MC2398

POOR DOCUMENT

WHEN THE HAIR

Shows signs of falling, begin at once the use of Ayer's Hair Vigor. This preparation strengthens the scalp, promotes the growth of new hair, restores the natural color to gray and faded hair, and renders it soft, pliant, and glossy.

"We have no hesitation in pronouncing Ayer's Hair Vigor unequaled for dressing the hair, and we do this after long experience in its use. This preparation preserves the hair, cures dandruff and all diseases of the scalp, makes rough and brittle hair soft and pliant, and prevents baldness. While it is not a dye, those who have used the Vigor say it will stimulate the roots and color-glands of faded, gray, light, and red hair, changing the color to

A Rich Brown

or even black. It will not soil the pillow-case nor a pocket-handkerchief, and is always agreeable. All the dirty, gummy hair preparations should be displaced at once by Ayer's Hair Vigor, and thousands who go around with heads looking like "the fretful porcupine" should hurry to the nearest drug store and purchase a bottle of the Vigor."—*The Sunny South*, Atlanta, Ga.

"Ayer's Hair Vigor is excellent for the hair. It stimulates the growth, cures baldness, restores the natural color, cleanses the scalp, prevents dandruff, and is a good dressing. We know that Ayer's Hair Vigor differs from most hair tonics and similar preparations, it being perfectly harmless."—From *Economical Housekeeping*, by Eliza R. Parker.

Ayer's Hair Vigor

PREPARED BY

DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by Druggists and Perfumers.

THE EVENING GAZETTE

Is published every evening (Sunday excepted) at No. 21 Canterbury street, by

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The Subscription to THE GAZETTE is payable ALWAYS IN ADVANCE.

ADVERTISINGs.

We insert short condensed advertisements under the heads of Lost, For Sale, To Let, Found, and Wants, for 10 CENTS each insertion or 50 CENTS a week, payable ALWAYS IN ADVANCE.

General advertising $1 an inch for first insertion, and 25 cents an inch for continuations. Contracts by the year at Reasonable Rates.

ST. JOHN, N. B., SATURDAY, SEPT. 19, 1891.

For the Latest Telegraphic News look on the First Page.

SOMETHING TO BE ANSWERED.

The silly Telegraph and the disloyal Globe both stand by the census and declare that St. John has been ruined by the national policy. If St. John has been ruined by the national policy, as these papers assert, how does it happen that during the decade between 1881 and 1891 the people of St. John were able to build and occupy 1220 new houses, erected at a cost something like $3,000,000? That is a question which we challenge the silly Telegraph and the disloyal Globe to answer. Let them tell their readers, if they can, by what process a ruined people are able to expend $3,000,000 in new buildings in ten years and also to occupy the same? These enemies of St. John are requested to rise and explain this phenomenon or forever after to hold their peace.

THE TELEGRAPH AND BRIBERY.

The silly Telegraph has a long homily this morning on the evils of bribery in which after quoting a statement published in the Wesleyan that ministers of religion, deacons and officials of churches, communicants of evangelical denominations and owners of farms worth from $5,000 to $15,000 sold their votes to the highest bidder, it says:—

There is, unfortunately, too much truth in the sad picture which the above paragraph presents. Yet 25 years ago such a state of things was almost entirely unknown in this province. There were cases of bribery here and there, but they were not general, and only touched the very lowest class. Bribery of electors came in extensively with confederation, and has been enormously increased in the subsequent elections. It is true that neither party is guiltless, but the gravest charges and the convincing proofs of wholesale corruption in our federal affairs affect almost entirely the party now in power.

The Telegraph displays a dense degree of ignorance when it says that bribery came in with Confederation. Bribery was as common in New Brunswick fifty years ago as it is to-day, and it was not confined to the "very lowest classes" as the Telegraph says, because "the very lowest class" had no votes. The qualification of an elector, except in the city of St. John where the freemen had votes, was the ownership of a freehold of the clear value of twenty-five pounds. The men who sold themselves to the highest bidder in those days were therefore the land owners, the "men who had a stake in the country," the solid yeomanry who were more corrupt fifty years ago than they are now, because they were more ignorant.

MR. ELLIS AND JUDGE PALMER.

The malicious attack upon Judge Palmer, which was made the other day by Mr. J. V. Ellis in the columns of his paper, the Globe, has excited a great deal of indignation in this community. It is felt that this attack must have been instigated by that enemy of the St. John Cotton Mills, which attempted to close them up, and throw 500 of our people out of employment. It is not surprising that Mr. Ellis, as an enemy to St. John, should have become the servant of this hateful corporation, which has sought to do us so much injury, because Mr. Ellis has also been the obedient servant of others, who not only desired to injure St. John, but who wished to haul down the British flag in this province. Still the audacity of Mr. Ellis in presuming to censure a Judge of the Supreme Court, because he is a good citizen and devoted to the interests of St. John is well calculated to excite remark. People are asking themselves whether loyal men in St. John have any rights which a traitor like Ellis is bound to respect? They wonder whether the time has come when men, who are friends of British connection and good citizens, must hang their heads and remain silent, while hirelings of a foreign government abuse and vilify them. We are of the opinion that Mr. J. V. Ellis will make as little by his present attack on Judge Palmer, as he did by his previous attack on Judge Tuck. Nothing has damaged that craven individual in this community so much as his conduct in connection with that episode in his career. If after attacking Judge Tuck, Mr. Ellis had held boldly to what he said, no matter how much he might have been censured for his words, he would at all events have won the respect of those who admire a bold man, even if he is a bad man; but Mr. Ellis while he is as bad as possible, has no courage except of that evil kind, which is proof against shame. A reading of the record of Mr. Ellis' conduct in connection with this case, which fortunately will be found in the Supreme court reports will convince any unprejudiced person that Mr. Ellis not only acted the part of a craven in his libel on Judge Tuck, but that in his answer to the interrogatories he laid himself open to the charge of deliberately having perjured himself by making statements which were so ridiculously false that they were commented upon by the judges. We think that Judge Palmer who stands well in this community as a public spirited citizen, is able to despise anything that his rancorous enemy, Mr. J. V. Ellis, may say against him. We think, too, that loyal men in St. John who have been supporting Mr. Ellis's newspaper, should show some little public spirit by withdrawing their patronage from a journal, which has nothing but abuse for those who are doing their utmost to advance the material interests of St. John. It would be unfortunate for those who give this traitor sheet assistance by their patronage to find themselves the objects of public execration, yet such a result might be reached if such attacks as that recently made on Judge Palmer were persisted in. The people of St. John have not yet reached that stage of degradation tha ttheyare willing to bow their heads in submission whenever the "Globe" chooses to raise its voice.

NOTE AND COMMENT.

There is now a prospect that Parliament will prorogue next week. This will be good news to most of the members whose business interests have suffered severely from the long summer session. The proper time for Parliament to meet is in winter and it is to be hoped this rule will be kept in view in future.

The mayor of Norwich, England, has written to people in New Brunswick soliciting contributions to the museum there, which is being arranged in the old Norman keep of Norwich castle. We respectfully suggest that the people of St. John contribute the editor of the Globe. He would be a unique specimen. No other city in America can produce a man who for a quarter of a century has been supported by the patronage of the people of a city whose business he has constantly and persistently sought to destroy.

Maine Vagaries.

The other day a young, but resolute lady, presented herself at the delivery window of the Belfast post office and asked the polite clerk to direct her to the publishing office. "Do you mean the Journal or the Age?" he asked, referring to the two city newspapers. "I don't mean that kind of a publishing office," said the damsel with a look bordering upon scorn, "I want to get married."

The negro hermit on Little Duck Island, off Mount Desert still continues to hold supreme sway there. Mr. C. H. Welch, of the Tremont board of selectmen, recently went to the Island with a party, carrying him supplies, but could get little satisfaction from conversing with him. This mysterious, voluntary Robinson Crusoe, has now been on the Island alone for more than a year. This man sailed away from Margaretville in an open boat a year ago last August.

A Vinalhaven man, noted for his veracity, tells the Belfast Journal that he recently caught a lobster over five feet in length. The large claw was two feet long. The lobster was chained in Old Harbor pond and fastened to a stone pier in the bridge. During the night the fish pulled down the pier, and made his escape to the open sea, dragging the granite after him. The town sued him for damages, and only released him upon his promise never again to catch another large lobster.

There are some drawbacks even in sweet love. A young lady in Belfast has been engaged to a young man for five years without having seen him in that time, as he lived a long distance away. Recently he arrived in the city and visited her. She went to the train to meet him but failed to see anyone that looked like him. She returned to her home much disappointed. Shortly afterwards, a young man called at her home and inquired for her. It proved to be her lover, yet even then neither recognized the other. After an awkward pause the young lady's mother came to the rescue, and straightened out matters. The young couple were formally introduced and are happy.

Telegraphic Flashes.

At Grand Rapids in the presence of 10,000 people at west Michigan fair yesterday, Nelson lowered his record to 2 10 on the second attempt and trotted each quarter in 32¼.

FALL RIVER,—The striking weavers of Barnaby mill held a meeting yesterday morning, and learned that their committee could secure no concessions from Agent Ashey. They accordingly voted unanimously to remain out. They hold another meeting Monday. The whole mill was shut down last night.

The Chinese government, it is announced, is not aware of any threatened naval demonstration upon the part of the combined fleets of the powers. It is also stated that there is no truth in the statement that the Chinese government has sent a note to the powers in regard to the outrages complained of by foreign ministers.

A special to the Star from Guthrie, Oklahama, says: "Great clouds of smoke are rising from the Cherokee strip and thousands of acres are being burned over. The cause of the fire is not known, but it is thought that the boomers have commenced their raid and are carrying out their threat to burn the grass of the entire country.

Schooners Venture, Wanderer and Pioneer returned to Victoria from Behring sea yesterday, all with good catches. On August 7th the Venture was chased by the Thetis, but a fog sprang up and she was enabled to elude the war ship. Schr. Wanderer was ordered to leave the sea by the Marion. The Pioneer was not molested by any of the Behring sea patrol.

Sir. Julian Pauncefote, British minister, has called the attention of the department of state to the alleged violations of the modus vivendi respecting the maximum number of seals to be taken in Behring sea. An inspection of the terms of the modus vivendi makes it appear that the protest based upon technical grounds, and that there is fair room for the contention that there has been no violation of its provisions which is insisted upon by the treasury officers.

The bodies of 1,200 victims of the flood at Consuegra, Spain, have been buried. The town wears a most desolate aspect. The streets are covered with deposits a yard deep of stinking mud, which probably still contains many corpses. Hundreds of Franciscan priests have displayed heroic devotion in recovering and interring bodies which are now badly decomposed owing to the extreme heat. The superintendent of military works gallantly saved the lives of sixty persons by means of a hastily constructed raft of furniture secured from the floating wreckage. Though badly injured himself he he did not flinch in his efforts to save his fellow beings. He lost the whole of his own property and the savings of many years. Notwithstanding his misfortune, he is now building a wooden bridge across the river to restore communication. The official report of the disaster says 530 buildings in Consuegra have vanished from their sites, while 150 are in a precarious condition and need to be demolished. The lines of 48 streets of the town have been completely obliterated.

Hotel rates are low in Yarmouth. At the Queen, a Nichol will get you a good square meal.—Yarmouth Light.

The fishing vessel, Morris Wilson, of Lunenburg, was lost off the banks in the hurricane on the 7th. inst., with her crew of 17 men.

SPECULATION RAMPART.

Blocks of Stocks Thrown Upon the Market in Wall Street.

NEW YORK, Sept. 17. If ever the public had a fair chance in Wall Street it had it to-day, for it and no other power is extending the limits of the stock market and lifting prices. Attempts to repress the growth of confidence are palpable every day, but are as effective as a blast from a hand bellows would be in competition with the enlivening breezes of spring.

In short, the public, and not those who pry upon it, control the market now, and the prophet who can forecast its fluctuations must literally be inspired.

Coming down to the day's market in detail, it may, without exaggeration, be described as phenomenal. The London market was strong and higher when ours opened, with Reading the conspicuous feature.

But local operators of the professional type evidently paid more attention to current gossip and published attacks upon the Atchison company than they did to foreign sentiment and orders. They made a sharp and seemingly organized attack upon Atchison, which encountered more buying orders than could have been developed in the entire list a month ago.

Blocks of 5,000 and 10,000 shares were thrown upon the market as if they were of no account whatever.

They were absorbed, however, and, as the demand seemed to grow rather than diminish with the supply, the price rose in the afternoon to the highest figures attained in the present movement, and Atchison proved to be leader of the market in point of activity.

Reading and Northwestern made more rapid progress toward higher prices, and the first named was second only to Atchison in respect to dealings.

Incidents of the day were the purchase of 35,000 to 40,000 shares of Reading by foreign arbitrage houses, and the further delivery of certificates of the Atchison company in the name of Mr. Gould.

The late trading was influenced by reports that Russia had prohibited the export of wheat. However that may be, it is now clear that Europe will have to pay its heavy purchases of breadstuffs in cash, and that it has at the same time developed an almost insatiable appetite for our railway securities.

It was announced that $400,000 in gold was arranged for in Paris today for shipment to this country. Well informed dealers in foreign exchange are of the opinion that fully $2,000,000 gold is now under way.

Union Pacific participated in the final rise, because it became unknown that creditors representing all but $2,000,000 of the claims against the company had assented to the funding agreement.

Of the specialties, Missouri, Kansas & Texas and Wabash preferred were in best demand, largely for European account. On light transactions Commercial cable enjoyed a further substantial advance. Canadian capitalists identified with the Canadian Pacific railroad, have according to all accounts, been the heaviest buyers. The National cordage stocks were strong on the absorption by it of another factory.

Lake Erie & Western was favorably affected by the statement of earnings.

The closing was strong at about the best prices.

A RIOTOUS DEMONSTRATION.

How the Production of "Lohengrin" Was Received at Paris.

PARIS, Sept. 16.—The performance of "Lohengrin" commenced at 8 o'clock this evening. The police had orders to take energetic action if necessary. The "claque" seats were occupied by detectives, all the approaches to the corridors were occupied by police, and an inspector stood by each check-taker to scrutinize incomers. Mounted republican guards kept the streets clear.

The house was crowded. The overture was listened to in profound silence, the audience breaking into rapturous applause at the conclusion. The opera was admirably mounted and finely rendered.

By nine o'clock the scene outside the opera house was of the liveliest description. The pavement was almost impassable, and there way a sprinkling of Anarchists and other rough characters in the crowd. A band of students sung the "Marseillaise," the crowds responding with cries of "Vive la France," "A bas Wagner." Portions of the mob continually made rushes against the police cordon, and the police, whenever these incursions became formidable, assumed the offensive and charged the mob, which would take to flight.

Then the singing and shouting would be renewed and the rushes and charges repeated.

Then a force of cavalry and mounted police forcibly patrolled the scene, and a more determined effort to clear the streets was made—an effort meeting with considerable success.

From first to last there was no really dangerous feature about the disturbance. The crowd was, apparently, mainly composed of people curious to witness any demonstration that might be made.

The German embassy was strongly guarded throughout the night. A party of 200 roughs smashed the windows of the German cafe Hanover. The streets soon resumed their normal aspect.

One of the men arrested, on being taken to the police station, announced himself as a Russian. He was forthwith liberated with a bow and a polite "passez monsieur."

Many in the audience went out in the streets between the acts to witness the scenes, and were received with rounds of hisses. At the conclusion of the performance 700 policeman were still occupied in clearing the streets, which were then fast emptying. Some free fights were reported. altogether about 1000 persons were arrested, but all will probably be liberated before morning.

The Nerepis Man on Fish and Fishing.

The man from Nerepis strolled down South wharf this morning in a contemplative mood, and as the GAZETTE man approached him his lips worked themselves into the shape of an exclamation point.

"Great country for fish," said he.

"Yes."

"Lots of city folk fish in the streams all about Nerepis, and when they get done with their sport they always time themselves to reach home before the market closes."

"Why?"

"Because it's there they catch their fish!" and the Nerepis man slapped his leg and brightened up just as if he had made a great discovery.

"Yes," said he, "they bring up the wrong kind of bait, and it won't do to go home with an empty basket. So when they get to the city they are generally able to palm off on their wives anything in the shape of fish, except smoked herring, salt mackerel or the like, as the result of their day's sport."

Then the Nerepis man grew contemplative. "Here," said he, "are millions and millions of pounds of fish. They handle them just as we handle potatoes and turnips. Where are the mighty men who caught them? Do we see their names in the newpapers? are they talked about on the street corners? Not much. Why, I saw a halibut here last spring that weighed 320 pounds, or tons, I forget which, and I didn't inquire who caught it, and if I had, I shouldn't have been answered. But one of your city chaps goes out on one of our lakes or streams, drinks his bait, feeds the mosquitoes, catches a chub, and goes home to tell of his glorious sport, deceive his wife with one or two shad or mackerel which he swears are trout, and get himself talked about."

"Come up and have a day's fishing," said the Nerepis man in conclusion, "and be sure and bring plenty of bait."

INTELLECT OF THE BRUTE.

Handsome Sum to Be Given for Experiments in Development.

A recent Washington despatch says:—A man of large means who resides in Washington has recently declared his intention, privately, to devote $100,000 to a very original purpose, says the Star. The idea is that no satisfactory opportunity has ever been afforded for the development of the intellect of the brute. Intelligence, like bodily qualities is susceptible of improvement through breeding, as every one knows who has thought about the revolution of the dog from the wolf by artifical selection.

This rich man proposes that monkeys or apes shall be taken as subjects for experiment, simply because man understands these animals better than he does others. Let 50 of them, half males and half females, be placed in a paddock, suitably provided with separate quarters for the sexes. Then have them breed pair by pair, as shall be directed by those who superintend. Some of them will develop certain abilities more conspicuously than others. For example, certain individuals will exhibit a superior understanding of the commands addressed to them or will show a greater dexterity in the handling of objects. Those which appear stupid are to be expelled from the colony, their places being filled by fresh recruits.

When a male and female are found who exhibit the same sort of aptitude in any direction they are to be mated. This process, carried on for generations, would necessarily result in the development of superior characters, until finally, after the lapse of 25 years, perhaps less, there would almost certainly be had apes or monkeys far higher in the scale of reason than any known up to the present time.

A Relic From Lundy's Lane.

On the 3rd inst. a number of skeletons of British soldier were unearthed at Lundy's Lane, the scene of the memorable battle which occurred on the 25th. of July, 1814. Some of the red coats were in a remarkably good state of preservation for having laid under the ground 77 years, and the numbers of the regiments the 89th. and 103rd. could be traced on some of the buttons. Considerable excitement resulted in Drummondville by the find and there was quite a scrabble to secure the relics. They were finally placed in charge of the Historical Society there and from the President of that body Rev. George A. Bull, Mr. W. H. Love, of the firm of Scott, Lawton & Love of this city has secured the only one of the buttons on which the number still remained full and plain. It is from the coat of an officer of the 89th regiment and will be added to Mr. Love's collection of officers buttons of the British army. This collection which is the most complete in America will be shown by Mr. Love at the exhibition together with a full record of the arrival and departure of British regiments to and from America since 1783, and also a collection of their badges and crests of the British army.

DODGED THE WEDDING.

Why No Tears Were Shed When the Grenadier Guards Left Bermuda.

"The recent departure of the Grenadier Guards from Bermuda did not cause many regrets among the Islanders," said a well known Bermudian, who was on a visit to New York, to a World reporter. "Though the officers of the guards are the cream of the British military, they and all other swell soldiery have fallen into disrepute down there, owing to the treatment one of Bermuda's most popular young ladies received.

"When the officers of the guards had secured their entrance into the island society, this girl fell a victim to the blind god, and everbody from Gibbs Hill lighthouse to St. George was glad to hear that a big wedding with an officer would result. The prettiest of trousseaux was secured at New York, and all the arrangements for the ceremony were made with great elaboration. The bride's father is rich, and of social position, and the affair was to be memorable in the social history of the islands.

"The night before the wedding the bridegroom gave a farewell dinner to his bachelor friends. In the morning he was gone. A ship that had weighed anchor during the night was supposed to have carried him off. He left no word and at first there was wonder.

"It was the first time such a thing had been played on a Bermuda belle, and it was something the natives could not forget. Gradually indignation arose which came to manifest itself in social indifference to the entire body of soldiery. That was why no tears were shed when the guards left Bermuda."

His Mood All Right.

Dinguss—Shadbolt, how much do I owe you?

Shadbolt—I don't know the exact amount, Dinguss, but—eargerly producing memorandum book—I can find out about it in a second. Um—let me see. Here it is. It's $37, Dinguss—$37. You're in a mood to square up, are you?

Dinguss—Yes. My mood's all right, but my tense is still future. I merely wanted to know the figure. See you again, Shadbolt. 'Morning.

A USEFUL WEED.

Making a Soap From a Wild Product of the Prairies.

That prickly pirate of the plains, the Mexican soap weed, is being converted rapidly into a delicious toilet soap, "fit to wash the hands of the Pope," by a West Bottoms manufacturing company, says the Kansas City Times. The soap weed since time began, or since the Kansas prairie was an inland sea, has thrust its roots deep in the soil of the unsheltered plains and flourished.

There has been nothing until now to diminish the supply or exterminate the species. The hot sun, the baking winds, and the dearth of that moisture which is supposed to be absolutely necessary to life harmed not this hardy sentinel of the plains. Wet or dry, hot or cold, its rapier-like blades, sharp as a cambric needle, radiated alike from a given spot on the face of the earth.

The root of this weed is now being gathered up by men who drive their wagons over the plains of western Kansas. A sharp spade is driven down deeply by the side of the plant, the earth is broken, and the thick, brown root secured. The top, with its long splnes, is thrown aside. Sometimes a long, sharp tool is required to reach deep into the ground, in order to secure the greatest part of the root. Like the prairie dog, "it goes down to water."

This root has been known to extend as far as 20 feet into the soil, but only from two to three feet of the upper portion which is about two inches thick, is worth digging for. This root is brought by the wagon load to Kansas City, where the Interstate Toilet Soap Company converts it into soap. The roots are first washed, then cut up and boiled out in a big vat, where other ingredients are also placed. When this is dried out to such a degree that it will solidify, it is moulded into semi-transparent cakes that slip round in the hand delightfully while being used. One of the most wonderful things about this weed is that, while growing in a region where alkali pools dot the ground and where the soil is white with the chemical, none of it is found in the root. Many of the poorer settlers who occupy "dugouts" find the root in its natural state a panacea for many ills. They cut it into convenient pieces and use it as a cake of toilet soap.

A Life Lesson.

There! little girl, don't cry!
They have broken your doll, I know;
And your tea set, blue,
And your playhouse, too,
Are things of long ago.
But childish troubles will soon pass by,
There! little girl, don't cry!

There! little girl, don't cry!
They have broken your slate, I know,
And the glad, wild ways
Of your schoolgirl days
Are things of long ago.
But life and love will soon come by,
There! little girl, don't cry!

There! little girl, don't cry!
They have broken your heart, I know,
And the rainbow gleams
Of your youthful dreams
Are things of long ago.
But heaven holds all for which you sigh,
There! little girl, don't cry!

—James Whitcomb Riley.

A Mrs. Roan dropped dead on Brunswick street, Halifax, yesterday.

In digging a trench in Halifax yesterday several human bones were unearthed.

The store of J. J. Melanson, at Bathurst, was burglarized Thursday night. Loss $40.

TIRED

How often we hear people say, "I'm tired," and when they have really not done any thing to make them feel so. It is not that they have been working hard, but that

TIRED

feeling that they experience is caused by the system being run down, and they require a good bracing medicine to build them up—to bring about the desired result they should take Estey's Iron Tonic—then that

TIRED

feeling will soon pass away. It builds up the system; strengthens the muscles; tones the appetite, and makes you feel like a new person. Sold by all dealers.

SAFE — BRISTOL'S SUGAR-COATED VEGETABLE PILLS — PROMPT — EASY TO TAKE — INFALLIBLE

UP

WITH THE TIMES.

You're not buying a new hood for the baby, are you? Well you're not up with the times if you are.

Take the soiled last year's hood out of the rag bag. Let Ungar do it up his way. He's up with the times and make Baby's Hood look elegant, bran new.

—AT—

UNGAR'S.

T. FINLAY.

HARNESS. HARNESS.

Having purchased at much below the cost of production the entire manufactured stock of Messrs. Kinnear & Co., Harness Manufacturers, and having in addition a very large stock of our own make, to reduce the same I will sell at a great reduction from regular prices. All in want of Harness

PLEASE CALL AND SAVE MONEY.

T. FINLAY,

227 UNION ST.

Purify The importance of keeping the blood in a pure condition is universally known, and yet there are very few people who have perfectly pure blood. The taint of scrofula, salt rheum, or other foul humor is heredited and transmitted for generations, causing untold suffering, and we also accumulate poison and germs of disease from the air we breathe, the food we eat, or the water we drink. There is nothing more conclusively proven than the positive power of Hood's Sarsaparilla over all diseases of the blood. This medicine, when fairly tried, does expel every trace of scrofula or salt rheum, removes the taint which causes catarrh, neutralizes the acidity and cures rheumatism, drives out the germs of malaria, blood poisoning, etc. It also vitalizes and enriches the blood, thus overcoming that tired feeling, and building up the whole system. Thousands testify to the superiority of Hood's Sarsaparilla as a blood purifier. Full information and statements of cures sent free.

Your Blood

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar

EXHIBITION.

IN STOCK, A FULL LINE OF

Cheap Crockeryware.

SUITABLE FOR HOTELS, BOARDING HOUSES, ETC.

FRED BLACKADAR, - - 166 Union St.

WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED A FINE LINE OF Remarque Proof Etchings and Engravings suitable for presents. GET OUR SPECIAL PRICES FOR Masonic, Oddfellows and K. of P. Charts. Picture Framing a specialty

GORBELL ART STORE, - - No. 207 Union Street, OPERA HOUSE BLOCK.

See the Canopy Hammock.

A New and Useful Lawn Adornment. Easily Set Up and Portable.

HOLMAN & DUFFELL, - - 48 King street.

The word "DYSPEPTICURE" is a Registered Trade Mark in Canada and the United States.

Dyspepticure

Prepared by Charles K. Short, Pharmacist, St. John, N.B.

TWO YEAS AGO *"DYSPEPTICURE" was known to some hundreds of people scattered here and there throughout the Maritime Provinces and New England States.*

TO-DAY *Thousands upon thousands of CURED CHRONIC DYSPEPTICS are sounding its PRAISES all over America.*

"Dyspepticure" differs wholly from all other remedies and is a discovery in the treatment of al Stomach troubles, by its soothing and healing action on the irritated coatings of that Great Nerve Centre—the Stomach, it positively Cures not only Indigestion but the Severest forms of Chronic Dyspepsia.

"DYSPEPTICURE" ASTONISHES CHRONIC DYSPEPTICS

EXCURSIONS.

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY.

PROVINCIAL EXHIBITION, MONTREAL.

CHEAP EXCURSION RATES, *Sept. 17th to 21st inclusive, and on 22nd and 24th Sept. 1891.*

EXCURSION RETURN TICKETS will be issued at St. John, and from intermediate stations to Moncton, both inclusive, to Montreal, between the 17th and 21st Sept. at the

VERY LOW RATE OF— $13.50.

And on the 22nd and 24th of SEPTEMBER at $10.00.

All good for Return up to September 27th, 1891.

D. POTTINGER, Chief Superintendent.

Railway Office, Moncton, N. B., 14th Sept., 1891.

International Steamship Co.

AUTUMN EXCURSIONS —TO— Boston and Portland.

$5.00. ROUND TRIP. $5.00.

COMMENCING SEPTEMBER 16TH, tickets will be issued to Offices 97a Incl ative, good to return 12 days from date of issue.

Tickets on sale only at the office of the company Reeds Point Wharf.

—ALSO— Eastport and Return the following day at $1.00.

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During the week of the Montreal Provincial Exhibition —THE— CANADIAN PACIFIC RY. —WILL SELL— EXCURSION TICKETS TO MONTREAL *Good going Sept. 17th to 21st, at* $13.50. *And on Sept. 22nd and 24th only* at $10.00 each.

All good for return passage from Montreal on or before Sept. 26th, 1891.

For further information enquire of Canadian Pacific Ry. Ticket Agents.

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TERMS REASONABLE.

IN THE SUPREME COURT.

In the matter of "The Provincial Building Society," and in the matter of "The Winding Up Act," and "The Winding Up Amendment Act, 1889":

UPON hearing the sworn petition of the said "The Provincial Building Society," I DO ORDER and appoint Tuesday, the twenty-second day of September now instant, at the hour of eleven o'clock in the forenoon, at the Judges' Chambers, Palmer's Building, in the city of Saint John, as the time and place to settle the order setting the list of contributories of the above named society; and also to make a call on all the contributories of the said society unless sufficient cause be then shown to the contrary.

The official liquidators propose that such a call shall be for fifty dollars per share.

All persons interested are entitled to attend at such day, hour and place to offer objections to such call, and I do further order that the publication of a copy hereof in the Daily Sun and Daily Telegraph, Evening Globe and EVENING GAZETTE, four newspapers published in the City of Saint John, in the respective issues thereof published, on the fourteenth day of September instant, and in each successive issue of each of said papers up to and including the respective issues thereof published on the nineteenth day of September, instant, shall be a sufficient notice to the creditors, contributories, shareholders and members of the said "The Provincial Building Society" under the provisions of "The Winding-Up Act" and "The Winding-Up Amendment Act 1889."

Dated the eleventh day of September, A. D. 1891.

W. H. TUCK, Judge of the Supreme Court.

G. C. & C. J. COSTER, Attorney for Liquidators.

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Capital, $10,000,000.

H. CHUBB & CO., GENERAL AGENT

Losses adjusted and paid without reference to England.

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Just between seasons in every business there are always odds and ends of goods that merchants are glad to sell below cost to make room for fresh stock, and we find ourselves just that way on BOYS' and GIRLS' CLOTH CAPS, so we have marked a lot at 25c. each; former prices from 40c. to 75c., to insure a speedy sale, and they are beginning to go already, and only been on the counter since Thursday. So if you want one you'll have to come soon or buy a higher priced one.

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As my stock of the above is very large I have reduced the price to a trifle above cost.

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