

- Nelson Instant*, Amherst Island.—Use $4\frac{1}{2}$ mesh for whitefish ; 7-inch for salmon. (p. 40, pt. II.)
Thos. Howard, Bath.—Uses $4\frac{1}{2}$ -inch mesh for whitefish. (p. 44, pt. II.)
Thomas Vanarder, Napanee.—Uses $4\frac{1}{2}$ and $6\frac{1}{2}$ -inch for whitefish and pickerel.

Port Arthur.

- W. C. Dobbie*, Port Arthur.—Uses $4\frac{1}{2}$ to 5-inch mesh for smaller fish ; 5 to 6-inch mesh in the fall for full-grown trout and whitefish. (P. 50, pt. II.)
John Maloney, Port Arthur.—Uses $4\frac{3}{4}$ mesh for gill-nets, trout and whitefish. (p. 55, pt. II.)
Henry Servais, Port Arthur.—Uses $4\frac{3}{4}$ mesh ; $4\frac{1}{2}$ and 5 in December ; 6-inch mesh, fall fishing ; trout and whitefish. (p. 59, pt. II.)
J. J. Nutall, Port Arthur.—Uses $4\frac{3}{4}$ gill-nets ; trout and whitefish. (p. 68, pt. II.)
Thomas Swain, Thessalon.—Uses $4\frac{1}{2}$, $4\frac{3}{4}$ mesh for whitefish, trout and pickerel. (p. 77, pt. II.)
Laurie King, Thessalon.—Uses $4\frac{3}{4}$ and 5-inch mesh ; $4\frac{1}{2}$ is too small. (p. 77, pt. II.)
Stephen Fourchette, Thessalon.—Uses $4\frac{1}{2}$ $4\frac{5}{8}$ inch gill-nets ; trout and whitefish. (p. 83, pt. II.)
James Noble, Gore Bay.—Uses $4\frac{1}{2}$ -inch mesh ; gill-nets ; trout and whitefish. (p. 92, pt. II.)
Thomas Boyton, Killarney.—Uses $4\frac{1}{2}$ -inch gill-nets in summer ; 5-inch gill-nets in fall ; mature trout and whitefish. (p. 94, pt. II.)
James Noble, Killarney.—A 5-inch mesh is not so profitable ; $4\frac{1}{2}$ -inch mesh will take more small fish. (p. 97, pt. II.)
George Larouche, Killarney.—Uses $4\frac{5}{8}$, $4\frac{7}{8}$ and 5-inch in gill-nets ; trout and whitefish. (p. 104, pt. II.)
Joseph Rocque, Killarney.—Uses $4\frac{1}{2}$ -inch mesh ; if 5-inch mesh, requires two years' notice. (p. 105, pt. II.)
Adolphus Martin, Killarney.—Uses $4\frac{1}{2}$ -inch mesh ; two years should be granted. (p. 107, pt. II.)
Wm. Kimball, Sault Ste. Marie.—Uses $4\frac{1}{2}$ -inch mesh ; $4\frac{3}{4}$ -inch would be fair ; 5-inch mesh a little too big. (p. 112, pt. II.)
Joseph Gauley, Sault Ste. Marie.—Uses $4\frac{1}{2}$ -inch mesh and nets ; trout and whitefish. (p. 114, pt. II.)
Angus McLeod, Sault Ste. Marie.—Uses $4\frac{1}{2}$ -inch and $4\frac{3}{4}$ -inch mesh in his nets ; trout and whitefish. (p. 117, pt. II.)
James Garratt, Sault Ste. Marie.—Used 5-inch mesh in Lake Huron ; fish smaller here ; trout and whitefish. (p. 118, pt. II.)
Wm. McLeod, Sault Ste. Marie.—Uses $4\frac{3}{4}$ -inch mesh, just as good as $4\frac{1}{2}$ -inch ; 5-inch mesh a little too large. (p. 121, pt. II.)
T. H. Nathanay, Sault Ste. Marie.—Uses $4\frac{1}{2}$ -inch mesh ; all right if adhered to. (p. 122, pt. II.)
James Gauley, Sault Ste. Marie.—Uses $4\frac{1}{2}$ and $4\frac{3}{4}$ -inch mesh for whitefish and small bass. (p. 124, pt. II.)
Michael Neville, Sault Ste. Marie.—Uses $4\frac{1}{2}$ -inch mesh ; fish fallen off in size and numbers. (p. 125, pt. II.)
Frank Scott, Sault Ste. Marie.—Used 5-inch mesh formerly ; now use $4\frac{1}{2}$ inch as it will catch smaller fish ; fish are decreasing. (p. 126, pt. II.)
John Sullivan, Thessalon.—Uses $4\frac{1}{2}$ -inch mesh in gill-nets. (p. 80, pt. II.)

MESHES FOR POUND-NETS.

No special reference was made in the instructions to the Commission to investigate pound-net matters. The commissioners, however, in making their general inquiries, obtained evidence regarding pound-nets and their meshes.