position. I am in favor of the most perfect equality of rights, privileges, and immunities of all classes, in reference to Educational and Religious convictions; and pledge myself to use my influence and vote, if elected, in favor of any class who may be found not in the full enjoyment of such equality of rights. I am opposed to all Secret-Politico-Religious Societies. You are aware of the prominent part which I have taken in reference to the Extension of the Harbor in Montreal, and the erection of Docks by means of a Canal debouching at Hochelaga Bay; and in opposition to the plan locating such works at Pointe St. Charles. I shall continue my exertions to that end, and spare no pains to accomplish the object in view.

I have the honor to be, Gentlemen, Your most obedient servant, ASHLEY HIBBARD.

D. O'GORMON,

BOAT BUILDER,

BARRIEFIELD, NEAR KINGSTON, C. W. Skiffs made to Order. Several Skiffs always on hand for Sale. Also an Assortment of Oars, sent to any part of the Province.

Kingston, June 3, 1858. N. B.—Letters directed to me must be post-paid. No person is authorized to take orders on my account.

DESIGNATION TO THE STREET FREE AND INDEPENDENT ELECTORS

ELECTORAL DIVISION OF ALMA.

Having been requested by a great many of you to solicit he many of the Electors of the flourishing Electors? Dr. 1882 and Electors of the flourishing client would be the Electors of the flourishing client would be the flourishing that to decline would be the flourishing that the flourishing on the interest with that coincidence with flourishing the flourishing from the intimate acquaintance to have on the flourishing which animates a great many among your confidence which is enhanced by the circumstance that my interests are identical with yours woor besides being a proprietor identical with yours, for besides being a proprietor in the country, I am possessed likewise of extensive property sting ear the City in the Wards interested in the contest engaged.

I do not come forward as a purty man, but as a man entirely independent. I am altogether free. I do not want to solicit any favor from Government, and have nothing to expect from any administration whatsoever.

I might abstain presently from expounding political principles, as they are known to the majority of you, nevertheless I feel bound to set forth my views

on the most important measures.

Being a farmer myself, I shall do all in my power for the improvement and encouragement of agriculture which is the source of the prosperity of this country.

Trade is in a prosperous condition. Owing to the works executed in the Gulf and Lake St. Peter, and hose projected at Hochelaga, it cannot fail to attract all the product of the West: such a great

cause of prosperity will obtain my attention. Need I tell you that our national industry will be the object of my assiduous care? I shall endeavour to favour our home manufactures and industrial enterprise: for no one derives more benefit therefrom than the farmer.

The colonisation of our secular forest, colonisation destined to stay the tide of emigration of our youth towards foreign countries, shall not be the least object of my Legislative duties.

To the cause of education I shall devote my con-

stant solicitude. Useless to say that I am opposed and will ever be strongly opposed to the mixed school system.

I shall ever be an indefatigable adversary of Representation based on the respective Population of the two sections of this Province.

Such are, Fellow-Countrymen, my views on those important measures of public interest—questions of considerable moment on the solution of which greatly depends the prosperity of our common country. I have the honor to be,

JOS. F. ABMAND. Riviere des Prairies, July 26, 1858.

PROSPECTUS.

ACADEMY OF THE SACRED HEART. SAULT AU RECOLLET,

NEAR MONTREAL, CANADA EAST.

THIS Institution embraces in its plan of education every means requisite for forming young persons to virtue and to the knowledge of those branches of science becoming their sex. The food is wholesome and abundant. Nothing is neglected that can contribute to the acquisition of habits of neatness, order, politeness, and propriety of deportment.

TFRMS:

Board and tuition for the scholastic year. \$100 Drawing and Painting..... 24 Italian ...... 24

(All payable quarterly, in advance.)

Each pupil will pay, on entrance, for use of desk and bed, S5, Should bedding, &c., be furnished by the Academy, the charge will then be \$10 per

Physicians' fees, postage, &c., are charged to the Should a pupil be withdrawn before the close of a quarter, unless for some very urgent reasons, no de-

duction, will be made. Thursday is the only day upon which the pupils will be permitted to receive visits.

The annual vacation is of six weeks. There will be a charge of \$15 for those pupils who remain at the Academy during that time.

Each pupil should be provided with one black and one white uniform dress; one white and one black plain bobbinet veil; six toilet and six table nankins: one straw bed, one hair mattress, one pillow, three pairs of sheets; knife and fork; a large and small spoon; a goblet; work-box; and dressing-box.

## COLLEGE OF REGIOPOLIS. KINGSTON, C.W.;

Under the Immediate Supervision of the Right Rec.

E. J. Horan, Bishop of Kingston. THE above Institution, situated in one of the most agreeable and healthful parts of Kingston, is now completely organized. Able Teachers have been provided for the various departments. The object of the Institution is to impart a good and solid education in the fullest sense of the word. The health, morals, and manners of the pupils will be an object of constant attention. The Course of instruction will include a complete Classical and Commercial Education. Particular attention will be given to the

French and English languages.

A large and well selected Library will be Open to

TERMS: Board and Tuition, \$100 per Annum (payable half-

yearly in Advance.) Use of Library during stay, \$2. The Annual Session commences on the 1st September, and ends on the First Thursday of July.

JUST RECEIVED FROM PARIS

July 21st, 1858.

By the Subscribers, SEVERAL CASES, containing a large assortment of PRAYER BEADS, SILVER and BRASS ME-DALS, HOLY WATER FONTS, CATHOLIC PIC-

TURES, &c., &c. BLANK BOOKS, STATIONARY, PRINTS, &c. 15,00 Blank Books, ruled for Ledgers, Journals,

Day, Cash, and Letter Books. 500 Reams of Foolscap, Letter, and Note Paper.
50 Gross Drawing and Writing Pencils.
100 Do Slate Pencils.

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The Catholic Choir Book; or the Morning and Eventhe Catholic Choir Book; or the Rolling Service of the Catholic Church, oblong 4to., \$2 00 300 pages, \$2 00 The Catholic Harp, an excellent collection of Masses,

Hymns, &c., half bound 38 cents. We have also, on hand, a good assortment of Pocket Books, Memorandums, Ink Bottles, Pen

Pocket Books, Holders, &c., &c.
D. & J. SADLIER & Co.,



MR. KENNEDY, of ROXBURY, bas discovered in one of the common pasture weeds a Remedy that

EVERY KIND OF HUMOR.

From the worst Scrofula down to the common Pimple. He has tried it in over eleven hundred cases, and never failed except in two cases (both thunder humor.) He has now in his possession over two hundred certificates of its value, all within twenty miles of Baston.

Two bottles are warranted to cure a nursing sore mouth. One to three bottles will cure the worst kind of

pimples on the face. Two to three bottles will clear the system of beils.

Two bottles are warranted to cure the worst canker in the month and stomach. Three to five bottles are warranted to cure the

worst case of erysipelas. One to two bottles are warranted to cure all hu-

mor in the eyes. Two bottles are warranted to cure running of the ears and blotches among the hair.

Four to six bottles are warranted to cure corrupt and running ulcers. One bottle will cure scaly erruption of the skin.

Two or three bottles are warranted to cure the worst case of ringworm. Two or three bottles are warranted to cure the

most desperate case of rheumatism. Three or four bottles are warranted to cure salt rheum.

Five to eight bottles will cure the worst case of scrofula.

Directions for Use .- Adult, one table spoonful per day. Children over eight years, a dessert spoonful; children from five to eight years tea spoonful. As no direction can be applicable to all constitutions, take enough to operate on the bowels twice a day. Mr. Kennedy gives personal attendance in bad cases of Scrofula.

KENNEDY'S SALT RHEUM OINTMENT, TO RE USED IN CONNECTION WITH THE

MEDICAL DISCOVERY. For Inflamation and Humor of the Eyes, this gives immediate relief; you will apply it on a linen rag when going to bed. For Scald Head, you will cut the hair off the affected

improvement in a few days. For Salt Rheum, rub it well in as often as conveni-

part, apply the Ointment freely, and you will see the

Far Scales on an inflamed surface, you will rub it in to your heart's content; it will give you such real comfort that you cannot help wishing well to the in-For Scabs: these commence by a thin, acrid fluid oozing through the skin, soon hardening on the surface; in a short time are full of yellow matter; some

are on an inflamed surface, some are not; will apply the Ointment freely, but you do not rub it in. For Sore Legs: this is a common disease, more so than is generally supposed: the skin turns purple, covered with scales, itches intolerably, sometimes forming running sores; by applying the Cintment, the itching and scales will disappear in a few days, but you must keep on with the Ointment until the

ekin gets its natural color,
This Ointment agrees with every flesh, and gives immediate relief in every skin disease flesh is heir to. Price, 2s 6d per Box.

Manufactured by DONALD KENNEDY, 120 Warren Street, Roxbury Mass. For Sale by every Druggist in the United States

and British Provinces. Mr. Kennedy takes great pleasure in presenting the readers of the TRUE WITNESS with the testimony of the Lady Superior of the St. Vincent Asylumn, Bos-

ST. VINCENT'S ASYLUM,

Boston, May 26, 1856. Mr. Kennedy-Dear Sir-Permit me to return you my most sincere thanks for presenting to the Asylum your most valuable medicine. I have made use of it for scrofula, sore eyes, and for all the humors so prevalent among children, of that class so ne-glected before entering the Asylum; and I have the pleasure of informing you, it has been attended by the most happy effects. I certainly deem your dis-

covery a great blessing to all persons afflicted by scrofula and other humors.

ST. ANN ALEXIS SHORB, Superioress of St. Vincents Asylum.

WEST TROY BELL FOUNDERY.

[Established in 1826.]

ton:---

The Subscribers have constantly for sale an assortment of Church, Factory, Steamboat, Locomotive, Plantation, School-House and other Eells, mounted in the most approved and durable manner. For full particulars as to many recent improve-ments, warrantee, diameter of Bells, space BELLS. occupied in Tower, rates of transportation, BELLS. &c., send for a circular. Address

A. MENEELY'S SONS, Agents, West Troy, N. Y. WILLIAM CUNNINGHAM'S

MARBLE FACTORY, BLEURY STREET, (NEAR HANOVER TER-



WM. CUNNINGHAM, Manufacturer of WHITE and all other kinds of MARBLE, MONUMENTS; TOMES, and GRAVE STONES; OHIMNEY PIECES, TABLE and BUREAU TOPS; PLATE MONUMENTS, BAP. TISMAL FONTS, &c., wishes to inform the Citizens of Montreal and its vicinity, that any of the abovementioned articles they may want will be furnished them of the best material and of the best workmanship, and on terms that will admit of no competition,

N.B .- W.C. manufactures the Montreal stone, if any person prefers them.

A great assortment of White and Colored MARBLE

Cor. Notre Dame & St. Francis Xavier Sts., just arrived for Mr. Quaningham, Marble Manufacturer, Bleury Street, near Hanover Terrace.

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