

Letters have been received from Mr. S. Fulton, with remittance; Rev. G. Johnson, with do.; R. Smith, Esq., with do.; A. H. Cocken, Esq., with do.; Rev. W. E. Shenstone, and Miss C. A. Newton.

We are much indebted to our correspondent for his kindness. The appointment he has made is confirmed; and the error rectified. We hope he will continue his attention.

## TO AGENTS.

We must take this opportunity of urging upon each and all the necessity of remitting not only arrears, but subscriptions in advance. We hope the Wesleyan Ministers will bring to the District Meeting, from all parts of the Province, a balance sheet of the Agents' account with each subscriber, (that we may correct our own List,) and the balance that may be due to us.

To the Editor of the Wesleyan.

REVEREND SIR,—Believing that it will, at all times, be pleasing to the readers of your excellent periodical to be made acquainted with the extension of Wesleyan Methodism; I hasten to inform you that on the 26th inst., the frame of a new Wesleyan Chapel was raised at Round Bay in this Circuit, which, when in a state of proper forwardness will be pewed. The building will be 36 feet by 28, and will have one end gallery. At North East Harbour, in this Circuit, the Chapel that has been for some time erected will be finished without delay. This also is to be pewed, and to have two side, and one end galleries.

These, with those, for many years in use, will number five Chapels exclusively Wesleyan, besides one at Port La Tour, owned jointly by the Wesleyans and General Baptists in the Western part of the Circuit.

The friends in this quarter, though disappointed during the past year, through the lamented indisposition of the Rev. Mr. Smith, who was appointed by the Committee to labour on the Circuit, (more especially considering the age of the Rev. Mr. Knowlan, now living at Barrington,) feel confident that their interests, and the interests of the cause will not be overlooked at the next ensuing District Meeting, as they have expressed an unqualified willingness to contribute to the utmost of their ability, in providing the necessary pecuniary expense attending the services of a Wesleyan Missionary on a Circuit so extensive, and on many accounts interesting—and I may be allowed to add, one of much present, as well as future promise, as well as a Circuit in which a very kind feeling towards Wesleyan Methodism pretty generally prevails.

ONE OF THE STEWARDS  
Of the S. & B. Circuit.

Shelburne, 30th March, 1839.

To the Editor of the Wesleyan.

REV. SIR,—When the Wesleyan of the 25th February came to hand, my youngest child, aged seven months, was severely afflicted with a sore and cankered mouth. Finding in that paper, a remedy proposed by Mr. Hartwell, we were induced to make the experiment; and to our great joy and surprise, the effect was visible in a few hours; and in three or four days, the disease was totally removed. Thus relieving the little sufferer, and our minds from deep anxiety.

That invaluable discovery cannot be too generally known. And should its application be the means of mitigating some of the sufferings of the family of man; I have no doubt but the generous benefactor, (who has thus devoted to public use, what some others under similar circumstances would have turned to private emolument) will consider himself amply rewarded.

Wm. BLOIS.

Douglas, March 4th, 1839.

MELANCHOLY CASUALTY.—It is our painful task to record to day, the death of a worthy and excellent man, who but yesterday was in high health and spirits, to regret the sudden departure of a useful member of society, whose tenure of life, and devotion to its active occupations, seemed but a few hours ago much more promising than those of many who now mourn his loss. An inquest was held this morning by Mr. Gray, upon the body of JOHN DRILLIO, Sailmaker, and from the evidence of Andrew Black, a seaman on board the Susan Crane, of Barrington, lying at Collin's wharf, it appeared that he and the deceased had gone aloft in that vessel, to measure for a foretop-gallant sail, that the deceased having got into the cross trees, complained of dizziness, and said he would hold on there while witness went out on the yard to measure, but immediately after fell, but from what cause witness could not say. It appeared that deceased fell on his back on the bulwarks, and afterwards into the water.

Dr. Hoffman, who was sent for at once, found no pulsation, and was of opinion that death had been occasioned by a sudden concussion of the brain. Mr. Drillio has left a large family, and many sincere friends.—N. S.

On Sunday week last, his remains were followed to the grave by his Masonic-brethren, the Novascotia Society, and a very large number of other persons.

The Steamer Nova-Scotia, will commence her trips to Windsor on the 25th instant, leaving Windsor on Friday the 26th, about 10 o'clock, A. M.

## POLITICAL SUMMARY.

We have no additional intelligence from Britain since the arrival of the packet, and the news brought by the mails from the sister Provinces are by no means important. Our political affairs on this side of the Atlantic, seem to be very much affected by external circumstances, and depend not a little on the vicissitude of the seasons. During our long and gloomy winter months, when the disaffected are chilled with cold, destitute of employment, and afloat in the world, they often become very sullen and discontented, and if they can find leaders sufficiently bold and daring to urge them forward, they become sometimes troublesome and mischievous.

But the return of Spring, and the approach of Summer, not only dissolve the snow and ice on our fields and rivers, but seem to produce a most astonishing and salutary change even on the political aspect of Society. They ameliorate the most rugged tempers, and furnish profitable occupations and pleasant recreations to those, who have been brooding for weeks and months upon Colonial grievances, and Colonial abuses. Already has the advance of the season begun to produce the desired and expected effect upon the surface of our body politic, and before the middle of summer, we shall be as busy and as happy as if no grievances had afflicted us, and no evils had befallen us. The din of war, and the spirit of rebellion which lately alarmed us, are now hushed into silence, and we must once more look to the wisdom of the British Parliament to provide an effectual remedy, for all the real evils with which the Colonial possessions are encompassed, leaving the imaginary evils to cure themselves.

We are still inclined to think that peace will be maintained between Great Britain and America, in spite of all the reckless and violent proceedings of the State of Maine and the frontier invaders. And we also hope that some wise and comprehensive measure will soon be introduced into Parliament for the government of the Canadas; and a union of the Provinces, in compliance with the wishes of the Upper Canada Legislature, will probably take place.—*Guardian*.

## FROM PAPERS BY THE PACKET.

From the London Times.

ON Monday there was presented at both Houses of Parliament, not only Lord Durham's report, but a second, and much larger volume, entitled "Copies or Extracts of Correspondence relative to the Affairs of British North America." Both volumes are now printed, and yesterday they were partly delivered to the Peers, there not having been time to make a complete delivery. The second volume, namely, that consisting of the "Correspondence," occupies upwards of 400 folio pages. With regard to its contents, it consists of 105 letters from Lord Glenelg, dated between the 19th February, 1838, and 25th January, 1839, respecting Lower Canada; 94 letters from Sir John Colborne and the Earl of Durham, also respecting Lower Canada, dated from 24th January, 1838, to 8th January, 1839, inclusive; 22 letters, from Lord Glenelg, between 22d. May, 1838, and 2d. February, 1839, inclusive, regarding Upper Canada.