

The Chatham Daily Planet.

VOL. XII

CHATHAM ONT., SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 5, 1903

NO. 214

Black Dress Goods

A wealth of showing in our new imported Black Dress Goods, comprising Knoppe Cloths, Curl Cloths, Etamines, Armures, Victoria Cords, Satin Cloths, Venetians, etc., and all the very newest weaves of the season, personally selected from the best manufacturers in England and France.

44 in. and 46 in. wide all wool black knot cloths, the very newest effects for tailor-made suits and skirts, bright and dull finish, extra value at a yd 75c, 1.00, 1.50 and 2.25.

44 in. wide fine all wool black Armures, Priestley's make, in very neat dressy effects, suitable for dressy black gowns and for mourning wear, extra values at 60c, 75c and 1.00.

44 in. and 46 in. wide canvas weaves, all wool, correct weights for suits and skirts, extra value at 75c and 1.00.

Beyond doubt we now have the largest variety of Black Dress Goods ever shown in Chatham, and our direct buying from the makers enables us to give you better value than ever.

Chateline Bags at 15c. Each.

Chateline Bags with leather and chain handles, in shades of grey, morocco, terra and black, worth reg 50c each, on sale to-night and Monday morning for 15c.

Tucked Lawns.

38 in wide, tucked apron lawns, with wide hem and 3 rows of fine tucks, very special, on sale to-night and Monday morning at 10c and 12c.

Flannelette Waists.

Ladies' printed flannelette waists, in very new and pretty designs and colorings, extra good value at \$1 and \$1.40.

Cotton Skirts.

Ladies' linen crash skirts, flounced and banded with white and blue, reg. price 1.00, on sale for 63c.

Ladies' white pique skirts, handsomely trimmed with insertions, reg 2.75, for 1.45.

Clearance of Print Wrappers.

Ladies' fine print wrappers, stylishly made, in good, medium and dark shades, including navy and black, on sale to-night and Monday morning, 1.00 wrappers for 69c; 1.50 wrappers for 89c; 1.85 wrappers for 1.19.

Thos. Stone & Son.

Rondeau

And other beaches will soon be deserted. The children to retain their good health must now have their daily swim in the bath tub instead of the lake. In our window we are showing a complete and very neat line of bathroom fittings. Towel Racks, Tub Seats, Spray Rings, Soap and Sponge Glass Holders, etc. The are nichelled on solid brass and are unusually attractive.

GEO. STEPHENS & CO.,
CHATHAM.

12% Per Annum on Your Money

is what an investment in the Preferred Shares of the

American Petroleum Company

will net you. An established business, safe, sound and conservative, not a scheme to get rich in three months.

Standard Oil Company Purchases Entire Stock.

One third of the Shares sold have been purchased by some of

the Most Prominent and Careful Men in Canada.

Dividends paid monthly out of the earnings of the company. The Company is earning to-day more than twice the dividend requirements and is selling preferred shares to acquire more property. Do not overlook this—it will cost you nothing to inquire.

Address, J. R. McDOWELL,
Floor Agent,
GUELPH, ONT.

VICTORY FOR OPPOSITION

Government Attempts to Rush Through Big Railway Deal but is Compelled to Yield

Will Hold Over the Enacting Clause for Ten Days—Redistribution Bill Coming Up.

Ottawa, Sept. 4.—After refusing for 361-2 hours to give any information required by the representatives of the people sitting to the left of the Speaker, the Government virtually gave way, and the Opposition scored a victory in obtaining the laying over of clause 2, the enacting clause of the Transcontinental Railway Bill, for some ten days. During the early days of next week resolutions and bills will be proceeded with, and on Wednesday or Thursday it is likely the Redistribution Bill will come up. The delay in proceeding with the transcontinental scheme, in all probability will allow Mr. Borden to be back in the House before it comes up for further consideration.

The sitting of the House of Commons that began at 11 a. m. Thursday did not end till midnight to-night. During intervening hours the Conservatives talked without intermission. The members of the Government and their supporters confined themselves to an occasional interjected word or to answering some question that was thrust upon them. No Government supporter made a speech. To have done so would be merely to fill time, which was exactly what the Opposition wanted. The whole thing settled down to a contest of endurance. The Government must agree to adjourn or the proceedings must go on until the Sabbath arrive. Clause two of the Grand Trunk Pacific Railway Bill was under discussion. The Government insisted that clause two must be passed. The Opposition was willing to pass clauses three, four and five if the Government would allow clause two to stand. This offer of compromise the Government refused to accept, and the fight was continued.

About 11 o'clock, a conference of some duration took place between Mr. F. D. Monk, on behalf of the Opposition, and Sir Wm. Mulock, Messrs. Fielding and Fitzpatrick. As a result an entente cordiale was arrived at after half an hour's discussion. After Mr. Broder and Mr. Blair had spoken, Mr. Monk rose and suggested that as clause two was literally the bill, and as it required a great deal of consideration, in view of the lengthy discussion, it might be as well to allow the clause to stand over, and to proceed with some of the less contentious clauses.

Sir William Mulock thought this a very reasonable proposition.

Clauses 3, 4, 5, 6, 10, 11 and 12 were agreed to.

Sir William Mulock then rose and remarked that as the House had done very good work, he thought the committee might rise, report progress and ask leave to sit again.

This was done, and Mr. Fielding moved the adjournment of the House. Mr. Monk asked what other business would be taken up on Monday. Mr. Fielding could not say, but as there were several resolutions and motions on the paper which had been standing for some days, the Government would feel at liberty to take up any with which they were ready to proceed.

Mr. Monk found this quite satisfactory.

The House adjourned at the witching hour of midnight.

EMIGRANTS BE CAREFUL.

Birmingham Post Advises British Mechanics.

London, Sept. 5.—The Birmingham Post, in referring to a letter in The Daily Mail from Birmingham mechanics in Canada, says that, misled by glaring accounts of the condition of the labor market in Canada, circulated in this country for tactical purposes, it is suggested, by Canadian employers, they were induced to throw up their situations in Birmingham and emigrate to Ontario. The Post adds: "It cannot be too often nor too emphatically impressed upon intending emigrants that anonymous statements relating to wages and employment abroad should never be trusted, unless corroborated by the appointed agents of the colonies to which they desire to go."

MISS RYE DYING.

Cancer of the Stomach Slowly Terminating a Useful Life.

London, Sept. 5.—Miss Rye, well known through her connection with Canadian emigration, has been for a year confined to her bed and is slowly dying of cancer of the stomach.

FREE TRADERS PROTEST.

Protectionist Association Does Not Express Real Voice of Australia.

London, Sept. 5.—A meeting of free traders, held in Melbourne Thursday night, cabled to Mr. Chamberlain that the Protectionist Association favoring preferential trade on the basis of the existing tariff does not express the real voice of the Australians. If a preference is given, the free traders say, the present prohibitive duties against the motherland must be abandoned.

COMMONS SAT ALL NIGHT.

DEADLOCK BROKEN AT 11:30 LAST NIGHT.

The G. T. Pacific Bill—Several Clauses Adopted, Others Held Over—Scenes of the Early Morning Hours.

Ottawa, Sept. 5.—At 11:30 last evening the deadlock which existed between the Government and the Opposition in reference to the G. T. P. was broken by an agreement by which a number of the clauses of the bill were adopted, and the clauses confirming the agreement with the Grand Trunk Pacific and providing for the construction of the Winnipeg to Moncton section were allowed to stand over. Clauses were, however, allowed to pass authorizing the appointment of the chief officers of the committee, thereby affirming the principle of the construction of the eastern section. It is understood that the bill will not be taken up next week, and in the meantime a number of Government bills which have been standing over, including the redistribution bill, will be taken up.

The House had an all-night sitting of obstruction on the railway bill in committee, and the early daylight hours were enlivened by an extraordinary condition of affairs. The House staff had ceased to report the proceedings of the committee at 3 o'clock, and after they had gone unchallenged, the Opposition became so incensed that they conducted an indignation meeting for more than two hours, resulting in an appeal to the Speaker and a division. The division sustained the opinion of the majority. The committee by 52 to 30 that the proceedings of the committee need not be reported. By this time it was after 11 o'clock, the hour for the House to meet again, and the Hansard men resumed work. The events of the night were therefore of a most unusual and probably unprecedented character in their details.

In 1885 in the debate on the franchise bill there were several all-night sittings, and again in 1896 on the remedial bill there was a continuous session for a week, or 144 hours. The Hansard men then were exhausted, and toward the end gave only a condensed report of the proceedings. Thursday night Hansard men worked until about 3 o'clock, when they became so exhausted, after a very long and trying day Wednesday that they ceased working, and all went home except one or two. One of them was in the Chamber constantly, but took no notes, beyond the names of the various speakers.

MR. TARTE EXPLAINS.

His References to the Premier's Health.

Montreal, Sept. 4.—In La Patrie, Mr. Tarte explains as follows his references in his Berthierville speech to the health of the Premier: "I know a multitude of people who voted for Sir Wilfrid Laurier, yet they were not disposed to deposit their ballots for Mr. Raymond Prefontaine, Mr. Bernier, Mr. Clifford Sifton, or even Mr. Fielding. It seems that I laid a sacrilegious hand on the Ark of the Covenant when I declared at Berthierville that the leading spirits of the Ministerial party thought of bringing on the elections this fall, because they feared that the Prime Minister's ill health would force him to retire. I told the truth, however, and the real truth, which is being repeated from mouth to mouth in Government circles. Some favor an appeal to the people, while others are against it. Why, I ask, should a general election take place at the end of three years, when the national Parliamentary term is five years? Why, if you please? The ex-Minister of Public Works struck the nail on the head, and it was his right and duty to do so. It is certainly nobody's fault. Sir Wilfrid Laurier is seriously ill. His bad state of health is a well-known fact. Surely we are permitted to say that the Prime Minister is sick, and that if his health does not improve he will be forced to take a well-deserved rest. An election at the end of three years will make no one believe that it shows a lack of good breeding to dare discuss the consequences of the early retirement of the Prime Minister."

Grand Trunk Pacific Survey.

Winnipeg, Sept. 4.—The Grand Trunk Pacific Railway Co., anticipating that their bill will carry at Ottawa, have arranged with the Hudson's Bay Company to supply them with a few trains of goods to be used by an exploring party that is to be sent west to the proposed route of the railway east of Winnipeg during the winter. This exploring party will start from Neepawa and proceed east by way of Lake Nepegin and Osnaburgh, to Lake Temiskaming.

LANDED AT CONSTANTINOPLE.

MARINES TO PROTECT THE FOREIGN EMBASSIES.

Big Army in Macedonia—Four Hundred Thousand Turks in the Province.

Washington, Sept. 5.—Minister Lieberman, in a cablegram to the State Department, says that a number of the foreign warships have landed marines in Constantinople for the protection of the embassies. He also says that an additional protective force had been stationed at the United States Legation. This action was taken on the suggestion of the Turkish Government, which had asserted the American Minister that it will use every precaution to protect all foreigners, but has warned the different embassies and legations that it would be well to strengthen the force inside the buildings.

Sofia, Sept. 5.—Col. Jankoff, the insurgent leader, with three lieutenants of the Serbian army, at the head of a band of four hundred insurgents, with a flag flying, crossed the frontier on Monday evening and passed through the Turkish posts unopposed. General Zontcheff, President of the Macedonian Committee, in the disguise of a doctor, also crossed the frontier. Capt. Stoyanoff's band captured fifty Turkish soldiers at Rakovitz, (about fifteen miles southeast of Sofia), Aug. 31, took their arms and ammunition and proceeded to Melnik.

According to reliable information from Constantinople, Turkey will shortly have 400,000 soldiers in Macedonia. The prospects of the appearance of such an immense army causes the most intense anxiety here. It is regarded as certain to arouse the apprehension of the powers. The Porte has great difficulty in inducing the Asiatic troops to proceed to European Turkey. The change of climate has already caused many deaths.

The French Consul at Monastir reports that the conditions there have improved. The Consul of France at Salonica stated that, in view of the growing disorders in Turkey, a French fleet will be ordered to hold itself in readiness to proceed to Turkish waters. This determined the receipt of a report from the French Ambassador at Constantinople that it was desirable to have warships in readiness for all eventualities. Similar preparations have been made by Italy, Austria, Russia and Great Britain. The officials here expect the fleet will not together in case of a crisis.

Salonica, Sept. 5.—Details of the fighting between the Turks and Bulgarians at Lake Rapela, between Klistura and Kastoria, September 1, when the insurgents were defeated, have been received here. Four hundred Bulgarians were killed and many captured, including two chiefs. Fifteen hundred Bulgarian villagers have taken refuge in the mountains at Vito. A revolt has begun at Razlog, in the Turkish Province of Serres. The railroad authorities are preparing twenty trains for the despatch of Albanian troops to Adrianople. Two battalions of Albanian levies have arrived at Salonica and eighteen other battalions are expected.

A DESTRUCTIVE STORM.

Barns Burned by Lightning—Hail Does Much Damage.

Winchester, Sept. 6.—There was a severe electrical storm here yesterday, accompanied by hail. A horse belonging to Rodman Annable was killed by lightning. The storm lasted about half an hour. Several windows were smashed, including the windows of the Methodist church, which were badly damaged.

Newtonville, Sept. 5.—A terrific thunderstorm with wind and hail passed over here about 6 o'clock yesterday. Hail fell thick and large as marbles. The lightning struck a rail fence running south from the village, splitting several rails and shattering a post to kindling. It passed over the road and struck the fence on the opposite side, breaking two or three more rails. The heavy wind and hail did a lot of damage to the fruit. Apples and other fruit were blown down in large quantities.

Oxford Mills, Sept. 5.—During a severe electric storm which passed over this section yesterday, the barns and other outbuildings belonging to Mr. George A. Pettypiece, one and a half miles east of here, were struck by lightning and with the entire season's crop of hay and grain were totally destroyed. The loss is partly covered by insurance.

Brougham, Sept. 5.—During the storm yesterday the barns and outbuildings of Jos. Pilkey, three miles north of here, were struck by lightning and totally destroyed. The crop of 100 acres was burned, together with some implements. Slightly insured.

Winchester, Sept. 5.—During the storm yesterday a man named Joseph Robinson was struck by lightning and stunned. He will likely recover. The barn of Thomas Wilson, Melvin settlement, was struck by lightning and burned with its contents.

At Kansas City a negro, caught while attempting to choke Mrs. Margaret Gerahn, a white woman, in her home at Armourdale, fled, chased by a crowd, and when he realized that escape was impossible, drowned himself in the Kansas River, jumping overboard from a rowboat in which he was trying to gain the Missouri side.

A FAR EAST INCIDENT.

Japanese Gunboat and Russian Lumber Vessel.

Pekin, Sept. 4.—Telegrams received here from Port Arthur give details of the reported stopping of the steamer Stanley Dollar by a Japanese gunboat, as the steamer was attempting to enter Yungangho, at the mouth of the Yalu River, Corea, to load lumber from the Russian concession on that river. The Japanese captain did not forcibly oppose the vessel's entering the port, but protested strongly against her taking lumber on board, on the ground that Yungangho was not an open port. The captain of the Stanley Dollar ultimately loaded, and the vessel is now supposed to be on her way to Dairen. The Japanese Legation here is without information regarding the incident, which has created much comment. It is not known whether the Japanese commander acted on his own responsibility or on instructions from his Government. If his action was due to orders from the Government there is much curiosity to know how Japan intends to support her protest.

WAR OFFICE SCORED.

Lord Lansdowne's Resignation is Called For.

London, Sept. 4.—The condition of affairs exposed by the South African War Commission's report continues to be the subject of scathing criticism in the press. Foreign attaches are reported as saying yesterday: "We knew it was bad, but did not know it was as bad as that." Lord Lansdowne is severely censured in some quarters, and his resignation is demanded because of his management of the War Office during his term as Secretary for War. What is being done to effect reforms in the serious question the nation is asking.

"As long as the War Office organization is rotten the army can never be sound," says The Times, concluding with the statement that "real scientific preparation for war we must have, unless we wish to repeat the South African experience. Bungling incapacity and the condition of unpreparedness in an emergency is one of the leading characteristics of the people, but there was no idea that the condition of affairs was as disgraceful as they were."

CANNOT GET MARRIED.

Young Woman's Reason for Making Big Claim for Damages.

St. Paul, Sept. 5.—Because she was unable to get married, despite the fact that before last April she had dozens of admirers and suitors, Rosa Adams, aged twenty, has begun suit against the St. Joseph's Hospital Society for \$20,000 damages. She alleges that by reason of a fall in an elevator shaft at the hospital she has lost the use of one arm, has the other arm crippled, and now is so deformed that she "is ineligible for marriage" and that her suitors have forsaken her.

THE NEW

DOROTHY DODDS ARE HERE

Are here in all their brightness.

Many new lasts and styles have been added to our stock.

We can fit any ladies' foot with a Dorothy Dodd Shoe.

Prices { \$3.75. \$4.00

Peace & Co.

SOLE AGENTS

THE GUARDS ARE COMING!

The Finest Band Belonging to the Oldest Regiment in the Army.

By gracious permission of His Majesty King Edward VII., and by kind consent of the Officer commanding, the complete regimental

BAND of H. M. COLDSTREAM GUARDS.

Forty-Six Splendid Musicians

Bandmaster—J. Mackenzie Rogan. Contralto—Miss Kathleen Howard. Date, MONDAY AFTERNOON, SEPT. 14. Place, Grand Opera House, Chatham. Sale of seats begins Wednesday, Sept. 9, at 10 a. m. PRICES—50c., 75c., \$1.00.