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THURSDAY MORNING, SEPT. 24, 1885.

Another Berlin Congress Probable.

As The World surmised would be the case at the outset, the possibilities of the Roumelian rising grow in importance day by day. Taken as an isolated fact the revolution would in itself be a matter of little interest to the outside world, but because it is an acorn from which an overshadowing oak may grow, the people and the newspapers of two continents find it one of the most attractive topics of the hour. The christians generally, but more especially the Greek christians of the earth, sympathise with the revolutionists upon religious grounds, without much regard to the political issues involved, but diplomacy knows no creed. The diplomat will back the Turk or the heathen against his own coreligionists any day when political exigencies demand such a course. From such motives christian powers have held a shield between the sultan and his christian foes these many years. In this lies his only hope of passing through the present crisis without the loss of one or more of his European provinces.

The despatches say that Turkey is mobilizing her forces, and is prepared to fight for the maintenance of the status quo. The Turkish soldier is no mean fighter when he has half a chance, and if he were backed by a solvent and honest government would give Russia all that she could do, provided the latter should take up the quarrel of the Bulgarians. But it does not appear probable that there will be much fighting. Austria repudiates all designs upon Bosnia, which signifies that Bismarck is not in the plot, if Austria be telling the truth. Bulgaria demands reference to the powers, and the secondary stage of the difficulty will probably develop an European congress, at which an attempt will be made to patch up the dislocated treaty of Berlin, from which Beaconsfield boasted that he had brought back peace with honor. He reaped the honor, but Europe is far from being assured of peace. Salisbury is not a Beaconsfield, and his position at home is so uncertain as to hamper his freedom of action abroad. Russia alone he could deal with, but should the suspicion prove well founded that Germany is a party to Russia's designs, there would be nothing for it but acquiescence in the inevitable. As usual, all eyes are upon Bismarck as the arbiter of peace or war, and until he shows his hand speculation upon the Roumelian question must remain more interesting than satisfying.

He Not Afraid.

Remarks upon the weak response to Mr. Edgar's appeal for a franchise fund, made by opposition members who accepted an additional sessional allowance, have moved the Globe to say that "there is no reason to suppose that this fund will not, in good time, become sufficiently large" for the work to be done. The chief organ further explains that "the treasurer has acknowledged several other contributions by letter, the persons subscribing in these cases not caring to be made a mark for the abuse and ribaldry of the tory papers." This will be great and gleeful news for the tory papers storesaid. They will revel in the idea that their opponents are afraid of them and ashamed of Mr Edgar's fund. Tickled by the Globe's extraordinary statement, their abuse will become more abusive and their ribaldry more ribald. We can hardly believe that there are reformers in this free country, and in this banner reform province of Ontario, who are afraid to have it known that they are subscribers to a perfectly legitimate fund in defence of their political rights, and yet their organ makes the statement, truthfully, we are bound to assume, that such is the fact, and makes it as though its friends' dread of criticism were the most natural thing in the world. Sir John A. Macdonald is not the czar, and the hard words of his organ can break no bones. They have been endured before, and can be endured again. The tories do not shrink from the abuse of the Globe, and he must be a very tender footed grit who hides from the jeers of the Mail. If any such grits there be, they may rest assured that men so nervous and thin skinned can never hope to lead battalions to victory.

Montreal's Loss is Toronto's Gain.

Toronto, said a good authority yesterday, has added $4,000,000 to the volume of her trade this fall at the expense of Montreal. The reasons given are the presence of smallpox in that city, and the apparent determination of the majority of its inhabitants to drive the English out. There is no doubt about the fact that French influence and French methods are now ruling that town, and that the Lower Canadians would be better pleased with their absence than with the presence of those of English tongue.

Montreal's success is mainly due to English enterprise. Quebec is becoming more and more French; in the same ratio is her trade and influence decreasing. Does a like fate await Montreal? If the headquarters of the bank of Montreal and the Grand Trunk railway were to come to Toronto, as the latter is certainly bound to do before long, that city would experience a decided check. Her wholesale trade is being gradually taken by Toronto. The ready stream of Ontario money and Ontario trade hitherto has been the source of Montreal's greatness.

The Winnipeg Free Press is one of the gritiest grits that ever scratched gravel in the bottom lands of opposition, but it flouts the late young liberal convention in a way that the independent press has not attempted, nor the tory press surpassed. It alleges that the delegates have "created a feeling of disappointment" by doing what did not need doing. It was could hail hot over again. The Free Press advises the young liberals to "take a protracted rest, in the widest sense of that expressive word." Was it not enough that the party wire pullers should have choked off the independent delegates, and that the majority should have tamely submitted to manipulation, without the organs adding insult to injury?

It is officially announced that the newly Englishified Prince Henry of Battenburg has resigned his lieutenancy in the German army, the salary attached to which is twelve dollars per week. Some people never know when they have got a good thing, but then Henry is differently situated from most of us His royal mother-in-law has bought him his winter's coal and guaranteed his credit at the nearest grocery.

The London World learns with much surprise that "Lord Errington is desirous that the press should abstain from commenting upon the doings of his hounds." So far as this journal is concerned his wishes will be scrupulously observed provided the hounds are of the same opinion as his lordship. It is to be hoped that the English editors will consult them as the parties most concerned. An aristocrat capable of preferring such a request would probably not see anything ridiculous in a convention of hounds to discuss his dogma.

London, Eng., has an incorporated association for the protection of butterflies, but the man who started a movement for the protection of London's little girls has been abused by a portion of the press, denounced in the clubs, and finally dragged before a police magistrate as defendant in a criminal action, the costs of which threaten him with financial ruin. When dogs, and cats, and butterflies are the objects of a more careful solicitude on the part of society than children, as they often are, it is no wonder that the crop of paupers and criminals is much larger than it ought to be.

A correspondent writes finding fault with the traveling of the Rev. R. T. Thornton, the English cricketer, from Philadelphia to New York on Sunday, and saying he wouldn't dare do the same in England. Perhaps our correspondent is an Englishman by birth. Perhaps he is on y one by sentiment. Whether either or neither, it is worth while directing his attention to the following extract from the Court Circular: "Sunday cricketing is spreading from Leicester, and is now practised in many places, the rectors thereof seeing no harm in it. Near Royal Windsor it is in full force on Sundays."

When the Scott act was rejected in Prince Edward county there were moralists of the compulsory school who regarded that county as given over to the sway of drunkards and criminals. The sequel shows how illogical they were, for Judge O'Connor has been presented with a pair of white gloves in Prince Edward county. He also found that there were but two cases upon the civil calendar. Had this good showing been made in a Scott act county, many morals would be drawn therefrom. Nevertheless the fact is very gratifying as it is.

The Hamilton Spectator is kind enough to tell The World what Messrs. Mowat and Fraser are going to do about the new parliament buildings. I says "they are going to Wait." This information will take a great weight off the public mind.

One cause of the esteem in which the Rev. D. J. Macdonnell is held by all classes, is his manliness. Canadians admire honest courage, be it physical or moral, and the latter is the higher type of the two. This courage Mr. Macdonnell possesses in an eminent degree, and it is none the less admirable because it is always displayed in moderation and with good temper. His public protest, through the columns of a contemporary, against the intolerance existing in certain quarters against every man who will not pronounce the shibboleth of the prohibitionists, voices the sentiments of many minds not so clear as his, it may be, but instinctively alive to the danger which threatens the mental and moral individuality of the citizen. Intolerance is always odious, even when its ostensible object is the good of the commonwealth. No bigot ever wielded his axe or lighted his torch in the bad days of old without professing to do so in the interest of church and state.

The Metropolitan Choir.

Editor World: I see they are discussing Metropolitan church choir matters in your paper, and I thought perhaps you would let me have my say, although I must admit I don't know so much about music as some people However I used to play the fiddle in our chapel in the old country. Now what I want to know is this, why the parson tells the people what anthem the choir are going to sing; since we all know beforehand that it will be one of the five they have been singing the last six years to my knowledge, and we all know them by heart. OLD COUNTRYMAN.

The Junk Sewer.

Editor World: My last letter on this subject seems to have given considerable trouble to the proposers of the Esplanade junk sewer. A few questions eminently practical in their nature, but yet not beyond the scope of any person who should assume to direct the further progress of the city in sanitary matters, either remain as yet unanswered, or have been answered in such a manner as to prove the Esplanade scheme totally impracticable. The economic side of the question has already vanished in *tenues auras.* Mr. Phipps does not even refer to it in his last letter. I have invited him to a very frugal feast of figures, but he has no stomach for so plain a diet. Everything is as yet indefinite. A commissioner with dictatorial powers should be at once appointed. He should order levels to be taken and profiles to be prepared. But have we not a more accurate profile now than can be prepared? We have the Esplanade before us and the level water beside it. One can easily determine where the sewer will have to go. He has granted that most of it will probably have to go below water level. Then we must build our sewer in water and on "made ground," composed to a large extent of refuse. Is Mr. Phipps prepared to ask the citizens to incur the enormous expense that will thus be inevitable when a much more economical and satisfactory plan is available? The question can be put in a nutshell: We wish to carry to the Don or beyond it a daily flow of fifteen or twenty million gallons of sewage. Shall we turn it along Front street and let it flow naturally in an ordinary and therefore cheap sewer; or shall we let it run down below water level, build a huge and expensive tank sewer and pump it up again to get the necessary fall. That is the vital point in the discussion. The assertion that the Front street line will require three pumping stations is unsupported by a single word of argument, and is besides simple nonsense.

I am asked to look as did Janus of old both at the past and the future. For the past we have plain facts and therefore can disagree but little; in forecasting the future we may not be so much in accord. The Esplanade of the future does not appear to me so formidable as to Mr. Phipps. I expect to see some factories perhaps, but not enough to warrant a huge expenditure on a sewer at present. We will still have some coal docks—more probably than we have now—not requiring sewerage. Elevators will probably not decrease in numbers and they do not need sewers. Stone yards, machine shops and the like will probably not be banished entirely. Supposing the rest of the place to be filled with factories of different kinds we would be reasonable in assuming that only a small proportion of them would belch forth injurious substances, and these substances would probably be more injurious to the fish in the bay than to human beings. George Stephenson once said: "It would be unco bad for the cow," if one should happen to be on his railway when a train was approaching. So the bay might be disagreeable to a random fish or two but not otherwise very injurious. The fish can retire.

But large factories will probably require more yard accommodation than the Esplanade will be able to afford, and more facilities in the way of switches from the railways than will be possible, for our proposed Esplanade street is to be built purposely to avoid the railways. They will probably be built in less crowded localities such as Parkdale and West Toronto junction—where they can get switches into their yards without trouble. The idea that Toronto can expand only to the southward seems to me rather a strange one, in view of the new railway facilities afforded on the north and northwest.

If it appeared that I had left Parkdale out of the Front street scheme, it was in appearance only, as I have been engaged on the Parkdale public works for the past year, and can therefore claim some knowledge of its sewerage. The lower part of the new southwestern system now under contract—itself in reality an intercepting sewer—will form the extreme western end of the line extending to the western boundary of Parkdale, and then northward up Roncesvalles avenue as far as it may please the city to extend. Join also the Dufferin street line and the whole of Parkdale will be drained by the trunk sewer.

With such considerations to influence me, I cannot but repeat (not oracularly, if Mr. Phipps will permit me to say it) yours is a very glowing scheme, sir; but I am persuaded that the actual conditions will never permit its realization."

A few words as to Mr. Houston's letter. According to him a sewer is a sewer the world over and therefore costs the same whether it is built in water on the windmill line, in mud, or on solid ground. The Don too is a most peculiar river as to its surroundings. The farmyards upon a thousand hills are its heritage we are told. To be moreaccurate less than four hundred farms line its banks, tributaries and all. Still, such rivers often afford the only water supply of very large cities. The great city of London is a case in point. Mr. Houston has evidently left the beneficial effects of filtration out of account. The Don is certainly a muddy river, but the most is no danger to the city. It is not a vital point in the discussion, but I do not understand he specially destructive action of easterly storms. Perhaps the idea is a clever inference from Horace's wish that the east wind would destroy a disagreeable acquaintance.

Olcastum Maevium—"stinking Maevius"—
Niger rudentes Eurus inverso mari.
Fractoque remos differat.

With the head meteorological office of the dominion in our midst we could be sure of a supply of easterly storms whenever needed. JAS. MCDOUGALL.

A Sure Indication

—Whenever there are festering sores, blotches, pimples and boils appearing, it indicates an extremely bad condition of the blood which should be speedily cleansed by that best of all medicines, Burdock Blood Bitters. 246

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

WEDNESDAY, Sept. 23.

The sales at the morning session of the stock exchange were: 10 Federal at 96½, 10 Standard (reported) at 116, 10 Canada Landed Credit (new stock) at 115, 10 Imperial S. and Invest. at 111½. At the afternoon board: 1 Federal sold at 96½, 4 at 96¼, 8 Canada Permanent (new stock) at 196½.

Canadian Pacific shares in London closed ⅛ lower at 46⅞

Posted asking rates of sterling exchange in New York advanced ½ to $4.86½ and $4.84½.

The shipments in fruit were not so large to day, and prices remained unchanged at Lumbers' auction.

The New York stock market was stronger at the opening, especially the trunk lines, on the advance of west-bound rates to take effect on Oct. 5. There was some reaction during the day, Western Union being rather weak, but the general closing was firm. New York Central opened ⅛ higher at 98⅞, touched 99½ and 98½, closed 98⅞; sales 13,900. Lackawanna opened ⅜ higher at 102½, touched 102¾ and 101½, closed 101⅞; sales 25,600. Lake Shore opened ⅜ higher at 72½, touched 72⅞ and 71½, closed 72; sales 49,900. Northwest opened ¼ higher at 98 touched 98½ and 97½, closed 97⅞; sales 8200. St. Paul opened ⅜ higher at 80, touched 80½ and 79½, closed 80⅛; sales 27,000. Western Union opened ⅛ lower at 68½, touched 68⅞, broke to 67½, closed 67⅝; sales 26 900 Canadian Pacific sold for 200 shares at 45½.

Oil City—Petroleum opened 100½, closed 100⅜ bid, highest 100⅞, lowest 100½.

Cox & Co.'s advices from Chicago were: "Wheat two cents off from opening. Longs generally free sellers—later cables reporting better feeling in foreign securities and easier tone in wheat. Ream and some other local operators taking on some wheat again at decline, but without more excitement in foreign news may get further set-back, but favor buying on all sharp breaks, as country speculation increasing and several large local traders will lead that side on every favorable opportunity. The most unfavorable feature is the entire absence of export business. Corn steady and dull. Cooler weather prevents crowd raiding the market. Provisions featureless. Seventy-five cars wheat, 410 corn, 190 oats to-morrow.—FLEMING & BOYDEN.

Local street prices: Wheat 79c to 81c for fall and spring, 69c to 70c for goose. Barley 50c to 57c. Oats brought 35c to 38c. Peas 64c. Rye 67c. Hay—Timothy, per ton, $13 to $14. Straw $10 to $11, and wanted. St. Lawrence market: Beef, roast, 12½c to 14c, sirloin steak 12½c to 14c, round steak 12½c to 13c, mutton, legs and chops, 12½ to 15c, inferior cuts 7c to 8c, lamb, per pound, 12½c to 15c, lamb chops 12½c to 16c, veal, best joints 12½c to 15c, cutlets 15c to 16c, inferior cuts 8c to 10c, pork, chop and roasts, 10c to 12½c, butter, pound rolls, 21c to 24c, cooking 12c to 14c, lard 9c to 12c, cheese 8c to 12c, bacon 10c to 12c, eggs, fresh, 17c to 19c, cooking 13c to 14c, turkeys 75c to $2 spring chickens 45c to 70c per pair, ducks 50c to 60c; hogs are selling at $6 to $6 75, forequarters of beef bring from $3.50 to $5, hindquarters from $8 to $9. Mutton sells at $6.50 to $7.50 per cwt. Spring lamb, per pound, 7c to 9c. New potatoes, per bag, 45c to 50c. Apples, per bag, windfalls, 75c to $1; per barrel, hand picked: $1 50 to $2.

Toronto Stock Exchange—Closing Prices.

Bank of Montreal 200½, 200; Ontario 108½, 107½; Toronto 186½, 186¼; Merchants 115½, 114½; Commerce 126½ 125⅞; Imperial 127, 125½; Federal 96½ 96; Dominion, 203, 201½; Standard 116½, 115½; Hamilton, buyers 125⅞; British America 74½, 70; Western Assurance 98⅜, 97½; Consumers' Gas, 164, 161; Dominion Telegraph 89, 88½; Northwest Land 42, 41; Canada Permanent 203 201½; Freehold, buyers 106½; Western Canada, buyers 90; Canada Landed Credit 125, 123½; B. and Loan Association, buyers 105½; Farmers' Loan and Savings 115, 114; Lon. and Can. L. and A. 142, 140½; National Investment, sellers 102; Huron and Erie, buyers 160; Dom. Savings and Loan, sellers 114½; Ontario Loan and Deb. buyers 124; Hamilton Provident, buyers 127.

Montreal Stock Exchange—Closing Prices.

Bank of Montreal, 201, 200½; Ontario 108¾, 107⅞; Molsons 121, 118½; Toronto 187, 185; Merchants' 115, 114½; Commerce 127, 125½; Federal, offered, 97½; C. P. R. offered 46½; Montreal Telegraph Co., 127, 126; Richelieu, xd, 55, 54½; Passenger 112¾, 112½; Gas 189½, 189, xd, 184, 183½; Can. Cotton 50, 40; N. W. Land 43s, 39s.

SALES—Morning: 50 Montreal Telegraph Co., xd, 126½; 100 Richelieu 57½ 75 xd. at 54½; 25 City Passenger at 113, 325 at 112, 25 at 111¾, 75 at 112¼, 50 at 111½. Afternoon: 10 Bank of Montreal at 200½; 25 Ontario at 108; 33 Montreal Telegraph Co. at 126½, 125 at 126½; 50 Richelieu, xd, 54½, 75 at 55, 50 at 55½, 25 at 54¾; 10 City Passenger at 113¼, 175 at 112½; 75 Gas at 189½, 25 at 189.

Grain and Produce Markets by Telegraph.

NEW YORK, Sept. 23.—Cotton steady and unchanged. Flour—Receipts 22,800 bbls.; firm, but without important change; sales 14,500 bbls. Rye flour firmer; superfine $3 to $3.40. Cornmeal steady; yellow western $3 to $3.30. Wheat—Receipts 78,000 bush, exports 38,000 bush; cash firm, options opened ⅛c to ¼c higher, later ruled easier and declined ⅛c to 2c, closing stronger with a reaction of ⅛c to 1c; sales 9,192,000 bush future, 156,000 bush spot; No. 2 Chicago 90c, uncraded red 82½c to 92c, No. 2 red 96c for elevator, 97½c afloat. No 1 white 95c, No. 2 red October 96½c to 97⅛c, closing 97c; Nov. 97⅛c to 99⅛c, closing 98½c. Rye dull and nominal. Barley and malt steady. Corn—Receipts 170,600 bush.; spot lots ⅛c lower, options steady; exports 85,800 bush.; sales 808,000 bush. future, 349,000 bush. spot; unraated 48c to 50c, No. 2 48½c to 48¾c elevator, 48½c to 49½c afloat, No. 2 October 48½c to 49½c, closing 48¾; November 48½c to 49½c, closing 48½c. Oats—Receipts 119,700 bush., lower; sales 445,000 bush. future, 160,000 bush. spot; No. 2 24½c to 29½c elevator, 30½c afloat, old No. 2 31½c, mixed western 27c to 32c, white do. 33c to 41c, white state 33c to 49c No. 2 Sept. 29½c to 29¾c, Oct. 29½c to 29¾c. Hay firm, shipping 70c. Eggs firm. Canadian 19c to 19½c. Pork steady; mess $10 to $10.50. Beef dull, cut meats firm, pickled bellies 6½c pickled hams 10½c to 10¾c, shoulders 4½c to 4¾c, middles dull, long clear 6c. Lard lower, western steam spot $6.27½ to $6.30. Butter quiet. Cheese firm state 5½c to 8½c, western fl t 4½c to 8c.

CHICAGO, Sept. 23.—Flour firm and unchanged. Wheat opened very strong, 1½c to 1½c higher than yesterday, prices varying ⅛c to ⅛c in different portions of crowd; gradually fell back 2c to 2½c on free realizing, with some fl uctuations, and closed ⅛c under yesterday; sales ranged: September 84½c to 86½c, closed 84½c, October 85c to 87½c, closed 85c. November 87c to 89½c, closed 87c, May 96½c to 98½c, closed 96½c. No. 2 spring 84½c to 84½c, No. 2 red 88½c. Corn easy, ⅛c to ⅛c under yesterday; cash 42½c, September 42½c to 42¾c, closed 42½c; October 41½c to 41¾c, closed 41½ to 41½c, November 39½c to 40½c, closed 39½c. Oats firm; cash 25½c to 26c, September 25⅞c to 26c, October 25½c to 26⅛c. November 25½c to 25½c. Rye firm, No. 2 58c. Pork ruled firm early, 5c to 10c higher; reacted 30c to 35c, closing steady; cash $8.65 to $8.70, October $8.65 to $8.75, closed $8.65 to $8 67½. November closed $8.65 to $8.67½. Lard weak, 2½c to 5c lower; cash $6.15 to $6.17½, October $6.15 to $6.20, November $6.07½ to $6.10. Boxed meats steady; dr salted shoulders $5 75 to $5 87½, short rib sides $5.62½ to $5.65, short clear sides $6.10 to $6.15. Whisky quiet. Receipts—Flour 21,000 bbls., wheat 52,000 bush., corn 418,000 bush., oats 255,000 bush., rye 9,000 bush., barley 38,000 bush. Shipments—Flour 10,000 brls., wheat 77,000 bush., corn 267,000 bush., oats 153,000 bush., rye 7,000 bush., barley 12,000 bush. Afternoon board—Wheat firm ½ high r. Pork 2½c lower.

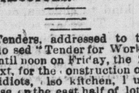
BERGHOHM'S DESPATCHES: London, Sept. 23.—Floating cargoes Wheat, enhanced pretensions, holders prevent business; maize nil. Cargoes on passage—Wheat, buyers and sellers apart, tending up; maize quiet. Mark Lane—Wheat and maize firm. Good cargoes red winter wheat off the coast 33s to 33s 6d, was 33s. London—Good shipping No. 1 California just shipped, etc., 37s, was 36s 6d; ditto nearly due 35s, was 35s; No. 2 red winter shipped the present and following month 34s was 33s 6d; ditto prompt 34s, was 37s 6d; mixed American maize prompt 21s 3d, was 21s. English country markets steady; French firm. Imports to the United Kingdom for the past week—Wheat, 275,000 to 280,000 quarters; maize, 95,000 to 100,000 quarters; flour 80 000 to 85 000 bbls. Liverpool—Spot wheat, firmer; maize, a turn dearer.

LIVERPOOL, Sept. 23.—Spring wheat, 6s 9d to 7s; red winter 6s 11d to 7s. No. 1 California, 7s 1d to 7s 4d. No. 2 California, 6s 8d to 7s. Corn 4s 7d. Peas 5s 11d. Pork 52s 6d. Lard 32s 9d. Bacon long clear, 30s 6d; short clear, 31s. Tallow 28s. Cheese 39s. Cotton, steady, Uplands, 5 7-16d; Orleans, 5¾d.

Fatal Attacks.

—Among the most prevalent fatal and sudden attacks of diseases, are those incident to the summer and fall, such as cholera morbus, bilious colic, diarrhœa, dysentery, etc., that often prove fatal in a few hours. That ever reliable remedy Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry, should be at hand, for use in emergency. 246

CHINA HALL,
49 King street east, Toronto.
SIGN OF THE BIG "JUG."
New Goods Arriving Every Day.
Breakfast Sets in China and Stoneware; Dinner Sets in China and Stoneware; Dessert Sets in Painted Landscapes, &c.; Tea and Coffee sets in great variety; Five O'Clock Tea Sets and Cups and Saucers; Ice Cream Sets and Fruit Sets; Porridge Bowls and Porridge Plates; Ornamental Goods, great variety; Silver plated Knives, Forks and Spoons; Silverplate Cruets and Butter Coolers; Rodgers Ivory-Handled Knives; and an endless variety of Goods; Hotel Goods of every description; Bar Fixings of every kind and shape. The store will be lighted every night during the Fair.
GLOVER HARRISON, Proprietor.



TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed Tenders, addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tender for Work," will be received until noon on Friday, the 2nd day of October next, for the construction of two cottages for idiots, also kitchen, laundry and boiler house, on the east half of lot No. 12, in the third concession of Orillia.

Plans and specifications can be seen at this Department and the Block Plan and Specifications at the Asylum for Idiots, Orillia, where forms of tenders can also be procured.

The *bona fide* signatures of two parties willing to become sureties to be attached to each tender.

Each tender must be accompanied by an accepted bank cheque, payable to the order of the Commissioner of Public Works for Ontario for the sum of three thousand dollars, which will be forfeited if the party tendering declines or fails to enter into a contract based upon such tender when called upon to do so. Where the party's tender is not accepted, the cheque will be returned.

The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any tender.

C. F. FRASER, *Commissioner.*
Department of Public Works for Ontario.
Toronto, September 8th, 1885. 216

Auction Sale of Timber Berths.

DEPARTMENT OF CROWN LANDS
(Woods and Forests Branch).
TORONTO, 10th August, 1885.

NOTICE is hereby given that certain territory on the North Shore of Lake Huron will be offered for sale by Public Auction, as timber berths, at the Department of Crown Lands, Toronto, on

Thursday, the Twenty Second Day of October next, at one o'clock p.m

T. B. PARDEE,
Commissioner.

NOTE.—Particulars as to locality and description of limits, area, etc., and terms and conditions of sale, will be furnished on application personally, or by letter to the Department of Crown Lands, where also maps of the territory can be obtained.

No unauthorized advertisement of the above will be paid for. 216

R. J. LICENCE,
PICTURE FRAMES.
The Cheapest Picture Framing Establishment in Toronto.
Frames for Oil Paintings, Water Colors, Engravings, etc.
Moulding for hang in Pictures and Decorating, furnished and put up.
No charge for putting up in the city.
All sizes and description of Mats made on the premises.
Old frames regilt and made equal to new.
Oil Paintings cleaned and renovated.
A CALL SOLICITED.
Manufactory and Warerooms— 14
31 ADELAIDE STREET WEST,
Between Bay and Yonge sts., south side.

VOLUNTEERS, ATTENTION!
Volunteers wishing to sell their
Government Scrip,
SHOULD APPLY TO
COX & CO.,
26 TORONTO STREET. tf

JOHN TEEVIN.

Having leased the shop lately occupied by Mr. James Thoma, Teevin on Magill street, am prepared to carry on as usual
Horse-Shoeing, Carriage Work & General Blacksmithing. 46
JOHN TEEVIN
NO. 38 AND 40 MAGILL STREET

CARRIAGES. CARRIAGES.
The largest assortment in the City to select from. At the Leading Styles in Fancy and Staple Carriages at prices that will astonish all who may call to see them at
WM. DIXON'S
53 and 55 Adelaide street west, next door to Grand's. 246

H. KOLISKY,
BOSTON TAILOR.
Silver Medal at Toronto Exh., 1884. $100 prize at Centennial Exh., Phil., 1876.
Gentlemen's clothes made to order in best style. Ladies' Jackets, Mantles and Ulsters in the latest styles, also Uniforms of all kinds. New stock of imported goods, comprising Scotch, English and French material. Over 50 patterns to choose from, and all kinds of Gents' furnishings. Clothes cleaned, repaired and dyed. 345
Old Clothes made equal to new.
One trial will convince the most sceptical.
490 Yonge Street, Toronto.

JURY & AMES,
Tailors, 83 Bay Street.
Have just opened their Imported Fall Stock of WORSTED TWEEDS and all kinds of Overcoating. First-class workmanship and goods at moderate prices. 246

WHY IS IT THAT
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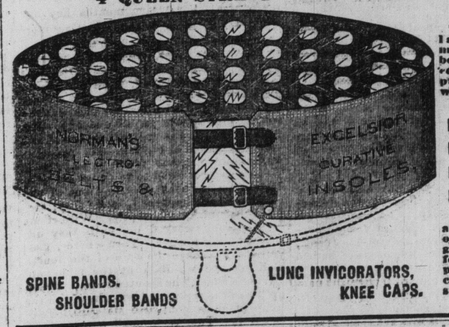

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