and expense. Sold

Ornamental Trees.



ctification of Crown Grant.

on the 3rd day of February, rown grant was issued to one toss Dick, for Lot 4, being a of Section 42, Lake District, aid grantee was therein erroncribed as William Ross: is therefore hereby given, in of Section 86 of the "Land it is the intention to cancel ive Crown grant, and to issued one in its stead three months the contrary. the contrary.
C. A. SEMLIN,
Commissioner of Lands & Works.

nd Works Department, oria, B.C., 3rd Nov., 1898. ompanies Act, 1897.

s hereby given that Robert Hall, ty of Victoria, B. C., has been the Attorney for the "Arctic Company" in place of Francis tenbury.
I the 26th day of October, 1898.
S. Y. WOOTTON,
gristrar of Joint Stock Companies.

Matter of the "Tramway Company Incorporation Act."

igned, desire to form a company the name of the "Atlia & Surprise Tramway Company, Limited," for mrose of building, equipping and mg a single or double track or tramway, beginning at a point on Lake, in the Pistrict of Cassiar, in rovince of British Columbia, near the waters of Pine Creek join those in Lake; there along the value of hereby given that we, th Lake; thence along the valley of Pine Creek to the most convennin, near where the said Pine on the Surprise Lake in the said DisCassiar; and also for the purpose lding, constructing, equipping anng a telephone or telegraph line of connection with the said tramway T. H. WORSNOP.
FRED. J. WHITE.
LYMAN P. DUFF.

days after date I intend to apply days after date 1 intend to apply Chief Commissioner of Lands and for permission to purchase 160 land in Cassiar District, commencut midway on the Southern bound-William Field's land; thence south ns; thence west 40 chains; thence of the land to the land hains; thence east 40 chains, t THOMAS TUGWELL. st 24th, 1898.

eiven that two months after date

Johnson, intend to apply to the mmissioner of Lands and Works illision to purchase one hundred y (160) acres of land situated at h end of Surprise or Pine lake, district, described as follows: ling at a post marked North West rter of a mile west of the outle GEORGE JOHNSON. ake, Cassiar District, Sept. 3, 1898.

days after date I intend to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and for permission to purchase the foldescribed land, situate at the head nt, containing 160 acres. LEWIS LUKES. naat Arm, August 20, 1898.

NOTICE is hereby given that thirty er date I intend to apply Honorable the Chief Com-of Lands and Works r of Lands and Works call license to cut and carry away rom the following described lands, ommencing at a staked marked colston's southeast corner, thence ree-fourths of a mile; thence west s; thence south three-fourths of a ence east two miles to point of sement and comprising about nine deement, and comprising about nine and sixty (960) acres. This land ated on the banks of Pine Creek, Cass'ar Mining District, B.C.

OLIVER ROLSTON.
Bennett, B.C., Nov. 2nd, 1898.

is hereby given that thirty ter date I intend to apply Honorable the Chief of Lands and Works for license to cut and carry away com the following described lands, mmencing at a stake marked nnelly, northwest corner, thence ree-fourths of a mile; thence east s; thence north three-fourths of a mence west two miles to point of ement, and containing about nine and sixty (960) acres. This land of on the bank of Pine Creek, Atiar Mining District. ssiar Mining District.

JOHN CONNELLY.
Bennett, B.C., Nov. 2nd, 1898.

Victoria Cimes.

the Rejection of the Latest Proposals

of the United States.

Commissioners Yesterday - "Open Door"

in the Philippines.

lay's session, may be summarized as fol-

presented by the American commission-

ers on behalf of their government for

the cession of the Philippines to the

United States having been rejected by

the Spanish commissioners, and the

counter proposal of the latter for the

withdrawal of the Americans from the

islands and the payment of indemnity

by the United States to Spain having

been rejected by the Americans, the lat-

er, deeming it essential that the present

negotiations, already greatly protracted,

hould be brought to an early and de-

finite conclusion, now begged to present a new proposition embodying the con-cessions which, for the sake of peace,

their government would be, under the

The government of the United States s unable to modify the proposal hereto-

to offer to Spain in case cession should

be agreed to, \$20,000,000, to be paid in accordance with the terms of the treaty

erm of years Spanish ships and mer-

ships and merchandise.

Next followed terms nearly approach-

ing a formal ultimatum to Spain. The Upited States commissioners expressed

acceptance of the proposals made as to the Philippines, in connection also with

these demands the proposals as to Cuba,

Satisfaction at the "Open Door.

press satisfiction at the "open door"

London, Nov., 22.-Most of the after-

oon newspapers comment upon and ex-

entions of the United States in the

Washington, Nov. 22.—At the cabinet meeting to-day a brief cablegram was read which had been sent from Paris. It was substantially in accord with the

newspaper reports of the proceedings,

although no reference was made to any excitement attending the meeting or to

any agreement. It was stated that the next meeting would take place to-mor-

row. The cabinet discussed the matter, and it was the belief of the members

that there would be at least one more

meeting after to-morrow if the Spaniards

have decided to reject the American propositions.

Spain in a Quandry.

Paris, Nov. 22.—The Spanish peace commissioners last night telegraphed to

Madrid the substance of the United States memorandum presented yester-

day, and late yesterday evening they were discussing it among themselves. As

late as 1 o'clock this morning a Spanish

commissioner affirmed that his col-leagues did not know what to do regard-

ing the American offer. There is a dif-ference of opinion among unofficial peo-

ple near the commission, but the pre-diction is that Spain will decline the

American offer of money. She will re-fuse to cede the Philippines and will say to the United States: "You may

take the archipelago because you have

will retire, protesting against greedy aggression. We will faithfully carry

hands. You came here to engage in a discussion under the terms of the protocol, but you evidently meant when

drawing up that document to provide a conference in which, though we differ

man to nan, you propose to announce at the proper time what you will do, wheth-

er we agree to it or object. Such an attitude robs the conference of the ne-

gotiative character and sets up the

United States as a dominant power

whose ultimate determination is to do

AMERICAN BRIFFS.

but would send a committee to prepare

report. Washington, D.C., Nov. 22.—The war

department has made a contract with J. H. Overton, of Texas, for furnishing

beef to the interior garrison of the United States troops in Cuba. The price

is 9% cents per pound, delivered dressed to the commissary department at gar-

Washington, D.C., Nov. 22.-The com-

missary department to-day dispatched the steamer Bratten from Savannah

COL. PANET DEAD.

Ottawa, Nov. 22.—Col. Charles Eugene Paget, deputy minister of militia, died at noon to-day after a three days' ill-ness of pneumonia. He was 68 years

old. Col. Panet was appointed to the senate in 1874, and made a minister in 1875. He was a Liberal.

ing people of Cuba.

with 700 tons of provisions for the starv-

whose first purpose is to listen,

our part of the pledges and e Cuba and Porto Rico in your

power to do so. As you advance, we

aggression.

the West Indies.

Philippine islands.

ircumstances, willing to tender.

VOL. 17.

Enormous Increase in Production of the Metal -An Official Estimate for the Year 1898.

Processes Make the Working of Bodies of Low-Grade Ore Profitable.

Washington, November 16.-The report of the director of the mint for the alendar year 1898 shows an immense increase in the gold output of the world This is the gold production for 1898, estimated on reliable information:

Total.....\$275,000,000

The Klondike output, included above, r 1898 is estimated at \$12,000,000. The ndike data are the most interesting. he exact figures as they have come to director of the United States mint-\$10,055,270. Of this \$5,070,000 was alled by the assay office at Seattle and \$4,985,270 was turned in for coinage at the San Francisco mint.

The Klondike production will exceed the figures now available by probably \$2,000,000. Last spring Mr. Roberts estimated the output at between \$10,000,-000 and \$12,000,000. The facts bear him out and also bear out the estimates niners well informed on the subject The Klondike is merely keeping step with the rest of the world. The production of gold is increasing at an astonishrate, and there is good reason for the belief that the ratio of increase will maintained annually for many years

"In 1897," said the director of the mint this afternoon, "the world pro-duced in gold \$237,000,000. This is an increase of about 275 per cent, over the production of 1890, when \$118,000,000 was wrung from the soil. Of this tremendous production, in round numbers mething over 500 tons, South Africa easily leads, with approximately \$75, 600,000, Australia following with \$65, 000,000, and the United tSates \$60,000, 000, Russia \$30,000,000 and the remain-\$45,000,000 distributed among other nations of the earth.
In all probability the

output for 1899-

In all probability the output for 1599-will measure up to \$300,000,000, and, so far as human judgment is capable of discernment, this increase annually, at a fair ratio, will continue for many years, at least during this generation. The explanation of the remarkable growth is simple. Capital is just becoming interested in the unity, and this is the result of trememous advances in the construction of mains. ances in the construction of mining achinery and the adoption of modern and improved methods of handling ore. Ten years ago this machinery and resent methods were practically unwn. Ore that ten years ago would have been thrown away as valueless by reason of the comparatively small pereason of the comparatively small per charten, the comparatively small per charten per cha to yield a handsome profit. taining so small an amount of gold as \$3 to the ton is now handled with Three dollars' worth of gold, on

to \$10 to the ton is obtained, but the labor involved in its getting is much greater than in the United States, the mines being operated to a depth of 5,000 feet. In that country the greatest increase in the production of gold is noted. In 1890 South Africa yielded little less than \$1.500,000. In 1897 the output was than \$1.500,000. In 1897 the output was a COLD WAVE. er \$58,000,000, and it will reach \$75,-

00,000 in 1898. "Indications point to the construction a Klondike railroad from the head Lynn canal by way of Chilkoot pass Fort Selkirk. Obviously this will an undertaking of huge proportions, quiring some extremely formidable grades, but the revenue sure to be deat section, make the project entirely The chief obstacle in the path development of the great northtern . territory is the manifest lack The pretransportation facilities. rates for the conveying either of since yesterday morning. freight or passengers are practically prohibitive With the most primitive ilway facilities, even making it pos sible to transport provisions, lumber, etc., from the coast to the interior, the of increase in the gold productrom \$3,000,000 in 1897 to possibly \$11,000,000 in 1898, foretells a mighty

NEWS OF VANCOUVER.

Charley Barrow, of Metchosin, Drown-

ed-Bullion From Old Cariboo. Vancouver, Nov. 22 .- A drowning act occurred at 5 o'clock last evening n the inlet. The tug Leonora was tow-ng a scow loaded with wood to a wharf, when Charley Barrow, son of John Bar-Metchosin farmer, slipped over-Those on the tug knew nothing accident until hailed from the They returned, but there was no me to Metchosin four years ago from rantford. He was a brother of Mrs. apt. Cates of this city. This morning tug and boats were dragging for the and found the heaving line which row was preparing to put ashore, sign of his remains.

B. Hobson, of Cariboo, is on his here. He has \$9,000 bullion and orth \$115. Cariboo mines ed \$110.000 this season. A Chinaman committed suicide at the 50-Mile house yesterday. He stabbed imself with a knife.

daily use of Abbey's Effervescent It will keep you in good health. Recom-nded by medical journals and endorsed physicians. Sold by druggists every-ere at 60 cents a large bottle. Trial size

Montreal, Nov. 21.-Isadore Bacon was arrested at Montreal for drunken nes. He got into a fight in the police cells with some of the other prisoners and received such injuries that he died

and received such injuries that he died in a few hours.

The Herald publishes a number of interviews on "What we have to be thankful for?" Among the contributors is Sir Wm. Van Horne, who says laconically. "The Dingley tariff."

Winnipeg, Nov. 21.—Charles R. Irvine, barrister, formerly of Brighton, Ont., has been found gullty here of stealing an express package from the office of the Dominion Express Co. The case has been pending for several days, and the prosecution attempted to prove that Irvine removed from the office a parcel consigned to him and on which charges to the amount of \$10.25 were due. The clerk overlooked that the parcel in question was labelled "C.O.D." and handed it over to Irvine without charging the dues. On being notified of the mistake it is charged that the defendant neither paid the charges nor returned the parcel.

Winnipeg, Nov. 21.—The Winnipeg subsection of the Canadian Bankers' Association has adopted an emphatic protest against the city of Brandon pursuing any course or taking any steps which would lead to a repudiation by the city of its financial obligations or cause a default in the payments of its liabilities. The resolution was adopted in view of the proposed re-organization of city finances by which it was intended to cancel coupons on certain debentures and pay up the principal. Winnipeg, Nov. 21.—J. H. Glass and E. Glass, both commercial travellers of London, Ont., lost all their samples in the fire which destroyed the depot at Virden yesterday. Mr. J. H. Glass was slightly injured while endeavoring to save his personal effects.

Toronto, Nov. 21.—J. T. Garrow. Q.C., lete member of the legislature and at in a few hours.

injured while endeavoring to save his personal effects.

Toronto, Nov. 21.—J. T. Garrow. Q.C., late member of the legislature and at present Liberal candidate for West Huron, has been appointed member of the Ontario cabinet without portfol'o, succeeding Mr. Bronson, who retired from the house last March.

Mr. Bronson, who retired from the house last March.

The writs for provincial bye-elections in West Huron and Halton were issued to day. The dates are December 1 and 8.

Toronto, Nov. 21.—It is reported on good authority that all election protests in Ontario will be abandoned save those in the two Elgins and West Algoma.

Toronto, Nov. 21.—Ottawa team defeated the Vars'ty in the semi-final football match for the Canadian Rugby championship on Saturday afternoon at Resedule by 7 points to 3. At half time the students were ahead, 3 to nil. About 2,000 spectators witnessed the game. It was rough, but no one was ruled off.

Napanee, Nov. 21.—The trial of Ponton and others, charged with the robbery of the Dominion Bank branch here in 1896, re-opened this afternoon before Mr. Justice Ferguson.

Quebec, Nov. 21.—The steamship Otter is ashore on White island reef and is likely to become a total wreek. fore made for the cession of the entire archipelago of the Philippines, but the American commissioners are authorized prepared to insert in the treaty now in contemplation a stipulation that for a

is ashore on White Island reef and is likely to become a total wreck.

Toronto, Nov. 10. — Mrs. Gertrude Truman, of Handlton, widow of Ransom Truman, claims to have knowledge of the Middle Roads murder case, for which Walter McWherrall is now serving a life term in the penicary. She says McWherrall was a serving a second of a Scotch gentleman of d

was a series son of a Scotch gentleman of discourse, Nov. 21.—Queen's University registrar has been notified of a bequest made by the late M. C. Cameron, lieutenant-governor of the Northwest Territories, of \$1,000 for a Gaelle scholarship.

Winnipeg, Nov. 21.—At a neeting. All Winnipeg city council to-night it was decided to cable the Winnipeg water works bondholders an offer of \$237,500 for the transfer of the entire water works plant and system to the Winnipeg council. It is thought the offer will be accepted. tor of St. Paul's church, has received a call to the pastorate of Homer street church, Vancouver. He will accept, sub-ject to approval of the conference, to take

EVACUATION OF CUBA.

as \$3 to the ton is now handled with profit. Three lollars' worth of gold, on a basis of \$16 to the ounce, a piece about the size of a five-cent nickel, weighing less than one-fifth of an ounce, is a very small percentage of yield from a ton of ore, and the average is much above this. The supply of this low-grade ore, running from \$2.50 to \$6 per ton, is apparently inexhaustible. There ton it is apparently inexhaustible. The commission has made quite extended reports to the war department concerning the situation in the island, relating largely to camp conditions and proposed sites for United States garrisons, as well as suggestions as to supplies for the army, and other matters of detail which must be considered before the army is sent to Cuba. One of the most important features of the islands by the Spaniards may take place sooner than at first anticipated. The commander has been informed that thirty Spanish transports are now on the way to Cuba, and that they will be able to take away a large number of troops. The war department 's now making arrange-making war department is now making arrange-ments to sent troops to Cuba as soon as the supply the different points as fast as the Spaniards move away.

A COLD WAVE. Chicago, Nov. 22.—The severe storm has moved northward, and its central to-day is over the upper lake region, attended with ra'n or snow over the western lake region and Ohio, Mississippi and Missouri valleys. A cold wave is moving forward in the rear of the storm, being felt to-day as far eastward as Lake Michigan, Illinois and Indians. It is an unusually severe and Indiana. It is an unusually severe cold wave for this season of the year, but is moderating somewhat in the northern It is moderating somewhat in the northern Rocky mountains.

Every road running into Chicago from the west and northwest reports more or less delay to trains on account of the blizzard. Very few vessels have left Chicago

STARVATION IN JAPAN. Tacoma, Nov. 22. — Late advices from Japan state that one thousand or more fishermen living in Itrap, northern Japan are on the verge of starvation. Some have nothing to eat, while others are existing on rats and putrified herring. During this winter all means of transportation between Itrap and Political provinces are between Itrup and Bokkido provinces are suspended, in consequence of which the island habitants are subjected to innumer-able hardships in the event of a bad fishing season.

TRIAL BY COURT MARTIAL.

Washington, D. C., Nov. 22.—The navy department has ordered a trial by court martial of Navy Constructor John F. Hanscom, in charge of the construction department at League Island navy yard, on charges of gross violation of rules relative to the employment of labor in the navy yard.

'FRISCO'S NEW STEAMSHIP LINE. San Francisco, Nev. 22.—According to W. B. Curtis, general manager and representative in San Francisco of the Toyo Kisen Kaisha, or Oriental Steamship Company, who arrived here on the Coptic, the first steamer of the new line will arrive in this city about January 13th. The vessels will run in connection with Pacific mail and Occidental and Oriental lines.

PERSISTENCE CURES. — The most bronic case of Dyspensia or Indigestion rill succumb to the all-healing power of chronic case of Dyspensia or Indigestion will succumb to the all-healing power of Dr. Von Stan's Pineapple Tablets. What this wonderful medical discovery has done for the thousands of proclaimed honeless, helpless stomach inval'ds it can do for you. One Tablet will relieve—and persistence will cure. 35 cents.

Sold by Dean & Hiscocks and Hall & Co. Smart Weed and Belladonna, combined with the other ingredients used in the best porous plasters, make Carter's S. W. & B. Backache Plasters the best in the market.

CORBETT THE FAVORITE. Great Interest Manifested in the Pugil

VICTORIA, B. C., FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 25, 1898.

New York, Nov. 22.-To-day this city is the meeting point of thousands of men identified with pugilism, who have come from all over the United States No Official Information at Washington as to to watch Corbett and Sharkey settle the question of fistic supremacy before the Lennox Athletic Club to-night, Up-town hotels are thronged with visitors. Corbett will hold the position as favorite in bett will hold the position as favorite in the betting, Sharkey people getting 100 to 80 for their money whenever a wager is made. Both pugliists are resting to-day, Corbett at his residence in this city and Sharkey at his training quarters in South Brooklyn. Reports from both quarters are similar to those given out last night, which announced the men to be in splendid condition. Each side seems to think its man invincible, but a majority are in favor of Corbett who Summary of the Ultimatum Handed to Spanish Paris, Nov 22.-The memorandum of the American peace commissioners, embodying the proposals of the United majority are in favor of Corbett, who States government in regard to the Philin the past has shown himself to be a very elever righter. It is expected 10,-000 persons will witness to-night's conppines, which was submitted at yester-

> TO SEND PARIS POWER. Tesla Will Transmit Electricity Across the Ocean Without Wires.

New York, Nov. 14.—Now Nikola Tesla declares that he intends to run the machinery of the Paris exposition with electric power, sent instantly across the ocean from Niagara Falls.

This astonishing statement was made by him to-day.

He has just patented his machine for ansmitting electricity without wires. He says he can shoot thousands of milof volts around and through the globe without metallic conductors "It is like a tale from the 'Arabian Nights,'" says the Electrical Review, "and, if successful, it will open up unlimited resources of practically cost-

less power." If successful it means that from the great falls of Niagara, of the Yellowstone, of Alaska, and of the canyons of Colorado unlimited power of millions of volts can be delivered in New York, London, Paris, St. Petersburg and Pekin in a second of time. Mountains. rivers and oceans would thus be anni hilated.

of peace. It being the policy of the United States to maintain in the Philippines the "open door" to the world's com-merce, the American commissioners are Says Machinery Works Perfectly. Tesla says his machinery works per-fectly; that he has demonstrated the seeming miracle beyond all possibility of failure.

"I can supply the Paris exhibition with Niagara's power," he said to-day. "I shall send it across the ocean without a wire, My invention is the crowning success of long years of thought and labor." handise shall be admitted into the Philppine ports on the same terms as Am-The American commissioners are also authorized to insert in the treaty pro-vision for the mutual relinquishment of all claims for indemnity, national and individual, of every kind, of the United Tesla went on to explain how he invents. He says he first discovers the States against Spain and Spain against the United States, flat may have arisen since the beginning of the Cuban insur-rection and prior to the conclusion of the

natural laws governing the secret he is after. Then he can predict just what his mechanism, when constructed in a certain way, will accomplish. When the laws controlling pointed work in the universe have been once mastered, the making of the pro-When the laws controlling their apper machine to act in harmony with the hope that they might receive from the Spanish commissioners on or before the Spanish commissioners on or before Monday, the 28th, a definite and final

an easy task, When Tesla discovered the laws lead ing up to the invention of his famous oscillator he was convinced that if he made certain wires in the machine exactly of the required length the electricity of the globe would stream forth in

He worked long and persistently, with no satisfactory result. Still, he said, he knew to a mathematical certainty certainty on which he would stake his life—that the flames must appear when once he found the right measure-

Marvel of Scientific Success. At last he hit it, he asserts, and the world now marvels at the results an-

When Lord Kelvin, the Shakespeare of European science, saw the machine in action, its awful flames shooting and exploding in veritable thunderbolts, it said that his emotion was profoun for above and beyond its spectacular features he realized that it sent its currents around and through the universe of matter. Between each terrifying lightning stroke the globe is penetrated and encircled by the million-volted

dowed oscilator Tesla, it is declared brings Paris and Hongkong vithin the reach of his hand. Tesla, without any wire or other arificial means of communication, uses the earth and atmosphere as his double wire, and thus secures a complete electrical circuit. He has a thunderbolt producing machine, his famous "os-cillator." Instead of producing the few housand volts used for electric lighting, propelling trolley cars, or killing murderers at Sing Sing, it manufactures millions of volts.

Harmless, Yet Awe-Inspiring. The electricity is of such a character it is stated, that when the machine fills a room with jagged lightning, flashing and thundering in a tornado of fiery storm, it does not kill anybody, yet it develops a force thousands of times greater than the biggest ordinary dy

namo can produce.
With this machine, creating a pres ure of millions of volts, Tesla says he lashes the vast ocean of electricity of stantly the waves spread in all directions through the universe of matter. In commenting to-night upon Tesla' marvellous invention a noted scientist, who has made careful investigation and places faith in its boundless possibilities, gave his opinion thus:-"All the universe is a big bag of electricity. When Tesla's thunderbolt machine bombards it in New York, rip New York, Noy, 22—The war investi-gation commission decided to-day at would not visit Camp Wikoff in a body,

pling waves break on the most distant electric shores of the world-in Chicago, San Francisco, Siberia, New Zea-land, in the Philippines, at the poles north and south.' Confident of Success. This is Tesla's claim, that the elec-

tro-magnetic waves can thus be made to sweep around and through the world in an instant, and on this claim announces his ability to move the Paris machinery by power generated Niagara Falls. Many astounding facts in electricity have ben discovered. It originally cost thousands of dollars for copper

Esquimalt To Be the Outfitting Point for Cruisers and Transports and Halifax a Supply Depot.

Intention to Provide for a Movement of Troops to Any Large Extent on the C. P. R.

Ottawa, Nov. 21.-At the rate heavy ship guns, quick-firers, small arms, ammunition, munitions of war and stores for active service are arriving at Halifax and Esquimalt, it will soon be possible to convert ocean liners into armed 1 cruisers and transports equivalent to the embarkation of 10,000 men simultaneously for any point in Far Eastern seas to which the ships might be ordered.

There is apparently no intention to provide for a movement of troops to any large extent from Europe acc Canada by the "imperial highway" Asia. On the contrary, exery indication points to Esquimalt being utilized for fitting out gruisers and transports on sudden emergency, and Halifax as a supply depot for the despatch of supplies and drafts of reinforcements overland to

Esquimalt. Facilities for the transport of troops in large numbers across the continent under conditions the imperial government would impose are not unlimited. though means might be improvised at a sharp pinch to rush through as many as 10,000 men with arms, baggage and supplies without break. No such strain,

owever, seems likely to occur. Weakening the British garrisons in Europe for service in the east by way of Canada is evidently contemplated. Everything concurs to induce the belief that in a case of call for troops they would embark for India, Canada doing her share in providing some trans-ports and converted cruisers. Recent additions to the China and Japan lines sailing from Canada, and the accommodation available on a sudden emergency in other quarters, insure sufficient ton-nage at short notice to answer to the summons to rendezvous at any point in-dicated for embarkation in eastern

Unless information is wholly erroneous conditions are such that a year at least of ceaseless effort would be required to fit out an adequate Franco-Russian force for eastern seas to cope with the British power already there, or presently available. In the mean-

than at first thought. It may involve all five states in a general conflagration. According to the advices the real object of the movement is the overthrow of the federal republic, which was organized federal republic, which was organized November 1st at Amapala. To accomplish this Regalados called in the aid of Guatemala and Coata Place. clish this Regalados called in the aid of Guatemala and Costa Rica, who always viewed the union of Salvador, Nicaragua and Honduras as a constant menace to their sovereignty. The rebels are in possession of all departments with the exception of the sources are in the expectation of the sources. Think also of the 500 out of the 800, everyone of whom secured good positive delivery of the secured good positive delivery of the secured good positive delivery of the secured good positive delivery de session of all departments with the ex-ception of La Union and Sanmiguel. The latter is a stronghold of Horacio Villamarch against Regalados. Honduras sends 4,000, Nicaragua 400 and the federal district of Salvador 2,000. The movement is backed by capitalists who censorship has been established at La Libertad.

PRAISE FOR CANADA. Daily Mail Comments on Dominion's Lead in Imperialism.

Toronto, Nov. 21.—The following is a pecial cable dispatch to the Evening elegram, dated London, Nov. 21: The Daily Mail to-day, referring to Canada's contribution to the West Indies relief fund, says that it is an eloquent reminder of the duties due from the mother land and fostered by the spirit of imperialism. Canada's canals, the C. P. R., its confederation of provinces, its preferential frade laws, Toronto's naval eserve scheme-all these have been prompted by Canada's spirit of imperialism. And what is it, adds the Mail, but business-like imperialism that induces Lord Strathcona of Canada to confer with the government with reference to a Canadian fast steamship serabout Canada's lead in imperialism,

DISORDERS IN PORTO RICO.

Washington, Nov. 22 .- The war de partment has received the following dispatch from Gen. Brooke about the reported disorders in the island of Porto Rico: Reports received from San Sebastian and other troublesome regions show disorders occurring in that part of the island, but I have it thoroughly patrolled and am still patrolling it. Everything has been quiet for three or four weeks. Several bandits have been killed or wounded by our patrols. Reports are very much exaggerated.

A SUBSTANTIAL CAIN.

HOOD'S PILLS cure nausea, headache.

Ah, no! it would not do to stand on the street corners and smite our beasts as miserable sinners. It is far better to congregate in high places, in clubs, in medical societies, and in the editorial corners of our journals, and unite our wire alone to carry comparatively weak currents a few miles to move machinery. It was finally discovered that a see how wise are the tenets of our spectal the particulars of the Atlin country to the particular of the Atlin country to the pa tremendous voltage could be sent on a lighty and how false are other men's, mere thread of wire, thus reducing the



Absolutely Pure

Made from pure grape cream of tarter

Prominent Official of the Yukon and White Pass Road Speaks of the Wonders of the Goldfields.

Some Experiences of Men Who Ventured and Returned Well Pleased With the Result of Their Work.

There appears little room for doubt that the Atlin goldfields are going to attract a very large crowd of men in the spring of 1899. The consensus of pinion expressed by those who are in position to know and who have visited Victoria within the past few weeks has been to this effect, and now comes Mr. H. Gray, general traffic manager of White Pass & Yukon route, whose enthusiasm in regard to the pro for the immediate future is positively in-Mr. Gray does not strike a casual ac-

quaintance as a man likely to paint in over-glowing colors anything on the earth, but when one listens to his roseate accounts of the new goldfields the feeling that he is an admirable advance agent for any proposition becomes irresistible. This is not said in any ppirit of disrespect to the genial gentleman who favored a Times man with an interview this afternoon, but with an interwiew this atternoon, but rather as an explanation of the newborn desire to join in the exploitation of the new goldfields resultant from Mr. Gray's account thereof. Mr. Gray estithe new goddnedd resultant from Mr. Gray's account thereof. Mr. Gray estimates that 25,000 people will be in the Atlin district by July 1 next year, and he speaks with the advantage of personal through the speaks with the advantage of personal through the speaks with th nowledge of what has been happening there luring the past few months.

Listen for a while to some of the true with the British power already there, or presently available. In the meantime, it is asked, what would the British be doing?

REVOLT AT SALVADOR.

A Scheme on Foot to Overthrow the Federal Republic.

New York, Nov. 22.—A dispatch to the Herald from Panama says: Late advices from Salvador, via Nicaragua, indicate that the revolt is more serious than at first thought. It may involve all tales Mr. Gray can tell by the score of sum of \$5, the amount of his fare. He went to work on the track, but joined

everyone of whom secured good paying claims in that wonderful country, where the gold is found from the grass roots; a stronghold of Horacio Villa-who is a candidate in opposition than the stature of an ordinary man, to Regalados. The federal government is hurriedly mobilizing its forces to march against Regalados. Honduras where timber exists in plenty for all purposes and where the climate from all the drawbacks inseparable from the Klondike, and which has yet not hindered upwards of a score of thousand people making their homes on the banks of the Yukon. All this, says Mr. Gray, must be borne in mind when any estimate of the future of the Atlin country is made.

And how and when to go in are subjects upon which Mr. Gray speaks also with authority. As to the former, the best way is to take the Yukon and White Pass route to the summit of the White Pass and at Atlin junction the newly found trail to Atlin City, a distance of 50 miles. The cost to those who do this will be but \$5 from Skagway to Atlin junction, and the passenger is allowed to take 150 pounds gage. Then he may use the trail, now being improved by the company, lutely free of toll, and the log cabins are open to shelter him. Of course to those who do not take the railroad to the summit the company will be compelled to make a slight charge for toll. When to go in? Between Fbruary 15 and March 15, to give the new arrival time to locate in his territory, fix himself comfortably in a cabin and be ready to commence prospecting when the snow melts a month later.

Mr. Gray says there is no reason for any man in this vicinity to be without work for a single day, as any man can get passage to Skagway for \$5, and can then have free transportation on the railway to where the work is being done on the road, and go to work at from thirty to thirty-five cents an hour; work from 8 to 14 hours a day, and have board of the very best quality at \$1 a day. Or he can purchase from the company's store provisions of all kinds at actual cost. Mr. Gray says there is no dauger that work will be suspended owing to the cold weather. He himself has found that with the thermometer "I was very weak and hardly able to walk. My blood was thin and I was as pale as death. Being told about Hood's effects. Fifteen below zero there is not more severe than fifteen above here, and weight. I kept on with it until I was as well as over." Arthur Mills, Dresden, Ontake a grubstake would be willing to undergo the little headship that below zero he has been able to stand for undergo the little hardship that would entail. There are now from 1,200 to 1.500 mon working, and there is room for 2,000 more. Applications for positions will be received at the office of the company, one of which will be opened at 16 Trounce avenue on Dec. 1st. in charge of Mr. J. H. Greer, the newly

ther particulars of the Atlin country to all those who are interested. His advice mere thread of wire, thus reducing the cost to a trifling expense.

Tesla first succeeded in transmitting power over one wire. Now he claims he abolishes all wires.

If you had taken two of Carter's Little to the people of Victoria is to be up and doing, for there is going to be a repetition next year of the excitement and the rush of thousands to the northern gold fields.

appointed commercial agent of the com