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ges of the good of Fort riter terms: hewan. He ated close to e confines of irie and for-

ner. It pos-

is so abundant as to frequently protrude along the banks of rivers and elsewhere in seams more than eight feet in thickness. Travellers then cooked, as they no doubt now cook their provisions with it, and the Hudson Bay officials used no other fuel. While in the Red River country, except along the banks of the rivers, the tall prairie grass is sole monarch of the treeless plains, in the Saskat-chewan, the districts between the groves of poplar, beech, fir, and white oak. He justly deems it worthy of remark, that wheresoever there are groves there are springs of living water and vice versa, and as a living water, and vice versa; and as a rule the shores of the salt lakes of which there are many, are totally devoid of trees and shrubs. Prairie chickens, swans, sandhill cranes, geese, ducks, and pigeors, everywhere abound in the Saskatchewan country which is also well stocked with elks, moose, deer, and caribou.

But the fecundity of the North West spreads far beyond the Saskatchewan territory. The valleys of the Elk and Peace rivers, afflu-ents of the Mackenzie, situated be-tween 55th and 58th degrees of North latitude are blessed with a climate and soil adapted to the growth of all grains and even garden vege-Wheat has been raised at Fort Laird on Mountain river also a tributary of the Mackenzie in 60 degrees of north latitude. There can be no room for doubt in the face of recent explorations that the Peace river districts are destined like the Saskatchewan to become a great cereal raising country. One of its great advantages, shared in by the region of the North Saskatchewan, is its immunity from the devastating incursions of the destructive grass-

In the solution of the question of practicability of ocean navigation throughout the entire year or the greater part of it, by means of the Hudsons Bay the people of Winnipeg and of the whole North West take very deep interest. The opinion now seems to prevail that communieation can be maintained notwithstanding the glacial formations in the southern extremity of the bay, if not for the whole, at least for the greater part of the year. From a document submitted to the Legislature of Ontario we learn that Hudson's Straits, the only outlet of the Bay, at its north-eastern ex-tremity, are about 500 miles in length and vary in width from 45 miles at the entrance between Resolution Island on the north and Britton Islands on the south shore to three times that extent in other places, and that the Strait, like the Bay, contains numerous islands affording excellent shelter and harbourage.

We are also in the same paper informed that the time occupied in going through the Straits on the westward trip in July and returning in August or September in sailing vessels, differs greatly, varying from three weeks to a month in the former case and from three to five days in the latter, the Straits in August or September being free of ice. Professor Hind's theory is, that Hudson's Straits are never frozen over and that the ice brought down in July is not even from Hudson's Bay but from a more northerly region, whence it reaches Hudson's Straits through Fox Channel. The heavy tides in the Straits are, it is alleged, strongly against the notion of solid ice being formed there. It is likewise believed that the ice formed in Hudson's Bay, does not leave the Bay at all, but that its dissolution takes place in the Bay itself.

It is well also to bear in mind that the practical tests of the navigation of the Bay have been confined to slow sailing merchant ships sometimes convoyed by men-of-war, not less worthy the appellation of tubs, as compared with vessels of the present time. It is satisfactory to know that during their occupation of the coasts of the Bay extending over two centuries only two of the Hudson's Bay Company's own ships have been lost, and that, it is said, through culpable recklessness. There reason therefore to believe that the navigation of Hudson's Bay will quarter of a century hence, the most soon be robbed of some of its terrors, and instead of being regarded as hazardous or impossible will be found, through the powerful agencies of modern discovery both safe and

practicable. Now a word as to the climate of the North West. To understand its chief characteristics and the cause of its variations it is well to bear in mind the statement of Prof. Hind before a committee of the House of

Commons. "The warm and moisture-laden winds from the Pacific moving northeasterly, deposit," he says, "much of their moisture on the western flanks of the Rocky Mountains. Rising over the summit of the ranges, they are deflected to the south by the commerce of the world,

sesses, he says, hundreds of sites well adapted for mills and factories, and adds that its coal-beds rival those of Brazil or Nova Scotia. Coal The cold winds acquire their maxipensating cold winds from the north.
The cold winds acquire their maximum influence on the 95th meridian. which passes through the Lake of the Woods. Farther to the east-ward, the isothermals are pressed back by the warm winds from the Gulf of Mexico, which push them to the north-eastward. the rotation of the earth is a leading cause in determining the course of the fertile zones."

In a country so extensive as the North West, the climate is of course subject to certain local modifications, but in the entire wheat growing region the difference between one portion of the country and another is not if a very marked character. The seaand May; Summer, June, July, August, and part of September; Autumn, Buffalo now growing scarce then roamed in countless thousands over the plains, and wild fruits were also sensations one might expect. The point, than in countries where the frost is accompanied by dampness. We have the authority of Mr. Taylor the American Consul at Winnipeg for the following comparative statement of mean temperature during the agricultural season from April to August inclusive.

Toronto.....

 St. Paul
 65,05

 Winnipeg
 58,19

 Battleford
 58,53

It is thus established that the climate during the agricultural season is warmer in Manitoba and for 700 miles to the North West than in Central Ontario, and that the country around St. Paul is 7° 40' warmer than that in the neighborhood of Toronto. "The line of equal mean temperature," adds Mr. Taylor, "especially for the season of vegetation between March and October, instead of following lines of latitude, bends from the Mississippi Valley far to the north, carrying the zone of wheat from Minnesota away to the 60th parallel in the valley of the Peace River, and reproducing the Summer heats of New Jersey and Southern Pennsylvania in Minnesota and Dakota, and those of Northern Pennsylvania and Ohio in the valley of the Saskatchewan. . . Within the isothermal lines that inclose the zone west and north-west of Minnesota, which is being or is soon to be opened to cultivation, lies a vast area of fertile lands from which might easily be cut a dozen new states of the size of New York."

In the North West, Canada has, indeed, a rich domain. From the progress of the American North West we can form some idea of the next twenty-five or fifty years be made by Canada's Golden West.

The late of this setem and metancholy occasion. He had known the late Bi-hop well, and had known thin to be what all his strides in advance that will in the Twelve years ago Mr. W. D. Kelley on the "New North West" after having reviewed the progress made by the United States during the pre-

vious quarter of a century said: Surely the world moves and time does work wonders. What railroads we have you know; what railroads we are to have you only begin to suspect. In Europe, during this quarter of a century, dynasties and the boundaries of empires have changed, but the increase of population has been scarcely perceptible. The oppressions of the feudal past linger there, and cannot be shaken But here, where man is free, and nature offers boundless returns to enterprise, broad empires have risen, embracing towns, cities, and states; and millions of people born in many lands with poverty and oppression as their only birthright, are now enjoying all the comforts

and refinements of civilization. During the past twenty-five years Canada has like the neighboring re public made wondrous progress every walk of economic life. But its progress during the next quarter of a century will, we believe, be more marvellous than any the world has yet seen. With Mr. Kelley we

Were supernal power to unfold to far-seeing and sanguine of us would regard the reality as a magnificent delusion. Our extension of territory and law, great as it has been, is of small consequence in comparison with the achievements of mind in the empire of science and art, whereby man is enabled to produce terfold, and in many departments of productive industry, a hundred-fold as much as he could twenty five THE LASS TRIBUTES.

Arrivat of Bishop Crimnon's Remains in Ham Iton.

ELOQUENT TESTIMONIAL TO THE DECEASED

Hamilton Times, Dec. 1st. The delay of the train which conveyed the remains of Bishop Crimon, did not prevent the immense crowd which had gathered early in the afternoon from remaining until it arrived. The train did not get here until about 5.15. On its arrival the remains (which were enclosed in a very handsome rosewood casket with massive silver handles) were taken through the door of the express office to the hearse. From the door to the bearse a cleared space was made by the members of the Emerald Society, 150 of whom formed in two lines and kept the crowd back. The sons are thus divided, Spring, April and May; Summer, June, July, August, and part of September; Autumn, part of September to the middle of November; Winter, from the closing days of November to the beginning of April. In Winter the thermometer sinks to what would be elsewhere appalling figures, thirty or forty below zero, but this intense cold decrease we have a son and two lines and kept the crowd back. The procession was then formed—the St. Vingust, and part of September; Autumn, part of September; Autumn, part of September to the middle of November; Winter, from the closing days of November to the beginning of April. In Winter the thermometer sinks to what would be elsewhere appalling figures, thirty or forty below zero, but this intense cold decreased where a population of the cartain of the elegy. The hearse amount the hearse and the carriages amination by physicians confirmed the days of November to the beginning of April. In Winter the thermometer sinks to what would be elsewhere appalling figures, thirty or where appalling figures, this intense cold does not produce the unpleasant was drawn by four horses, caparisoned in black. Arrived at the cathedral, the coffin dryness of the atmosphere in the North West is such as to make the ently up the aisle by six priests and placed weather really less cold even when the temperature falls to so low a point, than in countries where the Lynch, Bishop Cleary and Bishop Jamot Lycch, Bishop Cleary and Bishop Jamot and a number of priests, whose names were published in yesterday's Times. The Archbishop was attired in his archiepiscopal robes, and Bishop Cleary appeared in the robes of his high office—both wearing mitres. After the coffin had been deposited on the catalaique the crowd which filled the streets outside was allowed to make the should be and the world a way of the context. enter the church, and the people surged into the building like water from a dam suddenly broken away by a spring freshet. In a very few minutes there was neither sitting nor standing room in the vast edifice. The Archbisnop, assisted by the two bishops and the priests around the altar,

then proceeded to chant the I tany for the dead, during this solemn service was one which during this solemn service was one which will never be forgotten by any one who witnessed it, for it was one that must have been impressed on every mind with far more than ordinary force. The vast and dim-interior, heavily draped in black, did not seem to have its gloom relieved by the presence of the crowd which filled the pews and aisles; on the contrary, the sol-emnity which marked every face made the scene all the more sombre and impressive. Within the sacred precincts of the dark-ened sanctuary, and grouped around the colfin, were the priests and dignitaries performing the solemn rites of the Church for their dead brother. Many of these priests were young men who had received at the hands of Bishop Crinnon their holy

chanted the Archbishop advanced to the Lillis, Hamilton. Rev. Fathers Bardou, front of the sanctuary and addressed a few Lillis, Flannery and others took part with words to the assembly. It was, he said, with painful feelings that he came before them on this solemn and melancholy occafaithful and wise teacher. been very sudden, but it had not found him unprepared. It should be a warning to all present to be always ready to die. No one within reach of his voice knew when he lay down to sleep at night that he would be alive in the morning. The summons may come at any moment. How necessary then it is to be always ready to respond to the summons. All who knew the late Bishop knew him as a just and holy man; but God, from whose eye nothing is hidden, may have discovered blots and imperfections on that character which seemed to us so pure. Perhaps there were occasional weaknesses, now and then a lack of zeal in discharging the duties of his high and holy office, which would have to be atoned for. The good Bishop who had left us was not so good but he needed the prayers of all his people, and if these prayers were offered up from pure and devout hearts they would no doubt be of benefit to his soul in the other world. The Archbishop then announced that in order that the people may pray with ture hearts, he would grant them all the privi-lege of partaking a the holy communion without further absolution. This privilege would continue for eight days, and he urged his hearers to pray earnestly

during this time for the repose of the soul of their late Bishop.

VIEWING THE REMAINS. After the conclusion of the Archbishop's address the people were invited to file up to the sanctuary and view the remains. Then commenced the flow of a steady stream of humanity, which did not ceas intil the church was closed, between 10 and 11 o'clock. The people moved up one aisle into the sanctuary, viewed the body and silently moved on down the other to make way for others. Many affecting scenes took place at the catalaque. Old men and women who had for years looked up to the Bishep as their highest spri-tual authorit leaned over the coffin with streaming eyes and softly-spoken ejaculations. The coffin was surrounded by the floral offerings which had been sent in. All of them were chaste and beautiful in the extreme, and nearly all were elaborate and costly. Among the most beautiful the

natural and wore a quiet, peaceful expression. The body was dressed in the epis-

copal robes.

Several thousand persons must have viewed the body last evening, but such was the perfection of the arrangements that there was no confusion or disorder.

THE EISHOP'S DEATH.
Immediately on his arrival in Jackson-ville, Fla., Bishop Crinnon's health began to grow worse instead of better and he suffered pains in the region of the heart. Father Cleary, the attendant priest, urged amination by physicians confirmed the belief that death had resulted from heart

Solemn requiem mass was begun by Archbishop Lynch, assisted by Bishops Cleary, Walsh, Jamot, McQuade and O'Mahoney, and the following clergymen.

The celebrant of the mass, Archbishop Lynch: Deacon, Father Vincent, Pro-vincial of the Order of St. Basil, Toronto;

General Rooney and V. R. Vicar-General Laurent, Toronto.

The Bishops present in the sanctuary were; Walsh, London; McQuade, Rochester: Cleary, Kingston; Jamot, Peterboro; O'Mahoney, Toronto; Monseigneur Bruyere, London.

Priests—Very Rev. V. G. Dowling, Paris: Dr. Kilroy, Stratford; Tiernan and Coffey, London; Flannery, St. Thomas: McCann, Gavin and Duffy, Toronto; McCrinnon, N. S.; Arthur, O. C. C., Reidy, O. C. C., and Dominick, O. C. C., of the Carmelite Convent, Niagara Falls; the choir.

The conclusion of the ceremony was a

priate and eloquent sermon was preached by Bishop Walsh, of London. We regret our inability to give a full report of the discourse. The following is but a summary of a few of the thoughts expressed by the bishop. The sermon was throughout listened to with the profoundest attention, the auditory being at times with another. quite overcome with emotion.

His Lordshp's text was John xi. 11-14,

sleepeth; but I go that I may awake him

them, Lazarus our friend

from his brow forever. The crozier awaits another hand to wield it. The throne is vacant, ready for another occupant.

Your Bishop sleeps; but his sleep is the sleep of death. All this seems like a dream of the night—a figment of the imagination; but, ah! it is a sad reality. In the presence of such a sorrow as you and was all feel perhaps the silent selement at the presence of such a sorrow as you and was all feel perhaps the silent selement at the presence of such a sorrow as you and was all feel perhaps the silent selement at the presence of such a sorrow as you and the presence of such a sorrow as you and the presence of such a sorrow as you and the presence of such a sorrow as you and the presence of such a sorrow as you and the presence of such as or you are the presence of such as orrow as you and the presence of such as or you are the presence of such as or you we all feel, perhaps the silent, solemn atti-tude of grief is better than spoken words. If any voice is to be heard, perhaps the only one should be the voice of our Holy Mother the Cnurch, as she offers up sacrifrice and incense and powerful pleadings for the soul of her departed servant. If any sermon is to be preached, the most impressive one is that which death preaches from the funeral bier before you. But occasions like this should not be allowed to pass without some consolation being offered to the living, and paying a ng tribute to the lamented dead. One of the most touching incidents in the life of our blessed Lord is that which is narrated in the chapter from which the text is taken. The words of the text come productive industry, a hundred-fold as much as he could twenty-five years ago by the same amount of labor. New roads are to be built, new towns, cities and states to be created, new resources developed; and the sluggish people of the Orient are to be awakened to their own interests and induced to contribute their vast share to the progress and commerce of the world.

Tated in the chapter from which the text come is taken. The words of the text come of the words of the text come is taken. The words of the text come is taken. The words of the text come of the words of the text come is taken. The words of the text come of the words of the t

by the sanctuary boys of St. Patrick's; tharp, by the pupils of St. Patrick's and St. John's schools; wreath and cross, St. Patrick's sanctuary boys; cushion, crown, cross and anchor, by Ladies of Loretto. Nearly all the designs were worked out in white immortelles, ornamented with lilies and other pale flowers.

The remains were in a good state of preservation, and the face looked quite interest and present visitation of Providence under which is destined to become one of the most beautifully, and he was contemplating the erection of another church, so that Catholics in all parts of the city ship that Catholics in all parts of the city ship that Catholics in all parts of the city ship that Catholics in all parts of the city ship that Catholics in all parts of the city ship that Catholics in all parts of the city ship that Catholics in all parts of the city wind the designs were worked out in white immortelles, ornamented with lilies and other pale flowers.

The remains were in a good state of preservation, and the face looked quite the shall rise again in the resurrection at the last day." Then Jesus said to her, "I templating the erection of another church, so that Catholics in all parts of the city wind the forever." Have we not a parallel to this incident in the present visitation of Providence under with all his achievements he remained the which is destined to become one of the most beautifully, and he was contended to be a transfer of the city which is destined to be one we not a parallel to this incident in the with all his achievements he remained the with all his achievements he remained the with all his achievements he remained the transfer of the city with all his achievements he remained the same hundles. The catholics in all parts of the city with all the standard of the present visitation of Providence under with all his achievements he remained the transfer of the city with all beautifully.

to work for them with fresh energy personal necessities. He left the world as poor in worldly goods as when he as tricken diocese. Is it any wonder that a wail of sorrow has come from the diocese—which, like another Rachel, weeps for its beloved dead, and refuses to be comforted? Surely this is a mystery of sorrow calculated to smite the strongest heart with awe. But if e who consoled Mary and Martha in their bereavement and dried up their tears will again do what He alone can do. It is only God who can send a ray of hope into the night of agony and can pour the oil of comfort and consolation into the wounded and broken her richest congregations, get the money to erect their splendid churches and maintain their flourishing religious and benevolent institutions. But strangers to the faith wonder how Catholics, who do not usually form the richest congregations, get the money to erect their splendid churches and maintain their flourishing religious and benevolent institutions. But strangers to the faith wonder how Catholics, who do not usually form the richest congregations, get the money to erect their splendid churches and maintain their flourishing religious and benevolent institutions. But strangers to the faith wonder how Catholics, who do not usually form the richest congregations, get the money to erect their splendid churches and maintain their flourishing religious and benevolent institutions. But strangers to the faith wonder how Catholics, who do not usually form the richest congregations, get the wonder how Catholics, who do not usually form the richest congregations, get the wonder how Catholics, who do not usually form the richest congregations, get the wonder how Catholics, who do not usually form the richest congregations, get the wonder how Catholics, who do not usually form the richest congregations. heart. He speaks to us through His Church; hark to the blessed words:
"Weep not. Christ is the resurrection and the life; he that believeth in Him, although he be dead, shall live and every him. But while we dwell on his virtues amination by physical and the life; he that beneve.

The body having been embalmed, was dressed by the Sisters of St. Joseph, of Jacksonville, vestments furnished by Bishop Moore, of St. Augustine. On Sunday it was escorted to the station by a large number of the most prominent a large number of the most prominent beloved Bishop yet lives, my cear people, and that your bishop man is perfect, and that your bis THE FUNERAL SERVICES TO-DAY.

In a very short time after the doors of the cathedral were opened this morning to admit the general public the edifice was filled to the doors, the aisles being crowded as well as the pews. The seating arrangements which were published in yesterday's Times were literally carried out.

At 10 o'clock the celebration of the solemn requiem mass was begun by Archibishop Lynch, assisted by Bishops Cleary, Walsh Lamot McOnade and O'Mahoney.

Walsh Lamot McOnade and O'Mahoney.

and triumphs over death; and he shall one day stand, body and soul, before God, and will praise Him day and night format the resurrection and the life." These words have shone for centuries, like a rainbow of promise, over every Christian grave. In the Christian, and especially the death of a Christian, and especially the death of a Christian, and especially the death of a holy bishop, is not to be deplored. "Precious in the distance of the can stand before his Maker. The Church of God is mighty to save by its over the can stand before be can stand before he can stand before to pass through a purifying process before the can stand before be can stand before be can stand before to pass through a purifying process before the can stand before be can stand before be can stand before be can stand before be can stand before he can stand before be can stand before he can stand before be can stand before he can stand before he can stand before be can stand before to pass through a purifying process before the can stand before he can stand before be can stand before he can stand before the can stand before he can are the words of the Spirit. Ever since Christ made the grave a holy place by having descended into it, death to every

good Christian is but a sleep. Though these bodies of ours may decay and perish yincial of the Order of St. Basil, Toronto; Sub-Deacon, Rev. P. Lennon, Brantford; assistants to the Archbishop, V. R. Vicar-General Rooney and V. R. Vicar-General Laurent, Toronto.

The Bishops present in the sanctuary glorious and immortal, to shine forever stars in the firmament of God's glory. as stars in the firmament of God's glory. As in winter all nature lies cold and dead
—wrapped in the white garment of the tomb—in spring sine awakens into new life; young buds burst forth, the streams flow freely, rejoicing on their way; the birds return from southern climes and make the air vocal with their songs—all nature rejoices, because it has experienced a resurrection. Thus, the holy dead will sleep for ages in the sabbath of the tomb; performing the solemn rites of the Church for their dead brother. Many of these priests were young men who had received at the hands of Bishop Crimon their holy mission, and the eyes of several of these spiritual sons of his were wet with tears as they assisted in the service. In the gallery, away at the opposite end of the church, appeared the dark-robed figures of nuns, who watched the ceremonies with quiet, melancholy eyes. The sitence which prevailed during the intervals of the ceremony was aimost oppressive, so still and rapt was the assembly.

When the last Amen of the Litany was chanted the Archbishop advanced to the zeal and faithfulness and love, your Bishop was that man and that priest. If ever a brow bore the mitre with honor, if ever a hand wielded the crozier with a sa'd scene, most of the priests weeping bitterly as the remains were lowered into the vault.

St. Cocilia at St. Joseph's College, brow and that hand now lying cold in death before you. The preacher then the vault.

THE SERMON.

At the conclusion of the mass an appropriate and eloquent sermon was preached bridge and eloquent sermon was preached at the outset of his priestly career, and the value of the preacher than death before you. The preacher the dilated on the early hardships and trials which the late Bishop had to contend with at the outset of his priestly career, and the value of the preacher than the preacher than

touched lightly on the innumerable works

of charity and piety which he performed. He went into missions—scattered hamlets in half-felled forests, which he found in a

disorganized and disgraceful condition, and he left them prosperous and flourish-ing parishes. When he was appointed to ing parishes. When he was appointed to the parish of Stratford it was a poor and struggling charge; but he left it thriving both materially and spiritually, and besides accomplishing a great work in the sleepeth; but I go that I may awake him out of his sleep. His disciples therefore said: Lord, if he sleep he shall do well. But Jesus spoke of his death, and they thought that he spoke of the repose of sleep. Then therefore Jesus said to them plainly, Lazarus is dead." Your beloved Bishop has returned from his long and fatal journey, but without a smile of recognition in his eyes or a pleasant greeting on his lips. He is met by a people in tears and with sobs breaking from their bosoms; but he heeds not the tears, nor does he hear the sobs—for his eyes are dimmed, his ears are dulled, his voice is hushed, and his heart is still, in death. The hand that was so often raised to bless you is stiff and cold. The mitre has fallen from his brow forever. The crozier awaits another hand to wield it. The throne is ful and more beautiful mission than he who paints a great painting, carves a perfect piece of sculpture or rears a noble edifice to perpetuate his name. How true this is! For the work of the greatest painter, sculptor and architect will perish and be forgotten, while the souls of the children which the loving and faithful care of one devout man may have been instrumental in saving, will live forever, patterns to souls on earth, and sisters of the angels. The work of your Bishop, since he assumed that high office, has been blessed by the Lord in a striking manner. He fostered a priesthood which, by their virtue, zeal and exemplary lives, are the peers of any in the country. He perpeers of any in the country. He formed his episcopal functions with energy, a prudence and an ecclesiastical foresight which marked him as an admin-istrator of far more than ordinary ability.

which we are now bowing? The death of your beloved Bishop is like a thunder-bolt falling from a cloudless sky. It is hard to realize it. This kind and useful Bishop, torn away from his weeping flock—with the with him \$1,000 which I allowed him torn away from his weeping flock—with the promise of several years of active and useful labor before him—stricken down suddenly in a strange land—he that left you a few weeks ago in the hope of recuperating his failing health, and soon returning to his people with renewed health to work for them with fresh energy—returns a corpse, amid the weeping and mourning of a stricken diocese, and the might have enriched himself if he would, when he died he was not possessed of a dollar beyond that which was requisite for his personal necessities. He left the world as poor in worldly goods as when he faith mourn may be washed off by the precious tide which flows from the side of Jesus.
May the prayers that come out of your hearts like fragrance from crushed flowers also rise like incense to the throne of God; and may he who answers the prayers of the righteous grant repose to the soul of your Bishop. God bless and keep you, and bring you all at last to meet, in the plenitude of heavenly bliss, him whom you now lament.

you now lament.

THE BURIAL SERVICES.

On the conclusion of the sermon the bishops present chanted the burial service, each separately performing a circle around the coffin and sprinkling it with holy water; after which the Archbishop offered incense. A procession was then formed, consisting of the bishops, priests and acolytes, which moved to the western transept, and after reciting the burial services the body was lowered into the vault. body was lowered into the vault.

DEPUTATION FROM STRATFORD.

The following persons arrived from The following persons arrived from Stratford this morning to attend the funeral ceremonies: Rev. E. B. Kilroy, D.D., Rev. Father Northgraves, assistant priest, Rev. Father Bennan (St. Mary's), Messrs, Thos. Ballantyne, M. P.P., James Corcoran, Dr. Shaver, Wm. Blair (Postmaster), M. C. Carey, A. Matheson, E. O'Flaherty, Wm. McGuigan, J. L. Corcoran, Simon Long, Edward Mullins, Joseph Fitzhenry, John Whaling, John O'Brien, Daniel O'Connor and others, with ladies. and others, with ladies.

At 8.30 o'clock in the morning there was a solemn high mass celebrated by Very Rev. Father Lefebvre, superior of the College, at which the beautiful little mass of Werner was rendered, with the hymn to St. Cocilia by L. Lambillotte.

In the afternoon at 4 o'clock, a delicious banquet was offered to the musicians and to the members of the French and English academies by the Very Revd. Superior.

At 7 o'clock a musical and dramatic en-tertainment was offered to the public by the students under the direction of Mr Andrew Bourque, Professor of music.

An Accadian hymn, words and music of Prof. Bourque, was universally admired and drew fortha thunder of applause. Two dramas as well as an operetta were also very finely executed. In a word, the

and will be long remembered by the spectators. A Great Singer Who is Fond of Simple Songs.

whole of the entertainment was a success,

All great singers do not despise simple music. Nilsson is one of the exceptions. "It must not be supposed," she said to the Philadelphia Times, "that simple ballads are the easiest tasks which fall to the siner's lot. I may say that I sing them from choice because I love them. No lyric poetry gives me greater pleasure than the melodies of Moore, the ditties of Robert Burns, the many simple touching ballads of nameless authors that live in English homes. I regret that there are so few genuinely excellent modern ballads, though there is much that delights me in some of Sullivan's. English and American audiences are alike fond, I find, of this simple music. After all, there is not much difference between the peoples."

A Methodist's Perception of Three Truths.

So strong is truth, that it compels acknowledgment even from those not of our Church. Rev. Dr. J. P. Newman, a Protestant minister, of New York, says:
"There are three things true, in honor of the Roman Catholic Church. It has been