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y favallway at \$10 a barrel:

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Years Ago

Want Employment of Girls By
the Government
Investigated.

A demand that girls and men over
the age limit holding positions in Government offices he discharged to make
room for ex-service men will be made
by the Ex-Service Men's Welfare Association following a meeting yesterpy the Ex-Service men's well are Association following a meeting yester-day of J. T. Thompson and S. Vickers, president and vice-president respectively of the association, Bernard Rose, legal adviser and two others.

A resolution was passed demanding that a Royal Commission be appointed to intrinse site the conditions of

property and money of their own by Government offices in this county are girls drawing salaries from \$125.00 to \$150.00 per month.

"What," said S. Vich."

Campbellton, N. B.

VETERINARY SURGEON
Dr. J. Fergus Donnelly, Veterinary own it to yourself to make the following test: See how long you can work or how far you can walk without the statement of the employee of Government offices in this county are girls drawing salaries from \$125.00 to \$150.00 per month.

"What," said S. Vich."

"What," said S. Vickers, "is the use of the department of Soldiers Civil Re-establishment, giving the returned man a free course, lasting eight months to train him for civil life, and hen not finding him a job afterwards.

FRENCH THIRD DEGREE.

Their Guilt.

In this country every man is innocent until he has been proved guilty. The French, however, do these things differently: with them, if the evidence is strong enough to warrant a man's arrest, he is regarded as guilty, and it is for him to clear guilty, and it is for him to clear

a man's arrest, he is regarded as guilty, and it is for him to clear inimself of the charge if he can.

The accused man is handed over to an official called the Judge d'Instruction, or Examining Magistrate, whose business is to obtain evidence for the prosecution.

The prisoner is visited daily by the judge, who seeks, by asking, him sudden and unexpected questions, to obtain an unguarded answer that will serve to incriminate him.

Very few guilty persons can hold out for long against an inquiry of this kind. The innocent man is able to establish his innocence by the answers he gives; the crimigel usually streaghiness (away).

Songtimes no amount of ordinary questioning will obtain an admission from the accused. When this happens a different method is employed. He as confronted with people believed to be his accomplices.

"I know how you got rid of the body, says the Judge; "you and Charles Dubois threw it into the pond."

"I do not know Dubois," answers

the prisoner.

The Judge raises his hand; a door opens, and in a moment the accused is face to face with the man in question. If they know each other their faces are bound to show mulail recognition.

The prisoner, if guilty, is now on the borns of a dilemma; Dubois is certain to have been interrogated, and the accused has no means of knowing what kind of answers he has given. As a rule he will incriminate himself very quickly.

Hardened criminals, however, may pass successfully even through this ordeal. Then the judge caris to his aid the most powerful piece of legal procedure ever devised: he reconstructs the tragedy.

One day the prisoner receives an order to quit his cell and to accompany a police officer. He finds himself, outside the house where the crime was committed.

He is taken to the room in which the victim was murdered. Outside the door the judge awaits him.

"I am yoing to show you," says he, "just how you killed Annette Lefevre. She was sitting at the table when you came" in.

"Batch," says the judge. A man enters made up as the prisoner, and so like him that he cannot repress a start. He speal: roughly to the girl, and in a moment the two are engaged in, a violent quarrel. The whole grim tragedy that he has tried so hard to forget is being enacted once more before the prisoner's horrified eyes.

Suddenly-the mock criminal draws from his belt a kaife—no other than the weapon with which the deed was done; there is a realistic struggle; the knife rises and falls; the victim acreams and sinks in a heap upon the floor.

And what of the prisoner? From his lips pours a torrent of words. "Yes, yes," he cries, "I man a heap upon the floor.

And what of the prisoner? From his lips pours a torrent of words. "Yes, yes," he cries, "I man he he meanded once more before the prisoner's from his lips pours a torrent of words. "Yes, yes," he cries, "I man he he meanded once more before the prisoner's from his lips pours a torrent of words. "Yes, yes," he cries, "I man he he and they are effective. It is a rare t

She Didn't Know Everything.

She Didn't Know Everything.

"Bobby, your mother tells me you are to be a great man," said Mr. Blossom as he sat in the parlor waiting for Bobby's sister.

"Ma never does 'speet right, She doesn't know what she's talking about. She told dad she's 'speeted you and my sister would be married 'fore spring, and that was more than a year ago."

"I'm sorry, young man," said the drug-glot, as he eyed the small boy over The boy blithely handed him the cois, "I'm not kicking," he remarked. "The stuff's for me."

People who have been helped by you require y Tanlac are always anxious and willing toon. The close to tell others about it. Sold by THOMAS WRAN, Druggist.

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#### FEEL WELL! Redmac, The Restorer of Health.

STORAGE OF VEGETABLES."

Plans should be made to furnish the ome with a reasonable supply of vegmportance, for no matter what car s given to harvesting, if a warm, dry very Wednesday, 9.30 to 12 a.m.; very Wednesday, 9.30 to 12 a.m.; vertilation. A cellar window covered with cotton is the most satisfactory for such a room as it permits of light

closed during cold nights or partially closed if the weather is moderate,

tion and keeps the roots fresh. It is well the beets. A row of parsnips may b left for spring digging.

oots up to the ceiling or laid two layers deep on shelves with roots up. The room should be cool and airy and the roots gathered without bruising. They should be examined occasionally and the decayed leaves removed. Cabbage may be carried all winter under such conditions. Cauliflowers, if pulled and the leaves tied over the head and hung

up in a cool cellar, may be carried sat-Celery should have, in addition to an airy cellar, a supply of moisture at the roots to prevent the plants from dying out. If the air is over charged ith moisture the foliage will rapidly go down with decay, but if the air is dry this will not happen. It is necessary, therefore, to have a good circulation of dry air and to supply moisture to the soil in which the roots are packed. The plans are dug with the roots and packed upright in dam psand coy-ering the roots nicely and standing the plants close together in beds no more

than two to three feet wide with a space a foot wide for watering if necessary. If the sand becomes dry dampen it along the edge of the sand between the beds and it will work through the sand. Do not water on the plants as the foli-age should remain always dry. Care in handling when packing is importlecay. Store toward the end of Octoper when plants are dry and before severe frost. Brussels sprouts may be handled in a similar way.

Onions like a cool, dry cellar, Slatted shelves with a free circulation of

air and the onions piled not more than most satisfactory. A shelf with a fine icken fence netting bottom'is one of the heat wows to carmy this crop in a cellar. The bulbs should be well matured by allowing to throughly dry and

babeo-dshandhewi tmbfubomoast osoif Squash and pumpkinst carry best in a warm room. If the air is damp de-cay is likely to result. If the tempera-ture is warm the outer shell hardens



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The Canadian Pacific Railway

And Its Young President

railway situation leads to the conclusion that at least the figures emphasize the position of the C.P.R. among American railways and the responsibilities of the office to which Mr. Beatty has succeeded,—The limes article follows:

"Although a railway is apt to be considered as typical of a soulless corporation, most people in Canada are secretely, if not openly, proud of the steady solvency and efficiency of the Canadian Pacific.

"This pride has not been diminished since the appointment as president some three years ago of Mr. Edward Wentworth Beatty, K.C., previously vice-president and general counsel of the company.

"Fifth in the line, which includes the names of Lords Mount-Stephen and Strathcona, Sir William Van Horn, and Lord Shaughnessy, Mr. Beatty is the first native Canadian Pacific. He was born in 1877 in Ontario and educated at Upper Canada College, and the University of Toronto, and called to the bar of Ontario upon the completion of his legal training. His father controlled a fleet of steamships on the Canadian Pacific with a great public system, to deal with the son, had a natural interest in problems of transportation Joining the legal department of the company he rose quickly to the position of chief counsel, and at 41 years of age, by unanimous decision of its directors, he became president. Nor did the choice of Mr. Beatty for so great and office create amy surprise in the country. Apparently he was recognized within the councils of the company as the "natural successor of Lord Shaughnessy, and outside the effices the judgment of the directors was not challenged." rose quickly to the position of chief counsel, and, at 41 years of age, by unanimous decision of its directors, he became president. Nor did the choice of Mr. Beatty for so great an office create any surprise in the country. Apparently he was recognized within the councils of the company as the natural successor of Lord Shaughnessy, and outside the offices the judgment of the directors was not challenged.

"No president of the Canadian Pacific and the shad a more difficult task than that which Mr. Beatty has been required to undertake. Through the rash optimism of governments and people the country has built druce trans-continental railways where two would be quite enough.

"Even before construction was completed depression fell upon the country. In the crisis of the depression the war came to aggravate and complicate the situation. Millions were advanced to the companies, but the relief afforded was inadequate, and the duntry became exasperated, over the certain prospect of many more millions to follow. It is believed that the Canadian Northern system, and assume the federal and provincial guarantees, but the power and prestige of the pioneer transcontinental system, and so challenge a formidable body of opinion in the country which became steadily more clamorous for public ownership." He believes that the power and greated from the country which became steadily more clamorous for public ownership and operation of the Canadian Northern and Grand Trunk Pacific and nationalization of the Grand Trunk Pacific and nationalization of the Grand Trunk Pacific and nationalization of the Grand and Pacific and antionalization of the Grand and present the clear of the destines of the pioneer transcontinental system, and so challenge a formidable body of opinion in the country which became steadily more clamorous for public ownership." He believes that the power and prestige of the pioneer transcontinental system, and so challenge a formidable body of opinion in the country which became steadily more clamorous for public o

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