

The Guardian.

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1916

BAY ROBERTS, NFLD., FRIDAY, JANUARY 24, 1919.

\$1.00 A YEAR, IN ADVANCE.

What of Our Heroes?

Some of the boys who fought for us, suffered for us, and risked life and limb for us, have returned home during the past year. Others are arriving now and then, and more are to follow. Are we making any practical effort to show our real appreciation of their services? Then there is the consideration of a suitable Memorial to our fallen heroes, to those who sailed their loyalty and love of King and Country and Right by their lives. It is time to be up and doing. Are we going to sit idle by while others elsewhere in this and in other countries are considering these matters. We would suggest to our returned naval men and soldiers to organize a Bay Roberts branch of the Great War Veterans' Association. By this means they will be able to place any demands or proposals as a body before the proper authorities, and let all the public-spirited and loyal citizens of this section give them all necessary assistance.

Mrs. Abram Squires of Coley's Pt. was terribly burned about her body some time ago, but hopes are entertained for her recovery, though it will not be complete. This case alone pleads very strongly for a local hospital.

Room for St. John's patients in the General Hospital, but "it is useless to send outpatients for some weeks to come." This is practically the Health Department's announcement in the Advocate on Wednesday.

Bennett's High Island, Wesleyville Harbor Newfoundland.

Notice to Mariners

No. 6 of 1918.

Broad Cove Point, Port au Port Bay, Light Established

POSITION—On the Eastern Point of entrance to Broad Cove, South Side of Port-au-Port Bay.

Longitude 58. 37. 30. W.
Latitude 48. 45. 55. N.

CHARACTER—A Flashing White Acetylene Gas Light giving 20 flashes per minute, thus:

PERIODS—
Light 0.3 sec. Dark 2.7 sec. Light 0.3 sec. Dark 2.6 sec.

ELEVATION—Height of light from high water to focal plane 134 feet. Height of structure from base to top of lantern 18 feet.

STRUCTURE—A square open wood framework with sloping sides painted White, Lantern painted Red.

REMARKS—This light will be in operation during open navigation.

J. G. Stone,
Minister of Marine & Fisheries,
Dept. of Marine and Fisheries,
St. John's, Nfld.,
Sept. 6th, 1918.
Oct 18, 31

Newfoundland.

Notice to Mariners

No. 5 of 1918.

Little Denier Island, Bonavista Bay

Lat. 48° 41' 05" N.
Lon. 58° 34' 40" W.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Revolving Light at Little Denier Island giving single flashes at intervals of 30 seconds is temporarily discontinued. During its stoppage an Occulting Light will be exhibited, giving alternate periods of 5 seconds light and 5 seconds dark.

Due notice will be given when the Revolving Light is re-established.

J. G. Stone,
Minister of Marine & Fisheries,
Dept. of Marine and Fisheries,
St. John's, Nfld.,
Aug. 27, 1918. Oct 18, 31

THE GUARDIAN.

Published every Saturday from the office of publication, Water St., Bay Roberts. Subscriptions (post free) to any part of Nfld., or Canada, \$1.00 per year. To United States, Great Britain, etc., \$1.50 per year, postpaid. All subscriptions payable in advance.

ADVERTISING RATES—For display advertisements, 50 cents per inch for the first insertion; 25 cents per inch for each continuation. Special prices quoted for six or twelve months. We do not hold ourselves responsible for the opinions of our correspondents. All advertisements subject to the approval of the management.

Birth and Marriage Notices 25 cents per insertion. Notes of Thanks and Lists of Presents, 50 cents.

We cannot guarantee to insert items of news or advertisements received after Thursday morning.

All small and transient advertisements must be paid for at the time of insertion. The number of insertions must be specified.

BAY ROBERTS, FRIDAY, JAN. 24, 1919.

Local Hospital and Board of Health

Citizens Should Demand Better Conditions

The influenza and smallpox epidemic prevalent in this section must forcibly remind every citizen of the need of a local hospital for the treatment of those afflicted, especially those with very little or no help or accommodation in their homes.

And every citizen must also be aware of the fact that the present Board of Health for this end of the District, composed only of Judge Oke, is entirely inadequate and unsatisfactory for the needs of this section.

The relegating to one man, residing 10 miles away, of the entire supervision and control of the public health of the whole district is absolutely unsatisfactory to the people of this section. Even were he devoting his time exclusively to this matter it would not be good enough.

Nor was it necessary for this epidemic to occur to bring the need of a local hospital to our attention, for any person with ordinary intelligence can see it. The question is, What are we going to do about it?

The outport people have been denied this blessing for years. That is the case even when the matter has been taken up by outport citizens. Deputations have waited on the Government in the past asking for this right, only to be refused or put off until a later date.

Take Mr. Grace. The public-spirited citizens of that town have had quite a sum of money as the nucleus of a fund for that purpose for the past 8 or 10 years. They have appealed to the "powers that be" time and again, but nothing has been done.

What chance, therefore, is there for citizens of any other outport community to have their request granted, especially when their citizens have done nothing to compare with the efforts of the Harbor Grazeians.

The thing that strikes us as being most unfair and unconstitutional is that one lot of taxpayers can get all their requirements re hospital facilities satisfied because they happen to live in St. John's, while the rest of us have to be content with nothing.

Take the influenza epidemic or any other contagious disease in St. John's. The Fever Hospital is there with nurses, attendants, beds, medicine, etc., ready for those afflicted. If it is not large enough thousands of dollars are spent adding "wings" to it. There is always money to be found by the Government to add "wings" or build anything in St. John's, even a museum where the mummies are kept. If the Fever Hospital becomes too small the Seamen's Institute is fitted up.

Take the outport sick or injured having to go to the St. John's General Hospital. Consider the difficulties and sufferings caused the sick ones having to travel by boat or train sometimes at a distance of hundreds of miles. And then, arriving in St. John's, to be compelled to wait around in

boarding houses sometimes for weeks at a time. This is not good enough for the 20th century.

All these conditions are well known to our public men and representatives. The facts are as clear as daylight. We have been treated disgracefully. We and our children have suffered and died simply because hospital facilities have been denied us while these facilities are granted St. John's.

Newfoundlanders have not attempted Bolshevik methods in order that they may obtain their rights. They have not even used strong constitutional means to this end. They have instead trusted their duly elected representatives to see that they got a square deal. Have we got that?

We pay our proportional share of taxes, but what do we get in return? Electric lights on the streets of St. John's when we go there. Hospital accommodation if we can manage to travel there, and fire protection if we go there and board or permanently reside.

Considering these things, and many others if we had the time and space, we ask, What are the 30 outport members in the Government doing? And more particularly we ask, What are the three members for Mr. Grace District doing in connection with the questions above-mentioned? Are they interesting themselves at all except in some trivial ordinary thing. In this end of the district we even haven't as much as seen our member for the past four or five years. Is that good enough?

We do not blame the citizens of St. John's for getting all they can get. What we complain of is that outport taxpayers and citizens do not get their just share of public improvements and facilities.

Read the report of the meetings of the St. John's Municipal Council and see what Dr. Tait is wanting from the Government out of the general revenue.

Think of the cases of sickness and accidents that have come under your own notice, and the many times to your own knowledge, a cottage hospital within easy reach would have been the means of saving life.

Notwithstanding the buildings already erected by the government for the treatment of disease, we notice by the St. John's press that additional accommodation is being provided by adding "wings" to the Fever Hospital.

Who is to blame for this negligence to the outport taxpayer? We claim the outport representatives are chiefly to blame. For had they demanded better treatment for their constituents it would have been granted long ago. Citizens, generally, are also to blame, for we have not been apathetic and indifferent to the cries of the masses who appeal to us for their rights.

The Guardian has taken its stand for the past ten years for outport rights, based on the principle of equal rights because of equal taxation. How far have we succeeded in arousing attention to these rights our readers can judge. We are more strongly convinced than ever that a big wave of public interest must be shown in this matter if anything is to be accomplished. Elect men with ideals who will put their constituents' interests first, first, not last as they have been doing.

Men who will fulfill the promises made on the eve of an election, not those who will sell themselves to the various influences and cliques in St. John's to the detriment often of their outport constituents' interests.

Last year Newfoundland had a revenue of \$5,206,648 which exceeded expenditure by \$652,000—and this was done exceedingly well in war time. A surplus of \$250,000 is estimated for the current year. But for the next fiscal year, which begins on July 1, better things still are expected. The new war revenue will amount to half a million dollars and a surplus of fully one million dollars is looked for.

The Peace Conference opened on Saturday last. Newfoundland was represented by the Premier, Sir W. F. Lloyd.

Settle It Right

However the battle is ended, Though proudly the victor comes, With fluttering flags and plaudits, And echoing roll of drums, Still truth proclaims its motto In letters of living light, No question is ever settled, Until it is settled right.

Though the heel of the strong oppressor May grind the weak in the dust, And the voice of fame with one acclaim May call him great and just, Let those who applaud take warning, And keep this motto in sight— No question is ever settled, Until it is settled right.

Let those who have failed take courage, Though the enemy seems to have won; Though his ranks are strong, if he be in the wrong, The battle is not yet done, For sure as the morning follows The darkest hour of night, No question is ever settled, Until it is settled right.

Man bowed down with labor, O woman young, yet old, O heart oppressed in the boiler's breast, And crushed by the weight of gold! Keep on with your weary battle, Against triumphant might, No question is ever settled, Until it is settled right. Ella Wheeler Wilcox.

We found coal on nearly every island we touched, and I am sure who has returned from these islands may some day be of great value.

On the third page of this issue a typographical error occurs under the heading "The Legislative Council." The date line, April 2nd should read April 23rd.

The small boy defines a headache as a stomach ache in the brain.

Public Notice

The following extracts from "Orders in Council" respecting the payment of Pensions and other Allowances to the dependants of Seamen and crews of Mercantile vessels engaged in the export of Newfoundland produce to market, are published for general information:

1.—The masters of all sailing vessels carrying cargoes of Newfoundland produce to market, shall, before sailing, forward to the Colonial Secretary, a statement giving (a) the full name; (b) Age; (c) Place of Birth; (d) Residence; (e) A complete statement of dependants, and (f) the Address of each of such dependants, of himself and each of the members of his crew.

2.—The benefits to accrue to such dependants are similar to those payable to the dependants of members of the Royal Naval Reserve and of the Royal Newfoundland Regiment under "The War Pensions Act, 1917."

Claimants desiring further information or application forms may obtain same from the Secretary of the Board of Pension Commissioners for Newfoundland, a Room 10, Militia Building, Water Street, St. John's, East. All claims will be heard and adjusted by the Board of Pension Commissioners for Newfoundland.

W. W. HALFYARD,
Colonial Secretary.
Oct 18, 31

Arctic Indigestion Cure

Recommended as a Great Cure for Indigestion and General Debility

Sold by
C. E. Russell, Bay Roberts.

Large Death Rate

The following persons have passed away in this community recently: John Albert Brown, Wm. George Russell, Mrs. Daniel Cleary, Mr. Richard Sparks, John Brown (of John Mrs. Hedley Critch, Miss Gretel Willis Critch, Capt. Azariah Dawe, William Snow, Stephen Earle, Augustus Monchons and Mrs. Geo. Snow.

NEWFOUNDLAND

Notice to Mariners

(No. 3 of 1918.)

IRON ISLAND, of entrance to Burin, Placentia Bay.

Latitude 47. 02. 40. N.
Longitude 55. 06. 50. W.

Notice is hereby given that the Fixed Red Light heretofore shown from this island is discontinued and a Flashing Red Acetylene Gas Light has been established, giving periods of 0.3 seconds light and 2.3 seconds dark thus:—

Light 0.3 sec.; Dark 2.7 sec.; Light 0.3 sec.; Dark 2.7 sec.

In all other respects the station remains unchanged.

J. G. STONE,
Minister Marine and Fisheries,
Dept. Marine and Fisheries,
St. John's, Nfld.,
July 17th, 1918. Oct 18, 31

Notice to Mariners

No. 4 of 1918.

Eagle Island, Bay of Islands, Light Established.

POSITION—On Eagle Island, situated between entrances to North Arm and Middle Arm, Bay of Islands.

Lat. 49° 10' 00" N.
Long. 58° 08' 30" W.

CHARACTER—A Flashing White Acetylene Gas Light.

PERIODS—
Light Dark Light Dra
0.3 sec. 2.7 sec. 0.3 sec. 2.7 sec.

ELEVATION—Height of light from high water to focal plane, 10 feet. Height of structure from base to top of lantern, 18 feet.

STRUCTURE—A square open wood framework with sloping side painted White, Lantern painted Red.

REMARKS—This light will be in operation during open navigation.

J. G. STONE,
Minister of Marine and Fisheries,
Department Marine and Fisheries,
St. John's, Newfoundland,
July 25th, 1918. Oct 18, 31

SERGES AND TWEEDS

Our new stock of Serge and Tweeds have just been opened, and having orders there before the rise in price of Woolens, we are able to give our customers the advantage of old prices.

Order that suit or raincoat now as the season is advancing, as you will have to pay considerably more later on.

JOHN MAUNDER,
281-283 Duckworth Street,
St. John's.

A large stock of PAPE BAGS just arrived. Get stock while they last. C. F. Russell, Guardian Office.

REID NEWFOUNDLAND COMPANY

Water Street Stores Dept.

The well known Headquarters for

Motor Engines, Motor Boats, Motor Supplies Gasolene and Motor Oils

— OUR —

COLUMBIA CELLS & MULTIPLE BATTERIES

Give results unheard of before.

Call or Send for Quotations.

Reid Newfoundland Company

This is the Flour Used In the Household of His Majesty King George



MORE LOAVES to the Barrel

Brown Slab Tobacco

Sold in 6 and 10c. Sticks

Once Tried Always Used

TRY IT.

New Rules

The following additional Rules dealing with the issuance of liquor to the sick, have been submitted by the Board of Control and approved by the Government. These rules have been designed to meet particular cases which it was felt the allowances under the former regulations were not sufficiently elastic to properly serve:

1. In acute illness such as Pneumonia, Typhoid, Septicemia, etc., in which Alcohol is generally used and a larger prescription is needed than is provided under Section B (Rules and Regulations) the medical practitioner will be at liberty to prescribe any amount necessary for such patient, subject to the discretion of the Controller of the Practitioner's monthly allotment. The prescription must state nature of illness.

2. If in the opinion of the Medical Practitioner an aged person requires an extra amount to the 8 oz. prescribed under Section B (Rules and Regulations) then the

Medical Practitioner may prescribe up to 14 oz. per week subject to the discretion of the Controller. The extra amount prescribed to be added to the practitioner's monthly allotment. The prescription must be marked "Aged person."

3. Section 25 of Prohibition Act, Cap. IX, June 5, 1915, shall be construed to mean that after the first day of January, 1918, licences shall be issued free of charge to Druggists and Medical Practitioners.

Notice

It is notified for information of the public that the Department of Militia has taken over all matters pertaining to Casualties from the department of the Colonial Secretary.

All requests for information concerning condition of wounded men, etc., should be addressed to the Minister of Militia, Colonial Building, St. John's.

J. R. ROBERTS,
Minister of Militia,
Jan 8, 1919.