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is put up in one-size bottles only. It will not fit in any other bottle.

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MARRIAGES. R. TRUEMAN - At the home of the bride's parents, Three Brooks, County of York, May 23, by the Rev. J. D. Macdonald, a daughter.

DEATHS. In this city, on the 24th inst., Fan-Cole, in the 70th year of her age.

COLLEGE COMPLEXIONS. Can be Ruined by Coffee. Nothing so surely mars a woman's complexion as coffee drinking.

FIREMAN KILLED

Collapse of Washademoak Bridge on the Central Railway Causes Death of Fireman S. F. Brand

Engine and Three Cars Crash Into Thirty Feet of Water - Narrow Escape of Driver Purdy Who Went Down With His Engine - Passengers and the Train Hands Saved by a Hair's Breadth.

Another bridge disaster on the Central railway—the third within two years—occurred Wednesday morning at Washademoak, and resulted in the death of Fireman S. F. Brand of Norton.

The accident occurred on the regular train, which left Chipman on time yesterday morning. It was made up of engine, tender, two heavy cars of lumber from the King Lumber Company, a box car and the passenger and baggage coach.

The train had crossed the trestle-work approach safely and was well out on the long center span when an ominous creaking and cracking of the timbers, under the strain of the unusual load, was followed almost instantaneously and before an occupant of the train had time to think of escape.

When the engine took the plunge both the driver and the fireman were carried with it to the bottom. The jamming forward of the tender under the weight of the cars above it crushed Fireman Brand to death, and so secured his body that it was not recovered until over four hours later.

Driver Purdy had a miraculous escape. He also was jammed by the mass of debris, but was able to extricate himself before his breath was spent.

hands had recovered from the shock, aid was summoned and efforts made to recover the body, which was not brought to the surface until about one o'clock. A team left Norton about five o'clock to bring back the remains and was expected to return early this morning.

The remains were viewed yesterday afternoon by a jury empaneled by Coroner Solomon Perry, who will hold an inquest into the accident at Cody's this morning.

Among the passengers who so narrowly escaped were Trackmaster Jackson of Hampton, Daniel Duffy and his wife of Chipman, John Flynn of St. John, and Mrs. Colwell of Young's Cove. They will be obliged to either drive to Norton from Washademoak or to return and come in this direction by the river route.

The Central railway has had more than its share of accidents during the last two years, two of them being similar to yesterday's disaster. It was Aug. 10, 1901, when the train which broke through the bridge near Bellefleur hurled Engineer John Duncan to death on the rocks 50 feet below and seriously injured eight others of the passengers and train hands.

The family of the deceased consists of his mother, with whom he resided, five sisters and three brothers. Two sisters reside with their mother in Norton, one is Mrs. Folkins of North End, and the other two are Mrs. H. A. Ryan and Mrs. David McFarlane of Chipman. The brothers are Joseph, the brakeman who was on the wrecked train; Herbert, a brakeman, and James, a fireman on the I. C. R.

Advices from Cody's yesterday said that nothing had been done towards clearing the wreck and making repairs.

A Norton despatch says: The Central railway has one spare engine on the road. It is on the Norton end of the road. It will probably run an engine from Norton to the wreck in a few days. The wrecked man in the bridge was thoroughly repaired last year and was thought to be in good condition.

SOUTH AFRICA.

Balfour's Announcement in British Commons Taken to Mean That Peace Agreement Will Be Signed in a Few Days

MOVEMENTS OF THE BOER DELEGATES.

LONDON, May 29.—The Daily Chronicle this morning declares that the negotiations which will be practically concluded in the course of the present week, will witness the formal cessation of the war in South Africa.

The paper says it understands that the government has declined to grant the rebels unqualified amnesty, or to fix a date for the establishment of self-government, and that English will probably be the official language in the two colonies.

Against this idea of a speedy announcement of peace is the decision reached in parliament yesterday to debate the education bill next Monday morning. It was completely worn out by the budget, which seems to show that affairs in South Africa may require a greater period of time for settlement.

It is now regarded as certain that the Chamberlain party will be victorious and that the government has decided to postpone further the debate on the budget, which seems to show that affairs in South Africa may require a greater period of time for settlement.

Major Collett, with a detachment of the mounted troops of the district, encountered a force of Boers on the Repon road May 27. The engagement which followed lasted for a long time. The enemy finally drew off, however, leaving behind them on the field Comrade Mason, who was mortally wounded.

An armored train engaged the same party of Boers the evening of May 27, but no details of the latter engagement are at hand.

LONDON, May 29.—The British cabinet was specially summoned last night and set about an hour. It is decided to retain the tax on grain. The session sufficed to put the final touches on the agreement which will terminate the war. The colonial secretary, Joseph Chamberlain, was sufficiently recovered from his indisposition to attend what is designated as the "peace cabinet."

The government leader, A. J. Balfour, announced in the house of commons today that he hoped to be able on Monday next, to announce the result of the peace negotiations in South Africa.

MONT PELEE.

A Tremendous Explosion Recorded Yesterday Morning.

Phenomena of Volcanic Outbreaks New to Scientists and Many of Them Not Yet Explained.

FORT DE FRANCE, Island of Martinique, May 28, 5 p. m.—A tremendous explosion of very black smoke from Mont Pelee, at a quarter before nine o'clock this morning, accentuated the fears entertained for the safety of George Kennan, the American author, who, with a land party, has been examining the northern part of the island, and the governor of Martinique, M. L. Huette, was at once seen in the matter of arranging for a rescue party to proceed by land, in connection with the voyage along the coast of the island of the United States.

At about 11 o'clock this morning Fernand Clero, a wealthy land proprietor of Martinique, arrived here and announced that Mr. Kennan and his party were safe on a plantation at the north end of the island.

Professor Robert T. Hill, U. S. government geologist, and head of the expedition sent to Martinique by the National Geological Society, who left Fort de France Monday on horseback for the volcano, returned here this morning. He was completely worn out by his trip. Prof. Hill recited an interesting story of his examination of the district through which he passed. He left Fort de France at one o'clock Monday afternoon. He was accompanied by Mr. Cayanaugh, an expert on the geology of the island of Trinidad, and a boy who was to act as interpreter. The party set out on horseback and took the direct north road for Morne Rouge.

Between the hamlets of Deux Cheux and Fonds St. Denis the party entered upon the outer slope of the zone of ashes. Except for occasional patches, all the country to this point was green and smiling. Upon reaching the Ralibaud plantation, one mile southwest of St. Pierre, the explorers met the clear line of demarcation of the zone of flames and destruction, although not of annihilation. Monday night was spent in a deserted house at Fonds St. Denis, from which Prof. Hill witnessed and studied the volcanic eruption of that night. At this point, the horses of the party became exhausted. Early the next morning Prof. Hill pushed on to Mont Parnasse, where several people were killed in the eruption of May 8. Prof. Hill encountered no human beings, but he did meet a few dogs, and a boy who was apparently trying to follow him. From Mont Parnasse the explorer proceeded for Morne Rouge. There he succeeded in getting a number of important photographs, but found that a close approach to Mont Pelee was impossible, as his actual position was dangerous. He started back in a westerly direction. At Champs Fleurs, Prof. Hill's horse gave out completely, and he secured the services of native guides, who led him by wild mountain paths back to Fonds St. Denis.

Deux Cheux Tuesday night was dangerous. The party set out on horseback with a request that a carriage be sent out to him. Wednesday morning the professor left Deux Cheux and walked to within fifteen kilometers of Fort de France. Here he borrowed an old horse from a negro and continued his way mounted. The carriage met him five kilometers from Fort de France and brought him back to town, where he arrived at 11 o'clock Tuesday morning. Prof. Hill heard the explosion of this morning while on his way into Fort de France, and he says a cloud of black smoke, at a great height, was drifting slowly to the southeast.

Speaking personally of his expedition to Mont Pelee, Prof. Hill said: "I attempted to examine the crater of Mont Pelee has been futile. I succeeded, however, in getting very close to Morne Rouge. At 7 o'clock Monday night I witnessed, from a point near the ruins of St. Pierre, a frightful explosion. The flames, fire, and noted the accompanying phenomena. While these eruptions continue no sane man should attempt an ascent to the crater of the volcano. Following the ravages of detonations from the mountain, gigantic mushroom shaped columns of smoke and cinders ascended into the clear, starlit sky and then soared, in a vast black sheet, to the south and directly over my head. Through this sheet, which extended a distance of ten miles from the crater, vivid and awful lightning-like bolts flashed with alarming frequency. They followed distinct paths of ignition, but were different from lightning, in that the bolts were horizontal and not perpendicular. This is indisputable evidence of the explosive oxidation of the gases after they left the crater. This is a most important observation and explains in part the awful catastrophe. This phenomenon is entirely new in volcanic history. Prof. Hill heard the explosion of this morning while on his way into Fort de France, and he says a cloud of black smoke, at a great height, was drifting slowly to the southeast.

"The people on the north end of the island are terrified and are fleeing with their cattle. I spent Tuesday night in a house at Deux Cheux with a crowd of 200 frightened refugees. "Nearly all the phenomena of these volcanic outbursts are new to science, and many of them have not yet been explained. The volcano is still intense-

CITIZENS MEET

And Discuss Celebration of Coronation Day Here.

At a meeting of citizens in the mayor's office on Thursday.

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At a meeting of citizens in the mayor's office on Thursday Coronation day celebration were left in the hands of a committee. Societies are invited by his worship to submit their names of their representatives not later than Monday. A number of suggestions as to the form of the celebration were made, and the idea appeared to prevail to have the laying of the corner stone of the South African memorial in the North End park, form the central feature of the day's programme. Rowing and yacht races, baseball matches, parades and fireworks were also suggested as suitable forms of celebrating. There were present: Robt. Thomson, Maj. Sturdee, commanding 62nd Regiment; Lt. Col. Markham, Rabbi Walenski, Robt. Wilkins, Henry Hilyard, Ald. Seaton, Ald. Robinson, Ald. McGoldrick, Ald. Baxter, William M. Wallace, P. J. Armstrong, Dr. Gilchrist, Director Cushing.

Mayor White in opening the meeting said he had thought it well to get the views of the citizens in the proper manner of celebrating the Coronation day. There were many societies who would wish to take part. His own opinion was that after a full discussion the general principles of the celebration should be laid down and then left to a committee to carry out.

Henry Hilyard said that the ladies of the North End were anxious to lay the corner stone of their memorial to fallen South African soldiers on Coronation day. They would be pleased to have a parade of the military during the celebration. There might too be fireworks by them as to the time of day on which the corner stone would be laid.

Maj. Sturdee said that as yet no orders had been received in regard to the military arrangements. His own view would be to follow Mr. Hilyard's suggestion, but he did not know whether the infantry could be present at the laying of the corner stone and fire the feu-de-joie there or not. So far as his corps was concerned every one would be glad to go and assist at the celebration. There might too be special services held which would have to be taken into account. He believed that not too large a programme should be mapped out. He suggested the laying of the corner stone in the morning, a parade in the afternoon, and fireworks in the evening. He moved that his worship appoint a committee to take the matter in charge. Col. Markham seconded the motion.

Ald. Baxter thought Mr. Hilyard's suggestion would form a central point around which to group any celebration. An appropriate programme could be arranged around it. As the official salute could be fired at noon the time of this could be left open.

FREDERICTON.

Extradition Proceedings in Kelly's Case Will Proceed Against Sillick of Moncton for Manslaughter.

FREDERICTON, N. B., May 29.—The Kelly extradition case will be argued here tomorrow morning. J. B. Connel and J. C. Hartley represent the United States for extradition, and F. E. Carvell represents the prisoner. This is the famous smuggling case in which U. S. Customs Officer Burns was severely beaten by Kelly in the latter's early shot by the officer. Both have recovered from their injuries. Kelly is in jail at Woodstock, and the United States wishes him extradited.

The attorney general stated tonight that proceedings will immediately be taken against Sillick of Moncton for manslaughter. The government members are here tonight and will hold a session tomorrow. Much interest is taken here in the Ontario elections. The Gleason bulletined the returns as they came in. Premier Tweedie and members of the government received the returns at the premier's room at the Queen hotel.

MONCTON NEWS. MONCTON, N. B., May 29.—Fred Lockhart, son of I. C. R. trackmaster Wm. J. Lockhart, and Wm. Glendon, son of Thomas Glendon, were left last night for Mexico, where they have secured good positions. Both have been in the I. C. R. employ here, though young Lockhart spent some time in Mexico a few years ago. The departure of young Lockhart was presented by his fellow employes in the office of superintendent of cars and telegraphs with a handsome leather dress suit case, while young Glendon, who was assistant ticket agent, was given a set of military brushes.

The Messrs. Winter and others of Moncton have just closed with a New York syndicate for the disposal of a half interest in their mine, to the Caribou district of British Columbia for the handsome sum of \$100,000. The Messrs. Winter and those associated with them have spent a considerable sum in developing the property, showing the richness of the mine, but owing to the lack of communication little could be done with it. This difficulty has been overcome by the running by steamer on the Columbia river to the property and active development will be commenced in the near future. The products of this mine were exhibited at both the Chicago and Paris exhibitions and were awarded first diplomas.

A GOLD CASKET Presented by City of London to Mrs. Chamberlain for Her Husband.

LONDON, May 27.—At the Manse House today Mrs. Chamberlain, wife of the colonial secretary, was presented with the gold casket containing the address presented by the corporation of the city of London to her husband last February in recognition of his services to the empire and his career of five years. Mr. Chamberlain was unable to be present, owing to the important meeting called to consider the latest peace proposals. Afterward Mrs. Chamberlain and the other members of the family were entertained at luncheon by the corporation.

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