Canadian Forestry Journal

"What have we done in Canada to develop a policy of forest conservation? While some of our public men are rubbing their eyes after a long sleep, others are still dreaming that the forests of Canada are simply illimitable, and answer the questionings of investigators with the simple assumption of our fathers that every acre of our northern wilds is an acre of merchantable timber."-Pulp and Paper Magazine.

Orders for several million feet of British Columbia timber have lately been forwarded from New Zealand. Owing to the recent rise in prices in the United States, the mills in that country no longer find it so profitable to seek an export market, and more orders are coming to the Canadian Pacific Coast dealers.

Strict account is beginning to be taken by WILL WATCH the authorities in the Province of Quebec of THE CUTTING. waste in lumbering. Stumpage dues are to

be levied on (1) all stumps over one foot in height, measuring from the beginning of the roots; (2) all timber above six inches in diameter left in the tops; (3) all merchantable timber used for skids and not hauled; (4) all lodged trees; (5) all merchantable timber used for building bridges or making "corduroy" roads; (6) all logs left in the woods. A circular has been issued notifying lumbermen of these regulations. The first account for dues imposed for the above causes was recently filed and amounted to \$167.30. This was for only one river valley, and covered the cutting for fifteen days only!

Canada was officially represented at the CANADA meetings of the Conservation Commission and REPRESENTED. the Governors of the several States of the Union at Washington, D.C. (December 7th and following days) by Hon. W. C. Edwards. Mr. R. H. Campbell, Superintendent of Forestry, was also present at the sessions.

