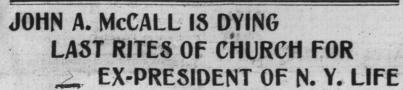


Club to elect delegates to the North Toronto nominating convention. Twen-ty-zeven delegates and five alternates were elected, and while they were not pledged to any candidate, Ald. Geary who is the immediate past president, re-gretted some of the things that had been said at the Ward 2 meeting. It was said there was some dissatisfac-tion among Conservatives; he did not think there was any. Let the patron-age question go by-everything would work cut satisfactorily, he thought. The Whitney government had done well and had fearlessly-administered the laws. No matter who secured the nomination, it was necessary to get out and work, as the Liberals would out the laws sent out its men to work for the election of the party candidate and no matter who got the nomination the men would be on hand and do their duty. There was a normal Tory matfor the election of the party candidate, and no matter who got the nomination the men would be on hand and do their duty. There was a normal Tory ma-jority of 200 or 300 in North Toronto, but Dr. Nesbitt was able to roll up an abnormal majority of 1400. Dr. Nesvitt was the keystone of the Conservative organization and if a general election were on now the need of such a man would be felt. In his retirement they not only lost a good organizer, but a

pose a bill for the taxation of ground has decided that such a far reaching Continued on Page 2. Continued on Page 2. property into cash.



DNE 5800

tom

Best im-

nd Hold

ported ma and Irish

all high. two alike, pecially for

re all the

ngs, neat also plain plaid, also

all season 0, \$24, \$25.

of these Wednes

single or

17.95

lass work-

guaranteed

Fur

hers be-

against

by the store as

14.50

lian Rac-Iral dark

29.50

ed Coats,

29,25

~~~~~

LERY

vers in Cases

ert Knives and Goods, etc.

k Son

s., Toronto

ger of the will present

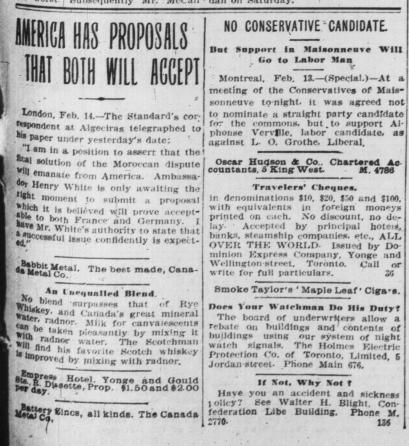
ieer to the



JOHN A. MCCALL

New York, Feb. 13.—(Bulletin.)—The last rites of the Roman Catholic Church were administered to-day to John A. McCall, former president of the New York Life Insdrance Com-pany, at Lakewood, N.J., where he hes here the company of the takewood of the company of the takewood takewood

pany, at Lakewood, N.J., where he has been seriously ill for some time. Father Healy of the Church of Our family has attended whenever at Lakewood, officiated.
Mr. McCall had had a sinking spell ed. His condition was such that his family was advised to be prepared for the worst Subsequently Mr. McCall



AN APPEAL TO HONORABLE MEN.

Exactly a year ago The New York World challenged the methods of insurance adopted by the great New York companies. The first accusation of impropriety was made in connection with the Equitable, the vice\_presi-ient of which, a young fellow named Hyde, was receiving a salary of \$100,000 a year. He was also chairman of the executive committee. The World called for an investigation, which, even when it was recommended by Governor Higgins, was submitted to the legislature in a message which said: "I am still of the mind that there is nothing to be gained by it."

One of the directors of the Equitable was Chauncey Depew, the junior United States senator for New. York, a man who held his head high wherever he went, and who was looked upon as a model of everything a white gentleman should be.

Ohauncey Depew is one of the most eloquent men of his generation. When the company of which he was a dummy director was criticized, he did not reply in the words of a Canadian company manual "Insurance is a moral and benevolent business." but he said, "The charges are absolutely false; the Equitable is brilliant. ly solid, and its management challenges the most rigid investigation from the most hostile source. The directors are not dummies. I can truthfully say that every cent of profit goes to the policyhoiders and nothing to the directors

But an investigation was forced, and President Alexander Vice.Presidents Hyde and McIntyre and Comptroller Gordon, the heads of the Equitable, have been driven ignominiously from office on account of the exposures of their crookedness. The facts are similar in connection with the New York Life and the New Mutual

As a result of the investigation, forced upon an unwilling governor, it was proved, among other things, that directors of insurance companies were financiers engaged in schemes to use policyholders' money for their personal benefit, and diverted profits rightly due to the policyholders into the pockets of themselves and their friends

In New Yo there was a supine superintendent of insurance, as there appears to be in Canada. If he had done his duty the grafting which went on would have been exposed in its infancy and policyholders would have obtained the rights which Senator Depew solemnly asserted they had always received.

As it is, there will be new legislation, for the publicity given to the scandals thru the Armstrong com-mittee makes it impossible for the powers that be to legislate, as their custom was in the interests of the grafting controllers of the company, and against the policyholder.

grafting controllers of the company, and against the policyholder. In Canada many crocodile tears have been shed over the misdemeanors of the insurance magnates in the United States. Sometimes with bated breath, and sometimes with adulatory confidence it has been asserted that everything is as it should be in the best of all insurance fields namely the Canadian field The management of the Canada Life has been criticized in Canada and in the United Kingdom. The In-vestor's Review, edited by Mr. A. J. Wilson, one of the most eminent independent financial experts in the world, has scored the enduct of that company unmercifully, thoroly, and unanswerably. Below is given a table which can only be explained in one way—the money of policyholders in the Canada Life has not returned to them to anything like the extent that it ought to have done. It has not been like the proverbial bread cast on the waters

proverbial bread cast on the waters

| Name of Company<br>New York Mutual | Total Iscome<br>1930<br>\$60,582,802 | Total Income<br>1904<br>\$81,002,984 | Dividends to<br>policyholders<br>1900<br>\$2,256,067 | Dividends to<br>policyholders<br>1904<br>\$2,674,207 | Gross Profits<br>is 1904<br>\$18,070,887 | Percentage of<br>profits paid to<br>policyholders<br>14.7 |
|------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|
| New York Equitable                 | 58,007,131                           | 79,076,696                           | 3,481,640                                            | 6,001,903                                            | 16 432,859                               | 36.5                                                      |
| New York Life                      | 59,337,725                           | 96,891,272                           | 2,828,154                                            | 5,989,401                                            | 16,334,695                               | 36 6                                                      |
| Canada Life                        | 3,962,332                            | 4,310,823                            | 194,353*                                             | 68,218                                               | 1,267,645                                | 5.3                                                       |
| Home of New York                   | 2,588,304                            | 3,722,680                            | 177,800                                              | 248,951                                              | 706,787                                  | 35,9                                                      |

What does the table prove?

\*1899

It proves that the corrupt New York Mutual paid dividends to its policyholders in 1904 an amount equal

It proves that the corrupt New York Mutual paid dividends to its policyholders in 1904 an amount equal to 14.7 per cent. of the gross profits made by the company with the policyholders' money. The table proves that the corrupt New York Equitable paid dividends to its policyholders in 1904 an amount equal to 36.5 per cent of the gross profits made by the company with the policyholders' money. The table proves that the corrupt New York Life paid dividends to its policyholders in 1904 an equal to 36.6 per cent. of the gross profits made by the company with the policyholders in 1904 an equal to 36.6 per cent. of the gross profits made by the company with the policyholders in 1904 an mount equal to 36.6 per cent. of the gross profits made by the company with the policyholders' money. The table proves that the moral and benevolent Canada Life, which staggered one of its newspaper friends into wondering awe at the prescience dislayed py its management, paid dividends to policyholders equal to ONLY 5.3 PER CENT OF ITS GROSS PROFITS in that year.

But it may be objected that the Big Three of New York are very old established companies, having gate do not have to spend as much money to obtain business as the Canada Life

Such a contention does not hold water in view of the figures of the Home, of New York, which is eleven. years younger than the Canada Life, and, doing a smaller business than the Canada Life, gave to its policyholders dividends equal to 35.2 per cent, of the gross profits made in that year.

Look at it another way:

Look at it another way: If according to its premium income as distinct from profits only, the Canada Life paid dividends to its policyholders equivalent to those paid by the Mutual, the policyholders should have received \$128,000, instead of \$68,000; if proportionately the same as paid for the Equitable, \$291,000, instead of \$68,000; if in the same proportion as paid by the New York Life, \$225,000 instead of \$68,000; if in the same ratio as the Home, of New York, \$250,000 instead of \$68,000 The three New York companies were directed by men who are to day execrated wherever English.

speaking men are to be found. The directors of the Canada Life are all honorable men, gifted with eloquence as regards many departments of life, but endowed, apparently, with a silence as deep as the grave when it comes to their methods of handling money subscribed confidingly by the public.

It is up to them to explain what has become of the policyholders' money during the last few years; how it is that with increased payments the policyholder has had decreased results, decreased miserably when compared with those of the corrupt companies of the United States.

It is an uncomfortable position for them, but they have got to face it nevertheless. If they owed nothing to the nation they surely owe it to their own reputations to justify themselves before the great tribunal of public opinion and before those, most of them people of lowly estate, whose scanty savings have been entrusted to their keeping these many years.

Let them say what salaries have been paid to the high officials of that company, what commissions have been received, and by whom

Let them justify if they can the buyings and sellings of securities.

Let them make it plain to a people who will not be disposed to judge them harshly whether or not there has been unjustifiable family favoritism Let them deny unambiguously that any of them has been obtaining profits as directors of other companies

thru favorite opportunities for handling cash and assets of the Canada Life put up by the policyholders The World appealed directly and repeatedly to one gentleman who occupies a very high position in the public life of this city and who has given a unique demonstration of the value of candor in connection with ordinary commercial business. The World to\_day renews its invitation to Mr. J. W. Flavelle, who is a director of the Canada Life, who

is not as informative in connection with insurance as he was in connection with pork packing. Mr. Flavelle called a conference of all the parties who had misgivings concerning the way in which the prices of hogs were fixed from time to time. To that conference he spoke many thousands of words, every one of which. The World printed in order to be fair to a Canadian industry. In addressing that conference Mr. Flavelle used these three sentences among many others:

"Now, may I say in relation to this gathering this afternoon, I can hardly think of any question that you can ask us that we are not willing to answer "I do not know of anything you would desire to know that we could tell you that we would not seek to

give you the information " "Passing from the specific statement, the field will be just as wide as your interests may indicate. You

may ask any questions. I cannot think of any questions you can ask that it will not be entirely satisfactory for us to answer."

Once more The World invites him or any or all of his unfortunate associates to explain the amazing dif. ferences disclosed in the above statements.

## EVEN LIBERALS CALL IT THEFT. not only lost a good organizer, but a big, strong-hearted friend, Mr. Geary Winnipeg Adherents of Party Ds-

would prefer to see a registration, as he believed the more votes the young men polled the bigger the 'na-jority. The result of the election would nounce Saskatchewan Ontrages.

Winnipeg, Feb. 13 .- (Special.)-There be either a condemnation or vindica-tion of the Whitney government. The Young Liberal Club. is a revolt on in the camp of the

At the last meeting of the organiza-tion a prominent member, Frank L. Taylor, well-known in grain and sport-to a sport of the organiza-tion a prominent member, Frank L.

It regretted that these claims had not been recognized, he observed. William Worfell predicted the nomi-nation of the ex-president of the club, Ald. Geory. **Resolution of Regret.** A resolution, expressing regret at the retirement of Dr. Nesbitt, proposed by Arthur VanKoughnet and John Arm-strong, J.P., was unanimously carried. Mr. VanKoughnet gave the doctor cre-stroid to for the position of the party in On-tario to-day. He was respected be-cause he made so many enemies. They all had to take their hat off to Dr. Nes-bitt.

nouncing the political theft of seats in the new province and calling for an investigation of the whole affair. This DENOUNCE DENUNCIATIONS.

The Allied Printing Trades Council will be introduced at the next meeting of the club, when there promises to be

## VESUVIUS ERUPTION ALARMS.

The Allied Printing Trades Council met last night and passed a resolution of disapproval and condemnation of the action of the Employers' Union in mum for civic employes. A copy of the resolution will be sent to Controller Ward. Precautions Underway to Prevent Loss of Life.

Naples, Feb. 13.-Mount Vesuvius GALLIHER, M.P. IS ILL.

ruption is assuming alarming propor-Winnipeg, Feb. 13.-W. A. Galliher, 4.P., is very ill at the home of his

The funicular railway track has been The exact nature of his sickness has not yet been determined. damaged at six points, and the principal station is threatened with destruc-

tion. An effort is being made to save TO-DAY IN TORONTO.

the station by the construction of a thick wall of masonry reinforced by embankments of sand. Streams of Christian and Missionary Alliance, Zion Congregational Church, 10.30, Opening of new St. Andrew's College building, Rosedale, 3. Victorian Order of Nurses, annual meeting, 477 Sherbourne-street, 4.30, B Co, annual banquet, Royal Grena-diers' mess rooms, 8. Conservative convention, St. Paul's Hall, 8. Liberal convention Wardell's Hall 6 lava are flowing with considerable rapidity, destroying everything in their

Hall, S. Liberal convention, Wardell's Hall, S. Northwest Batepayers' Association, address by J. Z. White, S. Bal poudre King Edward, S. Massey Hall, Mendelssohn Choir, S. Princess-"Trilby,' 2, S. Grand-"It's Up to You, John Hen-Tr.' 2, 5.

M.P., is

rr, " 2, 8. Majestic..."Young Buffalo," 2, 8. Shea's -Vaudeville, 2, 8. Star-Colonial Belies Burlesquers,2, 8.

### BIRTHS,

COLPH-On Feb. 13, 1906, the wife of Al-fred J. Rolph, 46 Bernard-avenue, of a darghter. DEATHS.

DEATHS. BAIKES-On Feb. 12th, 1306, Annetic Grace, wife of George Raikes of The Pleasaunce, near Barrie, and only surviv-ing daughter of Thomas W, Saunders of Guelph, in her 36th year. Funeral to St, Thomas Church, Shanty o'clock, Kindly do Lot send flowers. WELLS-On Feb. 10, at Brantford, Henry Marshall Wells, late of Toronto, aged 80 years.

Feb. 13 Interment at Mount Pleasant Cemetery Feb. 12, 1966. From 

 Interment at Mount Pleasant Cemetery
 Feb. 13
 At
 From

 Feb. 12, 1966.
 Statendam.....New York ......Botterdam

 The F. W Mathews Co., Undertakers
 Statendam......New York ......Bremen

 Let us try some York Springs Club
 Majestic.......Sable Island .... Liverpool

 Soda for a change. It is good.
 Kaiser W.d.G.....Morille......sable Shand .... Liverpool

The authorities are taking precautions to prevent any loss of life. Watch for the Opening. The Dunlap hat opening will be or Saturday. Dineen's, at Yonge and Tem

perance-streets, are sole agents in On-tario for this most popular headwear, Felts are five dollars. Silks are eight

Edwards. Morgan & Company, Char-tered Accountants, 26 Wellington st. East. Phone Main 1163.

## Probabilities

# GETTING COLDER.

dollars. There is not anything dressier than the Dunlap hat. Dineen's specials are the nearest to perfection there is.

