

Cape Breton; and arrangements are being made to bring them together after regular school hours and give them instruction in their mother tongue.

Fur farming is now an established business in Canada. It originated in Prince Edward Island, where black and silver foxes were first bred for their skins; but mink, otter, skunk, racoon and other fur bearing animals, it is said, may be raised with profit.

The King has conferred the honor of knighthood upon the Chief Justice of New Brunswick, who will therefore be known hereafter as Sir Frederick Barker.

There has been an increase of sixty-one millions in the population of India in the last thirty years, according to a recent official report; and there is five times as much land under cultivation there as there is in Great Britain, Canada, Australia and New Zealand altogether. The wheat crop of India alone is more than that of all the rest of the British Empire.

Six Marconi wireless receiving towers have been erected at Louisburg, in addition to the plant already in operation at Port Morien, which was not sufficient to take care of all the business offered.

The immigration from Great Britain to Canada has been larger this year than ever before. Three thousand people recently embarked at Glasgow for Canada in one day.

Captain Robert Bartlett, who was sailing master of the vessel that carried Admiral Peary on his last trip to the North, will hold the same position on the Stefanssen expedition, which leaves this month for the Arctic regions. The autumn of 1916 is the time set for the return.

British, Canadian and Australian delegates visited the United States last month to take part in the deliberations of the international committee now planning for the celebration of the century of peace among the English-speaking nations. Among the proposals for a permanent memorial are the following:—A memorial bridge at Niagara Falls; another between Buffalo and Fort Erie; the preservation and repair of battlefields, forts and earthworks connected with the war. One Canadian has suggested that there be five minutes of silence, when all work shall stop simultaneously throughout Great Britain, Canada and the United States. Another suggests the removal of the United States armed vessels from the Great Lakes.

The Panama Canal is nearing completion, and that part of it near the Pacific end which is on a level with the sea has been connected with the ocean by blasting away the restraining dike.

The Danish explorer, Knud Rasmussen, has returned from his three years absence in Greenland, and will probably have found out many things in relation to the Eskimos, whose migrations and traditions were the chief objects of his investigation.

Cuba and Hayti have new presidents, both believed to be men of ability and strength, able to maintain order and lead their people in the paths of peace. The situation in Mexico is not so hopeful. There the rebels have been very successful in the North, and it is not improbable that the country may soon be divided into two republics.

A Cuban aviator has won the \$10,000 prize offered by his government by a flight from Key West to Havana.

The city of Los Angeles, California, has an aqueduct which,

with its five storage basins, is two hundred and thirty-five miles in length. The system comprises the longest aqueduct in the world, and will cost over twenty million dollars.

With brief and simple ceremonies, the keys of the captured city of Scutari were handed over by the Montenegrins to the naval commanders representing the Great Powers, and the last of the Montenegrin regiments withdrew. Scutari will probably be made the capital of the proposed independent state of Albania, the boundaries of which are to be fixed by the powers.

A treaty of peace between the Balkan Allies and Turkey was signed in London on the thirtieth of May, and the war is ended. But there is much reason to fear that another war has already begun. The Bulgarians insist upon a division of the conquered territories in accordance with the preliminary treaty between the allies; the Greeks and Servians ask for a revision of this treaty, and there have been actual engagements between the Greek and Bulgarian troops. Each country accuses the other of demanding too much of the former Turkish territory.

The war in Tripoli has been continued by the Arab tribes, and late news from that country tells of a serious defeat of the Italian forces, which took place on the sixteenth of May.

The gift of three battleships to the British navy, which was agreed to by the lower house of the Canadian parliament, has been vetoed by the senate amending the bill so as to provide that it should not come into force until after the next general election. Nothing more can be done at present; and the three ships which Canada has failed to provide must be provided by the British admiralty.

SCHOOL AND COLLEGE.

Professor L. C. Moore who is a native of Colchester County, N. S., and who is of the department of Biology, Dalhousie University, has been elected a Fellow of the Royal Society of Canada in recognition of his contributions to science. Professor Moore took honors in Dalhousie and has since taken post graduate courses in Botany at John Hopkins and at Harvard. This is a signal honor, for the membership of the Royal Society of Canada is limited to eighty. In Nova Scotia there are but five:—Mr. Justice Longley, Literature; Dr. A. H. Mackay, Scientific; Principal Mackenzie, Chemistry and Physics; Dr. Arthur Wentworth H. Eaton for Historical Research; and Professor L. C. Moore, Biology. The Royal Society of Canada was founded by Marquis of Lorne and Princess Louise, to encourage Literature and Science; and its first meeting took place at Ottawa in 1882, Sir William Dawson presiding.

Principal Rev. Dr. McKinnon and Rev. Dr. McIntosh of Pine Hill College recently sailed from Quebec for an extended trip in Europe.

J. D. Tothill, who has been in charge of the Dominion Government work for the suppression of the brown tail moth and other injurious insects, has recently received notice from the Imperial Bureau of Entomology of London, England, that he has been awarded one of the entomological scholarships granted by Andrew Carnegie. This scholarship, valued at \$700, and awarded for successful research, is the first of the kind given in Canada; and in this instance is for the purpose of enabling the possessor to pursue at Cornell