## INTER-AMERICAN TELECOMMUNICATIONS CONVENTION

## Concluded at Rio de Janeiro, Brazil, September 27, 1945 among the Governments of the States below:

Argentina, Bolivia, Brazil, Canada, Chile, Colombia, Costa Rica, Culb ${ }^{\text {br }}$ Dominican Republic, Ecuador, El Salvador, Guatemala, Haiti, Hondur ${ }^{23}$ Mexico, Nicaragua,. Panama, Paraguay, Peru, United States of Ameri ${ }^{282}$, Uruguay, Venezuela. There were also present representatives of the Baham ${ }^{28}$ and Newfoundland and an observer on behalf of the British Colonies in the Caribbean area.

The Governments named above, recognizing the benefits of cooperation and mutual understanding resulting from the exchange of views with respect to tel communications, have designated the undersigned plenipotentiaries, meeting in the City of Rio de Janeiro, United States of Brazil, who by common conse and subject to ratification, have concluded the following Convention in colv formity with the provisions of the International Telecommunications $C^{10^{15}}$ vention of Madrid, 1932.

## CHAPTER I

## ORGANIZATION AND FUNCTIONING OF THE INTER-AMERICAN TELECOMMUNICATIONS UNION



## Article 1 <br> Constitution of the Union

The Governments of the American Region party to this Convention coll stitute the Inter-American Telecommunications Union.

## Article 2

## Definition of American Region for Telecommunications

The American Region shall, for telecommunications purposes, be deen $\mathrm{m}^{\text {ed }}$ to be bounded as follows:

1. From the North Pole on the meridian approximately $169^{\circ}$ $30^{\prime}$, N. latitude, coinciding with the international boundary in Behring Strait
2. Thence by great circle in the southwesterly direction to a point $100^{99^{10^{4}}}$ on $50^{\circ} \mathrm{N}$. latitude, $165^{\circ} \mathrm{E}$. longitude;
3. Thence by great circle in a southeasterly direction to a point $100^{\text {gat }}$ te on $10^{\circ} \mathrm{N}$. latitude, $120^{\circ} \mathrm{W}$. longitude;
4. Thence directly south on the meridian $120^{\circ} \mathrm{W}$. longitude to the goul Pole:
5. Thence from the South Pole north on meridian $20^{\circ} \mathrm{W}$. longitude to ${ }^{\text {tio }}$ intersection point of parallel $10^{\circ} \mathrm{S}$. latitude;
6. Thence by great circle in a northwesterly direction to a point $10^{9^{94^{40}}}$ on $40^{\circ} \mathrm{N}$. latitude and meridian $50^{\circ} \mathrm{W}$. longitude;
7. Thence by great circle in a northeasterly direction to a point $100^{9^{\text {at }}}$ on $72^{\circ} \mathrm{N}$. latitude, $10^{\circ} \mathrm{W}$. longitude;
8. Thence directly north on the meridian $10^{\circ} \mathrm{W}$. longitude to the Pole.
