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ELEVENTH YEAR. THURSDAY MORNING. OCTOBER 16. 1890. ONE CENT.

LAID WITH MASONIC POMP.

THE CORNER STONE OF BRANTFORD'S NEW CENTRAL SCHOOL.

An Educational Building that Will do Credit to the Flourishing Capital of Brant—Grand Master Robertson of Toronto Officiates With the Trowel—A Notable Gathering of the Craft.

BRANTFORD, Oct. 15.—Fortune smiled on Brantford to-day. The weather was delightful. The biting east wind and masses of black clouds that have gloomified the citizens for the past ten days disappeared and the city found itself happy in the splendor of a genial sun and cloudless sky that would do honor to the balmiest summer day that this climate produces. The celebration here to-day was a memorable one in connection with the educational history of the city, the occasion being the laying of the corner-stone of the new central school. This institution is to supplant the central school which was burned down Feb. 6 last, and rather than restore the old building the magnanimous citizens of Brantford voted $46,000 to erect a new structure, the inauguration of which was observed with a great demonstration to-day.

The new school is to be constructed upon the latest designs, with 22 class-rooms and seating accommodation for 1200 children. A unique feature of the day's ceremony was that almost the entire program was left with the Grand Master of the Grand Lodge of Canada, A.F. & A.M., for execution.

Among the visiting masons from Hamilton were R. W. Bros. C. W. Milligan, D.D.G.M., 8th Masonic District; Edward Mitchell, grand treasurer; J. J. Mason, grand secretary; Mayor David McLellan, P.G.S.W.; V. W Bros. Donald McPhie, R. A. Hutchinson, T. McCallum, assistant grand secretary; W. Bros. William Hancock, T. W. Lester, A. McPherson, W. H. Ballard, John Hoodless; Bros. S. H. Kent, City Clerk; F. J. Howell, N. R. Pray, W. H. McLaren, William Newport, Jesse Chapman, J. C. Taylor, W. S. Smith, C. S. Cochrane.

Hon. A. S. Hardy, Commissioner of Crown Lands, in the full regalia of the craft, was among the notables who took part in the ceremony.

These represented the Hamilton City Council and School Board: Mayor McLellan, Ald. Moore, Griffith, McAndrew and Hancock; School Board Inspector W. H. Ballard, Trustees W. H. McLaren and John Hoodless. There were also present Col. Monaghan, U.S. consul, and Chief of Police McKinnon. The visitors were received at the railway station by Mayor S. G. Reed, William Grant, chairman of the Board of Education, and a numerous reception committee from the local Masonic lodges and the municipal bodies.

The M. W. the Grand Master, Mr. J. Ross Robertson of Toronto, and the other guests were escorted to the Kirby House, where a lunch was served, and the local Masonic officers were presented to the Grand Master. At 1 o'clock about 2000 school children assembled in Market-square, where they were marshaled into companies, and headed by the Citizens' Band, marched to the site of the new school, which is bounded by Sheridan, Marlborough, Charlotte and George-streets.

Around the Corner Stone.

At 1½ the Masonic fraternity assembled at the Masonic Hall, where Grand Lodge was opened in ample form, and in company with all the local and visiting brethren marched through the principal streets to the site. Arriving in the school yard the members of the Grand Lodge, the town councillors and school trustees gathered about the corner stone.

The procession of Masons was a long one, between four hundred and five hundred men being in line. The Royal Arch Masons, with their purple sashes and handsome regalia, and the Grand Lodge officers, resplendent in gold, formed a picture not often seen on Brantford streets.

Grand Master Robertson and Acting Grand Master C. W. Mulligan, Acting Grand Senior Warden Mayor McLellan, Grand Junior Warden George C. Davis, Acting Grand Chaplain Rev. Robert Ashton, Grand Treasurer E. Mitchell, Grand Secretary J. J. Mason, and George Schultz, the builder, proceeded to the stone.

Rev. Dr. Cochrane offered prayer. After the invocation the school children sang the following, composed expressly for this occasion by Miss E. Pauline Johnson:

WISDOM'S CORNER STONE.

Air—"Onward, Christian Soldiers."

Comrades, we are serving,
'Round instruction's throne,
In our youth we're laying
Wisdom's corner stone.
Floor or fire can never
Sweep away the towers
We are building daily
In our student hours.

Comrades, we are serving
'Round instruction's throne
In our youth we're laying
Wisdom's corner stone.

II.

On the very ashes
Sloth has left behind,
Study lays the ground-work,
Of a scholar's mind.
Every lesson mastered,
Like a little stone,
Helps to raise the structure
Knowledge builds alone.
Comrades, we are serving, etc.

III.

On the firm foundation
That our learning lays,
We construct the stronghold
Of our future days.
Sometimes we will carry
Wisdom's flag unfurled
Underneath that standard
We can face the world.
Comrades, we are serving, etc.

An Address and a Silver Trowel.

Captain William Grant, chairman of the Public School Board, advanced and presented the Grand Master with a handsomely illuminated complimentary address of welcome, to which M. W. Bro. Robertson suitably replied.

At the conclusion of the address Mr. Grant presented the Grand Master with a beautiful silver trowel, upon which was the following inscription:

PRESENTED TO
M.W. BRO. JOHN ROSS ROBERTSON,
Grand Master of the Grand Lodge of A.F. & A.M. of Canada,
In the Province of Ontario,
By the Brantford Public School Board,
On the occasion of his Laying the Corner Stone of the
Central School Building, Brantford,
Oct. 15, A.D. 1890.
A.L. 5890.

The Grand Master then spread the cement upon the stone, the upper stone was lowered by three regular stops to its resting-place. After the plumb rule, the level and the square had been applied by the proper officers at the Grand Master's request to the stone, the following dialog ensued:

Grand Master: "Most worshipful brother, grand junior warden, which is the proper jewel of your office?"
G.J.W.: "The plumb-rule, most worshipful sir."
G.M.: "Have you applied the plumb-rule to the sides of the stone?"
G.J.W.: "I have, most worshipful sir, and the craftsmen have done their duty."
G.M.: "Right worshipful brother, grand senior warden, which is the proper jewel of your office?"
G.S.W.: "The level, most worshipful sir."
G.M.: "Have you applied the level to the top of the stone?"
G.S.W.: "I have, most worshipful sir, and the craftsmen have done their duty."
G.M.: "Right worshipful brother, deputy grand master, which is the proper jewel of your office?"
D.G.M.: "The square, most worshipful sir."
G.M.: "Have you applied the square to the several parts of the stone which should be square?"
D.G.M.: "I have, most worshipful sir, and the craftsmen have done their duty."
G.M.: "Having, my right worshipful brethren, full confidence in your skill in your royal art, it remains with me to finish the work."

The grand master delivered the mallet to the grand master, who, while giving the stone three strokes with the mallet, said: "Well made, truly laid, well proved, true and trusty."

Vessels with corn, wine and oil were delivered to the grand master, who, strewing from the cornucopia some corn upon the stone, said: "I strew corn upon this stone as an emblem of plenty"; then pouring from the ewer of wine upon the stone, said: "I pour wine on it as an emblem of cheerfulness," and then pouring from the ewer of oil upon the stone, said: "I annoint it with oil as an emblem of comfort and consolation. May corn, wine and oil and all necessaries of life abound among men throughout the world and may the blessings of the Grand Architect of the Universe be upon the undertaking; may He enable those engaged in the building to complete it; may He protect the workmen from accident; may He long hereafter preserve the building from ruin or decay, that it may serve for generations to come the purpose for which it is intended."

Response: "So mote it be."

The grand honors were given nine times, after which the plans of the building were handed to the Grand Master, who, after inspecting them, said: "Master builder, the corner stone of this building being now laid according to the rules of architecture and in conformity with the rites of our fraternity, I now present you with the implements applied to it (presenting the mallet, square, level and plumb rule) and also the plans, in full confidence, that as a skilful and faithful workman you will use them in such a manner that the building may rise in order, harmony and beauty, and that when completed it may establish your reputation as a skilful builder, and reflect credit also on those who have selected you for this important undertaking."

The Grand Master's Address.

The Grand Master then addressed the audience as follows:

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN,—Perhaps there is no invitation that could have been offered me to which I would more willingly respond than that which calls me here to-day with my brethren of the craft in grand lodge assembled to perform at the request of your Public School Board the pleasing duty of laying the corner-stone of a structure to be reared in the interests of true education, and which I feel assured from a knowledge of your people will prove a stronghold of intelligence in this important and enterprising city.

To masonry the public schools of any country have a relationship, sentimental perhaps, but still genuine. In a free nation the public school is the earliest, almost the truest, teacher of equality. It levels all ranks, and through its doors troop the children of the rich and poor to be armed for the battle of life and gather the knowledge that will fit them for their places in the daily struggle that engages the energies of all of us—in this country that owns no idlers. [Applause.] Thus early in life they learn that merit in this Canada of ours is sovereign, and this helps them to become examples of what the great Province of Ontario can do in the way of education, and to illustrate in their everyday lives the truth that in the imparting of practical knowledge the moral training has not been overlooked. It is rather a coincidence in connection with this ceremony that during my recent visit to Europe—indeed, it is only forty-eight hours since I reached my home at Toronto—I had occasion, along with some friends, to make an examination of some of the systems of minor education, both on the Continent and in England. From a practical knowledge previously obtained by actual presence at school examinations in Canada, I am satisfied that in respect to schools in England, which stand on the same plane as our public schools, we in Canada have reason to be proud and can congratulate ourselves on the success we have attained. Indeed I feel assured—and I say this with all due deference to our English and continental cousins—that the youth trained in our public schools are in general proficiency and intelligence far in advance of those turned out of what are known as the board schools of England. [Cheers.]

Brother Arthur Sturgis Was There in Regalia.

Ontario—and I am glad to see on this platform to-day, in craft clothing, a minister of the crown and a man of advanced thought, in the person of Brother A. S. Hardy—Ontario, I say, has not been slow to act upon a belief that intelligence is the secret of a nation's greatness, and statistics prove that no people have spent or sacrificed more to give their children the schooling that means opportunity to them. Statistics as a general rule are dry and uninteresting, but on this subject they are really palatable and instructive. Since 1855 the total receipts for public school purposes have increased from $944,000 to $4,456,000 and the sum paid for teachers' salaries has risen from $680,000 to the large sum of $2,521,000. During the same period the number of pupils attending the public schools has increased from 227,000 to 464,000, nearly double, and the number of school buildings from 3325 to 5330. Further, since 1860, five years later, the number of brick school houses has increased from 368 to 2040, while the old log school house—the typical old building where so many of our ancestors became acquainted with the rudiments of education and were perhaps introduced to the use of the birch—has decreased from 1699 to 491, a most satisfactory decrease.

Why it is So.

The curious among you are doubtless anxious to know why this ceremony should be entrusted to the craft. I can only say that from time immemorial, long before practical masonry gave way to speculative, away back in the olden days, when the colleges of Roman builders founded the great edifices, many of which lie in ruins in continental Europe, it was the peculiar charge of these handicraftsmen to lay the corner-stones and foundations of public buildings. In justice to these honest workers let me say that the weakest of their structures lasted many centuries beyond the life of a modern architectural triumph. I say this with all due respect to the master builders of Brantford. [Hear, hear.] Our craft has ever been foremost in aiding the cause of education, and when we look across the sea and see such magnificent institutions as the Royal Masonic Institution for Boys and the Royal Masonic Institution for Girls, supported by the great and generous Grand Lodge of England, and with the records of the centuries behind us, Canadian Masons may well undertake the responsibility of placing this stone, as I have placed it, in the northeast corner of this building, between the north, the place of darkness, and the east, the place of light, symbolizing the progress, not only of Masonry, but of education, art and science from darkness to light. I need hardly tell you that, speaking for grand lodge and all its officers, we are glad to be in Brantford. We might recognize this new building as a new proof of Brantford's enterprise, but the character of your city is already established. [Hear, hear.] The scenic beauty of its surroundings is matched by the vigor of its people, and we can only hope that in prosperity and population it may go on from strength to strength. Speaking for grand lodge I can cordially thank the School Board for the opportunity of officiating, and for myself I must say that I thank you all for your attention, that which I count a rich reward for the labors of the day. [Loud cheers.]

Concluding the ceremony the Grand Master, turning to Mr. Grant, said: "Having completed our work according to the ancient usages and customs of our fraternity, we congratulate you upon this auspicious commencement of this work, and as it has been so happily begun, may it be steadily continued and carried to a successful termination."

The school children, then in concert, sang "The Maple Leaf Forever," and short addresses were delivered by W. B. Wood, M.L.A., William Paterson, M.P., and Hon. A. S. Hardy.

Grand Master Robertson, on his arrival in New York but 48 hours ago, found awaiting him at the Fifth-avenue Hotel a telegraphic invitation to take part in the corner-stone ceremonies in this city, which he promptly accepted. He left at 5½ this evening for Kingston to attend the funeral of Robert Sellars, a Mason 100 years old. He then returns to Hamilton to be present at the Masonic banquet.

THE ARMY'S MOTHER BURIED

ANOTHER REMARKABLE SIGHT AT THE FUNERAL.

A Fearful Crush in London Streets—The Music of Brass Bands and Salvation Army Hymns—Mounted Police Charge the Crowd—The Ambulance Takes Charge of the Wounded.

LONDON, Oct. 15.—The final ceremonies to-day attending the interment of Mrs. Gen. Booth, "mother of the Salvation Army," were as rowdy and vulgar as yesterday's obsequies in the Olympia were impressive, in spite of their grotesque surroundings.

A count by the doorkeepers shows that 24,000 people found seats in the Olympia last night, while 4000 more were admitted to find standing room as best they could. This is four times the number that Westminster Abbey will hold, and three times as many as can be placed within hearing at St. Paul's Cathedral.

The long procession which followed the coffin was made up of men and women of the working class. The throng in the streets was enormous. Time and again the crowd outside the Army's headquarters made a determined rush, but the police gallantly held their own. The police were reinforced, the fog grew denser, and above all resounded the crash of Salvation Army bands. Banners were but dimly discerned. As the head of the column emerged through the fog and approached the headquarters of the Army a tremendous cheer was raised. Then ensued a fearful crush, in which it was long doubtful whether the police would be able to keep control over the crowd which behaved in the roughest manner possible. The victory was decided in their favor by the arrival of a small body of mounted police. All efforts to keep clear a space in front of the hearse were, however, futile. In the struggle which followed this attempt of the police to keep a pathway clear several persons were injured, and the ambulance was called into requisition.

For nearly an hour Salvation Army officers, men and women in the well-known dress, filed past their headquarters, headed by their district bands, playing selections from Salvation hymnology. A hymn was sung, and then the coffin, covered with a red pall, on which rested the deceased woman's bonnet badge, was borne on the shoulders of the chief officers to the hearse, reverently deposited there, amid a cry of "hats off!" from the crowd. This request was at once complied with amid respectful silence. Then a loud cheer greeted the General as, bareheaded, he took his place alone in the chief mourner's carriage.

Gen. Booth looked wan and haggard, but stood up and acknowledged the salutes of the onlookers. He was followed by the female members of the family, who were all respectfully greeted, but the appearance of a fair-haired individual clad in the flowing robes and turban of an Arab sheik bestriding a restive horse was too much for a London crowd, and the pseudo Oriental was made the recipient of considerable chaff. At the spectacle of an utterly impossible Salvation Highlander all semblance of gravity was thrown to the winds, and roars of laughter followed hard upon the wake of the hearse. More bands, more Salvationists, and then a strong body of police brought up the rear of this remarkable funeral pageant.

At the cemetery the fog was so dense that only a few people gathered around the grave could see or hear the ceremony. Gen. Booth continued to make a few farewell remarks without breaking down. The body was lowered into the grave and this altogether remarkable funeral service was over.

THE FLUCTUATION IN STOCKS.

Extraordinary Conduct of the British Stock Market.

LONDON, Oct. 15.—The Standard, commenting on the fluctuations, says it has not been equaled since the Crimean war, and the argument that the market is unsound is possible but shallow. Consols are weak for the same reason that colonial stocks are weak, because they are now among syndicate securities. Mr. Goschen has dislodged them from the investment nooks and crannies, where they had been stored for perhaps generations, and the masses of stock thus thrown upon the world have never found a home. Again, dear money and the high rate of interest obtainable elsewhere have compelled temporary holders to sell.

The Times, in its financial articles, gives similar reasons. It says the recent fall in prices was due to gradual liquidations of enormous accounts for the rise which came into existence, partly owing to exaggerated notions which prevailed earlier in the year as to the effect of the American silver act and partly to the activity in trade, which encouraged operators to hold a quantity of securities in the belief that the public would sooner or later wish to buy. This calculation failed, because of many thus holding and the public being prepared to put their money into their own business.

A Colonial Council.

BERLIN, Oct. 15.—The Reichsanzeiger publishes an imperial order creating a colonial council, whose duty it shall be to give advice on all colonial affairs. The Prince of Hohenlohe-Langenburg will be president of the council.

This Strike a Failure.

BRISBANE, Oct. 15.—There is plenty of non-union labor to be had here and the strike is collapsing. Many members of the unions are applying to be reinstated in their old positions.

A Disgrace to the Empire.

LONDON, Oct. 15.—Earl Spencer, formerly Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, delivered a speech at Newport to-day in which he said that the events which were taking place in Ireland were a disgrace and a source of danger to the empire. He expressed himself as confident that the proposals of Mr. Gladstone if acted upon would settle the Irish question.

Killed in a Beer Garden.

LONDON, Oct. 15.—A riot occurred to-day at a beer garden in Pirna, Saxony. The combatants were soldiers and workmen. Before the fight could be suppressed five of the latter were killed and many on both sides wounded.

Drowned in the Accident at Prague.

PRAGUE, Oct. 15.—The city was visited by another calamity this morning, when the wall of the Karl bridge, which was partly destroyed during the last great flood, collapsed and 40 laborers were thrown into the river. Twenty-three of them were drowned, and though the rest were rescued many of them were badly hurt. Captain Rauch, the superintendent of the works, lost both his legs.

Cable Flashes.

The deaths from cholera at Aleppo, Turkey, average 50 daily.

A Paris despatch says the Pope has expressed a wish to talk with Mr. Dillon regarding the latter's dispute with Bishop O'Dwyer.

In a fire on the Schmachthagan estate, near Schwerin, Germany, yesterday, three servants were burned to death. Many cattle perished in the flames.

A Paris despatch says: Dr. Koch has ceased to make experiments in the cure of consumption and it is presumed his method of treating the disease has been a failure.

Who Owns Our Horse Railroads?

Rev. Dr. Fulton lectured in Bond-street Congregational Church last night before a goodly sized audience. He presented a strong arraignment of the Roman Catholic Church, its priests and its methods. The Doctor declared that the Jesuits of Montreal, in addition to owning extensive blocks of exempt property in Montreal, owned most of the Toronto horse railroads. He enquired anxiously of his audience if they knew that.

Dr. Fulton has repeated an oft-told story, that the Jesuits or nuns of Montreal were large stockholders in the Toronto Street Railway. The statement as a matter of fact is incorrect. The World, it thinks, once heard the president of the company declare that they do not, nor did they ever, own a single cent's worth of stock in the concern.

Shell Oysters, Rockaways and Blue Points at McConkey's Restaurant.

SCALED THE PRISON WALLS.

Two Prisoners Escape From Kingston Penitentiary Hospital.

KINGSTON, Oct. 16.—Two prisoners escaped from the penitentiary this morning. The fugitives are:

Frank Leslie Cork, sent from Toronto in February, 1888, for highway robbery, after serving a previous term for stealing a registered letter while employed as a letter carrier. His sentence was 10 years and he has served only four years and a half.

James Maguire came from the county of Essex and was a resident of Windsor, Ont. He was sentenced April, 1890, to five years for indecent assault.

Cork had been employed in the hospital ever since he entered the penitentiary as orderly assistant to the hospital overseer. He held this position because he possessed a knowledge of drugs. Maguire was also an ordinary orderly in the hospital. In addition to the night orderly a guard is on duty in the hospital. Last evening Guard Doyle was in charge. About 2½ o'clock this morning Convict Maguire, on duty, went to Doyle and told him an Italian patient, suffering from typhoid fever, was dying and asked him to unlock Cork, who was in his cell, so that he might render Maguire some assistance in caring for the patient, as at times the Italian was too weak to take care of himself. Cork was unlocked by Doyle and he conducted both men to the sick convict's cell. Doyle in a short time returned to see how the orderlies were getting on. He found both orderlies missing, and discovered that the men had escaped through a northeast window in the upper story of the hospital. One of the upright iron bars in the window just above the top of the horizontal bar was cut and was reached by a stool. The bar had been sawn and then broken off by means of a lever. A piece of the iron bar was found in a flour box inside. It is thought the window was sawn by the blade of a knife which had been nicked.

The officers searched along the inside of the walls, and found tackle near the northeast tower. On the end of the rope was a triangular anchor made of gas pipes which hung on the wall when found. By means of it the wall was scaled.

No trace of the convicts has yet been obtained. Twelve or fifteen years ago two convicts, Josie and Webb, escaped from the hospital through the same window and in the same way as Maguire and Cork.

PAUL PEEL'S PAINTINGS.

Sixty Sold Yesterday for $3000, an Average of $50 Each—The Buyers.

Though money is said to be tight The Mart was crowded yesterday afternoon at the sale of the collection of paintings by the young Canadian with the alliterative and euphonious name, Paul Peel. The 60 canvasses put up realized about $3000, an average of $50 each; the artist and his fellow artists thought they should have realized double, at least, of that amount. Still even this ought to be encouraging, for it plainly shows the fact that the taste for high class pictures by native artists must grow in equal step with the progress and refinement of our people. When Paul comes back with another collection and increased fame he may, as we think he ought, average $200 apiece for his works.

Mr. Townsend conducted the sale with credit to himself and the firm.

Mr. Peel is a short slim young man, very Parisian in his cut, and nervous in his temperament. Seated alongside of him was Mr. Reid, another clever Canadian artist lately returned from Europe. He too is decidedly of the type that one meets in the artist quarter of Paris: wears a soft hat, a velvet jacket, a soft scarf tied in a big bow knot, a pair of expressive eyes and a full beard like Mr. Peel. F. M. Bell-Smith, who also sat with these two, was clean shaven, short-sighted, spectacled and of another and distinct type of the genus painter. All three have done good work. Sculptor Dunbar was also present.

The principal buyers were W. F. Henderson, Winnipeg; R. Fraser, Trenton; Frank M. Gray (barrister), Toronto; J. Spooner, B. E. Walker, R. L. Patterson, D. R. Wilkie, Alexander Manning, T. R. Wood, J. F. Thomson, W. Wakefield, R. Thompson (Hamilton or Burlington).

The highest price realized was $325 for the "Venetian Bather," a study of a nude girl of 14 or so. Mr. Wakefield was the purchaser. Mr. B. E. Walker got good value for his $260 in "Life is Bitter," and Mr. T. R. Wood "Adoration" for $170. Mr. Manning gave $250 for "The Reaper's Joy," the picture that carried the most canvas. Mr. D. R. Wilkie, who is Quebecois before anything, bought everything with a suggestion of the "Ancient Capital." Other purchasers were R. Y. Ellis, Mr. Standish, H. S. Mara, J. W. Beaty, F. M. Bell-Smith, Alfred Boyd, James McGee, Mr. Allanson, G. A. Reid, J. M. Mason, W. A. Sherwood, William Mulock, J. Payne.

FUN ENDS IN DEATH.

A Remarkable Case Reported From Near Montreal.

MONTREAL, Oct. 15.—Particulars of the shooting affray at St. Philippe show that the 14-year-old son of Phileos Lefebvre, a wealthy farmer, was teased by the farm hand named Bergevin. Finally young Lefebvre, who had been accustomed to use a gun for some two years past, took it up and told Bergevin that he "would salt him." Suiting the action to the word he filled the gun with salt and in a laughing, joking manner pointed it at the man, who, standing some 30 feet distant, replied, "I laugh at your gun and your salt." The gun went off and the charge of salt entered the man's side, he crying out, "You have touched me." He was taken into the house and Dr. Savoie was called in. He pronounced the patient to be in no danger, but recommended him to remain perfectly quiet. This he did during the night, but early yesterday morning rose up against the doctor's orders, and, partaking of a hearty meal, dropped dead. Before he expired, however, he acknowledged that the wound he had received was his own fault.

Dixon at Owen Sound.

OWEN SOUND, Oct. 15.—S. J. Dixon, the Toronto photographer whose successful walk across the Niagara on a cable electrified the world a short time since, arrived here this morning where many of his happy youthful days were spent. He was accompanied by Lem Felcher, the well-known proprietor of the Woodbine in your city, and a native of the Sound. This afternoon and evening Dixon gave the first exhibition of his skill here, crossing a rope from the Patterson House to S. J. Parker's drug store. It was the greatest performance ever given in Owen Sound. The streets were completely packed for blocks. Dixon also gave a grand display of fireworks, which showed to great advantage.

His Arm Cut Off.

NIAGARA FALLS, Oct. 15.—About 9½ this morning, while Alexander Kennedy of Kennedy & Sons, Owen Sound, was lubricating the machinery in connection with the new waterworks pumps, he got his right arm caught between the connecting rod and wheel. The arm was cut off two inches above the wrist. To-day was the last day he was to remain in charge.

It Must be Reciprocal.

OTTAWA, Oct. 15.—Representatives of American railways which have connections in Canada desire to import new car wheels, to replace those broken, free of duty. This privilege is not given to Canadian railways doing business in the States. The Minister of Customs intimates that if the arrangement can be made reciprocal he will grant the request of the American railway companies.

The Only Pullman Line Toronto to New York is via the Erie Railway.

No extra charge for luxury and comfort on the Erie, and every person who has ever traveled over the picturesque Erie will agree with me it cannot be equaled in United States for beautiful sleepers and dining cars. Through sleeper leaves Union Station, Toronto, at 4.55. They burn nothing but hard coal in all their passenger engines, and when a passenger leaves the train he is not all over coal dust, which adds to the comfort of the passengers, and we hope the Erie will be well patronized out of Canada for the grand service they have given us. You can also leave Toronto at 12.20 p.m. and 11 p.m. ed

BIRCHALL'S LIFE HISTORY.

THE MURDERER WILL SELL IT TO THE HIGHEST BIDDER.

He Prefers to Dispose of It "Unsight, Unseen"—Now That He Is Under the Shadow of the Gallows He Sets to Work to Earn Some Money for His Wife—A Petition Issued.

WOODSTOCK, Oct. 15.—Birchall expects to have the sketch of his life on which he is now engaged completed within a week, as he wants to see it in print before he dies. The manuscript will cover about 100 pages of foolscap. The first part, which is already written, contains an account of some of the more interesting incidents of his early life, youthful escapades, narrow escapes, etc., but what his account of the last year or so of his life and the incidents associated with it will be it is impossible to say. He is at present in negotiation with a number of publishers who are willing to put the sketch in print and pay him for it, including The Police Gazette, New York.

Whatever sum he receives for the sketch Birchall intends handing over to his wife. The manuscript will likely go to the highest bidder.

Sheriff Perry has received an application from a death artist in England. The communication is dated "Victoria Mansions, Westminster, London, Eng." The writer says that he has achieved a world-wide fame in his business and is prepared to do a neat job either with guillotine, electricity or the gallows.

By way perhaps of testimonial he adds that he is about to go to France to "treat a subject" according to the guillotine method, and he volunteers the information that the subject so to be treated is to be cremated after the "treatment" is over, except some parts of his body, which owing to their abnormal development are to be retained by a medical school. The ashes of the "subject" are to be bottled and sent to Turkey, as the man had some Turkish blood in his veins.

THE BIRCHALL PETITION.

The Reasons Advanced for Executive Clemency.

LONDON, Ont., Oct. 15.—Birchall has some sympathizers — how many will shortly be known — who believe he was not altogether fairly dealt with. They have prepared a petition to be presented to the Governor-General in behalf of the prisoner, which was sent out for signatures yesterday. The petition is neatly printed, and reads as follows:

To His Excellency the Right Honorable Lord Stanley of Preston, G.C.B., Governor-General of Canada.

The petition of the undersigned, resident in the Province of Ontario, humbly showeth:

1. That John Reginald Birchall was, on the 29th day of September, 1890, sentenced to be hanged on the 14th day of November next for the murder of one Frederick Cornwallis Benwell.

2. That the evidence adduced against the said John Reginald Birchall, and upon which a verdict of guilty was found, was wholly circumstantial.

3. That the press of Canada, and particularly of the Province of Ontario, had prior to the trial, by their articles, comments and accounts, so inflamed and prejudiced the mind of the public of Ontario against the said John Reginald Birchall, that it was impossible to obtain a jury to try the matter impartially and without bias.

4. Your petitioners believe the said John Reginald Birchall was not dealt with fairly by the public press, and that much that was alleged in the newspapers against the said John Reginald Birchall after his arrest, but of which no proof was given at the trial, must have had an influence upon the minds of the jury prejudicial to the prisoner.

Your petitioners, therefore, pray that Your Excellency may be pleased to commute the sentence of the court to such term of imprisonment as to Your Excellency may seem meet.

And your petitioners will ever pray.

Mrs. West-Jones in Town.

"Miss Forbes and lady friend, Woodstock," registered at the Palmer House yesterday. Miss Forbes is the daughter of the late well-known turfman, Mr. John Forbes, and her friend was Mrs. West-Jones, sister of the unfortunate Mrs. Birchall. Mrs. Jones and her sister stop at the Commercial Hotel in Woodstock, the hostelry which the name of John Forbes, its owner, made so widely known.

The ladies came down to Toronto yesterday to allow Mrs. West-Jones a change of air and scene after her trying experience in Woodstock, where she has been in constant attendance upon her sister since her arrival in Canada with her father, Mr. David Stevenson, a few months ago. Miss Forbes and Mrs. Jones attended the Grand Opera House last evening. Mrs. West-Jones evidently severely feels the great strain of the trial and conviction of Birchall. Her rosy cheeks have grown pale and she is not nearly so stout as she was up to the time of the trial. The position of Birchall is of course a very painful subject with her. She intimated, however, that her sister was bearing up well considering her terrible misfortune. The ladies of Woodstock had been very kind to them in their affliction. Mrs. Jones and Mrs. Birchall will leave Canada for England immediately after the last scene—that is, if the petition which was set in circulation yesterday does not meet with executive clemency. On this point it is said she is extremely doubtful.

Even were Birchall's sentence commuted to imprisonment for life they will return to England, but they would like to go back without the horrible thoughts of the execution.

CANADIAN TRAGEDY RECALLED.

Similar Case in France With a Somewhat Different Ending.

BORDEAUX, Oct. 15.—The city is horrified to-day by a domestic tragedy, induced by one of the most revolting acts imaginable. A policeman named Pourquerett was shot yesterday by his own daughter, aged 18. In order to spare her mother's feelings the girl had kept her trouble secret and tried in every way to avoid going into her father's presence. At 6 o'clock Pourquerett renewed his attempt. A terrible struggle ensued, and the girl managed to reach a loaded revolver which was hanging with some other weapons on the wall of the room. Then she turned and fired it point-blank at her father, who fell dead on the spot, the bullet having passed through his temple. Later on the girl went to the police station and gave a full account of the affair. As soon as the news leaked out the people almost went wild with rage and horror, and strategy had to be resorted to by the authorities in order to convey the body to the morgue without its being attacked.

Three or four years ago a wealthy miller of Aylmer, Ont., named George Goodfallow, was accused by his 16-year-old daughter of the same horrible crime. Goodfallow, who was one of the most prominent citizens of the town, was arrested, and asked permission to enter his house for a few moments. His request was granted, and entering the parlor he picked up a revolver which he had placed on the piano in readiness and blew his brains out, dying instantly. He left an estate valued at $37,000.

Chew Adams' Tutti Frutti Gum and induce the flow of saliva. 5 cents.

Toothache is cured instantly by using Gibbons' Toothache Gum. 246

Erie Railway's Cheap Excursion to New York and Return for $5 October 18th.

The Erie Railway is offering the cheapest excursion ever made from Suspension Bridge to New York and return, round trip tickets being only $5, good on all regular through trains on the above date. Do not miss this opportunity. For full particulars apply to S. J. Sharp, Canadian Passenger Agent, 19 Wellington-street east.

How to cure Indigestion—chew Adams Tutti Frutti Gum, 5 cents.

Ho! For California!

Persons intending to go to California or points on the Pacific Coast this autumn should write to Mr. A. Sutherland, 34 King-street east, for information regarding the coming cheap excursion to any point on the coast.

Hot Air Furnaces; Steel Plate estimates given; satisfaction guaranteed. Wheeler & Bain, King east.

THE ST. CATHARINES ABSCONDER.

How Macrae Hoodwinked the Directors—Took $6000 the Last Day.

ST. CATHARINES, Oct. 15.—Further particulars of the Macrae defalcations show that Macrae asked permission to go away on Wednesday of last week, giving as a reason that he wanted to attend the wedding of a friend in Niagara. It appears that he had on that day and during the fore part of the week drawn about $6000 out of the bank and had changed $1000 of this amount into American currency in another bank in the city. That is the last that has been seen of him. The first knowledge the directors had that anything was wrong was on Sunday, when Mr. Macrae's brother-in-law from Toronto came over bearing a letter from Mr. Macrae stating that his accounts were short and he was afraid to meet the board. The letter was postmarked Washington, D.C., but it had evidently been sent there to be mailed as a blind. Enquiry was made at Hunt's ticket office and it was found that a ticket for Mexico had been purchased by a woman about ten days ago. The defalcations were made possible without detection by the manipulation of mortgages.

O'BRIEN TELLS THE STORY

Of the Escape of Dillon and Himself from Ireland—Armenians Tortured to Death by Turks.

DUBLIN, Oct. 15.—The United Ireland prints an account of the escape of Messrs. Dillon and O'Brien, written by O'Brien himself. O'Brien says: "We rowed from Dalkey Wednesday night to a yacht two miles off. Not an enemy was in sight. Next day found us 90 miles away toward the coast. Friday and Saturday we had a dead calm. On Sunday morning we sighted Land's End, when the wind again fell. A Trinity House cutter passed quite close to us and the crew of the Royal Adelaide off Falmouth actually exchanged greetings with our sailors. A Dublin steamer also passed close to us. A heavy fog buried us from sight Sunday night, four steamers blowing fog horns around us during the night. We cleared the Lizard in the morning and darted across for the French coast to outtrick British shipping. We were becalmed again on Monday, and were obliged to beat up the channel. A brisk gale sprang up Monday night in which the yacht behaved magnificently. While passing Guernsey after midnight we were apparently pursued by a revenue cutter, which, however, was unable to weather the gale and abandoned the chase. In the morning we were running free before the wind for Cherbourg, where we landed at 11 o'clock. We had reached our last day's supply of fresh water. All the arrangements worked perfectly, thanks to the prominent Dublin citizens who superintended them, and we had unparalleled good luck.

Mrs. O'Brien left Dublin this evening to join her husband.

PORTUGAL AND ENGLAND.

The New Portuguese Prime Minister Outlines His Policy.

LISBON, Oct. 15.—In the Cortes to-day in the presence of all the ministers, Senhor Sousa, the new Prime Minister, read a statement of his proposed policy. He said he was unable to recommend the sanction of the convention with England, but did not desire to prevent the execution of the clauses already sanctioned. The Government identified itself with the national sentiment on this question and would willingly accept modifications which, while preserving the dignity and interests of the nation, would facilitate restoration of harmony with our old ally, but he feared if the Zambesi reports were true it would be harder than ever to arrive at an equitable agreement, which Portugal always sincerely desired. The nation's credit has been attacked by private interests, but not shaken. The Government would devote itself to economical measures in order to reduce the national expenses. The Premier asked Parliament to sink political passions and give the Government the support it needed on these two important subjects.

Tortured by the Turks.

VIENNA, Oct. 16.—A despatch from Constantinople states that arrests of Armenians are still being made, and many of those who have been taken into custody have been shockingly maltreated and tortured. Among other cruelties to which the prisoners have been subjected is the withholding from them of all food. They have also been deprived of sleep. Persons suspected of disloyalty are arrested upon information lodged against them by any spy. The Armenian recently arrested for attempting to murder an archpriest in the Koom Kapou quarter of Constantinople was to-day found dead in his cell. It is alleged his death was the direct result of tortures inflicted upon him. The officials at Van, Armenia, are still arming the Turks, and outrages upon the Armenians there are of frequent occurrence.

A Clergyman's Great Affliction.

ST. JOHN, Oct. 15.—Some two years ago Rev. J. Embree, a Methodist clergyman, was transferred from the Newfoundland conference to this province and was stationed in Albert county. A year ago his wife died. Recently diphtheria broke out in his household, his five children and servant girl all being stricken. Finally Mr. Embree was himself attacked with the disease, and word comes to-day of his death last evening. The orphan children are still down but may recover.

A Great Advance in Sealskins.

Every report from across the ocean points to a still further advance in the price of sealskins, and if they continue to go higher the next season's supply will be outside the reach of the masses of our citizens. Now is the time to buy. Dineen announces seal garments at the closest possible prices for cash while the supply of seals that is on hand will last. Dineens' store is on corner of King and Yonge-streets.

New and novel. The latest "fad" for young men. We have just placed into stock 500 nobby tweed suits. The styles of the coats are the new double-breasted sack. Every young man in Toronto should see them. Prices from $10 to $15. The Model Clothing Store, 219 and 221 Yonge-street, corner Shuter-street.

The Nobbiest Yet. 246

In felt hats opened to-day at Grant & Co.'s, 77 King-street east, direct from London, Eng., two new shapes superior in style and in quality equal to a Tress hat; prices moderate. The latest styles constantly arriving. We are showing a complete stock of fine furs. Sealskin garments a specialty. Seeus.

Just as the express train of to-day surpasses the old mode of traveling, so also does the Compound Investment Plan of The North American Life Assurance Company surpass the old plans of insurance. Ordinary life plans are beneficial, but the most advantageous form of policy is that in which the payments are limited to a specified term and where, as in the Compound Investment Plan, you need not die to gain the benefit. 246

The Sheffield House Importing Company (Registered),

65 Yonge-street (below King.) Just to hand new English goods, suitable for wedding present, at wholesale prices. C. E. Robinson, Manager.

Leader 25 Lane.

Complicated and intricate watch adjusting my forte. E. A. Beeton, high grade watch specialist. 246

Personal Mention.

Mr. Nicholas Awrey, M.L.A., is at the Rossin.

Mr. R. A. Lyon, registrar for Algoma, is at the Walker.

Mr. Robert Quinn, general freight agent of the western division of the G. T. R., was presented with a gold watch and chain by a number of Hamilton merchants Tuesday, on his leaving for England to accept a position in the general European agency of the Grand Trunk.

Count Yves de Roffignac, director of the Rolandrie Company, was married last week to Miss Germanie de Salbaing de Boissieu, daughter of Baron de Boissieu, president of the Company, at the church of L'Assomption, Paris. Count and Countess de Roffignac left on Saturday by the steamer Champagne for Canada.—Canadian Gazette.

BURSAR TRACY RESIGNS

After Holding His Snug Position at the Asylum for 14 Years.

Mr. Thomas Tracy, bursar of the Toronto Asylum for the Insane, has resigned his position, it is said, on the score of ill-health. Mr. Tracy has been in possession for the last 14 years, at a salary of $1400 a year and the usual pickings of such an office. He did all the buying of supplies for the institution. Of late he has been complaining of ill-health, and his friends say that he proposes to travel in order to improve it.

Already the members of the Government are being besieged by applicants for the plum, which on the principle of "plenty of pay and little to do," is a peculiarly desirable one.

A rumor went around last night that Mr. Angus McKenzie, the storekeeper at the asylum, was the successor to Mr. Tracy and that a Mr. Kidd, formerly of Upper Canada College, was to succeed Mr. McKenzie.

AN EASY DAY FOR THE ACCUSED.

John Byron Acquitted on the Charge of Manslaughter—Other Criminal Proceedings Fall Through.

"NOT GUILTY."

This was the verdict returned yesterday at the assizes in the second trial of John Byron, charged with manslaughter, as the result of the death of John Wade at Mimico last March. The prisoner was returning on a Saturday night from Toronto to Mimico in company with the deceased and several other mechanics. Both men were intoxicated and a quarrel took place between them. As a result blows were exchanged. Byron used a knife, it was said, and wounded Wade fatally. Mr. W. R. Riddell, Q.C., of Cobourg, conducted the prosecution and Mr. James A. Macdonald appeared for the prisoner, handling the case very ably. The greatest interest was manifested in the trial, several prominent residents from St. Catharines, where Byron formerly resided, being among the audience in the court room.

One of the first witnesses called was Edmund Briaris, whose evidence went to show that deceased was of a quarrelsome disposition. He wanted to fight with Byron. He had seen no knife in the prisoner's hand.

Robert Kemp said he had seen the prisoner strike Wade with a knife. Coroner Lynd, Dr. Oliver, Richard Deacon and others also gave evidence.

George Duncan, W. J. Smith and others were called as witnesses for the defence. They testified as to the character of the prisoner. The counsel then addressed the jury, who remained out only five minutes and returned with a verdict of acquittal.

His Lordship, in discharging Byron, hoped that his experience would be a warning to him in future to abstain from liquor drinking. The verdict was at once telegraphed to Byron's friends at St. Catharines.

The next case taken up was that of John J. Neil, the photographer, who was charged with having committed an aggravated assault upon Mary Jane Taylor on the evening of Aug. 27 last in his photograph gallery in North Toronto. Mr. J. G. Holmes defended the prisoner. The girl was put in the box, and she described having gone to Neil's studio on the night in question to have her picture taken. She remained there until nearly 7 p.m. When she was leaving she said Neil caught her by the arm and at the same time locked the door. After the alleged perpetration of the outrage she went home and complained to her mistress, Mrs. Hastings of Deer Park.

At this stage of the proceedings Mr. Holmes questioned her and established pretty conclusively that she had met one, Peter Johnston, on the way, in whose company she remained for some time and to whom she made no mention of the crime charged against the prisoner.

His Lordship pointed out that corroborative evidence was required to establish the girl's statement, and the jury, without leaving the court room, returned a verdict of not guilty.

Some surprise was expressed when "no bill" was returned by the Grand Jury in the case of Isabella MacMillan Stewart. She was charged with manslaughter in practising the Christian scientist method of treatment on the late John Kent.

No bill was also returned in the case of Thomas Tait, superintendent of the C.P.R., on the charge of manslaughter in connection with the Brock-avenue fatality.

True bills were returned against Andrew Cameron McRae, forgery; James Beatty and Alfred Gordon, obstructing the police.

The Young Conservatives' Election.

The Young Conservatives Club will elect their officers on Monday evening next at Victoria Hall. To afford the members every facility for voting the routine of the club will be begun at 7 o'clock instead of 8. Polling will commence at 7½ and close at 11. Complete arrangements will be made at a meeting of the executive to be held at the president's office on Saturday at 3 p.m.

Did Not Want to be Reformed.

Ald. E. A. Macdonald made another bold break yesterday to have his scheme of civic reform discussed. At 3 o'clock, the hour of meeting, there were only present: Ald. E. A. Macdonald, Carlyle (St. Thos.), Leslie, Lindsey, Hallam, which of course was not a quorum. Ald. Hallam opined from the little interest shown by the aldermen in the matter that they did not want to be reformed.

Unplucked Plums.

	Worth per Annum.
Collectorship of Customs, Toronto	$4000 00
Shrievalty of Simcoe	7006 24
Registrarship of Lambton	8574 10
Registrarship of Frontenac	2474 83
Registrarship of East Middlesex	5392 40
Clerk of Process, Osgoode Hall	2500 00

Masonic Items.

The members of the Order of St. John and Malta met last night in Richmond Hall to witness the installation of Grand Prior Thomas Bowley. Members of St. John, Beaver, St. Elmo and Constantine encampments attended. The drill corps took part in the ceremonies, which were conducted by Sir Knight J. A. Cowan, G.C.G. Chapter General of America.

Occident Lodge, A.F. & A.M., 346 G.R.C., met in Occident Hall last night. Bro. George Tait delivered a lecture on "The Symbolism of Masonry in the Third Degree." Bro. George J. Bennett, D.D.G.M., paid the lodge an official visit.

The Dead.

Michael Conway, superintendent of the Lachine Canal, dropped dead last night.

Robert Thompson of Lynden, brother-in-law of Robert Christie, inspector of prisons, died Monday.

P. G. Murphy, commercial agent of the Nickle Plate Railway at Buffalo, and formerly of Hamilton, died in Buffalo yesterday.

James Miller, a prominent Liberal of Grenville and ex-reeve of Edwardsburgh township, died at Spencerville Tuesday. In 1882 he contested the South Riding of Grenville in the Liberal interest against the late W. T. Benson of Cardinal, but was unsuccessful.

Little Neck Clams on half shell. McConkey's Restaurant, 29 King-st. west.

MARRIAGES.

GREGORY-PATTULLO — At St. James'-square Presbyterian Church, Toronto, on Wednesday, the 15th October, 1890, by the Rev. S. H. Kellogg, D.D., assisted by William Wetherall, minister of the Society of Friends, Walter Dymond Gregory, barrister-at-law, to Mary Frances, eldest daughter of Dr. Pattullo, all of Toronto.

CAMPBELL—PARKER—At the Collier-street Methodist Church, Barrie, on the 15th inst., by the father of the bride, assisted by Rev. T. W. Campbell, cousin of the groom, George C. Campbell, barrister-at-law of Toronto, to Florence, only daughter of Rev. Dr. Parker, formerly of Toronto.

O'LOUGHLIN-MERRICK—At Athens, Ont., on Wednesday, Oct. 15, 1890, by the Rev. William Wright, rector of Christ Church, Henry O'Loughlin, coal merchant, St. Catharines, to Gertrude, third daughter of W. R. Merrick of Merrickville, Ont.

DEATHS.

O'CONNOR—At his residence, corner Simcoe and Adelaide-streets, John J. O'Connor in his 39th year.

Funeral on Friday, 17th inst., at 2½ p.m. Friends will please accept this intimation.

Voice culture—Adams' Tutti Frutti Gum improves the voice, 5 cents.

AT LEAST 25 LIVES LOST.

ANOTHER DISASTROUS HOTEL FIRE AT SYRACUSE.

The Leland House, the Largest in New York, in Flames—The Ropes on Which Guests were Being Lowered Become Ignited and Their Occupants are Dashed to Death Below.

SYRACUSE, Oct. 16.—What proved to be the most disastrous fire that has visited Syracuse for many years was discovered in the Leland Hotel at 12½ this morning.

It is now 2 o'clock and the fire is still burning fiercely, though the entire fire department, consisting of nine engines, are working hard to save further loss of life and limb.

An eye-witness of the fire says he is positive that at least 25 persons have lost their lives and many more have been more or less injured.

One woman was being lowered from a window by the aid of a rope. She had reached a point opposite the third story, when the rope became ignited from a burning sill, the rope parted and the woman fell to the pavement, her brains being dashed out and her body flattened into a shapeless mass.

So great is the confusion and excitement that the identity of those killed and injured is wholly unknown.

Undertakers' ambulances are flying in all directions, and the streets in the neighborhood of the ill-fated hotel are thronged with excited crowds of people.

ALMOST CUT HIS HEAD OFF.

Sensational Suicide of a Man Whose Life Was Insured.

BARRIE, Oct. 15.—Monday morning David Cochrane, aged 70, of Midhurst, near here, left home immediately after breakfast to dig potatoes in a field. At noon he did not return when expected and a search was afterwards instituted with the result that his remains were found in a fence corner with the throat cut so deeply that the head was almost severed from the body. He was an intelligent and well-read man and formerly lived at Copetown, near Hamilton. There is no suspicion of foul play but that the old man took his own life while laboring under temporary insanity. His life was insured. The affair caused a sensation in the neighborhood.

Selected the Rope Route.

HAMILTON, Oct. 15.—Shortly after 7 o'clock last evening the caretaker at No. 3 police station, happening to look through one of the ground floor cell windows, discovered the inmate suspended from the top of the bars on the door and entering found Tom Lanning, a big, powerful man, 50 years of age, slowly strangling to death, his legs on the floor. Around his neck were the sleeves of an undershirt, and the body of the shirt was fastened in the spikes at the top of the door. He was cut down and resuscitated.

STREET NOMENCLATURE.

Recommendations Decided on by the B. of W. Sub-Committee.

The street-naming sub-committee of the Board of Works met yesterday. There were present Ald. George Verral (chairman), Peter Macdonald, Bell and Street Commissioner Jones. Ald. Bailey appeared to press the committee to declare the line of street from Yonge westerly to the Junction, running south of the C.P. track, to be known as "Dupont-street" all through, instead of as now only the easterly portion. This would necessitate the suppression of the names "Melville-avenue" and "Van Horne-street." The committee adopted the suggestion. It was also resolved to call Booth-avenue "Blong-avenue," Bear-street "Albion-street," Centre-street "Auburn-avenue." The committee will meet again before arriving at a final decision.

THREE AND A HALF MILLIONS.

The John Crerar Bequest and Toronto Claimants.

Considerable excitement has been occasioned in the neighborhood of Stratford, owing to the claims of several persons to be heirs of the late John Crerar of Chicago, who died worth $3,500,000. It is alleged, however, that all these Stratford claimants are relatives on the male side, whereas the bequests were to relatives on Mrs. Crerar's side.

There are in this city a number of claimants on the maternal side. They claim:

1. That the deceased's bequests were made to the living relatives of his mother.

2. That the relatives on the paternal side are threatening to set aside the will on account of their being unmentioned therein.

3. That a great number of legal claimants to the Crerar fortune belong to the Andersons of Toronto. They are: Mrs. Janet Anderson, a first cousin of the deceased; her sons, James of Cumberland-street, Alexander of McCaul-street; John and Duncan, grocers, Queen-street west, together with Peter and Donald, who live in Mariposa township, and the family of the late Peter Anderson, another first cousin. Members of this family are M. N. Anderson, employed at R. Walker & Sons, and D. R. Anderson, barrister, Lindsay.

The estate is large, so is the number of claimants, and great will be the litigation ere the millions find their way to the legatees intended.

A Good Deal for Three Cents.

The contents of this week's Canadian Advance are quite varied. "Aunt Margaret" tells of a visit to the Infants' Home. F. Y. gives a column of "Emersonia." "Rambler" talks of many things. Sunday school workers will prize Hon. S. H. Blake's talk on next Sunday's lesson. A column of "Gems from a recent sermon of Rev. John McNeil" is more than interesting. The curious will read with avidity a paper on "Illusions of Great Men." Dr. Wild's sermon, which appears verbatim, everybody wants to read. Subject: "Did the Sun and Moon Stand Still for Joshua?" Add to all this the editorial and miscellaneous pages and one gets a readable paper. Three cents a copy. All newsdealers. Trial trip, 4 months 25 cents; from date until Jan. 1, 1892, for $1; add another 12 cents and you get Dr. Wild's wonderful book, "How and When the World Will End," over 400 pages, with steel portrait of the author. Office, 48 Yonge-street Arcade, Toronto.

The Ticket Agents to Meet and Dine.

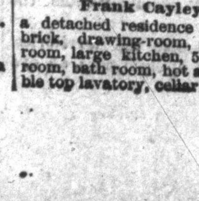
The Canadian Ticket Agents' Association will hold their annual convention at the Queen's Hotel to-day. This evening their second annual banquet will take place at the Walker House. The president is Mr. P. J. Slatter, city passenger agent of the Grand Trunk, and the Secretary-treasurer Mr. Edela Hook of London. A number of the gentlemen who will attend the meeting arrived in the city last evening, and President Slatter was busy making their first night in Toronto pleasant.

He Has Followed His Wife.

John O'Connor, proprietor of the O'Connor House, Simcoe and Adelaide-streets, and brother of Oarsman William O'Connor, died yesterday afternoon of inflammation of the lungs, after an illness of two weeks. Deceased's wife preceded him to the grave last spring. Three children, two girls and a boy, compose the orphans left behind. At present they are in Loretto Convent.

A Grave-Digger Gone Mad.

Richard Teskey of No. 9 Alexander-street, grave-digger in St. James' Cemetery, was seized with acute mania yesterday afternoon and arrested on a warrant charging him with insanity. His wife had him incarcerated, as his peculiar actions made her fear for her life.



Rain To-day.

Moderate to fresh winds, fair, followed by cloudy weather and local rains.

TEMPERATURES.

Minnedosa, 30, 36; Port Arthur 30, 50; Toronto 41, 64; Kingston 30, 60; Montreal 42, 54; Quebec 38, 50; Halifax 38, 46. No reports have been received west of Manitoba.

Frank Cayley Offers for Sale

a detached residence on McCaul-street, 2-story brick, drawing-room, dining-room, breakfast-room, large kitchen, 5 bedrooms and dressing room, bath room, hot and cold water, w.c., marble top lavatory, cellar with concrete floor.