

Fisheries of the two countries will continue much as before in the areas designated as reciprocal fishing areas in the Agreement.

- a) Salmon trolling by Canadians will continue to be permitted in a three to twelve mile area off the United States only off the coast of Washington State. United States salmon trollers will be permitted to continue off Canada only off Vancouver Island.
- b) Pacific halibut fishing in each country's reciprocal fishing area will continue.
- c) Such trawl fisheries as have been conducted in each country's reciprocal fishing area by vessels of the other country will continue.
- d) The long-standing practice of transferring herring on the east coasts of the USA and Canada will continue, but neither country will fish for herring in the other country's reciprocal fishing area.
- e) Fishing for any species of clam, scallop, crab, shrimp or lobster will not be permitted in the other country's reciprocal fishing area.
- f) The initiation of any new fisheries by vessels of one country within the reciprocal fishing areas of the other country will require consultation and agreement between the two countries.

Fishing regulations in the reciprocal fishing areas of each country are to apply equally to the fishermen of both countries.

At a signing ceremony held in the Commonwealth Room of the House of Commons speakers from both countries emphasized that this Agreement reflected the friendly co-operation which has long existed between the fishermen of both countries and affirmed the good relations between Canada and the United States of America.