

ADMINISTRATION NOTICES.

ALL persons having any legal demands against the estate of the late
DAVID P. PATTERSON,
 of Pictou, deceased, are requested to render the same duly attested, within eighteen months from the date hereof; and all persons indebted to the said estate are requested to make immediate payment to the subscribers.

R. S. PATTERSON,
ABRAM PATTERSON, } Admrs.
 Pictou, 28th July, 1837. if

ALL persons having any demands against the Estate of the late
WILLIAM CAMPBELL,
 of Pictou, in the County of Pictou, deceased, are requested to render the same duly attested, within eighteen calendar months from the date hereof; and all persons indebted to the said estate, are requested to make immediate payment to the subscribers.

ALEXANDER CAMPBELL,
THOMAS CAMPBELL, } Admrs.
ANDREW MILLAR,
 Pictou, 2d May, 1837. if

ALL persons having any demands against the Estate of
JOHN DOULL,
 late of Point Breuly, Merchant, deceased, are hereby requested to render the same duly attested to, at the office of Henry Blackadar, Esquire, Barrister at Law, Pictou, within eighteen calendar months from the date hereof; and all persons in any manner indebted to said Estate are requested to make immediate payment.

JANE DOULL, Administratrix
 Point Breuly, 20th October, 1836. if

ALL persons having any demands against the estate of the late
HUGH DENOON, Esq.,
 of Pictou, will please present the same duly attested to the subscribers, for adjustment; and all persons indebted to the said estate, are requested to make immediate payment.

CATHARINE DENOON, Adm'r.
JAMES PRIMROSE, Adm'r.
 Pictou, 22d April, 1836. if

HARDWARE, CUTLERY, &c

DEALERS in Hardware are respectfully informed that they may be supplied with Goods from the Manufactory of **Hiram Cutler, Sheffield,** late **Furniss Cutler & Stacey,** and established by **Thomas Weldon** in 1780, on application to **Messrs John Albro & Co.,** Halifax, where

A SET OF PATTERNS
 may be inspected, consisting of
SAWS, FILES, TOOLS, DRAWING KNIVES,
 And every description of Cutlery.

ALSO:—SAMPLES OF STEEL.

N. B. Those Houses who have been accustomed to have Goods from the above Firm, through the medium of their friends in England and Scotland, may have the advantage of inspecting the patterns, and get transmitted their orders as formerly.
 Halifax, February, 1837. n-m

FARM FOR SALE.

THE Subscriber intending to quit the Province a short time, offers for sale his
FARM, STOCK, FURNITURE, &c.

as it now stands, situated on the West River of Pictou, seven miles from town, on the road leading to Halifax, and intersected by the roads leading from Rogers Hill, Loch Broom, Albion Mines, Green Hill, &c. all of which meet on the property; the new bridge on the river crosses at the door,—forming one of the most desirable situations for business to be found in the county, with every prospect of its soon becoming a thriving village. Three sides of the property front the roads, which will cause it to be highly valuable hereafter, should the possessor wish to dispose of any part of it in lots. The land is of first quality, well watered, and lying dry; it abounds in freestone of good quality for building, and a sufficiency of wood for fencing, &c.

For further particulars apply to **Mr N. Beck,** in Pictou, or to **ALEXANDER FORSYTH,** West River, December 20th, 1836. if

VALUABLE LANDS

Situate in Tatamagouche, Maccan, Nappan, and Amherst,
FOR SALE.

PERSONS desirous of becoming purchasers of the whole or any part of the estates of the late Col. Desbarres, will please make application to the subscribers at Halifax. A plan of the

TATAMAGOUCHIE ESTATE

may be seen, and information as to the price of the Lots into which it is subdivided, and the terms, which are liberal, may be obtained by reference to Alex'r Campbell, Esq., by whom applications will be forwarded to the subscribers, who will, when required, transmit Deeds to purchasers.

Robert McG. Dickey, Esq. will give the like information as to the
MACCAN AND NAPPAN ESTATES,
 and afford similar facilities to persons wishing to become purchasers.

IN AMHERST,

same time in September next, of which more particular information will be given to the public before the day of sale,

WILL BE SOLD

IN LOTS TO SUIT PURCHASERS,

And on very liberal terms:—

TWO EXTENSIVE AND VALUABLE

FARMS,

Part of the Cochrane Estates.

One in the possession of Mrs F. Hunter, the other in possession of Mr James Shipley. Any information may be obtained thereon by reference to Alex'r Stewart, Esq., or to Robert McG. Dickey, Esq.

JAMES W. JOHNSTON,

ALEX'R STEWART,

Attornies to the Executors and

Heirs of Col. Desbarres

Halifax, July 12. m-m

SPRING, 1837.

R. DAWSON,

Has received *ex barques Sally, from Liverpool, and Isabella from Greenock,*

**A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF
 IRONMONGERY, HARDWARE, AND
 CUTLERY,**

CONSISTING OF—English and Swedes Iron; Crawley, German, blister and cast Steel; Borax spikes, nails, brads and tacks;

PLOUGH MOUNTINGS, complete, pots, ovens, goblets, and sauce pans; copper and iron coal scoops, copper, B. M., and metal tea kettles; griddles;

SADDLERS' ASSORTED FURNISHINGS; coach facings; cabinet and house brass furnishings; locks and hinges, (variety); fanner mountings; bed screws; garden hoes and rakes; Philad. plate mill saws, frame and other saws; razors; mathematical instruments; pocket compasses; butcher, shoe, table, jack, pen, and desk knives; iron and B. M. spoons; coffin furniture; plough traces; door knockers;

MATHIESON'S JOINERS TOOLS,
 (well assorted;)

Coopers' tools, lines and twines; Blacksmiths' and other files; coffee mills; spades and shovels; brushes, candlesticks; **CRIMPING MACHINES;** brass sofa and table castors,

COUNTER BEAMS & WEIGHTS sad and box irons; cart and wagon bushier; chisels and gouges; Tailors' and other scissors; combs;

FENDERS AND FIRE IRONS; Blacksmiths' bellows, anvils, and vices; cue irons; bullet moulds; patent shot, powder; window glass; putty.

PAINT AND OIL;

scythes, sickles; weavers' reeds; fiddle strings, mirrors, (variety); Tinmiths' iron and wire; &c. &c.

**A suitable assortment of
 WOOLEN, COTTON, AND SILK
 GOODS.**

A few Chinese and other rich **SHAWLS;** Palm leaf **HATS,** by the dozen; stuff and silk Hats; &c. &c.

ALSO:

TEAS, SUGARS, COFFEE, RICE, superior ginger, tobacco, snuff, cigars, molasses, vinegar, crockery, sea China, shoe leather, &c. &c.
 Water street, Pictou, June 16.

OPINIONS OF THE BRITISH PRESS.

[From the Liverpool Times, Aug. 15]

THE ELECTIONS—IRELAND.

There are no decisive returns yet from the Counties of Cork, Kerry, Longford, Queen's Westmeath, and Sligo; but of the twelve members for those counties, there is reason to expect that at least eight will be Reformers, and will give Ministers a majority of 43 on the representation of Ireland, and of 38 on the representation of the whole empire. Our own belief is, that the majority will be 40, which is rather more than we ventured to anticipate last week.

The above results show, very clearly, the manner in which public opinion is divided in the empire, and mark the classes which respectively support the conservative and the progressive systems of government. The great strength of the former party is amongst the landed aristocracy of England and Scotland, and all whom they are able to influence; whilst the Reformers have a most decided preponderance in the town population of all the three kingdoms, and amongst the county constituencies of Ireland, with whom national and religious feelings are too strong even for feudal dependence. Had the Tory aristocracy possessed the same influence in Ireland which they possess in England and Scotland, the Tories would have had a considerable majority on the whole representation; but, fortunately for the Liberal cause, they have preferred to rule as tyrants rather than masters, and have thus undermined and ruined the influence which their property would otherwise have given them. It is a remarkable instance of retribution, and almost of political justice, that Ireland, the unceasing object of Tory persecution, should again have proved the cause of Tory defeat. Thus it is that tyranny and injustice punish themselves.

When Mr Pitt made it a matter of boast, and wished even to have it inscribed on his tomb, that he was the author of the Irish Union he had very little idea that he was exulting in an act which would in a few years strike at the root of his own party, and humble the pride of the oligarchy of which he was the champion. Yet such undoubtedly, has been the fact. Had it not been for the Union of Ireland, the English Dissenters would still have been excluded from power, the rotten boroughs would still have been in existence; their influence would still have been unbroken, and the Tories would have been in office at this day. Nothing but the addition of a hundred Irish members, two-thirds of them Liberals, could ever have broken down the fabric of Tory power, consolidated by half a century of domination. In England the popular party, though strong, would have contended in vain against a power backed by the landed aristocracy and the Church; whilst in Scotland, the voice of the people was nothing under the old system of representation; but, fortunately, Mr Pitt, in his desire to strengthen the empire and his own party, opened the House of Commons to the Irish people, and from that time to the present the popular cause has steadily advanced.

The Irish members, by their votes, emancipated the Dissenters of England; it is not too much to say that they enabled Earl Grey to carry the Reform Bill, and in the election just closed, as in that of the Peel Parliament, they have turned the scale in favour of the Liberals. That the Tories should hate and abuse the Irish members is, therefore, quite natural, but it would be much more to their own advantage if they would "moderate the rancour of their tongues," and calmly consider how it is that property, which can do almost every thing for them in England, can do nothing in