

Saturday, 17th. The following is the result :

No. 1 COMPANY.

Capt. Penfold.....	14	14	11	39
Pto. Paxton.....	18	16	15	49
" May.....	15	11	16	42
" Usher.....	14	14	13	41
" Kennedy.....	16	15	16	47
" Callis.....	18	18	17	53
" Temple.....	16	7	16	42
" Williams.....	13	8	8	29

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No. 3 COMPANY.

Capt. Hardman.....	12	12	16	40
Lieut. O'Neil.....	11	14	15	40
Pto. Holmes.....	13	16	16	45
Corp. Anderson.....	14	7	9	30
Pto. Perry.....	12	13	18	43
" Russell.....	11	6	9	26
" Smith.....	15	18	7	40
Sgt. Whitaker.....	11	10	11	32

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PUBLIC ADDRESS TO LIEUT.-GEN. LINDSAY.

HIS APPROACHING DEPARTURE FROM CANADA.

(From the Montreal Witness.)

In accordance with the Imperial policy towards the Colonies and the recent instructions of the Secretary of State for War, the withdrawal of H. M. forces from Canada has been rapidly progressing during the past summer, and in a few weeks hence all will have been withdrawn, except the depot detachments which are to be left at Quebec and Halifax. It was to carry out the above measures that Gen. Lindsay was sent out to this country in March last, receiving the appointment of Lieut. General on particular service in Canada. He has been long and favourably known to Canadians, having served at various times in this country during his military career, extending over thirty-eight years. During the insurrectionary troubles of 1837 he served as Adjutant to the 2nd Battalion Grenadier Guards, quartered in the vicinity of Montreal, until they returned to England in 1842. After the Trent affair, during the recent American war, Major-General Lindsay was sent out to Canada, and during the Fenian raid of 1866 he commanded H.M. troops in this country. In 1867 he went back to England, and six months ago he returned to Canada to carry out the new Imperial policy. Gen. Lindsay's conduct and ability displayed during the Fenian raid in May last are well known. Having accomplished the work he was sent out for, General Lindsay will leave for England in a week or so. The citizens of Montreal, on Thursday last, held a public meeting and a committee was appointed to draw up an address to be presented to him before his departure.

To-day at noon was appointed for the presentation, which took place at the St. Lawrence Hall.

Besides His Worship the Mayor, there were present a very large number of the most wealthy and influential gentlemen in the city. All classes were represented, the Bench, the Bar, the Church, the Press, and the Militia, also the mercantile and trading community in large numbers.

The presentation of the address took place in the Reception Room of the St. Lawrence

Hall, after the introduction of the members of the Committee to Gen. Lindsay, who was accompanied by his A.D.C., Capt. Gascoigne.

THE ADDRESS.

His Worship the Mayor said that the words spoken by Gen. Lindsay at Eccle's Hill in May last were the words of truth and were endorsed by all Canadians. The Mayor then read the following address:—

To Lieut.-General the Honorable James Lindsay, Commander of H.M. Forces in North America.—

The citizens of Montreal, learning with much regret of your approaching departure from this country, cannot allow the present opportunity to pass without expressing in a public manner, their grateful appreciation of the deep interest you have, on all occasions, evinced in its welfare, and of the important services you have rendered to it.

They have known you for a lengthened period in various official capacities, and it is with satisfaction they unite in declaring that in every position you have occupied, you have won the respect and esteem of the public at large.

They feel that your departure must be regarded as a great loss to the whole community; as the events of 1866 and those of the early part of 1870 are sufficiently fresh in their memory to convince them of the deep obligation they owe you for your able and successful efforts in suppressing the invasion of Canada by citizens from the adjacent republic.

The confidence reposed in you by the Volunteers redoubled the zeal and alacrity with which they discharged their important duties, thereby earning for themselves the tribute of praise you so justly bestowed on them on several occasions, and especially in your address to them at Eccle's Hill in May and at Huntingdon in June last.

All that you said on those occasions echoed the sentiments not only of the citizens of Montreal, but, we believe, of all classes of Her Majesty's subjects throughout the Dominion.

The Volunteers then under your command doubtless felt that this public acknowledgement of their public services by you, in your position as representing Her Gracious Majesty the Queen, fully requited them for all the sacrifices they had made.

The citizens of Montreal, while deeply regretting your departure and the Imperial policy which has caused it, most sincerely assure you that Canada never can forget the deep interest you have manifested, and the eminent services you have rendered in promoting its welfare.

On behalf of the citizens of Montreal, by the undersigned committee, appointed at a general meeting held this day, Montreal, 22nd September, 1870. (Signed), Wm. Workman, Mayor and Chairman; Thomas Ryan, Senator; Thomas Workman, M.P.; M. P. Ryan, M.P.; Edward Carter M.P.P.; A. M. Delisle; F. P. Pominville, Q.C.; Geo. A. Drummond and Alex. McGibbon. James Ferrier, jun., Lt.-Col. M.G.A.; Henry McKay Lt.-Col. M.G.A.; Phos. Bacon, Lt.-Col., B.M.; Frank Bond, Lieut.-Col. 1st P.V.R.; A. R. Bethune, Lt.-Col. V.V.R.; Wm. H. Hutton, Lt.-Col.; Geo. Dowker, Major M.G.A.; D. Lora MacDougall; Wm. H. Hingston, M.D. and Thomas D. King.

The reading of the address was received with marks of approval by the audience.

General Lindsay then made the following reply:—

Mr. Mayor and Gentlemen:

It affords me great satisfaction to feel that the citizens of Montreal are of opinion that

my services have been useful to the Dominion of Canada.

You do me no more than justice when you state, in the address which you have done me the honor to present to me, that I have taken a deep interest in the welfare of this country.

If I have performed my duty effectively, and at the same time secured the respect and esteem of the public, I have succeeded beyond my most sanguine expectations.

After the approbation of the sovereign and of his military superiors, that of his fellow countrymen is the highest reward the soldier can receive.

You have alluded to the events which took place in 1866 and 1870, and the repulse of the Fenian attacks. In acknowledging the sentiments of the community, which you have conveyed to me, I cannot forget that on both occasions I was ably supported by my staff, and those officers who were in command at the various points of danger.

My anxieties on both occasions were much relieved by the alacrity and spirit with which the Volunteer Militia obeyed the call to arms and at such sacrifice and with much patriotic zeal performed their duty to their country.

In my address at Eccle's Hill and Huntingdon I gave the Volunteer Militia the benefit of the truth, and stated no more than facts, a recognition of which they had by their conduct earned.

In taking my departure from amongst you I am leaving a country in which I have spent nearly ten years of my life.

I cannot doubt that the spirit of self-reliance and undaunted perseverance which you have already shown, will raise the Dominion to be a powerful community.

I trust under the blessing of Providence that there is a noble future for Canada, and I shall watch with interest the development of her resources and the advancement of her material prosperity.

In reading the above reply Gen. Lindsay was frequently interrupted by the applause of the audience.

Gen. Lindsay having concluded the reading of his reply made a few remarks. He said, in reference to the reception given to the speech he made at Eccle's Hill, which was so adversely commented on in England, that it was the fault of the transmitters. The moment the whole address had been received by the authorities in London they approved of it; and they afterwards in a letter which Mr. Cardwell wrote him said that there was nothing in it to find fault with, and the encomiums to the Volunteers were well earned and deserved.

The General then alluded to the many warm friends whom he had made in Canada and to their feelings of affection and good will towards him, which he could not well forget. He concluded by saying that he could not turn his back upon Canada, in which he had ever taken an interest, without wishing it all prosperity and the blessing of Providence.

The General then shook hands with the gentlemen present as they left the room, and the presentation was over. But few who were present and listened to the manly tones and the straightforward remarks of the General, came away without a feeling of regret that one so able as a soldier and a man was to be lost to the service of the Dominion.

Mr. J. R. Ballard, of the Commissariat Department, was this day presented with a handsome Whitney revolver, by a few of the pensioners of the Royal Irish Constabulary.