

The St. John Standard

NEW BRUNSWICK, CANADA.

VOL. V. NO. 175.

TWELVE PAGES

FRIDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 17, 1913

PROBS—PARTLY FAIR

PRICE TWO CENTS

FOREIGNERS FLEE FROM WAR STRICKEN MEXICO

Leave Country By Hundreds On Steamers and Trains.

HOW HUERTA GOT THE LOAN IN PARIS

Two Unidentified Americans Reported Killed—Many Britishers Among Refugees—French Residents Ask for Warship to Protect Them.

Washington, Oct. 16.—Twenty Catholic nuns, members of the Sisterhood of the Immaculate Word, are among the refugees now on route from Tampico, Mexico, to Galveston, Texas, on the oil tanker Halimat and Wanda. They fled from their institution at Monterey. The tanker also has as passengers sixteen British subjects, ten Mexicans, and one American.

Consul Hanna at Monterey reported to the state department today that he started a train Monday with 155 Americans, bound for Tampico, on their way to the United States. Railroad traffic is suspended between Monterey and Laredo, Texas. Mr. Hanna said the travellers were great in number, having spent twenty-one days in making the journey from Torreon to Monterey. Travellers arriving in Monterey were taken to Monday brought with them property that had not been damaged up to October 7, and that Americans were well treated, although a loan of \$2,000,000 pesos had been demanded of them.

They said there was no foundation for reports about the killing of Spanish subjects in Torreon. The department was informed today of the closing by Mexican authorities of the bridge connecting Nuevo Laredo, Mexico, with Laredo, Texas. Passage is permitted only to bearers of passes from General Felix and railroad employees have been given notice that they must move to the Mexican side or seek employment elsewhere.

From Ciudad Juarez it was reported that the Cinco Minas Mesa, representing an investment of \$1,500,000, had been forced to close.

Two unidentified Americans are reported to have been killed at the works, which are owned by a company of which James W. Greer, ambassador to Germany, is president.

Minister Files.

Vera Cruz, Mexico, Oct. 16.—Manuel Bonilla, who was minister of communications in the late President Madero's cabinet, sailed from here today on board the Hamburg-American liner Kronprinzessin Cecilie in disguise.

Fearing arrest, he had fled from Mexico. He arrived here this morning and went on board the liner which was due to sail at one o'clock for Cuba, Spain, England and Germany.

Arrangements were made today for 200 refugees from Torreon to be taken on board the Texas City at Tampico. The American consul, William W. Canada, and Rear Admiral F. F. Fletcher, supervised the arrangements.

Huerta Obtains Loan.

Paris, Oct. 16.—Provisional President Huerta of Mexico has obtained the loan of \$2,000,000 in Paris chiefly, according to circumstantial reports, through the influence of the chiefs of the Catholic party.

The most Rev. Jose Mora, Archbishop of the state of Mexico, it is understood came to Europe recently partly on this account. The loan was presumably on short term bills to be repaid out of the proceeds of the unissued portion of the bonds have been sold.

Ask Warships.

Paris, Oct. 16.—The foreign office here today received a telegram from the French legation at Mexico City suggesting that a warship be sent to Veracruz. The government officials are considering the matter and following the usual practice of sending a warship when a French colony requests it, it is probable that one of the French vessels already in American waters, will be detailed to Mexico.

The French foreign office has not been advised whether the diplomatic corps at Mexico City counseled the Mexican government to use caution in replying to the representations of the United States government.

COTTON STRIKERS RETURN TOWARD MANCHESTER

Manchester, Eng., Oct. 16.—The Bolton Spinners' Council and the strikers of the Beeston mill where the men recently went on strike owing to their objection to the personality of one of the overseers, signed the terms of a settlement this afternoon and a large work at the mill will be resumed October 20.

ATHLETE DEAD

San Francisco, Oct. 16.—Ralph Ross, holder of the Olympic and world records for shot putting, died here today of typhoid fever after a brief illness.

HALIFAX MEN RETURN FROM PORT NELSON

Refused to Work at Night as Required so Fifty of Them Were Sent Back to Halifax.

Ottawa, Oct. 16.—Word reached here today from Halifax that some fifty men sent north by the government for work on the Port Nelson terminal of Hudson Bay Railway, had returned to Halifax on the steamer Beothic. The fifty were for the most part Halifax men. It is stated in explanation of their return that they were unwilling to take part in the work of unloading at night as required by hurry-up conditions under which the Port Nelson fleet is working. They were given their choice of doing their share or coming back, and they came back.

No more men will be sent to Hudson Bay this year by the railways and canal department. Two ships still in the bay will start immediately for their return voyage as there are no facilities for wintering at Port Nelson. The Beothic, which recently returned, carried with it an official in the Canadian wireless service who played out locations for the chain of wireless stations which is to be established along the route of navigation. This chain will not connect with the Atlantic coast stations but will have a landward connection through La Pas installation, though there will be communication with the Newfoundland stations at the other end.

Mr. G. J. Desbaris, deputy minister of the naval service, who was just returned from making his annual inspection of the government naval yard, stated the capital of the Beothic had reported sighting very rough ice, though his passage was rough, demonstrating that the Hudson Bay route was quite practicable for navigation purposes even till late in October.

INTERESTING POLICE CASE

Chester Stanhope, of Halifax Believed to Have Stolen Tickets from Charlottetown Railway Station.

Charlottetown, P. E. I., Oct. 16.—In the police court today, Chester D. Stanhope, an employe of Cox Bros. photographers, Halifax, who has been taking pictures of buildings, etc., in this province for the past two months, appeared on a charge of stealing from the railway station three tickets to Winnipeg.

Stanhope came into the railway office here Monday night stating that he was inspector of I. C. R. offices. He made enquiries about postage, etc., and wanted to know how much money was in the office and other information. He accompanied relieving agent McLeod to the ticket office and asked for a ticket to Boston, but as he did not offer to pay McLeod told him to wait till morning. Another railway man came in and McLeod went out for a few minutes leaving Stanhope and the other man in the office. When McLeod returned Stanhope left. Next morning the agent mislaid three tickets to Winnipeg worth \$120.

On Wednesday Stanhope left for Summerside by train. McLeod, who was also on board, suspected him and had him arrested in Summerside. He handed over two tickets but could not account for the third. Stanhope when put on the stand today said he had been drinking and had no recollection of doing in the station on Monday night. He said he went back on Tuesday to give up the tickets but his courage failed him. He had no intention of using them nor leaving the island, but went to Summerside to get photographic plates to go to work in another part of the island.

The case was adjourned till tomorrow for more evidence. Stanhope had posed as a wrestler and wanted to meet any middleweight in the Maritime Provinces. He says he is a native of Guysboro and is sometimes known as Mason.

FIGHTING RESUMED

San Domingo, Dominican Republic, Oct. 16.—The rebels in Puerto Plata refuse to accept a treaty of peace and war operations have been resumed. Foreigners have been advised by the government to leave Puerto Plata.

GOVERNOR SULZER FOUND GUILTY ON THREE COUNTS BY COURT OF IMPEACHMENT

Will be Removed from Office But Not Disqualified from Running Again.

BARE TWO-THIRDS MAJORITY VOTED

Six Members of Senate Charged on Article Four Which Threatening Witnesses of Frawley Committee.

Albany, N. Y., Oct. 16.—Governor William Sulzer was today found guilty by the high court of impeachment on three of the articles preferred against him. They were one, two and four. He was declared innocent on the charges contained in article three.

Tomorrow he will be removed from office, but not disqualified from holding office in this state in the future unless there is a substantial change in the informal vote reported to have been taken by the court on these questions in secret session today.

For the same reason it is expected that he will be found guilty on the other two articles still remaining to be voted upon when the court adjourns tonight.

Lieut. Governor Martin H. Glynn, who has been acting governor since the impeachment of Sulzer, will become chief executive of the state. He is an Albany newspaper owner. Robert F. Wagner, New York attorney, will become lieutenant governor. He is the majority leader in the Senate.

The vote on articles one and two was 29 to 18 in favor of a majority. The former article charges that the governor falsified his statements of campaign contributions; the latter that he committed perjury in so doing.

The vote on article three, which charges that the governor bribed witnesses to withhold testimony from the Frawley investigating committee, was unanimous in favor of the Governor.

Changed Votes.

The vote on article four was 43 to 14, six members changing their votes on articles one and two from "not guilty" to "guilty" and two from "guilty" to "not guilty." This article charges that the governor suppressed evidence by means of threats to keep witnesses from testifying before the Frawley committee. Among these were Duncan W. Peck, state superintendent of public works, who testified at the trial that the Governor had asked him to contribute to the secret informal vote to remove the Governor was said to be 43 to 14, the same as on article four, and the vote not to disqualify him was said to be unanimous.

Article six, which charges that the Governor committed bribery in accepting contributions, was said not to have been sustained in the secret session by a vote of fifty to thirty.

Article seven, which threatened to use his office as an influence to affect the political action of certain assemblies, and article eight, that he corruptly used his influence to affect the price of shares in the stock exchange, were reported to have also been decided in favor of the Governor in the secret session by a practically unanimous vote.

Presiding Judge Edward Cullen, Democrat, who will shortly retire from the bench, rendered a long opinion in explaining his votes. On other eight judges of the court, opinions were divided. On articles one and two Judges Willard Bartlett, Democrat, and Emory A. Chase and William E. Werner, Republicans, voted against Judge Frederick Collins, William H. Cuddeback, and John W. Hogan, Democrats, and Frank H. Hill, Republican, and against him, as making a division among them of five to four against the governor.

On article four, Judges Bartlett, Chase and Werner changed their votes from "not guilty" to "guilty" and Judges Hiscok and Miller changed from "guilty" to "not guilty," making against him a division of six to three. On charges one and two, 23 Democratic Senators and eleven Republicans voted against the Governor while those voting in his favor numbered seven Democrats, five Republicans, one Independent League Democrat and one Progressive Republican.

Article Four.

The vote on article four was the same except that Judges Bartlett, Chase and Werner, and Senators Emerson, Herrick and Palmer changed their votes from "not guilty" to "guilty" and Judges Hiscok and Miller changed from "guilty" to "not guilty." Total, guilty 43, not guilty 14. Presiding Judge Cullen said that the offences charged in articles one and two were not impeachable and that the Governor neither falsified his statement under the provisions of the election law nor committed "legal perjury."

Practically every member of the court explained his vote when the roll

THE MAN WHO FLASHED THE S. O. S. FROM THE VOLTURNO AND A BROTHER OFFICER



W. SEDDON, SENIOR WIRELESS OPERATOR. H. G. LANG, ASSISTANT PURSER.

CELEBRATE A VICTORY DENOUNCED

Austrian Emperor Reviews Deputations from Regiments that Participate in the Battle of Leipsic.

Vienna, Oct. 16.—A splendid military review was held here today in celebration of the centenary of the "Battle of the Nations," fought at Leipsic on October 16-19, 1813, when between 200,000 and 300,000 of the allied army of Austrians, Prussians, Russians, Swedes and Saxons commanded by the Austrian field marshal, Prince Karl Philipp von Schwarzenberg, defeated Napoleon with an army of about 180,000 French troops.

The display took place on Schwarzenbergplatz where Emperor Francis Joseph, all the Austrian archdukes, the members of the cabinet, court and state officials, and all the generals of the Austrian active army list had gathered.

The aged Emperor laid a huge laurel wreath at the foot of the Schwarzenberg monument and subsequently on the Ringstrasse reviewed deputations from the regiments which had participated in the historic battle.

WILD WOMEN DENOUNCED

Peaceful Suffragist Says Mrs. Pankhurst is a Disgrace to Womanhood—Believes in Other Methods.

Boston, Oct. 16.—The English militant suffragist in general, and Mrs. Emmeline Pankhurst in particular, were denounced by Mrs. Armistead Ghant, the London slum worker, upon her arrival from Liverpool today.

"Mrs. Pankhurst," she said, "has written a most shameful chapter in the history of women's progress."

Mrs. Ghant, who heads a company of British delegates to the National Convention of the Women's Christian Temperance Union at Brookline, October 23, is one of the leaders of the peaceful suffragists of England, who are opposed to Mrs. Pankhurst and her militant organization, and who, according to Mrs. Ghant, are the "only really serious workers for women's equal rights."

She expressed regret that Mrs. Pankhurst was to be allowed to "exploit her vicious, shameful propaganda in this country."

TO REPRESENT CANADA AT LONDON CONFERENCE

Deputy Minister of Marine and Fisheries to Attend International Convention on Safety at Sea.

Ottawa, Oct. 16.—Alex. Johnston, deputy minister of marine and fisheries, has been appointed by the government to represent Canada at the international conference for safety of life at sea, to be held in London on November 12, 1913. Mr. Johnston will sail from Canada on October 28, 1913, and will be invested with full powers to sign any convention which may be deemed necessary.

This convention is of great importance, as the result of the investigations and enquiries consequent upon the Titanic disaster, will be placed before the conference. The British Board of Trade, it is understood, will have important proposals to make, and the representatives of the other great shipping nations. It is probable that many of these proposals will be adopted by the government of Canada acting in conjunction with the British Board of Trade.

STEAMER STILL BURNS

Washington, Oct. 16.—The delirious British steamer Templemore, which caught fire off the New England coast about eighteen days ago, is still burning, according to a report to the revenue service today. The cutter Andrea Coggia is towing the delirious at the rate of two knots an hour toward the coast.

GERMAN CROWN PRINCE DEFES ROYAL FATHER

URGES NEED OF SKILLED SEAMEN NOW

Should be Competent to Get Boats Away from Liners During Gale Says U. S. Senator.

Washington, Oct. 16.—Need of skilled seamen to handle life boats on ocean liners and the Volturno disaster were brought up today when the Senate began work on the Seaman's Servitude bill. Andrew Ferneth, representative of the Seaman's Union in the effort to secure legislation improving conditions of sailors, gave out a statement attributing part of the loss of life on the Volturno to the inefficiency of the lifeboat men.

"The prominent fact in connection with the loss," he said, "so far as the information is at present available, is a lack of skilled men to handle the boats. The one supreme test of skill in a seaman, and the one most important to the passenger, is the seaman's ability to lower a boat and get her away from the side of the vessel when a gale is blowing."

The Senate met today under an agreement to take up the bill and dispose of it by October 23. It is identical with the one to which President Taft gave a pocket veto.

INCREASE SALARIES OF RURAL POSTMASTERS

They Will Now Receive \$50 a Year Instead of \$35—Has Improved Conditions.

Ottawa, Oct. 16.—At present the salaries to rural postmasters are \$35 per year. Hon. Mr. Pelletier has decided to increase this to \$50 per year. Repeated representations were made to the old government on behalf of the rural postmasters, but were ignored.

Since assuming office Mr. Pelletier has done much to improve the postal service, and at the same time has also improved the conditions of the employees in this work by increasing the salaries of the letter carriers and the railway mail clerks. He has granted this increase to rural postmasters what was continually refused by the Liberal government.

JAPS INTERESTED IN U. S. TARIFF LAW

Ambassador Chinda Made Inquiries Regarding Effect on Japanese Shipping—Has Favored Nation Clause.

Washington, Oct. 16.—Japanese Ambassador Chinda called at the State Department today to inquire what would be the effect upon Japanese shipping of the section of the new tariff law which provides for a differential of five per cent. on imports in American ships. Incidentally the ambassador directed attention to the fact that the treaty of 1911 between America and Japan contained a favored nation clause, which in his opinion would warrant the allowance of this differential to Japanese ships.

Acting Secretary Moore said that pending the opinion from the attorney-general constraining the differential provision, the State Department was unable to define the application of the law to foreign ships.

President Wilson told callers today that he was awaiting the opinion from the Department of Justice and indicated that he was not considering the proposal to repeal the clause.

BIG FIRE IN SHANGHAI.

London, Oct. 16.—A Central News despatch from Shanghai says a great fire has been raging for five hours today in a northern suburb of the city, half a square mile of which has been destroyed. Ten thousand people have been rendered homeless. The fire is now under control.

DESERTED POST.

Sofia, Oct. 16.—Col. Poteff, a brigade commander, was sentenced by court martial today to four years imprisonment for deserting his post in an engagement against the Greeks.

HALIFAX BANK CLEARINGS.

Halifax, Oct. 16.—The Halifax bank clearings for the week were \$2,036,242.84, and for the same week last year, \$2,209,297.11.

Situation Possesses all Elements of Dynastic Family Quarrel.

MATTER CONCERNS THE DUCHY OF BRUNSWICK.

Opposes Occupation of Throne by Prince Ernest Arthur of Cumberland—Incident that Rarely Occurs—Emperor is Angry.

Berlin, Oct. 16.—The German Crown Prince recently sent a letter of protest to Imperial Chancellor Von Bethmann-Hollweg against permission being given to Prince Ernest August of Cumberland, the husband of the Crown Princess's only sister, to occupy the throne of the Duchy of Brunswick without his express renunciation of his pretensions to the throne of Hannover.

This protest has proved unsuccessful for the Imperial Chancellor today sent a long reply to the Crown Prince in which he justified the position taken up by the Prussian government. At the same time the Prussian government today formulated a resolution for submission to the federal council of the German Empire revoking its decision of 1907 against any member of the house of Cumberland occupying the Dukedom of Brunswick.

Opposes Emperor.

The Crown Prince by his action has adopted an attitude of opposition to his father, the Emperor, who has accepted Prince Ernest August of Cumberland's oath of allegiance and letters pledging himself not to support any measures to detach Hannover from Prussia as ample guarantees for the future.

The spectacle of an heir to the throne protesting in writing to the head of the government against a policy adopted by the sovereign has rarely occurred and the incident probably accounts for the absence on October 3rd of the Crown Prince from the review by Emperor William of the Hussar regiments at Dantzig, of which the Crown Prince commands, and from the luncheon at which every other officer of the brigade was present. The situation possesses all the elements of a spectacular dynastic family quarrel, particularly as Princess Victoria Louise, since her marriage to Prince Ernest August, has adopted a more extreme position than her father.

PARLIAMENT IN JANUARY

January 15th or, Possibly, the 8th, Are Dates Now Spoken of for the Opening of the House.

Ottawa, Oct. 16.—January 15, or possibly the 8th is now spoken of as probable for the opening of parliament. The exact date has not yet been determined by the cabinet, and will not be for some time, as it is customary to give only a month's notice. Meanwhile preparations are being made for the work of the session. The estimates are well advanced and will shortly be ready for review by the cabinet council, while other subjects of legislation, such as the consolidation of the railway, shipping and fisheries act, and the regulation of trust companies are in preparation when the session is called the government will be ready with all the items of its programme.

KILLS MERCHANT IN POLITICAL FIGHT

Palermo, Sicily, Oct. 16.—Signor Paterno, a well known lawyer of Palermo, today shot and killed a rich merchant, Signor Saladino. Paterno accused the merchant of having stolen documents connected with the candidacy of Nunzio Nasi, the former minister of public instruction, who served a term of imprisonment for embezzlement and who has been elected several times to the Chamber of Deputies, only to have his election annulled.