

The Klondike Nugget

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LETTERS. And Small Packages can be sent to the Creeks by our carriers on the following days: Every Tuesday and Friday to Eldorado, Bonanza, Hunker, Dominion, Gold Run.

SATURDAY, JUNE 21, 1902.

\$50 Reward.

We will pay a reward of \$50 for information that will lead to the arrest and conviction of any one stealing copies of the Daily or Semi-Weekly Nugget from business houses or private residences, where same have been left by our carriers.

KLONDIKE NUGGET.



AMUSEMENTS THIS WEEK.

Auditorium—"A Crazy Idea." Orpheum—Burlesque and Vaudeville.

WATER SUPPLY.

The problem of furnishing water to the various creeks of the district is still a most important matter and one which has assumed added importance in view of the fact that the Treadgold scheme is not likely to materialize in any tangible form.

The Nugget might mention any number of instances where tremendous loss has been sustained by the miners of the district by reason of the unsatisfactory condition of the water supply. Where every claim owner is compelled to make provision for his own supply of water, it is quite obvious that the aggregate expense reaches each year an enormous amount, and on the other hand the results are by no means what they should be.

A claim owner may spend a thousand dollars in constructing a dam to give him sufficient head of water to wash his dumps, only to find in a few days that the whole thing is washed out. Under such circumstances each man is compelled to sustain his own loss and make shift to repair the same as well as he is able to do.

Clearly, there would be an immense saving to the mining operators of the district if some system might be placed whereby a uniform supply of water could be furnished during the entire summer season.

The very fact, however, that the question of water supply has so strong a bearing upon the prosperity of the miners generally constitutes the strongest objection that might be cited against any scheme involving private control. Were the miners dependent upon any corporation or individuals for water to sluice their dumps the holders of such privileges would be vested with powers exceedingly dangerous.

The only satisfactory plan that has thus far been suggested is one by which the control of the water supply would remain with the government. Reasonable charges would thus be assured and many other objections which might be made to a private scheme would be overcome.

Undoubtedly the task of furnishing water to all the creeks would be a tremendous undertaking, involving an immense expenditure of money. Nevertheless in the end it would prove a profitable enterprise for the government and of incalculable benefit to the mining industry, which is the foundation upon which Dawson and the entire Yukon territory rests.

partion of their arrival the timely suggestion has been made that the property owners should clean up their premises and in other ways make them as presentable as possible. The Nugget heartily indorses the idea. Well kept homes and yards are always accepted by travellers as an indication of stability and permanence.

A meeting of the anti-Treadgold committee has been called, and reports from the Ottawa delegates may be expected shortly. For the most part the public has been informed through the press of what the delegates accomplished at Ottawa, but for the sake of formality if nothing else an extended report is desirable.

Can it be possible that there was an element of "bluff" in the White Pass Company's announcement that it intends entering the mercantile field? If not, it is about time the ten thousand ton shipment of freight began making an appearance.

The question arises, are the business men of Dawson willing to see the Bonanza Railway make its terminal at Klondike City without making an effort to bring the road to this city.

What the Yukon wants is the right to make its own laws and the privilege of spending its own revenues. The federal treasury has fattened off of this territory long enough.

A big barbecue has been proposed for the Fourth of July. The idea is not half bad.

May Not Go Back.

Washington, June 21.—It is stated that Greene and Gaynor, the fugitive American contractors whose abduction from Quebec to Montreal caused a sensation, have played their cards so well that the American department of justice fears it will be unable to extradite them. One man acquainted with the case said it would not be a surprise to hear of the men in France in a fortnight.

Summer Exodus.

Washington, June 21.—The summer exodus of the diplomatic body has begun. Chinese minister Wu has not yet received the edict appointing him one of the ministers to adopt a code of foreign laws to Chinese practice. He is not sure the assignment will compel him to leave the States, but thinks much of the work can be done in Washington.

Foreign Coal.

New York, June 21.—In view of the coal strike New York is making an experiment with Welch coal. A cargo of bituminous coal from that principality is on the way to the city. There will be 4,000 tons put on the market at about five dollars per ton.

Iowa Town Inundated

Des Moines, June 12.—A cloudburst near Webster city last night caused the Boone river to rise many feet above its banks, flooding portions of that city. Residents have been driven from their homes, but as yet no one has been drowned.

All wagon bridges are out and railway bridges are likely to go. Rain is still falling.

Has Fully Recovered

Dr. MacArthur says the smallpox patient who was sent to the pest house on Bonanza is fully recovered, and will probably be permitted to leave on Monday morning.

WANTED—By competent woman, position as cook, housekeeper or at any respectable work. Apply Nugget office.

Ice cream soda—at Gandolfo's, 17th

Sample Portieres

We have just bought a traveler's samples in portieres—no two alike.

Tapestry, Chemille, Silk. They Are Selling Very Low.

I. D. McLENNAN

MILITARY NECESSITY

The Burning of Insurgents Homes

In the Philippines Where Kindness of Troops is Misinterpreted.

Washington, June 12.—Frank H. Evans, of Des Moines, Ia., formerly a sergeant of Company F, Thirty-second volunteer infantry, today testified before the senate committee on the Philippines concerning the administration of the water cure to Filipinos on four different occasions during his service in the islands. He also related the particulars of the burning of several native villages. He was questioned by Senators Patterson, Beveridge and McComas.

All these events occurred, the witness said, during the year 1900, in the province of Batan, island of Luzon, and in or near the town of Orano, where his headquarters were. Three of the cases of watercure occurred outside the town. In one case the cure was administered by native scouts, and in the other by an American soldier. The first case occurred at a little town where there were supposed to be some insurgents. The scouts picked out the suspected people and taking one of them to a creek poured a quantity of water into his mouth from a canteen. The purpose in this, as in other cases, was to secure a confession. On another occasion during an expedition to neighboring islands the witness said that he had seen an American soldier take two suspected natives into the water and duck them, holding them under for perhaps half a minute at a time. He secured a confession as to the hiding of guns in one case but none in the other. After the first case of ducking the victim seemed, the witness said, to have been quite disabled, being apparently so weak that he was unable to rise. In another instance of the administration of the cure in Orano a tooth of the victim was knocked out, but so far as he knew, no other injury was inflicted.

Mr. Evans said he had been present at the burning of four or five native villages, and that the destruction of these places had been due to the presence of insurgents. The orders were to destroy all the native huts along the coast near the mountains for ten miles in Batan province, so as to force the natives to come in, and this, he said, was done.

Replying to questions by Senator Beveridge, the witness said the orders to the troops were to treat the natives humanely, and that, with the exceptions noted, their treatment had been in accord with these instructions. The natives had not, on the other hand, shown any appreciation of this consideration. They refused to divulge information in their possession, and in many cases they subjected the American troops to indignities. In one case, he said, where two soldiers were killed, their ears were cut off.

Edward Norton, of Los Angeles, a late private in Company L, Eighteenth United States infantry, was the witness at the afternoon session. Answering questions by Senator Culberson, Mr. Norton stated that "except in isolated cases the treatment accorded the natives by United States soldiers was humane and all that could be expected or desired."

In the isolated cases referred to, he said, the treatment was not consistent with humanity and the laws of war. He then related from hearsay the story of the administration of the water cure to the vice president of San Miguel and a native policeman, and described one occasion where he had assisted in "water curing" a native. The man's mouth, he said, was forced open with a stick, and the water poured down his throat. The effect of the treatment was temporary strangulation. In this particular case, he said, the native, after receiving the cure, delivered up a number of rifles and pistols. It was the practice in marching through villages, the witness related, "that when fired upon by natives to immediately burn their houses."

He said the Filipinos regarded the kindness of the troops toward them as a weakness, and became bold in consequence; also that the general understanding in the army was that the policy of Gen. Hughes was one of humanity and kindness. He took is-

All Cuban Money

New York, June 12.—The Herald tomorrow will quote Francis B. Thurber as saying in reply to criticisms brought out by his testimony before the senate committee in regard to the use of funds furnished by the military government, in aid of reciprocity:

"It was Cuban money and not that of the United States. The beet sugar people are attempting to make political capital out of what was, in my opinion, a legitimate and proper use of Cuban money. Everything was done openly, and no fact was hidden. When called to Washington to testify before the committee I told them the plain truth. The combination of businessmen in Cuba recommended the expenditure out of money paid by the Cubans in port taxes.

"Gov. Wood acted within his authority in disposing of these funds, or a portion of them, in the best interests of the island.

"Mr. Havemeyer's contribution came about in this way: I was asked last winter if our organization was not working in the interest of the sugar trust. I replied that it was not, but the question set me to thinking that perhaps we were working on similar lines. I then went to Mr. Havemeyer and asked for a contribution. He gave me \$2,500. This with the small amount from the Cuban taxes has carried on the work of distributing literature, giving the people of the United States the truth about Cuba's condition and requirements."

Echo of Dreyfus Case

Paris, June 12.—As a result of a suit begun in January, 1899, by Mme. Henry, widow of Lieut. Col. Henry, against Joseph Reinach, former editor of the Siecle, and against that paper, for 200,000 francs damages for alleged injury to herself through the accusations made against her deceased husband in the Siecle, the court today condemned M. Reinach and the manager of the Siecle to pay 500 francs to the widow, 500 francs to her son, and the cost of the action.

Lieut. Col. Henry committed suicide in prison, after having confessed to the forgery of a document in the Dreyfus case.

The court said it took into account the good faith of the defendants and the absence of any intention on their part to injure the widow and the orphan, and also the circumstances under which they acted, "after the revelation of the odious crime committed by him against whose memory they prosecuted their impudent allegations."

Caught in a Whirlpool

Burlington, Kan., June 12.—Ira Drake, 16 years old, was caught in a whirlpool of the Neosho river today and drowned. The river has been made very high by the recent floods. Young Drake tried to cross the river in a boat, when he was drawn under the water. His companion was caught by the water, but was finally thrown out unharmed.

Lined Up and Shot

Tucson, Ariz., June 12.—Advices to the Star from Cananea tell of the shooting of fourteen Yaqui miners Tuesday by Mexican rurales. The miners in question had been working for the Green Consolidated Mining Company, and were camped two miles below the works. A squad of

rurales marched to their tents and the officer in command spoke to them; saying that there was a Mexican official two miles below their camp, who was to register them according to a recent order of the Mexican government. They marched down to a designated spot, where they were lined up and shot.

FOR SALE.—A snap—Road near 20 steady boarders. Apply to WICK'S GROCERY, near Klondike foot bridge.

Have you seen that new stock of woollens? If not, why not? Get a line. Suits and pants at reasonable prices. BREWITT, the tailor, Second avenue.

ANGLO-AMERICAN COMMERCIAL COMPANY. ESTABLISHED 1894. Standard Cigars and Tobacco, Wholesale and Retail At Right Prices. BANK BUILDING, King Street. Fire Proof Sales Sold on Easy Terms.

SUMMER TIME TABLE THE ORR & TUKEY CO., Ltd. Week Day Service. GOLD RUN via. Carmack's and Dome. GRAND FORKS. HUNKER. For Rates on Shipment of Gold Dust see Office.

The White Pass and Yukon Route. The British Yukon Navigation Co. Operating the following first-class sailing steamers between Dawson and Whitehorse: "White Horse," "Dawson," "Selkirk," "Victorian," "Yukoner," "Canadian," "Sybil," "Columbian," "Bailey," "Zentlandian," and "Four Freight Steamers."

DAWSON TRUCK & DRAY CO. FREIGHTING TO ALL CREEKS. City Drayage and Express Wagons Day & Night Service. Phone 120. Office, Aurora Dock. T. H. HEATH, Mgr.

NORTHERN ANNEX. A. D. FIELD, PROPRIETOR.

KEEP KOOL. AURORA SALOON. THOS. CHISHOLM, Prop. Draught Beer on Tap.

Draught Beer At Bonanza Saloon.

CIGARS. Before purchasing get our prices. We have a complete stock of Domestic and Havana Cigars. Will arrive in a few days one-half million cigars including the famous CAMEOS. Special deals will be given to the trade for this cigar. Townsend & Co.

....YOUR FIT IS WAITING FOR YOU.... If you have got to the point where you are ready to buy a new spring suit or overcoat, or both, we hope you will come here and give us a chance to show you some of the splendid things we have received from L. Adler, Bros. & Co. of Rochester, N. Y. You will be the gainer by doing so, for we can fit you as well as any merchant tailor has ever fitted you, and at a good big saving of time and money. Maybe you don't believe this. Well, you are not the first man who has been incredulous, but let us say to you that we never had the slightest trouble in convincing our visitors that what we say of L. Adler, Bros. & Co.'s clothing is exactly true. See Display in Show Window! Northern Commercial Co.

