

11. When a motion has been read to the House by the Prolocutor, it cannot be withdrawn without the consent of the House.

12. When a question is under debate, no motion shall be received by the Chair, unless to amend it or postpone it, or to lay it on the table, or for adjournment, or for the previous question, and no more than one amendment to a proposed amendment of a question shall be in order.

13. A motion to adjourn shall always be in order.

14. Motions to adjourn or to lay on the table shall be decided without debate.

15. A motion to suspend a Rule of Order shall take precedence of all other motions, and shall be decided without debate; and no Rule of Order shall be suspended, except upon the vote of two-thirds of the Members present.

16. A Member, if not interrupting a speaker, may require any motion in discussion to be read for his information, at any time during the debate.

17. When amendments are made to any motion, the amendments and the original motion shall be put in order the reverse of that in which they were brought forward.

18. When a question is finally put by the Prolocutor, either an original motion or an amendment, no further debate shall be allowed; the Prolocutor first declaring that the question is finally put.

19. When the Prolocutor is putting a question, no Member shall rise from his seat; and every Member present, when a question is put, shall be required to vote on the same, unless excused by the House.

20. In voting, those who vote in the affirmative shall first rise, and then those who vote in the negative; and in case of an equality of votes the question shall be decided by the casting vote of the Prolocutor, who may also vote on the motion.

21. When requiring the vote of the House, orders voting separately shall be necessary.

22. On a division against a question by three Members.

23. A question brought into discussion by unanimous consent.

24. Committees excepting Standing Committee to the Upper House those which follow requires a Committee.

25. When a separate named, whose function direct what number the quorum be fixed the committee is appointed.

26. When a Committee resolution asking for the Committee, or the Committee, the Mover of the Committee has a

27. Reports of Committees to the Chairman, and the Committee may be made for reference.

28. Motions with reference shall take precedence.

29. Whenever it is necessary Committees are not Prolocutor may appoint dioceses to fill their