e . . . . like e in men.

ē . . . . long, like the a in tale.

i . . . . like i in sit.

î . . . . shorter than the i in sit.

i . . . . long, like the vowel-sound in see.

## DIPHTHONGS.

"The combination of two vowels into one sound is not frequent. There are probably but two clear diphthongs: —

ai . . . . like the diphthong in my.

au . . . . like the diphthong in shout.

"The movement of the voice off a long vowel is downward; hence  $\bar{o}$  and  $\bar{e}$  sometimes sound as if they might be  $\bar{o}^{\mu}$  and  $\bar{e}^{i}$ , where  $\bar{o}^{\mu}$  would be almost like the diphthong in toe, and  $\bar{e}^{i}$  like the diphthong in day.

## Consonants.

g . . . . a soft glottal stop.

' . . . . a Greek spiritus asper denoting a whispered continuant before h, k, t and p.

 $h \dots$  like h in hall.

'h . . . . like h, but with a whisper preceding.

 $k \dots$  like the k-sound in call.

'k . . . . like k, but with a whisper before articulation.

g . . . . like g in go.

x . . . like ch in German Bach, but less feeble.

c . . . . like sh in she.

j . . . . like the French j in jour.

s . . . . like the sound in English, but made with the tongue against the lower teeth.

z . . . . like the z in zero.

tc . . . . like ch in charm.

dc... like j in June.

't . . . like t, but with a whisper before articulation.

d . . . . like d in day.

 $n \dots$  like the same sound in English.

p . . . like p in pen.