due respect for his brethren. The young should show special respect to their seniors; the aged special encouragement to their juniors.

SEC. 2. The person and office arrangement of the dentist should indicate that he is a gentleman ; and he should sustain a high-toned moral character.

SEC. 3. It is unprofessional to resort to public advertisements, cards, handbills, posters, or signs, calling attention to peculiar kinds of work, lowness of prices, special modes of operating, or to claim superiority over neighboring practitioners, to publish reports of cases, or certificates in the public prints, to go from house to house to solicit or to perform operations, to circulate or recommend nostrums, or to perform any other similar acts.

SEC. 4. When consulted by the patient of another practitioner, the dentist should guard against inquiries or hints disparaging to the family dentist, or calculated to weaken the patient's confidence in him, and if the interests of the patient will not be endangered thereby, the case should be temporarily treated, and referred back to the family dentist.

SEC. 5. When general rules shall have been adopted by members of the profession practising in the same localities, in relation to fees, it is unprofessional and dishonorable to depart from these rules, except when variation of circumstances requires it. And it is ever to be regarded as unprofessional to warrant operations or work as an inducement to patronage.

ARTICLE III.

THE RELATIVE DUTIES OF DENTISTS AND PHYSICIANS.

Dental surgery is a specialty in medical science. Physicians and dentists should both bear this in mind. The dentist is professionally limited to diseases of the dental organs and the mouth. With these he should be more familiar than the general practitioner is expected to be; and while he recognizes the superiority of the physician, in regard to disease of the general system, the latter is under equal obligations to respect his higher attainments in his specialty. Where this principle governs, there can be no conflict, or even diversity of professional interests.

ARTICLE IV.

THE MUTUAL DUTIES OF THE PROFESSION AND THE PUBLIC.

Dentists are frequently witnesses, and at the same time the best judges, of the impositions perpetrated by quacks, and it is their duty