## The Weekly Times

Victoria, Friday, October 27, 1

The action of the New Brunswick supreme court in the case of Editor Ellis is severely condemned by the eastern press generally, the exceptions being a tice. The Montreal Star thinks that "the spectacle of a man, who is generally known to be a plucky and conscientious journalist, haled off to prison, in spite of a crown of gray hairs, is not likely to put down 'contempt of court.' This will no doubt be the general verdict. The St. John Globe, of which Mr. Ellis is the editor, says that "Mr. Ellis' persecutors, under cover of prosecuting him for contempt, have been seeking revenge for themselves," and that "it seems entirely wrong that courts can be made to avenge private wrongs of men guilty of such great crimes against public liberty as were the men who stole Queen's county in 1887." The Toronto Globe observes: "The freedom of the press would become little better than a name if the methods of New Brunswick were to come into vogue over the rest of Canada. A discussion of the utmost public interest and importance might be choked off upon the pretext that it was prejudicing the fair trial of some trumpery action, perhaps entered for no other purpose than to prevent discussion. It is time to consider whether the process under contempt of court should not at least be very materially modified." The St. John Telegraph's conclusion is as follows: "We do not believe that the attempt to degrade Mr. Ellis by sending him to jail will have the effect intended. Judges are but men, and, although when appointed to the bench every judge is supposed to become immaculate, no matter what his previous character, it is well known that judges are sometimes manufactured out of strange material. It may be some consolation to Mr. Ellis to know that the very jail in which he is confined once held two men who afterwards became members of the supreme court of New Brunswick. One of these men was imprisoned for assault, while the other was charged with murder, the killing of another man in a duel." The Montreal Herald takes a similar view of the attempt to "degrade" Mr. Ellis. It says: "No doubt there will be a proposition to appeal to the minister of justice for a cancellation of the sentence, but we trust nothing of the sort will be done. Let an amazed and indignant public have for the whole 30 days the object lesson of a grey-headed man who has held offices of the greatest trust, and is universally respected, suffering punishment because he objected to the machinery of the law being utilized in the theft of a seat in parliament from the man who was properly chosen in favor of the minority candidate. There is no disgrace to Mr. Ellis in his imprisonment. He but did his duty, and can justly glory in the consequences. It is the ermine of the judges that is soiled." To our view it looks very much as though the New Brunswick judges had deliberately decided to make a martyr of Mr. Ellis, so that he might be honored instead of disgraced. At all events that is the result they have reached, and while we are sorry to see Mr. Ellis suffering imprisonment and loss, he is to be congratulated in that the most effective means have been taken by his persecutors to gain public sympathy for him and strike a blow at the "contempt of court" abuse.

## A DISTURBING FACTOR.

Dalton McCarthy is not a "Grit." In fact he took great pains to show in his latest speech at a public meeting that he was quite at variance with the Liberal party on several questions, and that he does not agree with it entirely even on the trade question. As he thus professes to occupy an entirely neutral attitude between the two parties, and as he was not long ago one of the most active and prominent members of the Conservative party, his opinion of the N. P. must be of interest to the country generally and to his old party in particular. That opinion is clearly indicated in the follow-

ing extracts from his Listowel speech: I was a supporter of the National Policy, not a great believer at any time in protection, but one who thought it was in the interest of the people of the coun-What is protection? You know perfectly well that you want to sell in the dearest market, to get the biggest prices for your goods and that you want to buy in the cheapest market. Why did we adopt protection? Because some said, "Here is a young country comparatively poor, without any very large manufacturing industries. It is in the interest of this young country that we should promote such industries as can fairly prosper among us, and in order to do that, we, the people of Canada, will do what sometimes municipal councils do. we will give a subsidy indirectly in favor of the manufacturer so that the manufacturer can get upon his feet and ultimately be able to hold his own with the manufacturers of the United States and Great Britain. The Dominion of Canada agreed to pay more for her goods and to use goods of less value for a time that Canada might in the long run be more prosperous. But we never intended, and have the language of Sir John Macdonald, of Sir Leonard Tilley and the leading gentlemen who took part in the discussion in the House of Commons that that was to be a policy which was not to endure forever, but simply one for a limited period, that the manufacturers might get a start which would enable them to

of the leading strings. Now the ques-We are now paying \$30,000,000 a year in the way of taxes, and we are told that we have a surplus every year. The government pride themselves much on the result of this surplus. I wonder whether our town councillors would feel it to be a subject of pride and whether you would plerate it if they said to you, "Look at We have two the surplus we have. thousand or three thousand dollars in press generally, the exceptions being a the treasury." You would say, "How few papers that are so extremely par-did you get it," They would say, "Well, tizan as to have lost all sense of jus-we put 15 mills on the dollar, and there vice. The Montreal Star thinks that it is." That is what the government has been doing. They have been piling on the taxes until they are about \$7 a head, whereas in the old days they were about \$5, and as they make you pay more they have more to show. any subject of boasting, or a reason for speaking of the prosperity of the country. You have to raise this \$30,000,000, and assuming that \$30,000,000 is the proper sum to raise for taxes, how much more have you to pay that does not reach the treasury at all? How much more have you to pay that never goes to your credit in the public treasury, but finds its way into the pockets of the manufactur-

> I know from my inquiries that the manufactured goods that you buy that are manufactured in Canada are costing you either in quality or price from 25 per cent. to 30 per cent. more than the same articles could be bought for if there was no protection. That means that you are paying \$25 to \$30 out of every hundred more than you would pay otherwise if there were no protection. is the benefit to the farmer?-the home market. It is an illusion. On the other hand, take the cotton goods manufacturer, the agricultural implement manufacturer, the woollen manufacturer-if our tariff permits them to charge 25 or 30 per cent. more than they would otherwise it is only human nature that they will do it. While you pay \$30,000,000 to the treasury, which goes to pay interest on the public debt and to carry on the government of the country, for every \$1 that goes into the treasury you pay \$2 that goes into the pockets of the manufacturers. It makes them richer to that extent and you poorer, and that is the benefit you derive.

Besides giving his views on the tariff and other questions, Mr. McCarthy told his Listowel audience his own intentions with regard to politics. He means to be as large a factor as possible in the next Dominion contest, as the following passage from his speech will show: "I am perfectly indifferent, politically speaking, as to what the future may have in store for me. I am not going to allow any man to silence me; I am not going to bend the knee to Sir John Thompson or Mr. Laurier or anyone else. I have never done an act which I am not prepared to justify and which I did not believe to be in the interesteof my country, and under these circumstances I leave it to the electorate to say whether when parliament assembles again, I shall only have with me one or two men powerless to accomplish any good, or whether, when that opportunity is given, they will send men who will stand by me. believing in their conscience that the course I intend to pursue is honest, straightforward and in the true interest of the Canadian people." Which means that Mr. McCarthy will try to have as large a following in the next House of Commons as possible. It would be difficult to estimate closely what his chances are, but whatever the degree of his success, the Liberals will apparently have no reason to lament it.

## TROUBLED ORGANS. Sir Richard Cartwright has been kind

enough to relieve the minds of the Tory organs by announcing that he will shortly address several meetings among his Oxford constituents. It was very obliging on his part thus to discover himself at a time when his warm friends of the Tory press were looking for him so anxiously, and thev appear to appreciate his efforts to afford them relief, for they are now giving him about twice as much of their delicate attentions as they did before Our friend the Colonist ventures the remark that Sir Richard "is not the kind of man who can be quietly relegated to obscurity by the weak men who find him in their way." As the only "weak men" who have tried to so relegate Sir Richard are Tory politicians and editors, we beg to say hear! hear! to this declaration. The Colonist is right; the Tory weaklings will find it a hard task to relegate the doughty knight to obscurity, however great their desire. But the Colonist offers another observation which is not quite so well founded. It says: "Leading Liberals, no doubt, await with considerable trepidation the delivery of those six speeches in South Oxford." It would be a rare kindness on the part of our neighbor to elucidate this remark a little and let the public know how it discovered any signs of "trepidation" among leading Liberals. We venture to say that the signs have not been visible to any one else, and that the "leading Liberals" are themselves unaware of the existence of said trepidation. On the contrary, the trepidation seems to be all on the other side, judging from the violent efforts of the Tory organs to appear pleased over Sir Richard's reappearance on the stage.

Our amusing neighbor reproduces from the Vernon News what it calls "an honorable retraction" in reference to the sale of the "commonage" lands near Vernon. This is the retraction:

"As a general rule prophets do like to have their prophecies (whether good or ill) remain unfulfilled, but while we are afraid that the government's action was in the interests of the landgrabbers instead of the general public, and criticized their actions to that effect, we are pleased now to note that He found Prince Bismanck improved and such has not turned out as it was fear-The heaviest purchaser in these ed. sales has been Commander Carew, whose hold their own in time without the aid block is 247 acres. Of this he

chased nearly all at the government's The Toronto Young Conservatives have compromised and divided the offices between the rival McCarthy and Thompson factions. In this they have shown themselves once more ready to profit by the example of the seniors of their party, who would not long hang together if it were not for the pleasure of dividing up the offices amongst themselves.

In Worthington's Magazine for October appears the first instalment of a description of seals and sealing at Pribyloff Islands, by J. Stanley Brown. The description is graphic and the illustrations are numerous, being reproduced from photographs taken by Mr. Brown himself. Of course the author takes the United States view, that pelagic sealing is little short of a crime and should be stopped entirely. His picture of the butchery on land will hardly help his contentions in regard to seal-preserving policies. In his "Hours with Percival," Richard Storrs Willis calls back the memory of an eccentric and dimly remembered poet and scientist. The instalment of Mrs. Livermore's "Ole Virginny," is as readable as its predecessors, and would be hard to equal as a bit of word-painting. The other sketches and stories are all admirable in their way, while the departments offer the reader a fund of entertainment and information. The magazine is published by A. D. Worthington & Co., Hartford, Conn., at \$2.50 per year.

Winnipeg Tribune: Manitoba's loan of \$1,000,000 at 4 per cent. recently floated, was offered to the public in the London market by the Bank of Scotland. and was freely taken at par. Hon. Col. McMillan sold the bonds at 971-2, net, to the province. The 21-2 per cent. difference represents the commission to financial agents, stock brokers and all expenses of printing and advertising as well as underwriting charges, which in themselves are usually 2 per cent. Even had the bonds not been subscribed by the public, they were disposed of by the province, as the underwriters had already taken the responsibility of carrying them. It is regarded by the financial men of London as one of the best loans effected during the year.

The editors of the Hamilton Spectator and the Bobcaygeon Independent have severally and jointly resolved that an increase of population is not a thing to be greatly desired by a country or city. This is a very comforting conclusion while our population is not increasing, but it will be rather depressing when those good times come that N. P. apologists have been vainly foretelling for the last 15 years. We advise that when that time comes the two aforesaid editors be deported in order that some room may be afforded for an increase of the better kind of population.

out of it owing to not having at long enough purse to follow the commander. st put up at any one time wa a 40-aere plot.

On examining the list given by the News we find that there were 1,235 acres in all sold, so that the 444 acres secured by Commander Carew make up ment was justifiable under the circuma little more than a third of the total. This may not be "land-grabbing" in the News' interpretation of the term, but it looks uncommonly like locking up the land in a few hands.

Mr. Davie's Vancouver organ pauses in its worship of the premier long enough to invent pleasing little fictions about the Times. It is quite at liberty to indulge in that form of amusement, for it certainly does the Times no harm. The organ would be hard pushed to find a mission in life if it were compelled to refrain from flattery and from bearing false witness.

GENERAL DISPATCHES.

News in Brief From Various Parts of the

World. Dublin, Oct. 24.-Michael Davitt has been refused a certificate in bankruptcy Davitt was forced to appeal to the bankruptcy court because of expenses inin contesting the north division of Meath, by which constituency he was returned at the general elections. He was unseated on petition, it being charged that his election was due to clerical intimidation. In defending this action a heavy expense was also incurred. Mr. Davitt was subsequently elected to represent the northeast division of Cork. He applied for his discharge in bankruptcy on the ground that he could not be held responsible for his inability to pay 10s in the £. Judge Boyd, in refus ing to grant the certificate asked for referred to the pastoral issued by Bishop Nulty during the electoral campaign as the most shocking piece of intimidation he had ever read.

Paris, Oct. 24.—One hundred persons were seriously injured during the fire works last night. Crowds occupied the streets until this morning. The mob at the Place de la Republique made all drivers of backs doff their hats and cry 'Vive la Russie!" One cabman who re fused to cheer for Russia was attacked severely, and the police only rescued him after a hard fight in which they were charged by the rioters. Several men were arrested. 'The Russians left Lyons station this morning amidst tumultuous

cheers. Tripoli, Oct. 23.-Owing to the reports n circulation as to the increase in the French forces near Tunis, two divisions of Turkish troops have been sent to reinforce the troops on the fron ier. The Italian consul-general, who has been absent, returned suddenly to this city, and report has it that his return is connected with the movement of the troops referred

Berlin, Oct. 24.-Dr. Schweniger made short visit at Friedrich ruhe today. advised him to remain in Friedrichsruhe as the surroundings there were better fitted to his age and condition than the entire acreage totes up 444 acres, and climate and surroundings of Varsum, of this the largest amount in any one the other royal palace offered by the Em-

CANADIAN DISPATCHES The News of Eastern Canada in Short

proprietor of the Glob file works, Port Hope, was caught in the machinery at his factory and badly

Reports have reached Quebec of murder of four persons, three women and a child, at the hands of Eskimos in La-

A letter received at Halifax states that \$700 was stolen from the office of the Deminion Coal Company at Little Glace Bay. John Hunter, of London road, Clinton who has been missing for more than a

week, was found in the hay mow of his own barn in a very weak condition. A deputation of influential Montreal ousiness men waited on the Quebec government on Saturday to urge the abolition of tax exemptions and the adoption

of single tax on land. The official report of the shooting affray at Port Dalhousie on Sunday, when Collector Clarke shot and killed a burglar, states that Clarke was shot at twice before he returned the fire. Burglars entered the postoffice in Dun

das and blew open the safe and took therefrom stamps to the amount of about-\$400, \$8 in money and five or six registered letters. There is no clue to the Robert Haines, farmer, seventh con-

cession of McGillivray township, is miss-

He attended the western fair three weeks ago and has not been seen since. He had quite a sum of money in his pos-It is feared he met with four play. Enquiry into the working of the Montreal detective department is proceeding. The evidence already in shows the need

of a change in the methods of administra-

tion, and it is probable that there will be a complete reorganization of the whole police force. Steamers leaving the other side Montreal are on their last trip for this season, and many of the boats now departing will not return. The steamship agents are looking forward to a rather

dull autumn, although the space so far is pretty well taken up. A motion is now before the Quebec city council, the effect of which will be to cut down the English representation in that body by giving to the four wards in the city in which English influence at all prevails, only one half of the representation they now enjoy.

Miss Jane Young, of Glanford, has in stituted a suit against Dr. James Wallace Smuck, of Binboo, claiming \$5000 for breach of promise of marriage. He married a Toronto girl a month ago. Miss Young claims to have been engaged to him for the past three years.

W. A. Webster, Dominion immigration agent, died at Kingston after a long illness, the result of nervous prostration. He was aged 61, and for the past 18 years has been in the government service, chiefly engaged in the Dakotas and was well known in Manitoba and the North-

Mr. Luke Stihmson, of Melbourne, Que., died lately at the extreme age of 93 years and 16 days. He was the first white child born in Melbourne, and took the name of that township for his middle name. He never lived outside of Melbourne, and up till recently was in good health.

William who accidentall killed John Hill at Norwood yesterday while ejecting him from the mer's house for having attempted to as sault Mrs. Hicks, was acquitted by the coroner's jury on a verdict that the ejectstances.

L. Williams' wooden block, in Yarmouth, N.S., occupied on the ground floor by the stores of Lincoln & Williams, tinsmiths, H. G. Hatfield, pianos, W. H. Brace, barber and Brackett, fancy goods, and on the second floor by Miss Kinsley's art studio, the third being occupied as an annex for the Lorne hotel, was burned on Monday.

By compromise mutually satisfactory both the warring elements, the trouble in the Toronto Young Conservative As-W. D. Macphersociation was settled. son, chairman of the public school board. was unanimously elected president, John A. Ferguson, first vice, and John Kane, second vice. The other offices were judiciously but impartially bestowed.

Joseph Rochon's child was lost Schreiber this summer. The child was with the hotel porter when he went to get the cow. The porter returned alone. At the time his actions were looked upon with great suspicion, as the child never turned up, neither could its body be found. However, on Monday the body was found two miles from the spot where it was last seen alive, and without any marks of violence upon it.

Ernest Kemp, an oyster expert, who came to Canada from Whitstable, England, some months ago, to investigate the causes that have depleted the Canadian oyster beds, has made a report. He suggests a close season from June to September 15 of each year, a total prohibition of oyster gathering on Sundays, a limitation as to the size of the oyster to be caught, and the stopping of oyster fishing through the ice. Edward Farrar, at one time editor of

the Toronto Mail, and later editor of the Globe, but since employed by the New York Sun to write annexation letters, is in Montreal to ascertain for himself the feeling of Canadians as to the export duty on spruce and pine, and the terms upon which the Washington government can negotiate a reciprocity treaty. He said in an interview that the outlook for annexation within the near future was without hope.

The new Dominion government building in Port Arthur was opened lately by the removal of the postoffice to it. building is a handsome structure, 50x50 three stories, built of Algoma red sandstone and pressed brick, finished with British Columbia cedar, and will be occupied as postoffice, custom house, inland revenue office and by the postoffice inspector, fisheries inspector, harbor master, inspector of weights and measures. Indian agent and meteorological office.

The Protestant teachers of Quebec province assembled in convention have de nounced and repudiated the alleged exhibit of Protestant schools made by the government of Quebec at the World's Fair. It is declared to consist of old papers used at previous exhibitions and discreditable and fraudulent. The association declares that no exhibit was prepared owing to the short notice given Protestant schools and they disclaimed all responsibility for such exhibit.

A sensational address was delivered at the Crescent street Presbyterian

church, Montreal, by the Rev. Mr. Amaron, an American missionary, who has been engaged in French evangelization in the United States. He said that he was living under a mediaeval system and was at war with the genius of British institutions. There was an alarming exodus of French-Canadians to the United States, and they were forced to expatriate themselves by reason of a false and inadequate system of educa-

EXCITEMENT ON 'CHANGE.

Resuscitation of Reading Stock-Prices Show Much Agitation. New York, Oct. 24.-It is a long time

since the stock exchange presented such a scene of excitement as it did to-day. The transactions were on a heavy scale. footing up to 452,874 shares, and the excitement ran high. The "bears" lost heavily through the phenomenal rise in Washington came in the nature of a surprise to them. When it was finally announced that the silver senators had at last abandoned the field to their opponents a sort of panic seized the shorts. Prices bounded up half a point at a time, as in the case of American sugar, and it was common report that a leading operator, noted for his fine manipulation of industrial properties, had been caught short of stock and had been compelled to cover at a very heavy loss. This, it was said, accounts for the jump of the stock to 104 near the close. After the operator in question had been forced to cover the stock dropped back to 99 1-2. Early this morning it sold at 97 1-2. Lackawanna was also very erratic in its movements. It opened 1-4 lower, dropped to 162, rallied to 166 3-4 and receded to 165. The break to 162 was due to reports that some of the 'shorts" had made private settlements with the "bulls." It was claimed that the basis was 162. The general list opened somewhat irregular, but soon after Reading loomed into prominence. It rose on enormous transactions to 23. The advance was accompanied by intimations that the Vanderbilts would take hold of the property and extricate it from its difficulties. The whole market moved up with great rapidity in the last hour of business, and when sugar sold at 104 the excitement was intense. This was the high water mark for prices. The extraordinary movement in brought out a deluge of "long" stock, as the "short" interest has been squeezed out. The stock, lacking this important element of support, quickly receded to 99 1-2. While the market closed strong, the shares were not up to the best of the day. Still the net gain ranged from 1-2 to 2 per cent. Closing bids: Canadian Pacific, 73; Atchison & Topeka, 20 3-8; Chicago, Burlington Quincy, 83 1-2; Canada Southern, 52; Central Pacific, 19; C. C. C. & St. Louis, 37; Delaware, Lackawanna & Western, 36 5-8; Erie, 15 12-; Wells Fargo, 125; Great Northern preferred, 107; Lake Shore, 128; Louisville & Nashville, 47 1-2; Missouri Pacific, 2 York Central, 106 1-4; Nor

5 1-8; Northern Pacific, 7 Pacific preferred, 22 3-4 30 1-4: Northwestern, Navigation, 26: Oreg 26 1-2; Pacific Mail 21 3-4; Rock Island. Pacific. 17 34: St. Pani Texas Pacific, 6 5-8; Union Palae, Western Union Telegraph, 86 1-4; money on call, 1 1-2 to 3; foreign exchange, sterling, 4.83 for 60 days, 4.85 on demand.

King of Highbinders. One of the inmates of the Alameda

county jail at present is Charley Ah Him he most dangerous highbinder ever krown on this coast. He was brought here from San Diego Wednesday Peputy United States Marshal W. A. Hammell, under an order of deportation made by Tudge Loss.

"Charley Ah Him? Yes, we have heard of him," said Vice-Consul King Owyang of the Chinese consulate yesterday. "From all accounts he is a bad man and it would be a good thing for the country if he could be got rid of. If the law contemplated the removal of such men as he alone there would be no objection raised. In China he would long ago have been punished very severely for his crimes.

"I should say I did know Charley Ah Him." said Detective Cox. "He is a renegade highbinder not connected with any 'tong' in particular, but ready to do murderous work for any willing to pay for his services. He was a leading spirit in the recent highbinder war, and i fact has been mixed up with every general slaughter that has occurred during the past several years.

"A long time ago we drove Charley Al Him out of this city. He went to San Diego and has been located there ever since. About three years ago I was sent to San Diego to arrest him for bigamy. His first wife was then, as she is now, under the care of Miss Cuthbertson's mission. The Chinaman's at torneys advised him to make a fight in San Diego, but he realized that he would be compelled to come here in the end, and said that he would let me bring him without trouble.

"At his trial he showed by Chinese tes timony that he was not guilty and the case was dismissed, notwithstanding that even the judge believed nim guilty That was when Charley Ah Him was strong. No matter how strong a case the people had against a person charged with crime, if he was paid enough Charlev Ah Him could bring sufficient testimony to show that the accused was innocent. And he always managed to each his perjured witness's so well that he most strict cross-examination failed break them down. "Luing the last big fight be: Charley

Ah Him was brought up by the Bing On Tong. He directed the movement of their fighting men, and the chief of police recognized in him the most dangerous element of the war. So we determined to get rid of him. Our first move was to arrest him for vagrancy. He was prepared for that, and at his trial produced highest documentary tes timonials of character from some of the best people in San Diego. He was acquitted, and when I charged him with forging his papers he only laughed at me. I told him, though, that he must leave town, and he being shrewd enough to know that eventually he would reach him went back to San Diego. That he has murdered a number of his country men I have no doubt, but nothing could ever be proven against him. He is a menace to law and order, and I hope that in his case the Geary law will operate successfully."-San Francisco ExaminAMERICAN NEWS NOTES.

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Results A

Daily Chronicle of Events in the Great Buffalo, N. Y., Oct. 25.—The twelft bi-ennial conference of the internation al board of Women's Christian Asocia tions opened here to-day and will con tinue in session for a week. Forty associations in different parts of the contry are represented.

Terre Haute, Ind., Oct. 25 .- "Aunter Baldy, the oldest woman in Indians celebrated her 104th birthday to-day. Sh came to this city in 1819, two years as ter its incorporation, and has eve since remained a resident. A celebra tion was to have taken place in hono of the event, but it was abandoned a a result of the precarious condition her health.

New York, Oct. 25.—Stocks opened active and there was an excited ity. Active stocks gained 1-4 to 1-2 cent., while American sugar 2 1-2 to 102. Whiskey and Reading were weaker, the former falling 1-2 21 1-2 and the latter 1-2 to 32.

New York, Oct. 25.-The White Sta steamer Teutonic took out among passengers to-day Henry Somerset, Lad Somerset, Joseph Pulitzer, the Misse Pulitzer, W. W. T. Blain and Mrs Blain.

Pittsburg, Oct. 25.-Fire at John Gan nan's house in this town partly burne the building and two adjoining weilings Two of Gannan's children, aged 4 and 9 years, were burned to death. Gannan was severely burned while attempting to rescue them. The loss property is \$2,500. Baltimore, Md., Oct. 24.-Judge Hugh

L. Bond of the United States distric court died this morning.

Washington, Oct. 24.-Secretary Carisle to-day appointed P. Lutterell California, special agent of the treasury department, to the charge of the salmon fisheries in Alaska. M. B. Hueley San Francisco was appointed Chinese

San Francisco, Oct. 24.—San Francis co's day will be on March 19th. All San Francisco will on that day turn our to do honor to the day of their city, and while the three-quarters of a million mark of Chicago day will not be strive for, the managers hope that the attend ance at the park will break all previous records for Pacific coast gatherings. The greatest attraction will be the Mard Gras festival. A company was formed in the city last week to provide a fest val of the Mardi Gras kind. Owing to the shortness of the time allowed, it was decided to take advantage of the work already done at the New Orleans festival and bring it here.

San' Antonio, Tex., Oct. 24 .- A gang of forty unemployed workmen from Cal fornia who reached here a few days ago, are still here unable to make their w out of the city by freight trains. The suffering. The tramps proceeded to the Southern Pacific yards in a body yester day and captured a freight train as passed through. The train crew, avoid hauling the men, side-tracked th entire train two miles east of this city and it has remained there ever since with 40 tramps on the top of cars loaded with perishable California fruit. The loss to the railroad company will be heavy if the siege continues much longer. Special officers are guarding the cars. Two hundred more men are expected to arrive to-morrow from the west

Sacramento, Oct. 24.-Governor Mark. ham to-day decided not to interfere the case of Dr. Vance, of Fresno, who is to be executed for the murder of h wife on Friday hext. The governor be gan his investigation on June 1, and has carefully reviewed all the evidence and his conclusion is that Dr. Vance took the life of an innocent, defenceless woman his wife and the mother of his only child, and to all appearances in a most cruel and heartless manner. He is either entirely innocent or guilty of the highest crime known to the law. "Did I believe him innocent," he says, "it would be my duty to grant him a complete par I do not believe him innocent and find little or nothing outside of the facts presented to the jury to raise reasonable doubt as to his guilt. Whil my sympathies naturally go out to him his unfortunate condition, I must de cline to interfere with the verdict of th jury and the judgment of the court."



S. P. SMITH, of Towanda, Pa., whose constitution was completely broken down, is cured by Ayer's Sarsaparilla. He writes:

" For eight years, I was, most of the time, a great sufferer from constipation, kidney trouble, and indigestion, so that my constitution seemed. to be completely broken down. I was induced to try Ayer's Sarsaparilla, and took nearly seven bottles, with such excellent results that my stomach, bowels, and kidneys are in perfect condition, and, in all their functions, as regular as clock-work. At the time I began taking Ayer's Sarsaparilla, my weight was only 129 pounds; I now can orag of 159 pounds, and was never in so good health. If you could see me before and after using, you would want me for a traveling advertisement. I believe this preparation of Sarsaparilla to be the best in the market to-day."

Ayer's Sarsaparilla Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass. Cures others, will cure you

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