CHIGNECTO POST AND BORDERER

SACKVILLE N. B., MAR. 22, 1894

PROVINCIAL POLITICS.

The opening days of the session at Fredericton have been somewhat enlivened by the announcement of a split in the government. The part that split off is Mr. H. A. Connell, one of the members for Carleton County. Mr. Connell is a wealthy and influential citizen of Woodstock and the proprietor of one of the leading industries in the town. He was some years ago a supporter of Mr. Blair but more recently lost confidence in him because of some shady transactions in respect to public works. It is said that Mr. Connell refused to shake hands with the leader of government when he met him once in Woodstock and that he explained the refusal afterwards by saying that if justice were done Mr. Blair would be in the penitentiary. This story one would like to believe untrue because it was not more than three years after the alleged occurance that Mr. Connell became a member of Mr. Blair's government. His change of attitude happened at the time of the location of the New Woodstock bridge, and was coincident with the adoption by the government of a site which will more than double the cost of the structure.

It was reported and denied in the early part of the winter that Mr. Connell and his leader were in the midst of a disagreement. The report turns out to be correct for it now appears that Mr. Connell wrote to Mr. Blair in January resigning his seat in the government and announcing his retirement from the house. Mr. Blair in reply wrote begging him to hold on until session commenced and to say nothing about it. Mr. Connell held on until session time and then retired. Then the government organs with one consent and apparently by authority explained that Mr. Connell had retired because Mr. Blair would not dismiss a registrar of deeds. Mr. Connell immediately contradicted the statement and has repeated the contradiction since Mr. Blair has in his place in the house repeated the statements made by the press. At present therefore there is a question of policy a question of character, a question of courtesy and a question of veracity between the leader of the government and his late associate. Meanwhile Mr. Connell predicts that the vacant seat for Carleton will be captured by the opposition. The condition of the provincial finances shows no sign of improvements. The Auditor Generals report shows a substantial increase of debt during the year. This has happened notwithstanding the fact that the sale of the twenty five year leases brought in over $89,000 which was added to the current revenue though it is not properly a part of the regular income.

THE NOVA SCOTIA ELECTIONS.

The result of the Nova Scotia election is no doubt more satisfactory to Mr. Fielding than to his opponents, but it can hardly be entirely pleasing to him. The government is sustained by a majority of ten in a house of thirty-eight. This is more than a fair working majority, but it is a considerable falling off from the majority of eighteen which Mr. Fielding had in the last house. The leader of the government may be tempted to employ the language of the monarch who said after a dearly bought triumph: "another such victory and I am undone" The same remark might be made with the application limited to Mr. Fielding's own constituency. Four years ago Mr. Fielding's majority over his leading opponent in Halifax was over eight hundred. This time it is less than three hundred. At the last election his two colleagues were elected, the one polling the smallest vote defeating the leading opposition candidate by over five hundred majority. This year only two of three government candidates are elected, and the third is two hundred votes behind Mr Black of the other ticket. Another such victory would undo the administration in the metropolitan constituency. The government has lost both seats in Colchester, one seat in Pictou and one seat in Yarmouth. But its greatest failure was on the Island of Cape Breton In the last house Mr. Fielding held seven of the eight Cape Breton seats. In the new legislature he has only two. Every one of the seven members who sought re-election has been defeated and the two who have come in are new men. This is a healthy result to come from the exposure of the road frauds and the coal syndicate measure.

On the other hand the provincial government has cause for satisfaction over the result in two counties. In Shelburne the active and capable leader of the opposition has been defeated by a small majority. The result does not indicate a remarkable change of opinion for Mr. Cahan was barely elected in 1890 and has barely escaped election this time. When it is considered that Shelburne has no railways, is far from any line of land communication, and depends upon the old fashioned coach for travelling facilities; and when it is stated that the government candidates were armed with a subsidy for a railway, connecting the main points of the county with the railway system in Annapolis, and with promise of a subsidy for another railway connecting every settlement on the shore with Yarmouth, the only wonder is that Cahan and Freeman polled so handsome a vote as they did. And it might be observed that not only did the opposition candidates have to meet the subsidy canvass but were confronted with a government candidate who was also the president, organizer, and chief promoter of the shore railway.

The other county which served the government a good turn was Cumberland. Our readers have a fair idea of the methods by which Mr. Black and Fraser were elected. Those who have had the pleasure of hearing these gentlemen on the stump and who know their solicitude for welfare of the liberal Conservative party must have been surprised to find the result described as a great liberal victory. As far away as Toronto, to say nothing of St. John and Halifax, it is claimed that the capture of Cumberland is a great blow to the Tories and a defeat for the doctrines of protection. Mr. Black who on the hustings and in his personal canvass took so much care to make it appear that liberal conservatives and protectionists could support him and his colleague without the slightest sacrifice of their allegiance has as yet refrained from correcting these inferences. But it is hoped he may soon find time to explain that in view of his own canvass of his professed relationship to Canadian industries, and his friendly attitude toward the national policy the Cumberland election is rather a triumph than a defeat for the federal government policy.

Death of Senator Botsford.

Senator Botsford passed peacefully away at his home on Main Street on Monday about fifteen minutes after twelve noon. He was first taken sick about six weeks ago being troubled with pain in the head, shortness of breath etc, which ailments Dr. Calkin who was called ascribed to heart weakness. Later he got out again apparently fully recovered but on the 7th inst Dr. Calkin was again summoned and at once told the senator that nothing could be done for him except to ease his pain. He had long been troubled with chronic bronchitis which as the result of a cold now took an acute form. He was completely worn out, his heart action being very weak, and he gradually failed and passed away suffering very little pain. During the last days Dr. Bowser was also summoned for consultation but nothing could be done.

Senator Botsford was born in St. John, N. B., on the 25th of September, 1804, was educated at Sackville, and engaged in agricultural pursuits. He married in 1864, May, widow of Joseph F. Allison of Sackville, and has no issue He belonged to one of the most prominent families in the province. His grandfather, Amos Botsford, was the first representative of the County of Westmorland after the Province of New Brunswick was separated from Nova Scotia and granted a constitution. He was elected the first Speaker of the Legislative Assembly and reelected from time to time to that office, until his death in 1812, a period of twenty-seven years. He was unquestionably the principal organiser of the first laws of the Province, and was distinguished as speaker Botsford throughout the County. His son Hon. Wm. Botsford, succeeded him in the representation of the County of Westmorland and on the first vacancy was elected Speaker of the Assembly, and reelected to that office until appointed a Judge of the Supreme Court, in 1824. On his last election in 1820, as member for Westmorland, he received every vote polled except three, in a contested election, where six candidates ran for four seats. A brother of the Senator was elected to represent Westmorland and was selected as permanent Chairman of the Committee of Supply. After he retired another brother was elected to represent the County, and was elected Speaker, and continued in that office until he was appointed a Judge of the County Court of Westmorland and Kent. Another brother represented the County of Restigouche in the Assembly. The progenitor of the family on this continent, Henry Botsford, settled in Connecticut in 1639, only 19 years after the Mayflower crossed the ocean,

The Senator himself has filled many situations of trust and importance and received the thanks of the Imperial Government and the local authorities, for the efficient manner in which he performed the various duties entrusted to him. He sat as senior Judge of the Court of Common Pleas of Westmorland for many years, and only in one case was his judgment appealed from.

He was appointed with the late Governor Chandler to establish and define the boundry between Nova Scotia and New Brunswick, and was appointed Commissioner in 1853, with Col. Robinson, R. E. and Mr. Bouchette to define and make the boundary between New Brunswick and Quebec. He was selected by the Government of New Brunswick in 1838, to proceed to Washington and put in communication with the British Ambassador on the question of the Border troubles, (called the Aroostook War). When the Militia of Maine, Vermont and Massachusetts, and the Militia of the province faced each other on the frontier, Mr. Botsford was taken prisoner by a guard of Maine Militia. He demanded to be taken to the General in command, whose headquarters were at Houlton, after an interview and explanation with the general, he was permitted to proceed on his mission.

He was appointed in 1839 a delegate, with five other gentlemen, to proceed to Quebec at the request of Lord Durham to confer as to the future government of British North America, it is worthy of remark that Mr. Botsford was the only delegate from New Brunswick who advocated the confederation of these separate colonies.

In 1853, the Senator was appointed by the Government of New Brunswick to proceed to Washington to represent the interests of the Province on the question of a reciprocity treaty between the two countries and while there furnished his government with important information.

The spring of 1866, was a critical period in the history of the Confederation of the British North American Colonies, the people of New Brunswick had not given their consent to the Quebec scheme, the Legislature was about being prorogued, the government of which the late Sir Albert Smith was Premier, was opposed to confederation, and it was supported by a two third majority in the Assembly. Governor Gordon, who, it was supposed, had received instructions from the colonial office to further the union, had urged his council to accept the terms of the proposed union, or a modification of it, but they persisted in rejecting his advice. At this juncture Mr. Botsford, then a member of the Legislative Council, moved resolutions approving of Confederation, which he carried, notwithstanding the strenuous opposition of several influential members. Governor Gordon took advantage of this action of the Legislative Council, again urged his council, either to support Confederation or resign, which terminated in their resignation, a dissolution of the assembly took place, and the elections went in favor of the Quebec Scheme. Had it not been for the course taken by the Legislative Council and the decision and firmness of Governor Gordon, Confederation would certainly have been postponed another year at least.

In the Royal Proclamation appointing the first Senators for the Dominion of Canada, Mr. Botsford's name was at the head of those from New Brunswick. He was twice appointed Speaker of the Senate by Commissions under the great seal of the Dominion.

In 1883, the jubilee year of the Senator's legislative career, an address was presented to him, signed by Sir David Macpherson, the Speaker, Sir Alexander Campbell the leader of the government, and all the members of the Senate, irrespective of party, an extract of which reads as follows: "We ourselves "can bear cordial testimony to the ability and assiduity which you have "brought to the discharge of every duty "devolving upon you in the Senate during the years which have elapsed since "Confederation. Twice we have seen "you in that period presiding over our "deliberations as Speaker, and discharging the duties of that high office, "not only with impartiality but with a "fullness of knowledge of Parliamentary Rules and practice which commanded our respect and confidence, "etc.

Upper Sackville.

—Ralph Steeves of Dover was here a few days of this week.

—Miss Laura Fullerton af Halfway River who has been visiting Mrs. F. T. Thompson returned home on Tuesday.

—R. F. Gibson representing P. S. McNutt & Co., St. John was here on Tueday.

—Miss Janie Trenholm who has been visiting at Sussex for some time past returned home on Saturday.

—John T. Fawcett son of John Fawcett Esq. who has been visiting his native place during the past winter started on Thursday last for the North West. He intends stopping at several places between Sackville and Ottawa at which place he will be joined by Wm. Anderson. They will then proceed to Maple Creek, Assiniboia. Mr. Anderson accompanied by his sister Miss Nellie Anderson left on Tuesday night for Boston where Miss A. intends spending the summer.

—In spite of bad roads and a disagreeable night a fair audience attended the Gospel Temperance meeting held under the auspices of the Up. S. W. C. T. U. in the Methodist church here last Sunday evening. The Pres. Mrs. Daniel Wheaton presided over the meeting and in a few well chosen remarks stated its object. Then followed Seyc's reports, readings, recitations interspersed with selections by the choir. Very able and eloquent addresses were given by Rev. W. H. Warren and Prof. Andrews. The music consisting of choruses, duets, and solos was certainly fine. the duet by Miss Nellie Fawcett and Bliss Fawcett was exceedingly good; The solo by Miss Agnes Hicks very sweet and pleasing and the bass solo in one of the choruses was rendered by Wm. Fawcett in a very creditable manner. A good collection was taken.

Amherst.

—Miss Barbara McKinnon is back from San Jose, Cal.

—Miss Fannie Bliss has returned from a lengthy visit in Halifax.

—Mrs. B. Moran of Dorchester is in town visiting friends.

—Miss Minnie Reid and Mr. Thomas Dowling of St. John are to be married on Wednesday next at the residence of the prospective bride.

—Mrs. W. J. Moran leaves Good Friday to spend the Easter holidays with her parents Mr. and Mrs. John Darling, at Nauwigewauk.

—Mrs. St. George was called home to Montreal last week by the illness of her father Rev. Canon Townshend.

—Mr. Frank Vernon, student at Harvard University is now in town with his Aunt Miss Grace Vernon.

—The young ladies of Christ Church will hold a sale and promenade concert on Wednesday 4th April, in aid of the Parish House Fund.

—Mr. Charles Smith, of Port Greville, spent Saturday and Sunday in town returning home on Monday. His wife who has been spending several weeks in town with her mother Mrs. R. K. Smith, accompanied him.

—Services are held twice daily in Christ Church this 'Holy' week. On Tuesday evening after prayers, scenes of the principal events in the life of our Blessed Lord during the last week before His passion were very vividly portrayed by means of a powerful lime light lantern, and fully explained during the address. A silver offertory was received in aid of an important Diocesan work.

Tormentine Notes.

—The wild geese are here. Many gunners are running to and fro and efforts to capture the birds are increased. The veteran shooter—Trenholm—now in his eighties brought in the first goose over ten days ago.

—The ice boats are regular and rapid in their trips across the straits On Monday they crossed from the Island in one hour and a half. It is supposed that the service on this route will soon close.

—Rev. Wm. Harrison of Sackville preached effective Missionary sermons on Sunday last at Bay Field, Upper Cape, and Cape Spear. The ongregations considering the bad travelling and foul weather were very good, and amply repaid for the effort it required to assemble. The contributions yet to be increased, were fairly good.

—The store at Bay Field recently vacated by Mr. Crane has been rented and is now occupied by Mrs. Nelson Walker for dressmaking purposes. Mrs. W. has an assistant on the business and the prospect is that their trade will be lively. Their living quarters are in connection with their place of business so that customers may be sure of always finding them ready to respond to a call.

—Rev. C. W. Hamilton of Bay Field left on Monday for Pt de Bute whither he goes on deputation work in the interests of the Sustentation Fund of the Methodist Church. He will be gone several days, and it is understood will deliver his lecture on "The World's Fair" during his visit.

PERSONAL

Rev. S. H. Rice and wife of Cornwall crossed from P. E. I. last Friday and proceeded to Sackville by train in the evening.

—Mr. Harry Wheaton of Upper Sackville spent last Saturday at Bay Field being guest at the Methodist Parsonage.

—Mr. Eddie Dobson of Sackville returned to his duties on Monday morning having passed Sunday with his parents at Cape Tormentine. His mother continues very ill.

THE LOCAL LEGSLATURE.

SPEECH OF W WOODBURY WELLS. VOTE OF WANT OF CONFIDENCE.

Mr. Wells (Westmorland) moved the address in reply to the speech. He acknowledged the compliment paid his constituency in his being called on to perform this duty and regretted his inability to perform the task in a fitting manner on account of diffidence and lack of experience. He noted the fact that since the last session three honorable gentlemen had performed the duties of Lieut. Governor. The house had never had the pleasure of meeting the late Gov. Boyd but the unanimous aproval of his appointment expressed in some degree his popularity, his worth and the general opinion of his qualification for the highest position in the province. He thought the house deeply sympathised with Mrs. Boyd in her sad affliction. He mentioned the appointment of the new Governor General and said that that the Earl of Aberdeen has a record for always being on the side of peace and conciliation and that he took a keen interest in Canada and Canadian affairs even before his appointment. His resolve to act impartially and in the general interests of the country had been already manifested and has commended him to all Canadians. He trusted that His excellency and Lady Aberdeen will favor us by their presence here in the near future and he knew they would be loyally and heartily greeted by all. While times are dull we have had no such depression as exists in the neighboring republic and in England. We have not been burdened with teas of thousands of unemployed nor heard the wail of woe and want but have pursued the even tenor of our ways the past year with the assurance that we have even better propects ahead. At no distant day the report of the commissioner appointed to enquire into the Bathurst school difficulty would be laid before the house. Grave charges had been made that the non-sectarian principles of the school law had been violated. He did not think it necessary to refer to the causes which led to the appointment of this commission of enquiry. The house would concede that the appointment of Hon. Judge Fraser as commissioner was a wise one. He was so closely identified with the present school law that he might be called one of its fathers and no one in the house would claim that he was open to a suspision of trifling with the non-sectarian principles of that law or condoning any act which infringed that principle. Specific charges had been made by those who claimed the violation of that principle and an able and acute counsellor, C. N. Skinner, was engaged by them to prboe the matter to the botton. To Mr. Wells' mind the complaints were allowed the widest latitude possible. The solicitor general representing the government not only allowed any and all evidence brought forward to support the specific charges perferred of acts which were alleged to have occurred in the town of Bathurst and for which this government and the present board of education were claimed to be responsible but evidence was allowed without any restriction whatever to prove acts which transpired years ago, even before the present government came into power. He did not know what the report of the commission would be but trusted whatever it contained would be taken *bona fide* as a full report and whatever its tenor he believed that the house would for the sake of peace harmony and good will among all classes and creeds act unanimously and accept the said report as a full and true account of the matters at issue. (applause) The late Crown Lanp policy he believed had been justified by the large sales of last summer and autumn. One and a half times as much crown lands had been opened up as formerly and the revenue from mileage will be one half as much again. The interest of the buyers will tend to preserve the timber and the operator will also be benefited. His Honor's very proper reference to the agricultural industry would no doubt meet with approval by the house. The government had given a great impetus to this industry by substantial grants to agricultural societies and associations, bonuses to creameries and the encouragement given to the education of the farmers on agricultural topics. The revival of this industry was evidenced by successful agricultural meetings and the building of creameries and he thought if one industry deserved to be fostered and encouraged more than another it was this. He believed that the government might rely upon the support of all the members of the house in encouraging and stimulating the farming industry. The discussion of other matters mentioned in his Honor's speech such as municipal taxation, the judiciary act, reform of the Probate Court, mechanics liens and an act to provide for a new revision to the consolidated statues would no doubt receive strictest attention in the house as required. The abolition of taxes altogether if possible would no doubt be supported by the house and people but as some one has said we are only sure of two things, death and taxes. He believed that there should be greater exemptions of widows' properties and of incomes and that there should be some more simple machinery for the proper valuation and assessing of property and that collectors should have power to collect without handing over lists of delinquent rate payers to collecting justices. He had no doubt the house would give most careful consideration to this matter as well as to the proposed judicature act and other proposed acts. If these important acts were passed he thought the honorable members of the house would concur with his honor and authorize a new revision of the provincial statues which have not been revised since 1892. The acts as contained in the consolidated statues had nearly all been repealed or amended and he believed the house would pass the necessary legislation for such revision. (Great applause.)

Mr. Ferris seconded the address.

Dr. Stockton of St. John continued the debate on the address. He congratulated the mover of the address for the admirable form and manner of his remarks and after attacking the government and its general policy moved seconded by Mr. Pinder that the paragraph in the address ending with the words "sensibly reduced be amended by adding:

But we take this early opportunity o expressing regret that the act of assembly passed at the last session of this legislature, entitled an act further relating to the Provincial Lunatic asylum and its management will impose a heavy burden of direct taxation upon the municipalities of the province, and will trust your honor may be advised to recommend such changes in the law as will lessen such burdens of taxation.

After further discussson by Messrs. Powell, Phinney, Blair, Pitts, Alward, Russel, Dunn, Howe, Mitchell, Smith (St. John) Pinder, Sivewright and Gogain the amendment was defeated on the following division:

Yeas—Powell, Stockton, Phinney Shaw, Smith (St. John), Alward, Pitts Allen, Gogain, Howe, Pinder, Perley. —12.

Nays—Blair, Mitchell, Emmerson, White, Tweedie, Labillois, Lewis, Harrison, Blanchard, Theriault, Russell, Sivewright, Mott, Killam, Flewelling Scovil, Baird, O'Brien, (Northumberland) Dibblee, Dunn, McLeod, Wells, Ferris, O'Brien, (Charlotte) Hill.—25.

The address then passed without amendment.

Result of the Nova Scotia Election.

	Government.	Opposition.
Annapolis,	2	
Antigonish,	2	
Cape Breton,		2
Colchester.		2
Cumberland,	2	
Digby,	2	
Guysborough,	2	
Halifax,	2	1
Hants,	1	1
Inverness,		2
Kings,	2	
Lunenburg,	2	
Pictou,		3
Queens,	2	
Richmond,	1	1
Shelburne,	2	
Victoria,	1	1
Yarmouth,	1	1
	24	14

Features of the contest were the defeat of Fielding in Halifax city, the defeat of Cahan in Shelbourne, the capture of Cumberland by the liberals, and the defeat of Hon. Speaker Power in Halifax. The figures for Cumberland were Black, 3,113: Fraser, 2,875: Forrest 2,419: Oxley, 2,421.

The result of the plebiscite must prove highly encouraging to the temperance people. In Halifax the great liquor stronghold every polling booth gave a majority and the entire vote was more than two to one in favor of prohibition while Amherst rolled up the magnificent vote of 891 to 81. Full returns are not yet obtainable but it is that Nova Scotia will give a larger majority for prohibition than any province which has yet voted.

About 90 per cent of those qualified to vote voted.

A Correction.

Mr. Editor:

Dear Sir,—By reading over the Pt. de Bute items in your valuable journal under the date of March 15th it appears to us very forcibly that the writer is considerably astray when he announces that there will be service in the New Church at Fort Lawrence in two weeks. We may say for the benefit of your many readers the above announcement is not correct as said Church is at this present time undergoing extensive repairs both in Carpentry and Painting, and the whole interior is a complete network of staging and it cannot be removed until said work is completed, after which the cushioning, carpeting and lighting is to be put in. Consequently it will be impossible to have it for service before the last of April at best. When the work is completed we will have it duly announced ourselves. Thanking you for your valuable space we remain,

Yours respectfully,
Trustees of Fort Lawrence Church.

Baie Verte.

—A donation party is to be given Rev. W. B. Thomas by the people of Tidnish at the residence of Mr. Geo. Brundage on Wednesday evening March 21st.

—The members of the Baie Verte Division and the ladies of the W. C. T. U., intend holding a public temperance meeting in the hall on Thursday evening to commemorate the 90th birthday of Neal Dow. A good programme is prepared.

—An Easter service is to be held in the Methodist church on Sabbath. It is in charge of the ladies of the W. M S., (Woman's Missionary Society) assisted by the Sunday Schools and Mission Band.

—The Methodist preaching service will be held at Port Elgin on Sunday afternoon at 3 p. m.

—During one of the cold snaps in Feb. last a bird's nest containing three young birds "alive as you be" was found near Upper Cape.

Upper Cape.

—The weather has been remarkably fine since March has come in. The travelling on the ice from here to Baie Verte was never known to be better which has been taken advantage of by those having fast horses much to the delight of their owners.

—Raworth Brothers have moved their Rotary mill from Tidnish N. S. where they have been sawing all winter to Michael B. Rileys on Emigrant Road where there is a brow of about 5000 logs. They report having done a good winters work.

—The snow drifts are fast disappearing so also is la grippe; no new cases to report; those who were down with la grippe are speedily recovering, since fine weather has set in.

—The pulpit of the Methodist church on the afternoon of Sunday last was occupied by the Rev. W. Harrison of Sackville who gave an able address on mission work.

A Good Yield:—Thirty tons Memramcook ore treated by the new electrical method at Windsor N. S. last week gave $3 17 per ton. This is about $1.25 per ton better than by the old method.

NOTICE OF SALE.

To Philip M. Casey formerly of Aboushagan in the County of Westmorland and to Oliver Jaundreau, Piere Breau and Woodford Avard trustees of the said Philip M. Casey and to all others to whom it may or shall concern.—

Notice is hereby given that there will be sold by Public Auction at or near Crane's Corner in the Parish of Sackville in the County of Westmorland on Saturday the 26th day of May next at the hour of two o'clock in the afternoon in order to satisfy the principal money and interest due on a certain mortgage bearing date the fifteenth day of July 1890 and made by Philip M. Casey then or formerly of Aboushagan in said County of Westmorland farmer to Josiah Wood of Sackville in said County, which said mortgage is duly recorded in the Westmorland County records by the No. 56617, folio 621 libro Q 9 of said records default having been made in the payment of the principal money and interest thereby secured, and in order to obtain payment thereof the following lands and premises mentioned and contained in said Indenture of Mortgage viz:—All that certain piece or parcel of land situated at Aboushagan aforesaid and bounded Southerly by lands in the occupation of Moses Casey and on which he now resides, Easterly by lands of George Kinnear, Northerly by lands of Thomas Taddy Godet and Westerly by the road from Shediac to Sackville and containing fifty acres more or less. Said lot being this day conveyed to said Philip M. Casey by deed from William Faulds together with all and singular the buildings improvements privileges and appurtenances to said premises belonging or in any wise appertaining.

Dated this 20th day of March A. D. 1894.

JOSIAH WOOD.
March 22, 94 2m. Mortgagee.

WALL PAPER

Received this week

5,000 ROLLS

Wall Papers, Ceiling Papers, Borderings, Dadoes &c. The very newest and handsomest designs in

Sixty Different Patterns.

We have, we think, justly earned a reputation for carrying a superior line of these goods and this season we have succeeded in obtaining a stock superior to any yet shown by us. Prices very low. Almost 10 per cent below last season's. Look at our goods and you will buy them.

CLOTHING

Gents' Furnishings.

Now open for Spring and Summer a large Stock of Scotch, English and Canadian Worsteds and Tweeds in Overcoatings, Suitings, and Pantings etc., with a full line of Trimmings. We wish to call particular attention to our

TAILORING DEPARTMENT

which has been STEADILY GROWING in popularity. Newest patterns, latest styles, Perfect fits.

Ready-Made CLOTHING.

100 Mens' Suits prices ranging from $4.75 up.
30 Youths' Suits do do do $3.50 up.
70 Childrens' suits do do do $1 75 up.

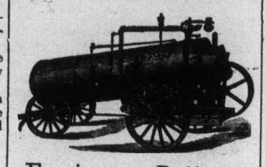
Pants, Vests, Overcoats, Overalls, Jumpers, etc. If you want a good suit for a small price we can suit you.

☞The newest and nattiest things in Shirts, Neckwear, Cuffs, Braces, Underwear & Etc.

3 CASES
New Style Hats.

J. L. BLACK.

Sackville, Mar. 22nd, 1894.



Engines, Boilers, SAW MILLS,

And all kinds of machinery, Mill Supplies, Furnaces, School Desks, etc. Write for Catalogue.

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WALL PAPER

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BLINDS,
CURTAIN
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Call and inspect stock and be convinced that we sell at

LOW PRICES.

WM. I. GOODWIN,
Sackville Book Store,

PINK PILLS,

HOODS SARSAPARILLA.

SACKVILLE DRUG STORE.

New Advertisements.

Card!

I beg to announce to the people of Sackville and vicinity that I expect to leave for Chicago the latter part of April to take a special course in the "American College of Dental Surgery" there, returning about June 10th, during which time my office here will be closed.

Persons intending having dental work done, will please call soon as possible and arrange for sittings; and those who cannot make it convenient to have their dental work attended to before I leave will kindly retain the same for me, till I return, when I hope to be in a better position than ever to do good work.

I am, yours very respectfully,
J. W SANGSTER, DENTIST.

Sackville, Mar. 22nd '94.

SHERIFF'S SALE!

There will be sold by PUBLIC AUCTION —ON—

Wednesday 28th March

instant, at one o'clock in the afternoon, at or near the residence of

HORATIO N KINNEAR, Cookville,

in the parish of Sackville, in the county of Westmorland the following described personal property namely:

One mare 9 years old, 1 Colt two years old, 1 Carriage, 1 Cow, 1 Heifer 2 years old, 1 heifer 1 year old, 1 Sett double harness, 1 sett single Bobsleds, 1 Plow, Quantity of Hay and all other personal property of the said Horatio Kinnear.

The same having been seized by virtue of several executions issued out of the Supreme Court and the County Court of Westmorland.

A. MCQUEEN, Sheriff.

Dated at Dorchester, March 17, 1894.

NOTICE.

The subscriber offers for sale cheap a number of

Valuable Building Lots

conveniently situated, sizes to suit purchasers. For further particulars apply to

A T. FAWCETT.

March 22nd, 1894, tf

FOR RENT.

That pleasantly situated

COTTAGE

on Main St. within five minutes walk of the Colleges. Possession given at once, Apply to

MRS. D. CASEY.
March 22, '94, or A. T. Fawcett.

NEW BRUNSWICK
COUNTY OF WESTMORLAND, S.S.

L. S. COPY. TO THE SHERIFF of the County of Westmorland, or any Constable within the said County,

Greeting:—

Whereas Allan W. Chapman, administrator of the estate and effects which were of Thomas J. Belliveau, late of Dorchester in the said County and province, farmer, deceased, has prayed that license be granted to him the said Patitioner to sell the real estate left by said deceased, to provide means to pay the debts owing by the said deceased, the personal property of the said deceased not being sufficient for that purpose: You are therefore required to cite the said Allan W Chapman, and all others interested in the estate of the said deceased to appear before me at a court of Probate to be held in the office of the Registrar of Probates at Dorchester within and for the said County on the sixteenth day of April next at two o'clock in the afternoon to attend the granting of said license, or to shew cause why said license should be granted, as prayed for.

Signed, Given under my hand
CHAS. E. KNAPP, and the seal of the Register of Probates, said Court, the 12 County of Westmorland, day of March, Signed, A. D., 1894.

FREDERICK W. EMMERSON,
Judge of Probate,
County of West'm'd.

COURTING SUITS ..AND.. ENGAGEMENT PANTS.

They are a specialty of ours. Give us a look over —that's all we ask. The goods and prices will talk you into buying. The money other people pay for rent goes right into Cloth and workmanship here.

We can't turn out a poor fitting garment and wouldn't if we could.

CHAPMAN BROS.
MANUFACTURERS OF
FINE CUSTOM CLOTHING,
Amherst, N. S.

N. B. 6 Cases London and New York Hats.
3 Cases Boys' Clothing.
Just received.

CUTHBERT MAIN,
Engineer & Machinist

Mill, Agricultural and General Machine Repairing a specialty,
Lansdowne Ave. Opp. Freight Station.
AMHERST, N. S.

WALL PAPER,
CEILINGS,
AND
BORDERINGS

TO ARRIVE:
4,000 Rolls

Latest American and Canadian Pattern.

We purchased the above from the makers in New York and Montreal and are best value we have ever exhibited. We have several shades of Ingrains with 9 and 18 inch Borderings to match. Our American patterns have ceilings and Borderings made to match the Wall paper, ☞Be sure you see our stock before you buy.

CARPETS

Just Received direct from London:
Brussels Carpets,
Tapestry do
with Borderings & Rugs to match.
Stair Carpets in Brussels and Tapestry.
Velvet Rugs, Kidderwood do Brussels do. Tapestry do. Kidder and Kensington Squares. All wool 3 cord and 2 ply carpets, Hemp carpets, Oil cloths all kinds, cocoa and wool mats.

All for sale

VERY LOW.

FLOUR, FEED

IN STORE:

We are offering the best family flour in the market at LOWEST PRICES. Heavy Chop, Oats, Peas and Barley, Middlings, Bran & Feed Flour.

CHEAPEST IN THE MARKET.

GEO. E. FORD

TENDERS

Will be received by the undersigned up to 20th of March for the erection of a building on the grounds of the Mount Allison Ladies' College to be known as the

OWENS MUSEUM OF FINE ARTS.

Plans and specifications may be seen at the Ladies' College.

The Building Committee does not bind tself to accept the lowest or any tender.

B. C. BORDEN,
Sackville, March 15th, 1894. 2i

THIS WAY PLEASE!

When you want anything in the GROCERY LINE.

The man who shouts the most does not always give the best values. We do not need a big advertisement to puff up our goods, simply a few lines to invite the public to call and test our goods for themselves. They tell the tale more forcibly than any words of ours. Drop in, "The proof of the Pudding," etc.

Just received Hopkin's Sausagas, Mince Meat, Hams and Bacon. For quality these are second to none in the market. Also Grapes, Lemons, Oranges, Apples and Confectionery of all kinds.

EDWARD READ.

Raworth & Allen,
Carriage and Sleigh Builders.

SPECIAL ATTENTION TO
REPAIRING & PAINTING.
—ALSO—
A full line of Coffin and Casket Trimmings, always on hand.

F. L. RAWORTH, HARPER ALLEN.
Bayfield, Jan. 18th '94 3m

NOTICE.

All persons having any claims against the estate of Daniel Sears of the parish of Sackville, deceased will present the same to the undersigned duly attested to within three months from the date hereof, when the same if approved of will be paid.

DOUGLAS SEARS.
Upper Sackville, Feb. 22, 1894. 3m

WANTED

Wanted ENGINEER on a tug boat to commence work May 15th, Good wages will be paid to a good man, apply to

ALFRED POLLY.
Port Elgin, Mar 5th, 1894, 3m.