In answer to the last objection we observe that " it is the fole and inherent right of the House of Assembly both to raise

"the public money and to direct and limit the ends, purpoles and " fervices to which it is to be applied'-That the British Legis-I lature are provided with the most valuable and useful publications on the Laws of Nature, Nations, &c. That these are ' provided for by Votes or Resolves of the House of Commons— • That the same laudable desire of Constitutional Information has induced fimilar purchases for the use and by the direction of every legislature we have yet heard of-That the purchase of the Books refered to was by the direction of the House of Affembly—That a fimilar purchase was made and provided for in the fession of 1788—That this House found it necessary to incur such expense for their information although the Coun-· cil from their being more enlightened may not think it necessary to consult the authorities this House refer to on constitutional questions. They therefore cannot admit of the Council's • objection to this article of appropriation..

The House of Assembly forbear unnecessarily to retort the expressions the Council so improperly make use of by alledging the House preclude them from freely discharging their public duty, &c.

The untenable grounds on which the Council have rejected former appropriation bills, most of which they now do not so much as mention, as well as the hasty and undigested objections which are the subject of the present conference, are sufficient proofs that the Council have been and continue to be the means of preventing the House of Assembly from expediting the public business and from paying off the public debts of the Province—and that they subject them to the distressing mortification of not being able to pay off the pressing demands even of the Officers and Servants necessarily attending both the former and present Houses of Assembly.

The House of Assembly further declare, that they, with heart felt satisfaction, review the steady and constitutional conduct of the former Houses of Assembly—that they feel an exultation in having steadily followed the same steps—and that they are resolved to continue to assert the Privileges of the House of Assembly and the Honor of their Constituents.

The House of Assembly therefore leave the bill with the Council, together with the ill consequences that may attende the not passing this bill."

Resolved.