

...this afternoon in the...  
 ...Thank you, gentlemen...  
 ...long years...  
 ...COME ACROSS...  
**EQUIPMENT**  
**FOR DEMOBILIZING**

Nov. 11.—Unanimous...  
 ...of the services...  
 ...Germany was voted...  
 ...of congress...  
 ...additional surrender...  
 ...most senators...  
 ...and...  
 ...also...  
 ...Wilson's suggestion...  
 ...informing congress...  
 ...terms that the...  
 ...extend aid to the...  
 ...powers in their...  
 ...to prevent...  
 ...for murders...  
 ...also...  
 ...PUT IT OVER—

**CELEBRATES**  
**SIGNING ARMISTICE**

Nov. 11.—As soon as the...  
 ...of the armistice...  
 ...embassies and...  
 ...were decked with...  
 ...and...  
 ...from offices and...  
 ...processions...  
 ...principal streets...  
 ...marchers sang...  
 ...and...  
 ...PUT IT OVER

wholly in Canada

subscriber as follows:

at the Office of the...  
 ...Victoria.

artered Bank.

st

ment of Canada.

s, munitions and

from November 1st

thereafter together

upon the Consolida-

of previous issues

of \$500,000,000.

Failure to pay any

in Canada of any

thereafter together

as follows:—

Failure to pay any

in Canada of any

thereafter together

**GERMANS MUST PAY FOR DAMAGE DONE**

Armistice Provides for Withdrawal to East Rhine Bank.

**TO GIVE UP SUPPLIES**  
 Enemy Has to Surrender Hundred and Sixty Submarines.

Washington, Nov. 11.—The strictly military terms of the armistice are embraced in eleven specifications, which include the evacuation of all invaded territories, the withdrawal of the German troops from the left bank of the Rhine and the surrender of all supplies of war.

The terms also provide for the abandonment of Germany of the treaties of Commerce and Breton-Litovak. The naval terms provide for the surrender of 160 submarines, fifty destroyers, six battle cruisers, ten battleships, eight light cruisers, and other miscellaneous ships.

All allied vessels in German hands are to be surrendered, and Germany is to notify neutrals that they are free to trade at once on the seas with the allied countries.

Among the financial terms included are restitution for damage done by the German armies; restitution of the cash taken from the National Bank of Belgium and return of gold taken from Holland and Russia.

The immediate repatriation of all allied and American prisoners, without reciprocal action by the allies, also is included.

Assembled in the hall of the house, where nineteen months ago senators and representatives heard the president ask for the declaration of war, they today heard him speak the words which herald the coming of peace.

The president spoke as follows: "Gentlemen of the congress: In these times of rapid and stupendous change it will in some degree lighten my sense of responsibility to perform in person the duty of communicating to you some of the larger circumstances of the situation with which it is necessary to deal."

**I. Military Clauses on Western Front.**  
 1. Cessation of operations by land and in the air six hours after the signature of the armistice.  
 2. Immediate evacuation of invaded countries, Belgium, France, Alsace-Lorraine, Luxembourg, so ordered as to be completed within fourteen days from the signature of the armistice.

German troops which have not left the above-mentioned territories within the period fixed will become prisoners of war. Occupation by the allied forces jointly will keep pace with evacuation in these areas. All movements of evacuation and occupation will be regulated in accordance with a note annexed to the stated terms.

3. Repatriation, beginning at once and to be completed within ten days, of all inhabitants of the countries above mentioned, including hostages and persons under trial or convicted.

**Surrender of Arms.**  
 4. Surrender in good condition by the German armies of the following equipment: Five million guns (200 heavy, 2500 field), thirty thousand machine guns, three thousand mine-sweepers, two thousand airplanes (fighters, bombers, severs), 70,000 rifles, three and eight bombing machines.

The above to be delivered in situ to the allies and the United States troops in accordance with the detailed conditions laid down in the annexed note.

5. Evacuation by the German armies of the countries on the left bank of the Rhine. These countries on the left bank of the Rhine shall be administered by the local authorities under the control of the allied and United States armies of occupation. The occupation of these territories will be determined by allied and United States commands. The principal crossings of the Rhine, Mayence, Coblenz, Cologne, together with bridgeheads at those points in thirty kilometre radius on the right bank and by garrisons similarly holding the strategic points of the regions. A neutral zone shall be reserved on the right bank of the Rhine between a distance of thirty kilometres from the east of stream from this parallel upon Swiss frontier. Evacuation by the German armies shall be completed within a further period of eleven days, in all fifteen days after the signature of the armistice. All military stores of evacuation and occupation will be regulated according to the note annexed.

6. No Damage to be Done.  
 In all territories evacuated by the enemy there shall be no evacuation of inhabitants; no damage or harm shall be done to the persons or property of the inhabitants. No destruction of any kind to be committed. Military establishments of all kinds shall be delivered intact, as well as military stores of food, munitions, equipment not removed during the periods fixed for evacuation. Storehouse food of all kinds for the civil population, cattle, etc., shall be left in situ. Industrial establishments shall not be impaired in any way and their plant and machinery not be moved. Roads and means of communication of every kind, railroad, waterways, main roads, bridges, telegraphs, telephones, shall be in no manner impaired.

7. Cession of Rolling Stock.  
 All civil and military personnel at present employed on them shall remain. Five thousand locomotives, fifty thousand wagons and ten thousand motor lorries in good working order, with all necessary spare parts and fittings, shall be delivered to the allied countries within the period fixed for the evacuation of Belgium and Luxembourg. The railways of Alsace-Lorraine shall be handed over within the same period, together with all pre-war personnel and material. Further material necessary for the working of railways in the country on the left bank of the Rhine shall be left in situ. All stores of seed and material for the upkeep of permanent way signals and repair shops left in situ and kept in the whole period of armistice. All barges taken from the allies shall be restored

to them. A note appended regulates the details of these measures.  
**To Reveal Mines.**  
 8.—The German command shall be responsible for revealing all mines, delay-acting fuse disposal on territory evacuated by the German troops, and shall assist in their discovery and destruction. The German command shall also reveal all destructive measures that may have been taken (such as poisoning or polluting of springs, wells, etc.) under penalty of reprisals.

9.—The right of requisition shall be exercised by the allies and the United States armies in all occupied territory. The upkeep of the troops occupying in the Rhineland (excluding Alsace-Lorraine) shall be charged to the German Government.

10.—An immediate repatriation without reciprocity, according to detailed conditions, which shall be fixed, of all allied and United States prisoners of war. The allied powers and the United States shall be able to dispose of these prisoners as they wish.

11. Sick and wounded who cannot be removed from evacuated territory will be cared for by German personnel who will be left on the spot with the medical material required.

**Dispositions Relative to the Eastern Frontiers of Germany.**  
 12. All German troops at present in any territory which before the war belonged to Russia, Rumania or Turkey shall withdraw within the frontiers of Germany as they existed on Aug. 1, 1914.

13. Evacuation by German troops to begin at once and all German instructors, prisoners and civilian as well as military agents now on the territory of Russia (as defined before 1914) to be recalled.

14. German troops to cease at once all requisitions and seizures and any other undertaking with a view to obtaining supplies intended for Germany in Rumania and Russia (as defined on August 1, 1914).

15. Abandonment of the treaties of Bucharest and Brest-Litovak and of the supplementary treaties.

16. The allies shall have free access to the territories evacuated by the Germans on their eastern frontier either thru Danzig or by the Vistula in order to convey supplies to the populations of those territories or for any other purpose.

**III. Clause Concerning East Africa.**  
 17. Unconditional capitulation of all German forces operating in East Africa, within one month.

**IV. General Clauses.**  
 18. Repatriation, without reciprocity, within a maximum period of one month in accordance with the conditions hereafter to be fixed, of all civilians interned or deported, who may be citizens of other allied or neutral countries, and of all persons mentioned in clause III, paragraph 19, with the reservation that any future claims and demands of the allied and United States armies remain unaffected.

19. The following financial conditions are required: Repatriation of damage done. While such conditions as public securities shall be removed by the enemy which can serve as a pledge to the allies for the recovery or repatriation for war losses, immediate restitution of the cash deposited in the National Bank of Belgium and in general immediate return of all documents, specie, shares, paper money, together with plant for the issue thereof, touching public or private property, in the invaded countries. Restitution of the Russian and Rumanian gold yielded to Germany or taken by that power. This gold to be delivered in trust to the allies until the signature of peace.

**V.—Naval Conditions.**  
 20. Immediate cessation of all hostilities at sea and definite return of all movements of all German ships. Notification to be given to neutrals that freedom of navigation in all territorial waters is given to the naval and mercantile marines of the allied and associated powers, all questions of the supervision of the allied powers.

21. All naval and mercantile marine prisoners of war of the allied and associated powers in German hands to be returned without reciprocity.

22. Surrender to the allies of 160 German submarines (including all submarine cruisers and mine-laying submarines), with their complete armament and equipment in ports which will be specified by the allies and the United States of America. All completely disarmed and placed under the supervision of the allied powers and the United States of America.

**To Disarm Ships.**  
 23. The following German surface warships to be designated by the allies and the United States of America shall forthwith be disarmed and placed in neutral ports, or for the want of them, in allied ports, to be designated by the allies and the United States of America, only caretakers being left on board, namely: Six battle cruisers, ten battleships, eight light cruisers, including two mine-layers, fifty destroyers of the most modern type. All surface warships (including river craft) are to be concentrated in German naval bases to be designated by the allies and the United States of America, and are to be paid for and completely disarmed and placed under the supervision of the allies and the United States of America. All vessels of the auxiliary fleet (trawlers, motor vessels, etc.) are to be disarmed.

**To Sweep Minefields.**  
 24. The allies shall have the right to sweep up all minefields and obstructions laid by Germany outside German territorial waters and the positions of these are to be indicated.

25. Freedom of access to and from the Baltic to be given to the naval and mercantile marines of the allied powers. To secure this the allies shall be empowered to occupy all German forts, fortifications, batteries and defence works of all kinds in all the entrances from the Cattegat into the Baltic, and to sweep up all mines and obstructions within and without German territorial waters, without any question of neutrality being raised, and the positions of all such mines and obstructions are to be indicated.

26.—The existing blockade conditions up by the allied and associated powers are to remain unchanged and all German merchant ships found at sea are to remain liable to capture.

27.—All naval aircraft are to be concentrated and immobilized in German bases to be specified by the allies and the United States of America.

28.—In evacuating the Belgian coasts and harbours, Germany shall remove all merchant ships, tugs, lighters, cranes and all other harbor materials, materials for inland navigation, all aircraft and all materials and stores, all arms and apparatus of all kinds.

**To Abandon All Ports.**  
 29.—All Black Sea ports are to be evacuated by Germany; all Russian vessels of all descriptions, seized by Germany in the Black Sea, are to be handed over to the allies and the United States of America; all neutral merchant vessels seized are to be released; all war-like and

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**THE DOMINION BANK**

other materials of all kinds seized in those ports are to be returned and German materials as specified in Clause 28 are to be abandoned.

30.—All merchant vessels in German hands belonging to the allied and associated powers are to be restored in ports to be specified by the allies and the United States of America without reciprocity.

31.—No destruction of ships or materials to be permitted before evacuation, surrender or restoration, except by the German Government with the consent of the neutral governments of the world.

32.—The German Government will notify the neutral governments of the world, by a special note, of the names of the countries, whether by the German Government or by private German interests, and whether return for special concessions, such as the export of ship-building materials, or not, are immediately cancelled.

33.—No transfers of German merchant shipping of any description to any neutral flag are to take place after signature of the armistice.

34.—The duration of the armistice is to be thirty days, with the option to extend for a further period of a month, at the discretion of any of the above classes, the armistice may be extended in special notice, the contracting parties on forty-eight hours' previous notice.

35.—This armistice to be accepted or refused by Germany within seventy-two hours of notification. The war thus comes to an end; for, having accepted the terms of armistice, it will be impossible for the German command to renew it.

It is not now possible to assess the consequences of this great consummation. We know that the peace which we are now enjoying is the result of the sacrifice of the brave men who have been killed and wounded in the great struggle. It is not now possible to assess the consequences of this great consummation. We know that the peace which we are now enjoying is the result of the sacrifice of the brave men who have been killed and wounded in the great struggle.

**WOODSTOCK IN LINE WITH A CELEBRATION**

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**LIVE STOCK MARKET**

With nearly 4500 head of cattle on the Union Stock Yards yesterday, and fairly heavy shipments in anticipation, the commission houses and officials of the yards without a dissentient voice, embraced the proposition to celebrate the glorious allied victory, refused to enter at all into the question of buying and selling, and proclaimed a general holiday. From the very inception of the war the live stock interests and the local commission houses and drovers have in every possible way recognized the cause and yesterday's action was the natural outcome. It was a great day on the exchange.

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