

Among the Mills

J. E. Molleur's straw hat factory, at St. John's, Que., is very busy just now.

Work is about to begin on the projected extensions to the Almonte knitting mills.

Additional machinery is being put in at the C. Turnbull Knitting Co.'s mills at Galt, Ont.

The wool mat factory of P. Goudron & Co., Vancouver, was destroyed by fire last month.

Brown & Wigle have put a new napping machine into their woolen mill at Kingsville, Ont.

Dyson & Webb have joined in partnership at Smith's Mills, Que., as manufacturers of woolen goods.

George Guay has opened a shirt factory in St. Romuald, Que., which employs at present some forty hands.

The Trent Valley woolen mills, Campbellford, Ont., have been undergoing repairs, but have now resumed work.

Mr. Fazakely, of Montreal, goes to take charge of the weaving department at the Maginnis mill, New Orleans, La.

The Oxford, N.S., Wool Mfg. Co. contemplate erecting an iron building, 30 x 50 ft., to contain the pickers, custom cards and other machinery.

The Queen City Underwear Co. of Buffalo, manufacturers of muslin underwear, think of establishing a branch factory in Canada, possibly at Windsor, Ont.

Should the scheme for establishing floating docks at Moncton, N.B., in connection with the I.C.R., be carried out, it is proposed to erect a jute mill there.

The Cornwall Manufacturing Co.'s woolen mill, and Hodge's woolen mill, at Cornwall, resumed work a few days ago, when the water was let into the canal.

A factory is likely to be established at St. Stephen, N.B., for the manufacture of shirts, drawers, hosiery, &c., by means of a newly invented knitting machine.

The proprietors of the Merriton, Ont., woolen mills seized the opportunity offered by the absence of water from the canal to thoroughly overhaul and repair them.

The West End woolen mill at Strathroy, James Butler proprietor, reports a busy season. Flannels, blankets and underwear are the principal articles of manufacture.

Attention is called to the announcement elsewhere of the removal of the works of R. W. King & Co., the well-known engineers and machinists, from Montreal to Toronto.

Sydney Sykes now travels for the Guelph Woolen Mills Co. His territory includes the Maritime Provinces. He will continue to represent the Armstrong Carpet Co., with whom he has been for a number of years.

At the annual meeting of the Globe Woolen Mills Co., held in Montreal last month, the following directorate was appointed: A. F. Gault, Hugh McLennan, Andrew Allan, Sir Donald A. Smith and R. R. Stevenson.

Mr. Brick, superintendent of the Kingston, Ont., knitting mill, is manufacturing a new machine for making men's socks. Mr. Hewton, the manager, is in the old country trying to sell the rights for manufacture in England.

The Waterloo, Que., Knitting Co. has gone into voluntary liquidation. Liabilities, about \$20,000, and nominal assets considerably larger. The factory will run as usual until the property is sold. The Waterloo corporation has a lien for \$8,000 on the site and machinery. The chief stockholders in the company were A. M. Cruickshank, A. F. Savaria, J. H. Lefebvre, C. A. Nutting and W. R. Lefebvre.

The Consumers' Cordage Company's twine factory at Port Hope re-opened during the last week of April.

A new flume is being put into the Harrison woolen mill at Owen Sound. New looms and other machinery are also being added.

P. McGinnis, of the firm of Montgomery & Co., and the Victoria Hosiery Co., St. John's, Que., has assigned. Meeting of creditors is held this month.

Mr. Quinn, the Toronto men's furnisher, has leased and refitted the factory formerly occupied by the Heintzman Co., and will manufacture shirts and neckwear.

John Connor, manager of the binder twine factory at the Kingston penitentiary, says the factory is now running. When the works get into proper order about forty men will be employed.

The Hawthorne woolen mill is running again with part of the staff. It is expected that the full mill will be running in a few days. The Gillies mill is expected to start next week.—*Carleton Place Herald*.

The machinery for the new carpet factory being established in St. Catharines, Ont., has now been removed from Woodstock, and put in place. Several of the employees of the old factory have changed their abodes.

The time of employment at the Canadian Cotton Co.'s mills at Hamilton has been reduced from 60 to 35 hours per week. Some of the employees objected to the reduction of wages which ensued and left to seek employment elsewhere.

The Northwestern Cordage Company of St. Paul, Minn., are considering the erection of a mill for the manufacture of binding twine and rope at Winnipeg at a cost of about \$50,000. They ask Winnipeg council to offer inducements.

McArthur, Corneille & Co., Montreal, importers and manufacturers of oils, chemicals and dyestuffs, and sole agents for two or three European and American dyestuffs firms, are very busy just now. They are preparing to issue a new catalogue.

The Ontario cotton mill, Hamilton, had a narrow escape from falling a prey to the flames a few weeks ago, the fence adjoining the dyehouse being destroyed. After some trouble, however, the fire was extinguished without any serious damage having been done.

The report of a strike in the Hamilton mills of the Canadian Colored Cotton Co. proved to be incorrect. The rumor arose from the fact that the time had been reduced from 60 to 35 hours per week and that some of the hands in consequence left for the States thinking to get employment at full time.

A few days ago Mr. Bennett Rosamond, M.P., of Almonte, received a letter from "a poor girl," enclosing a sum of money of which she defrauded the Rosamond Woolen Company. While admiring her spirit, Mr. Rosamond thinks she is quite mistaken, even taking her own version, and is anxious to restore her the money.

Owing to a reduction of wages in the carding room of the Courtenay Bay cotton mill of Wm Parks & Son (Ltd.), a strike took place which caused the mill to be shut down, throwing 200 hands out of work. During the interregnum, and while the machinery of the mill was being overhauled, Mr. Parks, the general manager, issued the following circular to the hands: "My Friends, I am sorry that some of you have been so foolish as to strike because of a small reduction in wages. I am most anxious to do the best I can for you, but I am now selling goods so low that I cannot afford to pay the wages I have been paying. Our grey cottons are now sold to the wholesale trade at lower prices than they are sold for equal quality in England. The mill will be ready to start on Monday, 7th May. I will have a scale of wages made out which will enable me to make both ends meet. If you are willing to accept it I will start the mill and work full time right along. If you are not willing to accept what I can afford to pay, the mill must remain idle." It is understood that the strikers have conceded the reasonableness of Mr. Parks' position, and are now preparing to return to work.