GENUS LARUS.

(42) Glaucous Gull.

(Larus glaucus.)

A regular, but not common, visitor to the great lakes.

(43) Iceland Gull.

(Larus leucopterus.)

Mr. Kay reports having taken one at Port Sydney, Muskoka, April 6th, 1898, and Mr. J. H. Ames has one taken at Toronto.

(47) Great Black-backed Gull.

(Larus marinus.)

A regular, but not abundant, winter visitor to the great lakes, more frequently observed than either of the preceding species, perhaps because it is more readily distinguishable when flying.

(51) American Herring Gull.

(Larus argentatus.)

A very common resident, frequenting the great lakes at all seasons, but most abundant in winter. It breeds regularly on many of the lakes and marshes of the interior. It formerly bred on the islands and in the marshes of Lake Ontario and some may yet do so, in secluded places.

(54) Ring-billed Guli.

(Larus delawarensis.)

A very common resident; like the last, most abundant in winter. Breeds in the lakes and marshes of the interior.

(*) (58) Laughing Gull.

(Larus atricilla.)

An accidental visitor in summer

(59) Franklin's Gull.

(Larus franklinii.)

A rare commer visitor, occasionally straggling here from the prairie sloughs where they are abundant. Breeds in nearly all the large marshes of Manitoba.

(60) Bonaparte's Gull.

(Larus philadelphia.)

A common spring and autumn visitor to the great lakes, arriving in April and departing at the end of November. It is possible that some breed in the northern part of the Province, but its principal breeding grounds are north and west of Ontario.