

History of The Shrine Of Ste. Anne deBeaupre

(Montreal Gazette.)

The destruction by fire of the church buildings at Ste. Anne deBeaupre will cause regret over a wide area of North America, from many parts of which devout Catholics come yearly to visit the sacred site. The structure, which was rebuilt or replaced, possibly by a better building. The loss is one of many of the kind in this province, where great church buildings are so numerous. Fire is unaccountably numerous among them. There are reasons for this which, however, should not be beyond the ability of architects to remove. The steady needed may be considerable, but the enduring safety of the fine church homes of the community should justify it.

History of the Shrine.

During the forty-six years in which the Basilica of Saint Anne at Beauport has been open for religious services, nearly 12,000,000 pilgrims have worshipped in the sacred edifice, which recently fell victim to fire. There are records available of the annual number of votive individuals who visited Beauport since 1875, in which year it is recorded that 27,000 went to the shrine. Each year there has been an increase. The number until 1914 was 230,000 persons were received. War conditions caused a decrease to 180,000, but the number of visitors has been increasing until in 1921, 200,000 individuals made their way to Beauport and offered their devotions in the great church.

The shrine at Beauport was regarded as a national temple because it had been built by the gifts of people in every part of Canada, while its reputation among Catholics is world-wide, to such an extent indeed that it is regarded as being next to Lourdes amongst the miraculous places of the earth.

Beaupre and its shrines have played a part in the making of history of Canada, the foundation of the community dating back to the earliest times of French colonization. The original settlement, founded probably in 1645, had grown to such proportions in 1657 that it was organized as a parish, the sixth in the country. At that time the parishes of Canada were Tadoussac, Quebec, Montreal, Three Rivers and Chateau-Richer. The first colonists of the locality came chiefly from Brittany and Normandy. To their descendants the shrine was devoted to "Good St. Anne," and an attachment for the soil they had cultivated, and to this day there are to be found at Beauport representatives of most of the original settlers. The community had different names. First, it was St. Anne du Petit-Cap, then Ste. Anne du Nord, and finally Ste. Anne de Beauport, or La Bonne Ste. Anne. In Normandy and Brittany devotion to Ste. Anne, the mother of the Virgin Mary, is held in high honor, and from the early days of the settlement in the valley of the St. Lawrence this devotion was practiced by the colonists. One of the early sanctuaries to be dedicated to her was erected on the riverbank at Beauport, and the edifice which suffered yesterday was the modern development of the first modest sanctuary.

HEAD AND NOSTRILS CLOGGED UP COULD SCARCELY BREATHE

When you become all choked up and stuffed up with a cold your head becomes thick, the nostrils become so clogged up you can hardly breathe, a feeling of weight or oppression in the chest and the cough rages and tears your lungs and bronchial tubes.

This is the time to take DR. WOOD'S NORWAY PINE SYRUP before things get to be too serious. There is no remedy so equal to clearing up the cold, making the breathing easy, loosening the phlegm and soothing and healing the lungs and bronchial tubes. Mrs. Edward Kincaid, 60 Bryden St., St. John, N. B., writes: "I wish to express my hearty thanks to your valuable remedy, Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup and what good it did me. Last fall I contracted a severe cold, like I never had, my head and nostrils were so clogged up I could get very little sleep. I tried every remedy until at last I thought I would try 'Dr. Wood's.' After the first dose I felt relieved and by the time the bottle was finished I was all better. I will always keep it in the house."

Price 50c, and 60c a bottle; put up in bulk by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

Six Doctors Praise Intestina Antiseptic

All Agree on Great Therapeutic Value

Dr. Langlois states: "I have to congratulate you on the good effect I had from Adlerika since I have prescribed it."

Dr. A. C. Curi: "I prescribed Adlerika (intestinal antiseptic) with highly satisfactory results."

Dr. W. A. Line: "I have found nothing to excel Adlerika (intestinal antiseptic)."

Dr. F. M. Prettymann: "I have been very successful with Adlerika (intestinal antiseptic)."

Dr. James Weaver: "In my fifty years' practice I have found nothing to excel Adlerika."

Dr. W. H. Bernhart: "I can't get along without Adlerika."

Intestinal Antiseptic.

There is now offered to the public preparation having the DOUBLE action of an intestinal antiseptic and a COMPLETE system cleanser. This preparation, known as Adlerika, acts as follows: It tends to eliminate or destroy harmful germs and colon bacilli in the intestinal canal, thus guarding against appendicitis and other diseases having their start here.

It is the most complete system cleanser

and dedicate it to the saintly patroness of Brittany. Such a chapel was erected at Beauport, and it became well known to seamen who frequently hastened to it before setting off on voyages. The exact date of the foundation is unknown, but it is clear that the origin of the pilgrimages may be traced back more than two hundred and seventy years. In its early history, the shrine was a simple wooden building, but it was gradually enlarged and improved. In 1657, the first Bishop of Quebec, who in 1687 wrote of the special devotion which the inhabitants bore to Ste. Anne. In 1698, Rev. Thomas Morel, missionary priest of Beauport, published an account of the miracles that had occurred at Ste. Anne, his book bearing the approval of Bishop de Laval. There is an earlier witness in the person of the Venerable Mother Mary of the Incarnation, foundress of the Ursulines, of Quebec, who in 1668 wrote:

"Seven leagues from here there is a village called Little Cape, where there is a church dedicated to St. Anne, in which our Lord wishes to work great miracles by the intercession of the holy mother of the Blessed Virgin. There the paralytic are made to walk, the blinding are cured, and the sick, no matter what their ailment may be, regain their health."

The First Chapel. Ferland, the historian, notes the erection of a modest chapel at Beauport, and comments that it was probably built to commemorate the shrine of St. Anne at Auray, in Brittany. The growth of the population found the primitive chapel too small for their needs and in 1667 it was agreed to build a larger one. Etienne Lessard donated part of his land and construction was commenced on a site on the public square in front of the site occupied by the Basilica destroyed yesterday. In March, 1668, Father Vignal blessed the cornerstone, which was then laid by Louis d'Ailleboust, governor-general of New France.

To quote from a historian: "From the commencement St. Anne blessed the work and showed how pleasing to her were the efforts of the good people. Louis Guindon, one of them, and an infirmity which prevented him from working with his neighbors in building the chapel, took three small stones and, to show his good will, placed them in the foundation, and was rewarded for his devotion by his instant cure, to the admiration and consolation of all."

The same historian adds that this structure, "already consecrated by a miracle, was never completed. It was destroyed by the waters of the St. Lawrence and the ice in the spring would destroy its foundations. It was then decided to build another church closer to the high altar of the old church. Father Thomas Morel the second sanctuary of wood and stone was completed, being built on land again given by Etienne Lessard. It was dedicated in 1672 and in 1682, when the material was erected the memorial church which stands today and in which may be seen the ornaments of the old church. When in 1720 a detachment of Wolfe's troops, under command of Alexander Montgomery, swept over the country, the only building left standing in the village was the church of St. Anne.

The foundations of the church were deepened yesterday when in 1872 and the church was blessed and opened for worship on October 7, 1876. Five years afterwards, in 1882, it was found necessary to enlarge the edifice by the construction of two ambulatories, skirting the main body of the church and containing the chapels. Again in 1886 it was decided to add to the capacity of the church with an addition of forty feet, surmounted by two towers and a colossal statue of Ste. Anne. This brought the dimensions of the church to 200 feet in length, with a width of 100 feet, including the ambulatories and chapels. The seating capacity of the church was increased to 2,000 persons.

On May 3, 1887, Leo XIII. raised the sanctuary of the Bank of St. Anne to the rank of a basilica, and it was solemnly consecrated by His Eminence Cardinal Taschereau in the presence of a high priest and a hundredfold of an immense concourse of the faithful.

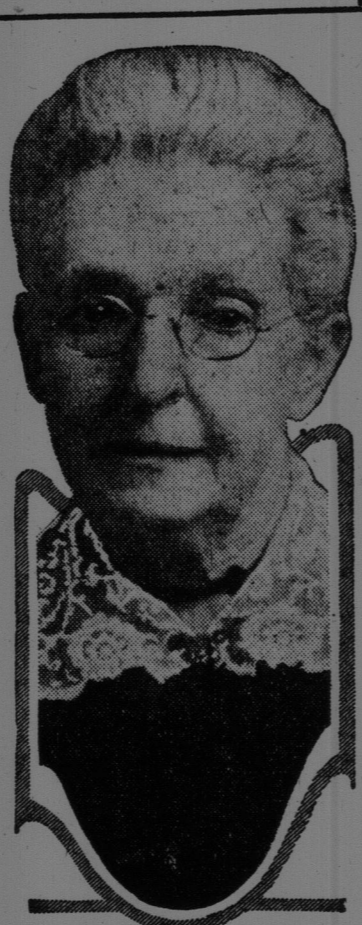
Since 1878 the sanctuary has been in charge of the Redemptorist Fathers and under their direction the enlargements and embellishments were carried out. It is difficult to place any monetary valuation upon a religious edifice and

ever offered to the public, acting on BOTH upper and lower bowel and removing foul matter which poisoned the system for months and which was causing a great deal of trouble. It brings out all gases, thus immediately relieving pressure on the heart. It is astonishing the great amount of poisonous matter Adlerika draws from the alimentary canal—matter you never thought was in your system. Try it right after a natural movement and notice how much more gas on the stomach and sick headache, one spoonful Adlerika ALWAYS brings relief. A longer treatment, however, is necessary in cases of obstinate constipation and long standing stomach trouble, preferably under direction of your physician.

Adlerika is a constant surprise to people who have used only ordinary bowel and stomach medicines, on account of its rapid, pleasant and COMPLETE action. It is sold by leading druggists everywhere.

Sold in St. John by J. Benson Mahony, druggist, 2 and 4 Dock street, and other leading druggists.

MRS. MARY A. SPENCER, of Watertown, N. Y., aged 75, who declares she gained fifteen pounds on Tanlac and feels just fine all the time. Was in badly run-down condition.



Our portrait is of Mr. MICHAEL T. ROONEY, of 68, Granville Avenue, Long Eaton, England, who writes:

"Some years ago whilst touring Ireland with 'Sanger's Royal Glycerine,' I contracted some kind of an irritable skin complaint which seemed baffled by different treatments in the way of ointments and lotions, all of which utterly failed to give me the slightest relief. Recently at Long Eaton, where I am engaged as advertising manager for the Picture Palace, the conductor there begged me to try Clarke's Blood Mixture, but I refused. However, he knowing its curative powers from experience, made me a present of a bottle, which I began to use. I was cured in a few days, and my skin is perfectly healthy again."

"Just think of it, at seventy-five years of age to be made well and strong again, and gain twelve pounds in weight, but this is exactly what I did after taking Tanlac. Not only that, I feel years younger," said Mrs. Mary A. Spencer, East St., life-long resident of Watertown, N. Y.

"For over a year I was in a terribly run-down condition and I was so nervous and restless that many a night I would hear the clock strike every hour. I was able to eat very little and lost strength right along, finally becoming so weak I could hardly walk from one room to the other."

"On account of my age I thought my declining health was natural, but Tanlac has proved that I was mistaken. I can do all my own housework now. I sleep all night long, wake up in the morning feeling refreshed and just feel fine all the day long. Tanlac can't be praised too much."

Tanlac is sold by The Ross Drug Co., Ltd., and F. W. Munro, and by leading druggists everywhere.

much of the collection gathered around the Basilica of Beauport possessed great historical association, and to that extent was priceless. But a great amount of rich contributions in the form of marble, fine carvings and precious stones had been placed in the church, so that the estimate of a loss amounting to more than a million dollars is not at all exaggerated.

The rare paintings have been saved some of them are admittedly not great works of art, but they carry communication with the past, such as the painting of St. Anne presented by the Marquis of Tracy. There were many historical relics, and these appear to have been saved. The oldest of these is the throne of St. Anne, the first in Canada, dating from 1681. A collection box dates from 1683 and the historian relates: "When it was used for the first time, that is, on the day of the dedication of the second church, July 26th, 1683, it was returned with 12,655 francs, which was then considered a good collection, as at that time money was one franc a day. But its most glorious day, in those remote times, was on the occasion of the pilgrimage of the Vicarroy de Tracy and his wife, when St. Anne, Bouchard saw 70 francs dropped into it one after the other."

An ivory altar crucifix dates from 1683 and is thought to be the work of the famous Duquesnoy.

A rare relic is a mass vestment made and given in 1686 by Anne of Austria, mother of Louis XIV. The vestment is explained by the fact that the offerings are of pure silk, gold and silver. In thanksgiving for the birth of an heir to the throne of France, Queen Anne ordered some offering to be sent to all the churches dedicated to St. Anne in the kingdom; that sent to Canada was made by the same hands.

There are wonderful vessels contained in the treasury, some of which have aroused the admiration of connoisseurs. One is a silver chalice, 1670; a silver reliquary 1670; a silver altar crucifix, 1667, by the sculptor Lesneux d'Orleans, explorer and first governor of Louisiana, 1700. Other quaint objects include a wax candle mould, 1722, and altar bread

trons, 1723, relics of the time when each church had its own candles and wafers. Rich Decoration.

The interior of the Basilica contained a wealth of rich decorations. The high altar and the side altars were adorned with the most artistic design and craftsmanship, being constructed of various marbles. The communion rail was a masterpiece of the sculptor's art. It was 16 feet in height, and along its length were distributed groups symbolizing the mystery of the Holy Eucharist. Five different kinds of marble—yellow, red, white, green and black—were used. The majestic statue of St. Anne occupied a prominent place at the extreme end of the choir, placed on a wonderfully wrought pedestal, a monolith of Mexican onyx being the outstanding feature. The pulpit was a rich monument of carved marble, gilt copper and oak, the organ was a fine instrument from the shops of the leading Canadian manufacturer.

The first side chapel, which was dedicated to St. Anthony, was placed in a corner of the main body of the church, in which was a statue of the saint, and a miniature life-sized statue of the Virgin Mary, while making a pilgrimage to the shrine in 1886.

The bells had been cast in Louvain and it is recorded that so exact had been the calculation that they were placed in the towers at Beauport exactly as they had been in Louvain, and in that order being required to repair defect.

The relics of Good St. Anne contained in the Basilica were five in number. The first of these was obtained through the zeal of Mr. De Laval, who procured them from the Chapter of the Cathedral of Amiens. To quote the official historian: "It is a notable fragment of a finger bone of St. Anne. It was exposed for the first time on June 10th, 1872, and has not ceased since then to be an object of fervent devotion."

Other Relics Donated. A second relic of St. Anne was presented in 1877 by Rev. Nap. Laliberte. In 1889, Mr. Bolduc, bequeathed a third relic. In 1891, a bone from the hand of St. Anne was given to Beauport by the Bishop of Carleton Place. In 1892 the late Cardinal Taschereau gave to the sanctuary a relic which he had obtained from Pope Leo XIII. A bone from the wrist of a finger four inches in length.

In 1880, a relic of another kind was given by Rev. Father Charbonnet, of Montreal, a piece of rock taken from the wall of St. Anne's home in Jerusalem.

These notes which have been taken from history of the shrine written by a Redemptorist Father, will serve to indicate the great historical associations of the shrine at Beauport. The fact that more than a million of persons from all over the world have visited Beauport will clearly testify as to the veneration in which it is held by Catholics.

To Stop a Cold in One Day Take Laxative BROMO QUININE tablets. The genuine bears the signature of Dr. W. Groves. (Be sure you get BROMO.) 80c. Made in Canada.

HANDLESS AND BLIND BUT RUNS TYPEWRITER Washington, April 3.—Carl Bronner, a handless, blind veteran, who is receiving vocational training under the United States Veterans' Bureau, at Evergreen Hospital, Maryland, who had already learned to operate a typewriter efficiently has now taken up the game of chess. His instructor moves the chessmen for him and then plays himself, telling Bronner at the same time just what play he has made.

NEED HUNTING DOGS. The Fish and Game Protective Association of Ontario, made up of hunting clubs in various parts of the province, have been busy during the winter months in training their dogs on the Game and Fish Committee of the Legislature to register a protest against a change in the present hunting laws, which would prohibit hunting with dogs. A proposal to this effect had been made.

Spoken for the hunters said that deer were increasing in the north country at such a rate that no such measures were necessary to preserve them. To enforce still-hunting would have several definite disadvantages. For one thing, it would mean that wounded deer would often be allowed to die in the bush owing to difficulty in tracking them, the hunter shooting another instead. The absence of dogs would also tend to increase the number of shooting accidents. The members of the committee apparently were of like mind with the hunters, the consensus of opinion being that the law should be left alone.

WAS TROUBLED WITH HER LIVER FOR OVER 4 MONTHS

When the liver becomes slow, sluggish and torpid, it is not working properly and does not supply sufficient bile to thoroughly act on the bowels and carry off the waste products of the system, hence the bowels become clogged up, the bile gets into the blood, constipation sets in and liver troubles follow among which are, sick or bilious headaches, heartburn, water brash, jaundice, floating specks before the eyes, pain under the right shoulder, coated tongue, bad breath, yellow eyes, etc.

MILBURN'S LAXA-LIVER PILLS

quickly remove the secretions, clear away the effete and waste matter by acting directly on the liver, and making the bile pass through the bowels instead of allowing it to get into the blood. Mrs. Alice Mehli, Napanee, Ont., writes: "I was very badly run down for over four months. I tried several remedies, but got no relief. One day my husband brought me home a box of Milburn's Laxa-Liver Pills, and before I had used half of it I was much better. I only used two pills and I am a different person today. I can safely recommend Laxa-Liver Pills to any one troubled with liver trouble."

Price, 25c a box at all dealers, or mailed direct on receipt of price by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

WHY TOYS MATTER. Small Children Are Greatly Influenced By Playthings.

Be very careful when you are buying toys for children. At different ages children want different toys, and if their playthings are too simple or too complicated for them, they will spend half the day at their mother's apron strings, wailing dolefully, "What can I do?"

In choosing a toy the great thing to remember is that with children it is making and not merely having that counts. The only place for a toy that has such price is in the child's mind, and the shop window, says Tit-Bits.

A youngster of four or five wants loud colors, noise and action. Give him a motor car, a train, a steam engine, a wind-up and runs round and round, or a bright yellow car with a back that lets down and a dapplegrey mare in a shafts which can be unharnessed, groomed, fed and taken to bed with his master.

Little girls of the same age want a kitchen range with oven doors that open, and a kettle to hold real water, or a doll that shuts its eyes and can be undressed.

As they get older, children want to make more of their hands and brains. Their games are all played in a land of make-believe, and in that realm you have only to wish for a thing to make it come true.

A few wooden blocks can become in turn a fortress, a railway station, and a suburban villa; and from the age of six to ten nothing is better for a boy than a wooden or metal building which will hold up to him a dozen different ways.

Children do not want many toys. Few children are made to be rich. They are poor, and you should remember that kiddies are greatly influenced by their playthings, as their ideas of real life are wholly built on the miniature life typified by their nursery toys.

Take care, then, to choose simple toys, well made and correctly proportioned. If these are too expensive, then use a little ingenuity, and make them yourself. Home-made toys always have an individuality of their own, and can be made to suit your kiddie's special needs.

Soon after noon yesterday a grass fire broke out on the Esplanade. As there seemed no danger it was allowed to burn itself out although a strict watch was kept.

The first of these was obtained through the zeal of Mr. De Laval, who procured them from the Chapter of the Cathedral of Amiens. To quote the official historian: "It is a notable fragment of a finger bone of St. Anne. It was exposed for the first time on June 10th, 1872, and has not ceased since then to be an object of fervent devotion."

Other Relics Donated. A second relic of St. Anne was presented in 1877 by Rev. Nap. Laliberte. In 1889, Mr. Bolduc, bequeathed a third relic. In 1891, a bone from the hand of St. Anne was given to Beauport by the Bishop of Carleton Place. In 1892 the late Cardinal Taschereau gave to the sanctuary a relic which he had obtained from Pope Leo XIII. A bone from the wrist of a finger four inches in length.

In 1880, a relic of another kind was given by Rev. Father Charbonnet, of Montreal, a piece of rock taken from the wall of St. Anne's home in Jerusalem.

These notes which have been taken from history of the shrine written by a Redemptorist Father, will serve to indicate the great historical associations of the shrine at Beauport. The fact that more than a million of persons from all over the world have visited Beauport will clearly testify as to the veneration in which it is held by Catholics.

To Stop a Cold in One Day Take Laxative BROMO QUININE tablets. The genuine bears the signature of Dr. W. Groves. (Be sure you get BROMO.) 80c. Made in Canada.

HANDLESS AND BLIND BUT RUNS TYPEWRITER Washington, April 3.—Carl Bronner, a handless, blind veteran, who is receiving vocational training under the United States Veterans' Bureau, at Evergreen Hospital, Maryland, who had already learned to operate a typewriter efficiently has now taken up the game of chess. His instructor moves the chessmen for him and then plays himself, telling Bronner at the same time just what play he has made.

NEED HUNTING DOGS. The Fish and Game Protective Association of Ontario, made up of hunting clubs in various parts of the province, have been busy during the winter months in training their dogs on the Game and Fish Committee of the Legislature to register a protest against a change in the present hunting laws, which would prohibit hunting with dogs. A proposal to this effect had been made.

Spoken for the hunters said that deer were increasing in the north country at such a rate that no such measures were necessary to preserve them. To enforce still-hunting would have several definite disadvantages. For one thing, it would mean that wounded deer would often be allowed to die in the bush owing to difficulty in tracking them, the hunter shooting another instead. The absence of dogs would also tend to increase the number of shooting accidents. The members of the committee apparently were of like mind with the hunters, the consensus of opinion being that the law should be left alone.

So Writes Mrs. Lemery of Brockville, Ontario, Regarding Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Brockville, Ontario.—"I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for weakness and for female disorders. I found it was so weak at times that I could not stand up. I found one of your bottles had been this way for nearly three years and the different medicines I had taken had not done me any good. I found one of your bottles had been this way for nearly three years and the different medicines I had taken had not done me any good. I found one of your bottles had been this way for nearly three years and the different medicines I had taken had not done me any good."

thought I would give it a trial. I am now on my fifth bottle and it is wonderful the way it has helped me. I am feeling much better, have no weak spells and can do all my work now. I am recommending your compound to all I know and you can use my testimonial to help other women."—Mrs. C. A. Lemery, 176 Abbott St., Brockville, Ontario.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is a medicine women's ailments and has a record of nearly fifty years behind it.

At all druggists—35c, 70c, \$1.40. Made in Canada.

Sloan's Liniment

WAS TROUBLED WITH HER LIVER FOR OVER 4 MONTHS

When the liver becomes slow, sluggish and torpid, it is not working properly and does not supply sufficient bile to thoroughly act on the bowels and carry off the waste products of the system, hence the bowels become clogged up, the bile gets into the blood, constipation sets in and liver troubles follow among which are, sick or bilious headaches, heartburn, water brash, jaundice, floating specks before the eyes, pain under the right shoulder, coated tongue, bad breath, yellow eyes, etc.

MILBURN'S LAXA-LIVER PILLS

quickly remove the secretions, clear away the effete and waste matter by acting directly on the liver, and making the bile pass through the bowels instead of allowing it to get into the blood.

Mrs. Alice Mehli, Napanee, Ont., writes: "I was very badly run down for over four months. I tried several remedies, but got no relief. One day my husband brought me home a box of Milburn's Laxa-Liver Pills, and before I had used half of it I was much better. I only used two pills and I am a different person today. I can safely recommend Laxa-Liver Pills to any one troubled with liver trouble."

Price, 25c a box at all dealers, or mailed direct on receipt of price by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

A RICH FARMING COUNTY.

Fresno Ranks as One of the Nation's Garden Spots.

One of the richest agricultural localities in the United States is Fresno County, Cal. In 1919, according to the Census figures, its agricultural products were second in value in the United States, aggregating \$31,861,252. This was all the more noteworthy in view of the fact that the population then was only 128,779, and the number of individual farms was 10,000. The estimated agricultural produce value in 1920 was \$106,960,000, an increase of 103 per cent. over the previous year, and the Fresno Chamber of Commerce places the 1921 crop at \$187,000,000.

The average farmer in the San Joaquin Valley," said one of the leading California bankers recently, "is in good financial condition and well equipped to meet conditions this year, and, if the producer is in good shape, this must reflect favorably on the merchant and business men in the cities and towns, as, without prosperity on the farms, we cannot look for good times in the cities."

Encouragement to the coming year, the rains thus far have been good, benefiting the country enormously, while the direct results that we are entering the new year with new enthusiasm and with added faith in the future."

Heretofore, Fresno has been considered solely as an agricultural, oil and lumber producing center, but it is now devoting time and money to a huge program, the object of which is the bringing of industry to the city and the opening of the industrial era of the community.

Fresno is also a point of contact between three of the country's most famous national parks: Yosemite, Sequoia and General Grant, and within a few miles of scores of resorts in the scenic Sierra Nevada mountains.

The wealth of Fresno and adjoining counties is based entirely on the oldest and most stable foundation, "the land itself." It can be called practically one great combined farm, stock ranch, orchard and vineyard, and this central kingdom of "the Garden of the Sun" will for many years have the privilege of providing a large section of the United States, as well as the world, with foodstuffs.

The principal fruit products of the valley are grapes, peaches, apricots, figs and citrus. They have been in great demand and have not been subject to the sharp decline in prices of the commodities and manufactured articles of other districts. Each year, with the development of gravity and pump irrigation, more land in the county is brought into cultivation and there is room for some thousands more of successful farmers.

"What I did to cure a cough which was Racking my system to pieces."

"One very hot evening last summer, while in the mountains, a cool breeze suddenly came up, which left me thoughtful. Next morning I felt a slight cold in my head but thought nothing of it. The following day the cold had developed into a cough. I tried everything I could think of to get rid of it. It was worse when I went to bed. Towards morning, I somehow managed to get a little sleep. During all this time my cough was getting worse. Some times in these severe fits of coughing spasms I was left weak and exhausted. Anything I tried only gave me temporary relief. I couldn't take anything but liquid foods. I couldn't sleep. I was losing weight every day. At times I suffered the most intense agony with headaches. A friend of mine told me about Carrol. After trying it for three weeks I noticed that my cough was beginning to soften, that my appetite was returning, that the headaches had left me, that I slept longer. After a few more bottles of Carrol, I am perfectly well and enjoying better health than I have ever had before in my life."

Writes Mrs. J. of Montreal

Carrol is sold by your druggist and if you can conscientiously say, after you have tried it, that it hasn't done you any good, return the empty bottle to him and he will refund your money. 10-122

BON-OPTO makes bright, snappy, lustreous, sparkling eyes that see things clearly.

It soothes, cleanses, and beautifies Dim, Dull, Tired Eyes. B.O.N.-O.P.T.O. Strengthens Eyesight.

USE The Worst Ad War

Cuticura Soap

IS IDEAL For the Hands

Send for testimonial sheet. Sold by all leading wholesale and retail drug stores. Price 50c and \$1.00 per box.

Phenolax

Wafers

The Safe Laxative

Packaged to suit your needs The Ten Water Package The Thirty Water Package The One Hundred Fifty Water Package

Wright & McLaughlin, Sales Agents, Toronto, Ontario

Phenolax

Wafers

The Safe Laxative

Packaged to suit your needs The Ten Water Package The Thirty Water Package The One Hundred Fifty Water Package

Wright & McLaughlin, Sales Agents, Toronto, Ontario

Phenolax

Wafers

The Safe Laxative

Packaged to suit your needs The Ten Water Package The Thirty Water Package The One Hundred Fifty Water Package

Wright & McLaughlin, Sales Agents, Toronto, Ontario

Phenolax

Wafers

The Safe Laxative

Packaged to suit your