

# The Chatham Daily Planet.

VOL. X.

CHATHAM, ONT., THURSDAY, MARCH 14, 1901

NO. 79

Beginning  
March 12th,  
Ending  
March 16th.

## A Week of Linen Selling

Beginning  
March 12th,  
Ending  
March 16th

We think we can safely say that never in the dry goods history of Chatham was so many linens sold in two days as were sold yesterday and to-day over our linen counters. Every customer was pleased with the values we showed. Remember that you can buy linens cheaper this week than you could last week, or than you can next week. Bearing this in mind look carefully over your linen wants and come to see us.

### Table Linens

72 in. pure linen grass bleached double table damask, extraordinary value at..... 78c  
72 in. wide, pure linen grass bleached double table damask, special at..... 89c  
60 in. wide, pure linen unbleached table damask, special at this week..... 46c  
56 in. wide, union table damask, special this week at..... 25c  
72 in. wide, pure linen grass bleached table damask, one of our best qualities, very special this week at..... \$1.39

### Towels

We have recently made an extraordinary purchase of pure linen huck towels, full bleached, nicely fringed at both ends, full size 20 in. by 40 in., worth regular 25c each, we offer them during our linen sale this week at 39c per pair.

Linens are such staple every day goods that it is seldom you have an opportunity of buying them at such great reductions from regular values. You can buy them cheaper this week than next. Don't procrastinate.

THOMAS STONE & SON, Direct Importers of Irish Linens

## The House Furnishers

### IN A PARLOR

There's nothing that adds more to the appearance of the room than a suitable

## Parlor Suite

We have a lot of New Suites, Couches and Carpets, and they're the prettiest we've ever seen for the money.

Call and see our stock before buying.

## Hugh McDonald

The House Furnisher and Upholster Opp Garner House

Ha! = Ha!

WE HAVE THEM

### Gold Filled Spectacles

Guaranteed for five years, for 30 DAYS ONLY, at \$1.00 per pair.

Alumino for 75c per pair.  
Your eyes tested free of charge by first-class optician, the only one in the city holding a certificate, a graduate of Dr. Owen, of the United States. Call at the sign of the big clock.

A. A. Jordan, Sign of The Big Clock

## A Booklet About Pianos

We have printed an instructive little booklet about Pianos and our 20th Century Method of selling them. The booklet is free to anybody interested in buying a Piano.

If you are about to buy a Piano or if you have been THINKING about buying one, or if you want to exchange an old Piano or Organ in part payment for a new one, our booklet will give you more real information than any thing else we know of.

Our 20th Century Method is something new in selling Pianos. You'll like it because it's the fairest, most business-like method there is.

Call and get a copy of the booklet. If you can't call, send a postal request and we'll mail you one.

B J WALKER

Piano and Organ Dealer

62 Ouellette Avenue Windsor

## BURNED AT THE STAKE

A Negro Murderer Taken From Jail by a Mob

And After Confessing His Crime, was Put to Death in the Court house Square at Corsicana, Tex.

Corsicana, Texas, March 14.—John Henderson, (colored), who brutally assaulted and murdered Mrs. Younger, a farmer's wife, living just outside this city, several days ago, was taken to death in the court house square here at noon yesterday. A written confession of the crime, attested by Justice Roberts, was secured from the prisoner. Five thousand people witnessed the burning, business practically being suspended for a time. Henderson was captured yesterday after a long chase. He was trailed by bloodhounds from the Younger homestead many miles back and forth across the country, and was finally captured near Hillsboro. The officers took him to the latter place and were impelled, through fear of mobs, to start for Fort Worth. When the train reached Ft. Worth a party of Younger's friends overpowered the guards and hustled Henderson from the train. He was conveyed across the prairie, a distance of 45 miles, to Corsicana, where he was placed in jail to prevent infuriated citizens from tearing him to pieces. A committee was appointed to see him and pass on his guilt or innocence. Finally he made a written confession that he had murdered an "unknown white lady" three miles north of Corsicana, March 6. There was no one present, he said, but himself and the woman's two little children. He said he did not know why he had done it.

When it became public that Henderson had confessed people swarmed around the jail. It was decided to burn the prisoner at the stake at 2 p. m., but news was received that troops had been sent from Dallas and the execution was hurried. A railroad rail was driven into the ground in the corner of the court house square. Boxes and dry timber were piled around it, and saturated with oil. Just before noon about forty men rushed from the jail across the square to the place where the rail had been planted. In their midst was Henderson handcuffed. The men formed a circle, holding to a chain which surrounded the prisoner to prevent the crowd from tearing him away. The negro was fastened to the rail with wire and chains. Cans of oil were emptied over his clothing and dozens of lighted matches touched the inflammable material. The fire alarms were rung, and the stores of the city were deserted as their occupants rushed to the square to witness the burning.

Just as the pile was fired, Conway Younger, husband of the murdered woman, jumped at Henderson and slashed him across the face with a knife. Henderson gave no indication of pain and suffering. He rolled his eyes to get a glimpse of the angry faces which surrounded him, and there was a slight movement of the hands. In ten minutes Henderson was dead. He made no outcry other than an occasional groan.

Intending passengers for any Pacific Coast Points, including San Francisco, Los Angeles, Seattle, Tacoma, Portland, Victoria or Vancouver, will consult their interests by calling on W. E. Risping, general passenger and ticket agent, 115 King street, who will issue tickets to any of the above points on any Tuesday from now until the end of April at \$35.70 each. If

Minard's Liniment — Lumberman's Friend.

## THEY MUST LIVE UP TO AGREEMENTS THEY MAKE

Judge Woods Gives an Important Decision—It was Alleged That Hogs Sold Were Not Delivered According to Contract.

A very interesting case was heard before Judge Woods at the session of Division Court at Tilbury yesterday. The case was that of O'Keefe & Drew vs. Flaherty. The latter, a farmer, sold 17 hogs to Mr. Wellwood, an agent for O'Keefe & Drew at \$6.30 per cwt., dressed, to be delivered on a certain day. Wellwood stipulated to furnish a man to help to dress them. On the day of delivery Flaherty took hogs to Merlin, but found the price had risen to \$6.50 and demanded from Wellwood, the agent, the difference, contending that the agreement was for the market price.

O'Keefe & Drew refused to pay the increased price as the bargain was out

and out with the help of a man to do the dressing. Flaherty sold the hogs to one Tackaberry and O'Keefe & Drew sued for the \$5 paid on account and the damages occasioned by loss in not selling to them. The judge found the bargain was made for \$6.30 and gave plaintiffs damages against Flaherty for the difference in price and the \$5 paid on account. Ward Stanworth appeared for plaintiffs, and O. L. Lewis for defendant. So much trouble has arisen in merchants buying produce and farmers selling and when the prices rise reselling and returning the deposit paid, whereby the original purchaser is put to the expense of paying freight on half cars, etc.—This case was conducted as a test case to make the law clear upon the matter for the benefit of farmers and others interested.

## EVEN DE WET MAY GIVE IN WITH BOTHA'S BOERS

Negotiations Now Pending for a Complete Surrender Which Will Likely Take Place To-day.

London, March 14.—"We understand that there has been active interchange of telegrams between the home government and the Cape authorities and Lord Kitchener," says the Daily Chronicle, "concerning the negotiations with Gen. Botha and also that immense quantities of food stuffs are reaching Pretoria by way of Delagoa Bay which are destined to feed the Boers when the final surrender is made."

The Daily News says: "In addition to the modification announced by the government the government has ordered Lord Kitchener to give a distinct promise that the government of the new colonies shall culminate in a complete grant of free institutions." Dr. Leyds arrived at Utrecht yesterday and had a long conference with Mr. Kruger. A dispatch to the Daily Mail from Utrecht corroborates the statement made by the Daily News yesterday regarding the concessions offered to the Boers. It is generally expected as a result of yesterday's cabinet council that the government will make some announcement to-day as to the result of negotiations at Pretoria.

## CONSERVATIVES ONLY HAD FOUR MAJORITY

In a Party Division in the Senate—The 24th of May Likely to Become a Permanent Holiday.

Ottawa, March 14.—The senate yesterday debated at length the Cook charges. Dr. Landerkin moved in ment to the motion of Sir Mackenzie Bowell, that it is beneath the dignity of the senate to investigate charges against a minister not named. The amendment was lost on the following vote: Yeas, 30; nays, 34—Majority, 4. The main motion was carried on the same division reversed. The charge is that H. H. Cook, ex-M.P., was asked \$10,000 to be appointed a senator.

IN THE COMMONS.  
Dr. Roddick, Montreal, introduced a bill to establish a Dominion medical council. The object, he said, was to remove the disability which now prevents medical men of one province practicing in another; but it could not become effective till all provinces amended their medical acts to the effect that any one having the qualification of the Dominion Medical Board may practice in the Province. As to the constitution of the Dominion examining board, he proposed that each province have three representatives on it—one the president of provincial association, one elected by each association, and a third appointed by the Governor-General-in-council. In addition he would have three homeopaths. Qualification would be five years' study of medicine instead of four, the last year to be devoted to the practice of medicine. The bill looked toward registration in Great Britain and France. The bill was read a first time.

ANTICOSTI.  
Mr. Taylor, on a motion for papers, brought up the foreign ownership of Anticosti, which, he said, was a grave danger to the state. He also protested against the deportation of the Fox Bay settlers by Menier. Sir Wilfrid Laurier had no objection to bringing down the papers, but the Imperial authorities had never thought of requesting the Canadian Government to expropriate the island. Even if a battery were put on the island it would not prevent the passage of ships, as there was 60 miles of water on either side of it. The removal of Fox Bay settlers was effected through pressure of law, and they were helped to settle in the Northwest.

Mr. Britton, of Kingston, moved a resolution against the present system of parliamentary divorce and favoring a divorce court instead.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier is asking that the

## NOT WORTH REPLYING TO

Mr. Ball Did Not Think the Banner-News Attack Worth a Reply.

He Favors Engineer Shackleton Because He Believes he is Best Man to Can for the Money.

"No," said Mr. Ball, "I have nothing to say in reply to the Banner-News article. There is nothing to be said. The paper singled me out from five hundred other citizens and questioned my right to sign a petition in favor of J. W. Shackleton. The Banner-News are against Shackleton while I am favorable to him, and I think I have as much right to my opinion as the Banner-News has to its."

"There may be better engineers than Shackleton, but at the price we taxpayers can afford to pay he is good enough for Chatham. Talking about taxes, I have had some experience in paying them, and when the Banner-News has as much it will be time for it to begin to lecture me. I am paying now for a sidewalk that Shackleton didn't put down, but which is not worth half the tax I will have to contribute."

"However, I am not going to enter into argument. I do not think it worth while. That petition was representative enough to show the views of the citizens. The council can of course do as they please. It is hardly likely, though, they will be influenced by the Banner-News' open letter to me. If they are, the aldermen are a weaker lot than I give them credit for. I think in the city's interests they should put Shackleton back, and that is why I signed the petition. It was not as the Banner-News insinuates, simply because I was asked to."

"Further, I don't think the late engineer got British fair play. He was condemned without a trial. There was no investigation. The man got no show at all. Now, I'm a pretty heavy taxpayer in this city, and if we have a poor engineer I suffer as much as anybody and more than a great many, but all the same I do not believe we can do better than take back a man who was dismissed without even a charge being made against him."

## BANK CASHIER AND MONEY GONE

The Bank in the Hands of a Receiver—\$40,000 Forged Paper Found.

Detroit, Mich., March 14.—A special from St. Joseph, Mich., says:—Hon. Joseph W. Sheldon, of Washington, has been appointed receiver of the suspended First National Bank at Niles, this county. He filed papers with the county clerk attaching all the property of the missing cashier, Charles Johnson. Twenty thousand of forged paper against Lee Wilkinson, a prominent resident of this city, has been found. It is said that the total amount of forged paper found in the institution amounts to \$40,000. For several years the First National has been known as a one-man bank, Johnson, who had the implicit confidence of the directors, transacting all the business. Lee Wilkinson, against whom \$20,000 of forged paper was found, is junior member of the abstract firm of Dix & Wilkinson, which did a large business with the embarrassed bank. Cashier Johnson is still missing.

## A NEW YORK OUTRAGE CASE

Young Girl Lured Away and Then Drugged—Arrests Made.

New York, March 14.—Unconscious, Mary Paige, the 16-year-old daughter of C. B. Paige, lies in her father's home in Brooklyn, the victim of assault. Since she was found yesterday wandering in the street she has been conscious only a few minutes, when she managed to gasp out that she had been lured to a livery stable by three young men, forced to drink a drugged drink, and then assaulted by the three. The police arrested George Abbott, Jr., 17 years old. He said he had taken Miss Paige for a walk Sunday night, and that two other young men had joined them, but declared that he knew nothing about her having been drugged, and denied that there had been any assault. He gave the names of the two other youths, and on Miss Paige's complaint warrants were sworn out for their arrest. The physicians say that the girl is suffering from some drug, thought to be chloral, probably given to her in the form of "knock-out drops." They say that she has received so great a shock that the chances are all against her recovery. Last evening George Abbott was taken before Mary Paige and fully identified by her as the one who had given the supposed drugged liquor and assaulted her.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY.  
Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. 25c. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box.