THE ACADIAN.

WOLFVILLE, N. S., JAN. 29, 1904.

Horticulture Club Notes.

MR EDITOR :

You may be pleased to know that our Club has resumed its bi-weekly meetings with all the vigor of former years. From April to December is the time for active practical work in horticulture. Theories are tested, experiments made, and results tabulated along the several lines of our work, each for himself. To the self-centered man this may seem to be enough, but as a matter of fact the lesson is not yet half learned. Even if one here and there chances to forge ahead in spite of his isolation, he still losses the sweetest experience of living, viz—that of helping others. In no profession or business does 'co-operation' bring richer and readier returns of profit than among fruit-growers and farmers. A first and essential step in that direction is coming together to talk over our successes or failures; compare notes and make common property of all we have learned. This is practical 'Institute' work. Let me say just here, that no agency in this Canada of ours is doing more to awaken the farmers from their long semi-slumber than the 'Farmer's Institute.' It means a local organization in every community if possible, where farmers and fruit-growers meet regularly during the winter months at least, and discuss the vital conditions involved in the prosecution of their work.

Our Horticulture Club aims at filling this bill We are especially fortunate in enroling a goodly number of members of large experience. Some of them specialists in fruit-growing. R. S. Starr, A. H. Johnson, Geo. Thomson, J. Elliot Smith, C. R. H. Stair, Ernest Johnson, C. S. Fitch and a number of others of lesser experience, and all under tribute to add to our common stock of interest and profit.

Our president sizes up all theories, and reported experiences by the law and testimony in scientific horticulture. Baily, Goodman, Roberts, King, Goff and other authorities are made to set as final arbitors in many instances.

At our first meeting for this season, Tuesday Jan. 19th, after routine work—minutes of last meeting, etc.—it was suggested by the president that we take up something new, and by way of introduction, asked our B. K. Inspector for the Town, for a summary of his official work since his appointment. This he gave without any flourish of trumpets. Said he had done his best to enforce the law in the matter; but was obliged to confess that there was still a considerable quantity of black knot on the trees, also a large lot cut off yet not burned. One large orchard was noticed as containing more black knot per tree than it was ever before shown by. It is hoped and expected, however, that as soon as weather permits the work of exterminating will be resumed and that before March is half gone the knot will be well cleaned up. Inspector A. claims that nothing short of a vigerous summer cutting will get this pest under control. He claimed that the summer spores were the chief source of spreading, and allowing these to settle unhindered meant perpetual black knot.

The inspector was handled without gloves, both as to his theories and practice, and it was more than hinted that his duty was clear. If owners of plum orchards would not respond when duly notified—just hire men and put the law in motion, and do the work. He meekly took the criticism; and it is my opinion the B. K. inspector for 1904 should do this or throw up the sponge. This may appear hard on the delinquent orchardmen, and also hard for a tender hearted officer; but drastic measures seem to be necessary and we think the 'game is worth the candle.'

Our next night of meeting, Tuesday, Feb 2nd, 7-30. Subject for discussion, 'The Fruit Mark Act,' a definition of a No. 2 apple, in response to request of 'Chief of Fruit Division—McKinnon.' Do not forget the time and place. Read up all you can and bring it along with your own experience in packing etc., and we promise you a profitable evening. ***

Welcome to Rev. L. D. Morse.

On Thursday evening, Jan. 21st, the Baptist church and congregation gave a cordial welcome to the Rev. L. D. Morse and Mrs Morse. Mr Morse having entered upon his duties as pastor of the church.

C. W. Roscoe, M. A., presided. The address to the pastor on behalf of the church, was delivered by Prof. L. E. Wortman, LL., D. It was a thoughtful presentation of the views of the church as to the pastorate and of the confidence of the members in the fitness of Mr Morse to minister to the congregation.

Dr. Trotter spoke on behalf of the institutions, and in his usual happy way assured the new pastor of the cordial feelings towards him of all connected with the College. Rev. Dr. Dill and Rev G. F. Johnson spoke in fine spirit on behalf of their congregations. Rev. M. P. Freeman read the Scriptures and Rev. Dr. Boggs offered prayer.

The exercises were of a high order and Mr Morse could not doubt that the citizens of Wolfville are glad to have him return to the town as Pastor of the Baptist church. In his reply he responded in fitting terms to the general speakers. THE ACADIAN joins in the wish that Mr Morse's residence and labors here may be largely successful.

Obituary.

JOHN SELFRIDGE.

After a slow illness, born 'uncomplainingly, Mr John Selfridge passed peacefully away last Saturday afternoon. The funeral was held at his home in Gaspereau, on Wednesday morning, Rev. Mr Johnson conducting the service, and the remains were taken to Aylesford, on the morning express, for interment. Mr Selfridge was a native of Aylesford, born there in 1830, and came to Gaspereau about fifteen years ago. From Gaspereau he moved to Wallbrook and then to Lower Horton, and, at both places, engaged successfuly in farming. Returning to Gaspereau eight years ago, he has since built up one of the best farms in the village. During his long life he made many friends throughout the county. He leaves four daughters and a son, all of Massachusetts, Mr Leslie Selfridge, Mrs Kew, Mrs Turner and Misses Allie and Florence Selfridge, the latter two, having attended him in his last illness, and a widow in Gaspereau, his second wife.

ROBERT TRENHOLM.

Mr Robert Trenholm, one of Grand Pre's oldest residents and most successful farmers, died on Monday, the 25th. The funeral took place Wednesday, the burial being, by the deceased's request, in the high hill, opposite his home. Mr Trenholm's wife was a daughter of the late Hugh Mitchell, and for many years he has been a devout and valued member of Methodist church. As a young man, Mr Trenholm spent some years in New England, and there learned many things concerning the best methods of fruit growing. On returning to his native land he applied this knowledge on an orchard which he bought in company with his brothers, and soon proved to the people of Lower Horton that there was money to be gained in fruit culture. His first apples brought him, clear of expenses, $5.00 per barrel. These trees are still in full bearing. Mr Trenholm is survived by five daughters and four sons, one of whom has had charge of the farm for some years.

A young manf from Pictou Co. named John McGee has been murdered in a mining town in British Columbia. He has a mother, brothers and a sister in this province.

Col. Arthur Lynch, who, a year ago was sentenced to life imprisonment for fighting against the British in the Boer war, has been given his freedom.

ELECTION CARDS.

To the Electors of the Town of Wolfville:

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN,—Having been requested by a large number of the Electors of the Town to accept a nomination for Councillor, and having considered he matter, I have decided to accede to their request, and power endeavor to serve the best interests of the town.

If, owing to the shortness of the time intervening before election day, I am unable to call upon the electors individually, I trust you will give me your support unsolicited.

W. M. BLACK.

To the Electors of the Town of Wolfville:

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN,—On the solicitation of a large number of rate-payers I have allowed myself to be placed in nomination as a candidate at the approaching civic elections for councillors. If the citizens manifest their confidence by electing me to sit at the Board for the next term, my aim will be to merit such confidence by doing all in my power to promote the interest of the town.

W. H. DUNCANSON.

To the Ratepayees of the Town of Wolfville:

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN,—Having been waited on by a number of representative gentlemen of the Town, strongly urging me to accept a nomination for Councillor, I have consented, and appeal to you for your support on Tuesday next, Feb. 2nd. If elected, my aim will be to do all in my power to promote the best interests of the Town, and to keep down expenses. Thanking you, at the same time, in anticipation, for the support I hope you will give me, I am

Yours truly,
T. R. WALLACE.

To the Ratepayers of the Town of Wolfville:

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN,—Having been nominated for a Town Councillor in the coming election, I would beg leave to say that if it is your pleasure to have me as one of your representatives at the council board, I should strive to attend to the business of the town and protect the public funds to the best of my ability. And further, I should endeavor to have the rate of taxation not to exceed 1½ per cent, which in addition to the sewer frontage and water rates should be sufficient to meet all the town expenses.

Respectfully yours,
C. M. GORMLEY.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the Mechanics' Association of Wolfville has adopted the nine hour system, and from this date, members of the Association will work the following hours, 7 to 12 a. m. and 1 to 5 p. m. The public and outside workmen will please bear this in mind, and assist the organization in this attempt at the adoption of modern methods in aid of the laborer.

By order,
H. A. PECK, Secty.
Wolfville, Jan. 29th, 1904.

NOVA SCOTIA APPLES IN ENGLAND.

REPORT OF GOVERNMENT EXHIBIT.

Under the management of John Howard, Esq., Agent General for N. S. in London, the N. S. Government secured ample space in Crystal Palace, London, for an exhibit of N. S. apples in Sept., 1903, and having been requested by Col. S. Spurr, President, I collected and packed from different prominent fruit growers ten barrels and fourteen cases, consisting of twenty varieties of our best Commercial Apples, and shipped them to London with one thousand copies of "Hooper's Year Among N. S. Orchards," one hundred copies of our report, labels for fruit, placards, signs, &c., to Mr Howard, who had the exhibit appropriately staged and it was duly commented on by London papers as follows:

NOVA SCOTIA AT THE CRYSTAL PALACE.

It was announced some time ago that the lease of a large court in the Crystal Palace had been secured where Canadian exhibitors might be able to bring home to visitors some idea of the extent of useful food products and manufactures which Canada is in a position to supply. It was also stated that special displays of fruit and other produce, of minerals, processes, and products of new Canadian mining and industrial undertakings, &c., would be periodically arranged. To the Nova Scotia Government and to its British representatives in this matter, Mr John Howard, the Agent-General, and to Mr F. White, the manager of the Permanent Colonial Exhibit Company, must be given the credit for the first display of produce, in the shape of a fine exhibit of apples, which have been sent over by the Provincial Government, and are now on view in the Canadian Court.

The exhibition was formally opened on Thursday of last week by the Hon. Arthur Drysdale, Commissioner of Public Works and Mines in Nova Scotia. It is of special importance at the present time owing to the partial failure of the English apple crop, and is proving an eye-opener to the crowds of visitors who go to the Crystal Palace. Laid out on 10 tables in groups of three or four, and looking as fresh as if picked yesterday, are apples of all kinds suitable both for cooking and eating, the varieties including the following, which are principally grown in the Province: Gravenstein, Ribston Pippin, Fameuse, Golden Russet, Blenheim Pippin, Fallwater, Nonpareil, Yellow Belle Fleur, Emperor, Mann, English Golden Pippin, and Ontario. The coloring of some of these apples is really marvellous, being specially noticeable in the case of the Gravenstein and Blenheim classes. When a representative of the Canadian Gazette went to the Crystal Palace on Tuesday the Court was filled with visitors who in many ways were expressing their astonishment at this fresh proof of Canada's resources. "The Pearl of the Empire," said one, "but he did not know that Canada was the future fruit supplying source." "If these are really grown in Nova Scotia they ought to sell well," said another, perhaps thinking still of Canada as a land of ice and snow only, and regarding the exhibit in much the same light as one of Barnum and Bailey's monstrosities. Others were inquiring whether the apples were for sale. There is no need for anxiety on this score, however, for it is plainly pointed out, so that he who runs may read, that Nova Scotia will this year have 500,000 barrels of apples available for export. This is welcome news indeed for the apple lover, and the display at the Crystal Palace will clearly prove what excellent apples Nova Scotia has to offer. It proves, too, at a time when there is so much in the air about a self-supporting Empire, how well Canada generally, and Nova Scotia in particular, can compete with the United States in providing Britain with this most necessary of fruits. And such shows as this one are no less useful in drawing attention to Canada's climate, for as a workman at the Crystal Palace, who had been in Canada for many years, said to the Canadian Gazette representative: "They call Kent the garden of England, but it is nothing to Canada."

This exhibit proved to be so important and valuable in advertising our apples all over Europe that the N. S. Government decided to continue and renew it, and secured the space and requested me to procure and pack another exhibit. In the mean time I had by instruction from Robert Hamilton, Manager of Exhibition branch of Agricultural Department, Ottawa, purchased, as Agent for Canadian Government, from our most reliable fruit growers, 128 cases consisting of 22 varieties apples and forwarded them to Ottawa, where they were rejected by said Hamilton and classed and reported by McNeil and Macown as follows: "The greater part of this fruit if placed on the market would only grade No. 2, and even for market purposes would not be ranked high," and a malicious libel from Ottawa was published in Morning Chronicle Nov. 1st, representing this exhibit as worthless, all of which the following facts will effectually refute. This exhibit of 128 cases was sent from Ottawa to London and exhibited at Crystal Palace, Canada Immigration Building and many places in Europe, and it has been reported by experts and the press to be the best exhibit ever shown—as proved by following report from London paper, letter from C. F. Just, Sect. Crystal Palace Exhibit, and cable from Mr Howard:

Minard's Liniment Lumberman's friend.

NOVA SCOTIA APPLES IN ENGLAND

The Exhibition at the Crystal Palace Will be Sustained, and New Fruit Has Been Received For it

The Nova Scotia government are evidently determined that the interest taken by the public in the exhibition of apples in the Canadian court at the Crystal Palace will be sustained, and at the suggestion of the agent-general, John Howard, a fresh shipment has lately been received from the province. Specimens from this lot are now on view, and fully justify the high character earned by the first consignment as being a fair sample of the Nova Scotia apple, the present collection being quite equal in point of size and quality to the early shipment, while in many cases the coloring is richer owing to the later gathering. Especially striking are the "Kings," "Blenheim Pippins," "Fallawater," "Ontario" and "Gloria Mundi," the last named being of exceptional size. Visitors continue to take great interest in the exhibit, and numbers appear astonished that Nova Scotia should be capable of producing apples of such exellence. A selection from the above exhibition is also to be seen in windows of the office of the commissioner of emigration for Canada, 11-22 Charing Cross, S. W.—Canadian Gazette, London.

(Copy Cable)
Jany. 20th, 1904.

BIGELOW, Wolfville.

Government exhibition unqualified success, amply repaying efforts. At Canadian dinner yesterday new Colonial Secretary, Strathcona, and notable guests drew attention to excellent apples I supplied from last exhibit.

(sgd) HOWARD.

Dominion of Canada Permanent Exhibit,
Canadian Court,
Crystal Palace,
London, Nov. 3rd, 1903.

Dear Sir,—I duly received yours of October 1st. You will have heard meanwhile, no doubt, of the great success that has attended the display of your Nova Scotian fruit exhibit in the Canadian Court at the Crystal Palace, which was duly opened by the Hon. Arthur Drysdale. The enclosed copy of the Canadian Gazette will give you further information on the subject. In addition, I may tell you that small exhibits are being sent to a number of local Horticultural and Fruit Exhibitions in the Provinces being held at Bristol, Winchester, Mid-Somerset and at one or two other points in the counties of Somerset and Gloucester.

I am extremely obliged to you for your response to my proposal, and I am satisfied that the result will be to still further enhance the reputation of Nova Scotia as the leading province for the production of apples in the Dominion.

I am, dear sir,
yours faithfully,
C. F. JUST.

J. W. Bigelow, Esq.,
Wolfville,
Nova Scotia.

I consider this explanation imperative to exonerate the responsible growers who grew and furnished this fruit, and who have furnished exhibition fruit at all our shows and who have won special first prizes at Pan American and other shows, for fruit grown by them.

It is evident the Nova Scotia Government has done much to advertise and increase the commercial value of our apples by this exhibit.

A comparison of catalogues of all apple sales in London this year shows that N. S. apples have brought from 2s. to 3s. per bbl. more than other Canadian or American apples.

J. W. BIGELOW.

Wolfville, Jan. 26th, 1904.

The great weight of snow that gathered, recently, on the roofs of freight sheds in Montreal has caused the falling in of the sheds and the destruction of several thousand dollars worth of property.

Miss Gannon, Sec'y Detroit Amateur Art Association, tells young women what to do to avoid pain and suffering caused by female troubles.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I can conscientiously recommend Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound to those of my sisters suffering with female weakness and the troubles which so often befall women. I suffered for months with general weakness, and felt so weary that I had hard work to keep up. I had shooting pains, and was utterly miserable. In my distress I was advised to use Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and it was a red letter day to me when I took the first dose, for at that time my restoration began. In six weeks I was a changed woman, perfectly well in every respect. I felt so elated and happy that I want all women who suffer to get well as I did."—Miss GUILA GANNON, 359 Jones St., Detroit, Mich., Secretary Amateur Art Association.—$5000 forfeit if original of above letter proving genuineness cannot be produced.

When one considers that Miss Gannon's letter is only one of the countless hundreds which we are continually publishing in the newspapers of this country, the great virtue of Mrs. Pinkham's medicine must be admitted by all.

HANDY HEAT

HEAT is handy in the curing of a number of ailments and with a hot water bottle you have handy heat. Tooth ache, Neuralgia, Cramps or deep-seated pain of any kind will yield to persistent heat. A hot water bottle is, therefore, INDISPENSIBLE in every home. Also worth several times their cost as a foot warmer for frosty nights. In our Rubber Window this week we are showing a splendid line of these goods at prices and qualities to suit all.

ALSO Fountain and Bulb Syringes, Atomizers, Etc., Etc.

RAND'S DRUG STORE,
Established 1853. Telephone 19.

Dredging the Creek.

MR EDITOR,—Would it not be a good time for those who have influence with the government to petition for the widening of the creek, and increasing the capacity of the basin? The people of St John, we are told, have been urging the dredging of the west side of the harbor—but hitherto in vain. Now that an election is impending the promise is given of a dredge to do the work next summer. There is nothing like an election to stir the powers to action.

It is true that a good deal of public money has been expended in order to anchor the government wharf to keep it from falling into the river. It is important to protect the navigation of the stream, and to remove the whole concern would involve considerable expense.

What is needed is to have the creek so improved as to allow all vessels coming to this port to reach the wharves without incurring the danger of touching the bottom. Certainly the creek might be so improved as to increase the shipping facilities of the town. Much less than what has been spent on the river wharf would do it. The value of Wolfville wharves would be increased with the stimulus thereby given to trade and the inconvenience of going through mud and darkness would be saved to the community. It would be a good thing for Wolfville and the neighboring localities. Could not the Board of Trade give the subject their consideration?

CIVIS.

MR EDITOR,—Your correspondent "Fairplay" is quite right. "One qualified" doesn't know much about town business, and the reason why "Fairplay" is not out for ballots THIS year, is because it has been made clear to him, that, in the estimation of the electorate, HE is in the same box. I think it is quite patent to the ordinary ratepayer, and ordinary citizen of intelligence, who has read the "Annual Report" for the civic year ending December 31st, 1903, and who has followed the meanderings of the 1903 Council, that new blood, new men, disinterested, independent, are highly desired at the 1904 Council Board.

And, Sir, you can rest assured that if Messrs. W. M. Black, W. H. Duncanson, and T. R. Wallace when elected on Feb. 2nd, AS THEY WILL BE are not able to work improvements in the financial statements for 1904, and while in office, and to assist in clearing and purifying the civic atmosphere, that they also will be required to give place to better men. These improvements CAN BE EFFECTED and the people are going to see THAT IT IS DONE.

ONE QUALIFIED.

Keep Minard's Liniment in the House.

NOTICE.

Wolfville Laundry Co.,
(LIMITED.)

The annual general meeting of the Stockholders of the Wolfville Laundry Co., Ltd., will be held at the office of the company on Tuesday evening, Feb. 2nd, at eight o'clock.

W. W. BLACK,
President.

Jan. 25, 1904.

.... OUR ....
GOING!
OUT OF
Business Sale!
WILL CONTINUE DURING
FEBRUARY!
(Unless we sell out 'en bloc.')

In the mean time big mark downs on everything, nothing reserved.

People's Shoe Store,
N. M. SINCLAIR.

P. S. The early buyer gets the best choice before sizes are picked.

50 PIECES 50 CENTS
FOR
INCLUDING

SHEETS . . .
TABLE CLOTHS
PILLOW SLIPS
Towels, Napkins, Doylies, and Bed Spreads,

25 of these in each lot, all over 2c each.

Two Spreads allowed in each 50.

Rough dry including all classes of family washing 25c per doz. Sheets, Slips, Table Cloths, Quilts etc. returned ready for use.

30 to 50 WHITE Pieces Rough Dry 50c.

WOLFVILLE LAUNDRY CO., Limited.

NOTICE!

HAVING recently returned from Boston, where I have been connected with a large furniture business, I am prepared to do all kinds of

UPHOLSTERY WORK

Hair and Wool Mattresses made over, Furniture upholstered. Chairs—cane, Splint, and Rattan seated. Samples of upholstering goods on hand. Goods called for and returned. Carpet laying a specialty. Address

JOHN E. PALMETER,
P. O. Box 190.
Residence—Lower Wolfville.

XMAS POULTRY!

We have a good supply of
Geese, Turkeys, Ducks and Chickens, also extra quality Beef Pork, Lamb, Veal, Ham, Bacon and Sausages.

SIMSON BROS.,
TELEPHONE No. 40 C.
GRAND PRE.

COME. COME. COME.
THE HAMMER HAS FALLEN!
THE GOODS MUST GO!
ONLY TEN DAYS MORE
OF THE
GREAT BANKRUPT SALE!

All those who have not already taken advantage of our Great Money Saving Sale should not miss this their last opportunity.

During the next Ten Days we will sell Clothing at prices so much below the ordinary as to cause this Sale to be written in "letters of fire" on the pages of Clothing History.

Last week it was Great Values and Low Prices. This week it's Greater Values and still Lower Prices.

For the next 10 Days every Selling Section of the Store will fairly Bristle with those Trade-Electrifying Price Concessions.

READ THE STORY IN THE FIGURES.

Men's Pants from 75 cents up.
Men's Suits from $2.98 up.
Men's Overcoats from $3.49 up.
Men's Ulsters from $2.90 up.
Reefers from $2.55 up.
Raglan Overcoats $4.98 up.
Boys' Two Piece Suits 98 cents up.
Boys' Three Piece Suits $2.39 up.
Men's Spring and Fall Overcoats $3.87 up.
Men's Fancy Vests $1.49 up.
Men's Tweed Vests 75 cents up.
Rain or Shine "Raglan" $5 00 up.
Mackintosh Coats $1.75 up.

Thousands of othre Bargains Will Be Offered at Prices Correspodingly Low.

Don't be Satisfied with just reading about it. Come—we will positively sell you two Suits or Overcoats at the price you pay for one elsewhere.

Look out for the big Sign Great Bankrupt Sale!

MASSEY-HARRIS CO. STORE,
WOLFVILLE, - - - - - - M. JACQUES, Prop.