Immediately below the spiracles is a row of blue dots, margined with black, one on each segment from sixth to twelfth inclusive.

Under surface dull pale greenish or yellowish white, having a decided reddish tinge as it approaches towards the yellow stripe on sides. Feet and prolegs partake of the general color.

Papilio Turnus. - Larvæ found feeding on cherry, July 14th. Length $1\frac{1}{2}$ inches.

Head rather large, slightly bilobed, reddish brown sprinkled with very short white hairs.

Body above green, of a slightly darker shade on anterior segments, paler on sides of body, on which there is a whitish bloom produced by minute white dots with small short hairs of the same color issuing from them. Anterior segments of body wrinkied. On the anterior edge of second segment is a raised yellow fold, slightly overhanging the head, and on each side of fourth segment is an eyelike spot nearly oval in shape, yellow enclosed by a ring of black, centered with a small elongated blue dot, which is also set in black and has above it on each side a black line, nearly crossing the yellow spot. On posterior portion of fifth segment is a raised yellow fold, bordered behind with rich velvety black, the latter visible only when the larva is in motion; on the terminal segment is a similar fold, flattened above, with a slight protuberance on each side. On fifth segment in front of the yellow fold, are two blue dots, one on each side the dorsal line; there are also faint traces on hinder segments of a continuation of these dots in longitudinal rows.

Under surface of a paler green than upper, with a whitish bloom, prolegs of the same color, feet tipped with brown.

As the larva approaches maturity and is about to change, the color of body grows much darker, becoming dark reddish brown, the sides nearly black. The minute whitish granulations and the blue dots become more distinctly visible, giving the larva a very different appearance.

Both Troilus and Turnus winter in the chrysalis state. The first specimens of Troilus appear with us about the middle of June, becoming more abundant early in July. I think there is only one brood, but in this may be mistaken. Turnus I have taken on the wing from the middle to the latter end of May, but it becomes much more plentiful during July, and I incline to the opinion that there are two broods during the s:ason.

Danais Archippus. - Larva taken full grown, July 18th, feeding on different species of Asclepias.

Length one inch and three quarters.

Head yellow with a triangular black stripe in front and another of a similar shape above.