

the purpose of deciding upon the matters of such petition, have all the powers that any such Judge would have had, by virtue of this Act or otherwise.

XIV. For the purpose of hearing and deciding all applications under the authority of this Act, the Judge of Assize, or person nominated by him as aforesaid, shall be entitled to avail himself of the services of all officers, and use and exercise all powers and authorities which the Court of Assize may employ, use, and exercise, for the determination of causes and other matters now usually heard and decided by them respectively, and the said Judge of Assize or other person shall also, for the purpose, have and be entitled to exercise all the powers and authorities hereby given to the Court, for the hearing and deciding applications made to it, and also the powers hereby given to the Court to make provision touching the custody, maintenance and education of children; and every order made by any Judge of Assize, or other person, under the authority of this Act, may, on the application of the person obtaining the same, be entered as an Order of the Court, and, when so entered, shall have the same force and effect and be enforced in the same manner as if such order had been originally made by the Court.

Judge of Assize or his Deputy—his powers as to hearing and deciding on such applications.

XV. The Court from time to time shall fix and regulate the fees which shall be payable upon all proceedings, under any application to a Judge of Assize under this Act; and such fees shall be received in money for their own benefit, by the person to whom or for whose use the same shall be directed to be paid.

Fees on such application.

XVI. Any order so entered as aforesaid may be reviewed, and either altered or reversed, on appeal to the Judge Ordinary of the Court, but such appeal shall not stay the intermediate execution of the order, unless the Judge Ordinary shall so direct, who shall have power, if such appeal be dismissed or abandoned, to order the appellant to pay to the other party the full costs incurred by reason of such appeal.

Appeals.

XVII. A wife deserted by her husband may at any time after such desertion, if resident within any city, apply to a Police Magistrate, or if resident in the country, to any Justice of the Peace, or in either case to the Court, for an order to protect any money or property she may acquire by her own lawful industry, and property which she may become possessed of after such desertion, against her husband or his creditors, or any person claiming under him; and such Magistrate, or Justices, or Court, if satisfied of the fact of such desertion, and that the same was without reasonable cause, and that the wife is maintaining herself by her own industry or property, may make and give to the wife an order protecting her earnings and property acquired since the commencement of such desertion, from her husband and all creditors and persons claiming under him; and such earnings and property shall belong to the wife as if she were a *femme sole*; Provided always, that every such order, if made by a Police Magistrate or Justice, shall, within ten days after the making thereof, be entered with the Registrar of the County Court within whose jurisdiction the wife is resident; and it shall be lawful for the husband, and any creditor or other person claiming under him, to apply to the Court, or to the Magistrate or Justices by whom such order was made, for

Wife deserted may obtain order to protect her earnings and property.

Proviso: order to be entered.