3. If upon the trial of a person for any crime not punishable with Jury all of death, the prosecuting officer and the party prosecuted consent that the one language. trial jury shall be composed exclusively of persons speaking the English by consent. language or of persons speaking the French language; the jury shall be 5 composed of the first twelve persons speaking the language agreed uron, who being called in succession from the Panel, appear, and are not

lawfully challenged or disqualified from scrving. 4. But if there be not a sufficient number of persons speaking the If there be not language agreed upon, remaining unchallenged or qualified, the re-the panel.

10 mainder of the number required shall be taken from the Panel without reference to language, in the order in which they appear therein;

5. No person arraigned and about to be tried for any felony shall be challenges by permitted peremptorily to challenge more than twenty of the Jurors, prisoner limiappearing when called in Court to serve as Jurors upon such trial; and ied. 15 no challenge on behalf of the Crown shall be finally maintained by the Court except for cause, unless there remains a sufficient number of lenges. qualified Jurors in attendance on the Court, without the persons challenged, after the right of challenge on behalf of the party prosecuted

been exhausted; 6. Judgment after verdict upon any indictment or information for Unqualified. any Felony or Misdeameanor shall not be arrested, stayed or reversed Jury not to because any unqualified person or persons served upon the Jury who affect judgtried the case:

## OF CHANGING THE VENUE.

8. In any case in which a person is charged with the commission of In what cases 25 any offence punishable with death, and in which, by reason of any un- and how the usual excitement prevailing generally at the place where the proceedings may be chanagainst such prisoner are pending, there is just cause for apprehending ged. that an impartial verdict will not be rendered upon such trial; the Court or any Judge thereof, either before or after the presentation of 30 a Bill of indictment against him, upon application to that effect, either on behalf of the Crown or of the prisoner, sustained by satisfactory proof of the allegation of such application, may order the transmisions of the prisoner for trial to another District; but no application for a change of the name shall be allowed on behalf of the Crown in cases 35 where the offence charged is of a political character, and if the application be made on behalf of the Crown, all additional expense thereby caused to the prisoner in procuring the attendance of witnesses shall be paid by the Crown;

2. Any person in Her Majesty's Military or Naval Service, or any And in cases 40 seaman or mariner usually employed upon sea-going vessels, or any of persons in other person temporarily within the limits of Lower Canada and having Naval Service no legal domicile therein, charged with the commission of any felony Expenses. and imprisoned upon such charge, may be removed for trial under an order to that effect from the Court having criminal jurisdiction where 45 such prisoner is so imprisoned, or any Judge thereof, either before or af er the presentation of a Bill of indictment against him, to any District other than that in which the offence is committed, if on application to that effect on behalf of the Crown, it be shown to the satisfaction of the Court in Term or of any Judge thereof in vacation, that the trial may be - 50 proceeded with in such other District at an earlier period than in the District in which the prisoner is in custody; but all additional expense thereby caused to the prisoner in procuring the attendance of witnesses

shall be paid by the Crown; 3. The order of the Court or of the Judge made under either of the Order Court to be warrant to be warrant to be warrant to Sheriff, &c. and authority to all Sheriffs, Gaolers and Peace Officers for the removal,