MC2398

POOR DOCUMENT

WE WANT YOU
to subscribe to the GAZETTE. It costs but 35 cents a month, one dollar for three months. Send us your name.

The Evening Gazette.

IF YOU CAN'T BUY
THE GAZETTE on the street, send your name and 35 cents to this office and we will send it to you for a month on trial,

VOL. II.—WHOLE NO. 253. ST. JOHN, N. B., SATURDAY, MARCH 2, 1889. PRICE TWO CENTS

AMUSEMENTS.

Victoria Skating Rink.

A GRAND CARNIVAL

Will be given at Victoria Rink, on
SHROVE TUESDAY EVENING,
5th March Next,
At the request of a large number of people who were unable to gain admission last evening.

TWO PRIZES OF $10 EACH.

Tickets will be on sale at Mr. Morrisey's King street, and Mr Short's Jeffery's Hill.
Dated 28 February, 1889.
A. C. JARDINE, President. G. C. COSTER, Secretary.

SPENCER'S
Standard Dancing Academy.

New classes will open on Thursday, Dec 27th, for beginners.
Afternoon, for Young Ladies, Masters and Misses at 3 o'clock.
Evening for Ladies and Gentlemen at 8 o'clock.
Those wishing to join, will make application at the academy for terms, which are very low.
All the popular dances taught in a term of 20 lessons. COME AND SEE FOR YOURSELVES. Don't miss the first lesson.
Private Lessons given in Waltzing and Fancy Dances day or evening. ASSEMBLY EACH WEEK.
Mr. Fred. L. Scribner pianist.
A. L. SPENCER, Teacher.
ACADEMY, Domville Building, King Street.

WANTED.

WANTED—Three good canvassers for the City. Apply by letter to B. GAZETTE Office.

AN experienced housemaid in a small family, must be well recommended. Call at No. 156 Germain, corner of Horsfield street.
MRS. W. T. GARD.

FOUND.

FOUND about 10 days ago near Coburg street, a pair of GOLD EYEGLASSES, which the owner can have by proving property and paying for advertisement. true
W. TREMAINE GARD,
No. 81 King street.

LOST.

LOST—On Brussels st, last evening, during the parade, a MOCCASIN. The finder will confer a favor by leaving it at Manchester, Robertson & Allison's (wholesale).

FOR SALE

ON Water street, Carleton, a desirable FREEHOLD LOT 40x100 feet with dwelling for one family. Apply to DUNCAN BROWN, 49 Britain street, city.

TO LET.

TO LET, WITH POWER—Two Flats in Brick Building 240 Union street.
WM. PETERS.

A LARGE STORE, with cellar, adjoining W. A. A. Porter's, extending from Union to Waterloo street, with a frontage on both streets. This is one of the best business stands in the city. Enquire of BROWN & LEEIGH.

SHOPS TO LET—THREE SHOPS in the subscribers Brick Building, opposite Dufferin Hotel. Apply to G. PRESCOTT, 19 Coburg street.

HOTEL TO LET AT FREDERICTON.

To Let from 1st May next, that well-known property, THE PARKER HOUSE.
Has all the modern improvements—water, gas, electric bells; electric light and plate-glass front in office. Best location in city. For particulars enquire at the office of the CENTRAL FIRE INSURANCE Co., at Fredericton, or to THOS. A. TEMPLE, the Company's Agent at St. John.
Fredericton, Feb. 11, 1889.

TO LET—The Building Cor. Wentworth and Union Sts., suitable for light manufacturing purposes. Apply T. L. BOURKE, 11 Water St.

TO RENT—A large upper flat on King street. Apply to BROCK & PATTERSON, 32 King street.

TO LET—House in Orange Terrace, at present occupied by T. B. HANNIGTON. In first-class order.
UPPER FLAT of house, corner of Dorchester st, and City Road, newly papered and painted. In good order.
SHOP, on Bridge st, Indiantown. Apply to PROVINCIAL BUILDING SOCIETY, Pugsley's Building.

STORE TO LET—THE DOUBLE STORE, Nos. 9 and 10 North Market Wharf, extending back to Kirk's Alley, about 100 feet; one of the best localities in the city for a general business, having front and rear entrance. Possession 1st May. Apply to R. P. McGIVERN, Nelson street. 2 wks.

TO LET—From 1st May next, lower flat of frame dwelling No. 98 Sydney Street. Contains about 7 rooms. Has separate entrance, good yard attached. Can be seen on Wednesday's and Thursday afternoons, from 2 to 5.
For particulars apply to J. E. IRVINE, Troop's Building, or F. S. SHARPE, 120 Prince William Street.

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

FOR SALE, OR TO RENT—From 1st May next, pleasantly situated Brick House, No. 95 Hazen street, at present occupied by K. Shives, Esq. House contains 11 rooms, with bath room, gas and water; good yard in rear; location finest and most desirable in the city. For further particulars apply to FRANK W. MULLIN, care American Rubber Store, 65 Charlotte street.

FOR SALE OR TO RENT—The brick dwelling house, situated at Orange Street, No. 38, at present occupied by Mr. Robt. Thompson, jr. For particulars apply to Blair & Co., No. 3 King street.

CUSTOM Tailors, Dress Makers, Barbers, Liquor Dealers, and others whose business requires similar premises, are respectfully requested to view the handsome brick building on Canterbury street adjoining the W. C. T. U. restaurant, which is so arranged that the rooms above the elegant shop on the ground floor, can be utilized either for dwelling purposes or may be occupied for daily work by the employes. Price low or rent moderate. Apply to J. H. Kinnear or C. A. Stockton, Real Estate Agent.

St. John and Digby and Annapolis.

Stmr LANSDOWNE

WILL LEAVE WHARF, REED'S POINT, ST JOHN, EVERY
Monday, Wednesday and Saturday,
at seven o'clock, local time, and return same day.
Freight received at warehouse daily up to five p. m.
J. H. HARDING, Agent Dept. Marine.

TAKE NOTICE

THAT all debts, due us, must be paid to us only, at our office No, 85 Germain street, Room 2.
JAMES McCULLOUGH & Co.
St. John, N. B., Feb. 15, 1889.

NOTICE.

APPLICATION will be made at the next ensuing session of the Legislature of New Brunswick for the passing of an act to incorporate the Exhibition Association of the City and County of St. John, giving to said Association power to hold exhibitions of an industrial and other character, and to do all lawful acts in furtherance thereof, to hold real and personal property for the purpose of exhibitions and for the management of the property of the Association, with further power to do anything necessary to holding exhibitions and making the same conductive to the development of the resources of the Province.
WM. J. PARKS, Secretary.
St. John, N. B., Feb. 5th, 1889.

SHERATON & SELFRIDGE,

38 KING STREET.
Opposite the Royal Hotel,
Will open on or about the 20th of this month, with a full line of
STOVES, RANGES
—AND—
KITCHEN FURNISHINGS.

Monthly Accounts with Prices to Match.

A TRADE SECRET.

Every business house that is run on business principles has besides its own interpretation of those principles, some other peculiar principle, or belief as it were in the efficacy of those principles to increase business. Of only three of these are we going to speak viz.; 1st. Goods to suit the trade; 2nd. Long time credit, and 3rd, which cannot but follow High prices.

The followers of these principles claim, and with a great deal of reason, that the question of retail trade now is not a question of prices but of goods, that so long as your goods are fashionable, or stylish, or new, or call them what you will, a sale is easily made, irrespective of price, provided always that the dealer is willing to charge for six months before sending the bill and then wait for his money till the buyer is ready to pay him.

With the first argument we have nothing to do, we concede and endorse the position, but we do not concede that the price is not a factor.

We are aware that inferior goods, even at a low price, cannot compete with first-class goods at a higher price, and this very fact has given the followers of the principles we speak of an argument in their favor. But now a new faith enters the ring. Never before has first-class goods; *low* prices, and short time (which must follow) been [arrayed against first-class goods, high prices and long time.

We propose to give the purchasing public the benefit of high class goods, at low prices, on condition always that short time enters into the agreement. For all these, therefore, who favor short time and low prices, we are prepared. To these who have been in the habit of paying high prices for the sake of time, we would say, consider—what interest are you paying?

* * * * * * *

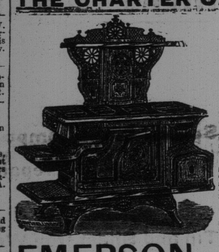
Perhaps the above will provoke a smile on the part of the old stagers. Probably they, who have been through it all, will say, "Young enthusiasts! do they hope to revolutionize the ways of trade in St. John?" We might say we hardly expect that much; but we are willing to stake our probabilities of success—strong probabilities at present—on this one point. We realize that if our arguments are wrong, we shall fail. We understand that, if what we are attempting to do is impossible, we shall go down with the principle—and we are just as confident that without this belief—what some would call a drawback our chances of ordinary success are the best.

If we do not expect to revolutionize the trade, why do we attempt it? This is what we do believe: That there are enough people in greater St. John (who think the way we do), to furnish trade for one store. We believe that our trade may grow, as the number who think with us may grow in startling proportions.

"The world is moving very fast."

HUNTER, HAMILTON & McKAY

THE CHARTER OAK IS THE BEST.
WHY?



Because it has the heaviest Castings and the largest flues, hence will outwear any other Stove made and will draw where many others fail.
While these features are well worthy of consideration by all who think of purchasing a new Stove, we would direct special attention to the

WIRE GAUZE DOOR.

And the advantages to be derived from its use. These are so manifold that it is impossible for us to explain them in the limited space of our column.
To those who may call it will afford us pleasure to explain its desirability. To those who cannot we shall be glad to supply circulars explaining fully the principles, and the savings made by its use.
The largest foundry in the United States is engaged in turning out the Charter Oak at the rate of 400 daily, and with this enormous output are barely able to supply the extraordinary demand. This proves more than anything else can do its great advantages, and the appreciation of the public for a good thing.
The Wire Gauze oven door is unquestionably the greatest invention of modern times in connection with the Stove trade.

EMERSON & FISHER,
75 and 79 Prince Wm. St.

CALL AND SEE
J. E. HOLMAN'S large stock of
WALL PAPERS AND WINDOW SHADES
BEFORE PURCHASING.
F. E. HOLMAN, - - - 48 King Street.

KEDY & CO.,
Remove to their new Store at
231 Union, next corner Waterloo, street about 1st April.
Genuine Clearing Sale to commence on the 1st of March.
PREPARING FOR SPRING.

We have a few suit lengths and a few Trouserings left over, which we are offering at $20 per suit and $5 for pants.
Our stock of these goods is limited and must be sold to make room for our new spring stock, which is now beginning to arrive.

A. F. deFOREST & CO.,
Foster's Corner, King Street.

Encourage Home Manufacture.
Maritime Varnish and White Lead Works.
JAS. ROBERTSON,
Manufacturer of all Kinds of Varnishes and Japans, White Lead, Colored and Liquid Paints and Putty.
Factory, Corner of Charlotte and Sheffield Sts.
OFFICE AND WAREHOUSE, Robertson's New Building,
Cor. Mill and Union Streets. - - - St. John, N. B.
WILLIAM GREIG, Manager.

F. W. WISDOM,
Mill, Steamboat and Railroad Supplies, 41 Dock Street, St. John, N. B.
IMPORTER AND DEALER IN
Rubber and Leather Belting, Rubber and Linen Hose, Lace Leather and Cut Lacing, Cotton Waste and Steam Packing, Lubricating Oils, Mill Files, Emery Wheels, Emery Cloth and Emery, Wrought Iron Pipe, Cast Iron Water Pipe; Steam, Gas and Water Fittings, Steam Pumps, Steam Gauges, Injectors, Bolts, Nuts and Washers, Babbit Metal and Antimony, Steam and Hot Water Heating supplies.
Lowest Quotations Given on Special Supplies.

SECOND EDITION.

THE END OF PIGOTT.

HOW THE FORGER WAS DETAINED IN MADRID.

His Letter Handed Over to the London Police.

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE GAZETTE.

LONDON, March 2.—Pigott's telegram to Mr. Shannon read thus "please ask Mr. S. to send me what you promised.—Write — Roland Ponsonby, hotel des ambassadeurs, Madrid."

Immediately on receipt of this telegram Soames telegraphed to inspector Littlechild of the police notifying him that Pigott was in Madrid, and afterwards carried Pigott's telegram to him. Shannon, who was about to take his departure for Ireland, wrote to Pigott denying that he had promised him money.

The police induced Soames not to send Shannon a letter and the clerk in Soames' office, in order to detain Pigott in Madrid, wrote him a letter saying Shannon was in Ireland and when he returned to London the money he asked for would be sent him by telegraph.

An Austrian Opinion.

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE GAZETTE.

VIENNA, MARCH 2nd. The newspapers of this city unanimously express approval of the suppression of the patriotic league by the French government. They consider the struggle between republican Boulangism has entered upon a decisive phase. The paper declares that Tirard Cabinet deserves the gratitude of Europe for guarding the peace against disturbance by the league.

French Politics.

(BY TELEGRAPH TO THE GAZETTE.)

PARIS, Mar. 2nd.—The government has instructed the prefects of the various departments to prevent forcibly, if necessary, the meetings of the committee of the patriotic league. The government has decided to create a special ministry for colonial affairs.

W. H. Gladstone Better.

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE GAZETTE.

LONDON, March 2.—W. H. Gladstone who is ill at Hawarden passed a quiet night. His condition has improved.

[W. H. Gladstone, the eldest son of the Right Hon. W. E. Gladstone, who is reported to be dying, sat in Parliament for some time as member for East Worcestershire, but retired two or three Parliaments ago.]

Town Talk.

When the Queen's Jubilee was being celebrated several citizens of the United States who had been born under the English flag, thought it would be a nice thing to hold a public meeting in Faneuil hall and have a little rejoicing just for the sake of old times. This may have been right or it may have been wrong, but right or wrong there were a large number of the loud voiced patriots of Boston who objected in very strong language to the use of Faneuil hall for the British demonstration. But Faneuil hall was used just the same and the demonstration was a success. This might be considered something of a chestnut had it not been that at a public meeting in the Institute the other evening the Union Jack and the Stars and Stripes were used in decorating the hall. Nobody cared about this any more than had the walls of the building been festooned with Turkish crescent. The British flag is the emblem of freedom everywhere, and although it sometimes gets into bad company it is always respected and respectable. Another thing proved by our tolerance of the Yankee flag in public places, is that our people are much more tolerant than their neighbors.

* * *

No more aristocratic audiences have ever graced the Institute than those present at the performances of the Amateur Minstrels, during the past few nights. Yet the entire audience stood through the playing of the National Anthem with uncovered heads. Ald. Robertson who last Dominion day had the hardihood to hoist a Yankee flag from his residence at Westfield was present and it is two to one that the Union Jack adorns that flag pole next Dominion day. Treason is unprofitable in St. John in these days.

They Would not Pray for Him.

[New York Sun, Feb. 28.]

"I did it because the folks at church last night would not pray for me," said Abbott Harvey, aged 38, a fisherman at Seabright, N. J., when he was fished from the North River this morning by the crew of the tugboat Edwards.

Harvey, who is a slenderly built fellow, with a weak face and consumptive look, had just attempted suicide by jumping from the ferryboat Communipaw of the New Jersey Central railroad.

The boat was on her 6:30 trip from Jersey City, and before she could be stopped the tugboat crew had hauled him out.

Dry clothing was given to him by Central Railroad employes, and he was locked up on a charge of disorderly conduct by the Jersey City police.

A pocketbook containing $45 and a certificate showing that he has $250 on deposit in the First National Bank of Manasquan was found in his possession.

Late Local News.

FREIGHTS ADVANCING.

The oil freights in New York have an upward tendency. They have advanced from 1s. 9. per brl., to 2s. 9d. in the last week, and are still going up. Other freights are firmer, with an upward tendency.

Weather Report.

POINT LEPREAUX, 9 a. m.—wind E. N. E., cloudy; them. 33.
3 p. m.—wind S. E. calm, hazy, them 37. Ond sch. passed outward.

City Police Court.

In the city police court this afternoon Frank Lrake was fined $6 or one month in jail, for fighting in the ferry boat o Wednesday last.

BRITISH AFFAIRS.

The Talk of the English Capital.

[SPECIAL TO GAZETTE.]

LONDON, Mar. 2. The British public have had little to think of during the past week but the the Times case against Parnell, and the wonderful collapse of the witness Pigott. When Pigott failed so miserably on the witness stand people shook their heads, and even the firmest believers in Parnell's guilt doubted; but when it was learned that he had fled, after making a full confession, there was no more to be said but that he had proved himself a scoundrel and an imposter.

The last intelligence which comes from Madrid that Pigott committed suicide after being arrested, is a fitting conclusion to this miserable affair which has so searched the hard earned reputation of a great English journal and kept the people of the British islands for so many months in a state of delusion. Pigott's suicide is easily explained on the theory that he could have been proved guilty of the forgery of commercial paper and other crimes, and he had nothing to hope for but a life long term of imprisonment.

The apology of the Times in regard to its share in the affair is by many regarded as a grudging one, and got sufficiently ample. The fact that it has not at once retired from the case but continues to keep the Attorney-General in court reading extracts from Irish newspapers, is likewise severely commented on. It is understood that a plentiful crop of lawsuits will follow the conclusion of this sensational trial.

The Pigott affair has quite obscured for the time the interest in the proceedings of Parliament, which, however, have been quite exciting. The debate on the address ended, as every one knew it would, in a victory for the government, but it is known that the government will be attacked in other directions before many days have elapsed. Mr. Gladstone's speech last night is regarded as one of his best efforts, and he certainly showed great vigor and strength for a man of his years. Chamberlain's speech was well received by the Tories. Its main point was that the opposition has produced no policy to take the place of that of the government. With regard to the round table conference, he accused Sir Wm. Vernon-Harcourt of inaccuracy. An exciting episode of the debate was the scene between T. W. Russell, a Liberal Unionist, and Dillon.

The whole Irish question will, without doubt, be brought up in an another form upon the Parnell Commission reports. Until then the mouths of men are sealed.

BEED TO DEATH.

A Strange Case of Defective Circulation at South Hadley.

HOLYOKE, Feb. 28.—South Hadley, a town a few miles distant, furnished in the death yesterday afternoon of George Carpenter, a most peculiar case. The deceased was about 22 years of age, was employed last Monday in removing some ice, when he pinched one of his toes so hard as to raise a bloodblister. As he had often had serious trouble from heavy losses of blood in cases of trivial scratches, he was especially careful in this instance not to break the blister. On Tuesday, however, with all his care and watchfulness, it broke, and the blood flowed from the wound so freely as to cause both himself and his parents such alarm that Dr. Clark was called. After some time and difficulty, the bleeding was stopped, only however, to commence flowing from the nose. For hours the doctor worked unceasingly to stop the hemorrhage, and finally succeeded, but despair seized upon all present when it was seen, a few moments later, that from the mouth gushed forth the crimson torrent which was hurrying the sufferer nearer to his grave. The doctor and his attendant were unremitting in their efforts to check this new danger, but they were unsuccessful, and the unfortunate victim gradually sank until death ensued. Carpenter was very peculiar in his looks, always wearing the appearance of one in the last stages of consumption, and would bleed copiously upon receiving the slightest scratch. During his childhood his parents would never permit him to use a knife, lest he might cut himself and bleed to death. Only about two weeks ago he came near dying as a result of having a tooth drawn, from the effects of which he bled freely. The disease seems to have been inherited, as his grandfather and uncle died from a similar cause. A medical examination showed that his blood failed to circulate properly, but flowed through channels other than the natural ones.

Capital Notes.

At a grit caucus held yesterday, there was a big row over Barron's resolution in re the Jesuits estates. Barron was condemned for placing it on the order paper. The party decided that each man should take his own course on the division.

Returns to the finance department show a surplus of revenue over expenditure of $2,750,000, for the eight months of the fiscal year over the corresponding period of last year.

A large delegation of shippers and forwarders interviewed the government to secure a reduction of canal bills for the coming season.

Hon. Mr. Tupper was waited on by Ontario marine men and asked to make certain concessions relative to boiler inspection.

Messrs. Kenney and McDougal of Picton interviewed Sir John, and asked that the bounty of pig iron be retained at the present figures. According to statue it will be reduced fifty cents on June 1st.

Papers in connection with the dismissal of Ross, late collector at Halifax, show that after the order in council was passed requesting him to resign, Ross telegraphed his resignation on condition that he be granted superannuation. The minister answered that the government could accept no conditions. Ross thereupon resigned unconditionally, and followed his resignation up with a dignified request to the government for superannuation. He says he left the office as he entered it, a poor man, and the only real estate he has is a lot in the cemetery.

Tilley Lodge I. O. G. T. will occupy their new quarters in Temperance hall Monday evening.

PIGOTT SUICIDES.

He Shoots Himself in Madrid After Being Arrested.

The End of a Purjurer, Forger and Black Mailer.

GREAT EXCITEMENT IN ENGLAND OVER THE EVENT.

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE GAZETTE.

LONDON, March 2nd.—It is learned this afternoon that the telegram Pigott sent from Madrid on Thursday to Soames' office in this city was addressed to Mr. Shannon, the Times Dublin solicitor, not to Ponsonby as first reported. On receipt of this telegram Soames notified the police of the whereabouts of Pigott.

MADRID, March 1.—An Englishmen, supposed to be Richard Pigott, was arrested at Hotel des Ambassadeur yesterday, where he registered under the name of Ronald Ponsonby. He afterwards committed suicide with a revolver.

LONDON, March 1st.—The arrest of Ponsonby (otherwise Pigott) at Madrid was made in consequence of a telegram from the British foreign office. The Standard says it is able to confirm its statement of the suicide. Pigott, with the excuse that he wished to get an overcoat, retired to an alcove and shot him self in he mouth with a revolver.

LONDON, March 2.—A despatch received early this morning from Madrid said that the body of the man who shot himself at hotel Des Amassadeur yesterday when taken into custody by an officer had not been identified as that of Pigott and that the authorities were awaiting a portrait of the latter before determining whether he was the man who killed himself. A despatch this morning, however, removes all doubt that the suicide was Pigott. His identity has been fully established by the officials of the British Embassy.

On Thursday an interpreter showed Pigott the sights of Madrid. On that day Pigott sent a telegram addressed "Ponsonby to the office in London of Soames, the Times solicitor." The telegram announced his arrival in Madrid, and gave his address. It is inferred that the English government learned from this telegram that Pigott was in Madrid. It is reported that a note-book containing the address of a number of persons in Ireland was found on the body. Pigott's suicide has caused a profound sensation throughout England. Witnesses have started from Paris for Madrid for the purpose of formally identifying the body. The Madrid police authorities intend to hold the effects of the suicide, pending an order from Court, relative to their disposal.

MONEY AND TRADE.

Rates of Exchange—To-day.

London, 60 day	⅜	Selling. ¼ p. cent.
Do., sight	⅜	⅛ p. cent.
New York	¼ dis	par.
Boston	¼ dis	par.
Montreal	¼ dis	par.

New York Markets.

NEW YORK, March 2.

Bank	Yesterday Closing.	To-day Opening.	Highest.	Lowest.	1.30 p. m.	Yesterday's Sales.
Chi, Bur & Quin	101½	101½	102	101½	3600	
N Y Central	.....	.....	.....	.....	600	
Cen Pacific	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Canada Southern	55	55	55	55	200	
Delaware & Hudson	135	.....	.....	.....	500	
D & Lack	141	141½	141½	141½	6000	
Erie	29½	29½	29½	29½	2500	
Consol. Gas	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Hocking Valley	95½	95½	95½	95½	4900	
N J Central	13½	.....	.....	.....	.....	
K & T	10½	10½	10½	10½	7300	
Lake Shore	69½	69½	69½	69½	5200	
Lou and Nash.	72½	72½	72½	72½	3800	
Mis. Pacific	47½	47½	47½	47½	6500	
N Y & New England	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Nothern Pacific	62½	62½	62½	62½	4600	
Northern Pacific pref	106½	106½	106½	106½	13000	
Chi. & Nor.	35	35	35	35	400	
Omaha	54½	54½	54½	54½	13000	
Oregon Trans	27½	27½	27½	27½	200	
Pacific Mail	47½	47½	47½	47½	9600	
Ph. & Reading	27½	27½	27½	26½	4500	
Richmond Term	92½	92½	92½	92½	16000	
St Paul	91½	91½	91½	91½	400	
Texas Pacific	21½	21½	21½	21½	400	
Union Pacific	65½	65½	65½	65½	13000	
Western Union	86½	86½	85½	85½	7000	
Wabash	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Wabash pref	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Norfolk & W pref	44½	.....	.....	.....	.....	
E T pref	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
C C C	78½	78½	78½	78½	2100	
Cotton Oil Ctfs	28½	28½	28½	28½	.....	
Top & St Fe	52½	52	52½	52	.....	
Rock Island	96½	96½	96½	96½	.....	
C M pref	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Maine Central	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Gin	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
West Ends	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Eastern	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Chicago Gas Trust	43½	43½	44	43½	.....	

Chicago Markets.

	Yesday Close	To-day Open	Highest	Close
Wheat—May	107	107	107	105½
June	102½	101½	101½	101½
July	93½	93½	93½	92½
Corn—Feb	.....	.....	.....	.....
Mar	35½	35½	35½	35½
May	36	35½	36½	35½
June	35½	35½	35½	35½
April	35½	35½	35½	35½
Pork—May	11 30	11 35	11 35	11 32
Mar	11 30	.....	.....	.....
Petroleum	92½	92½	92½	92½

U S Government C. Bonds, 4 p cent, 128½ @ 129

London Markets.

LONDON, March 2.

Consols 98 1-16 for money and 98 5-16 for the account.

United States Fours	.....
Do. do. Fours and a half	.....
Atlantic and Great Western firsts	34½
Do. do do seconds	.....
Illinois Central	112½
Erie	30½
do. Seconds	.....
Mexican ordinary	44
St Paul Consolidated	64½
New York Central	111½
Reading	24½
Canada Pacific	53
Mexican Central firsts	73½
Pennsylvania	.....
Spanish Fours	75½
Bar Silver	.....

Money 2½ @ 2½ p r cent.
Rate of discount in the open market for short bills is 2½ per cent; three months bills 2½ per cent.

Liverpool Markets.

LIVERPOOL, Mar. 2—Cotton quiet with a limited enquiry. American middlings 5¾ pence; sales 7,000 bales; for speculation and export, 500 bales; receipts 27,000 bales; American 5,200 bales. Futures steady

Stocks and Bonds.

From J. M. Robinson, Banker and Broker, No. 64 Prince William Street.

ST. JOHN, N. B., March 2, 1889.

Bank	Par of Share.	Last Div'n'd	Asked.	Offer.
New Brunswick	100.	6 p c	221	218
B N America	243.33	4 p c	154	150
Nova Scotia	100	3½ p c x d	144	142
Merchants	100	3 p c x d	125½	122
Halifax Banking Co.	20	3 p c	113	111
St John Gas	100	4 p c	149	137
People's Bank of N. B	150	4 p c	200	195
Montreal	200	5 p c	232½	231
Commerce	50	3½ p c	121	120½
Merchants	100	4 p c	142	138
Toronto	100	5½ p c	237	235
Ontario	100	3 p c	135	133½
Molsons	50	4 p c	.....	152
Montreal Tel Co.	40	2 p c qur	90	85½
Montreal Gas Co.	40	6 p c	200½	200
C P R	.....	x d	52½	51½

BRITISH PARLIAMENT.

The Government Sustained by Seventy-Nine Majority.

LONDON, March 1.—Gladstone resumed the debate on the address in reply to the Queen's speech. He held there were three main issues raised in the amendments under discussion. The house was called upon entirely to disclaim the present administration of Irish Government. He asserted that to this system was due the aversion of the people of Great Britain, and finally the house was asked to adopt measures of conciliation. They owed an apology to the people of Ireland for allowing the great question of the domestic government of their country to remain unintroduced in the present parliament. Still the Liberals were tolerably well satisfied with the progress of the question in favor of the country. (Cheers.) It was said the present government of Ireland would have been remarkably successful but for difficulties placed in the way in connection with the land question. Mr. Chamberlain and his friends created the land difficulty. When the effects of the prevailing distress became patent they obstinately refused to deal with them. The refusal was followed by the plan of campaign. He never vindicated breaches of law in any shape but he must say there were many cases in which law makers were more responsible than law breakers, and this is one. (Cheers.) The government continued to declare its anxiety to settle the land question, yet with a large majority behind them Chamberlain appealed to him to propound a scheme for settlement of the question. He then was a person so happy as to possess the political confidence of his opponents. (Laughter.) The responsibility for delay in coming to a settlement rests upon—the majority in power. A refusal to produce a measure would lend still further to expose the utter hollowness of the conservative assurances in regard to Ireland, the real determination of the majority to do nothing to ameliorate the condition of the Irish people. (cheers.) Gladstone proceeded to show from results of by elections that the opinion of the country was turning to home rule. He contested the assertion that the improving condition of Ireland was due to the administration of the government. Referring to the Parnellite prisoners he denounced the degrading hardships and personal indignities they suffered. No former government, liberal or conservative, had given imprisoned political men such usages. (Cheers.) Balfour's plea that the treatment of the prisoners could not be altered without alteration of rules beyond his power was ludicrous. The truth was the present treatment of prisoners was part of the system of extreme repression. He declared the breach between the people and government was widening; the confidence of the people in the law and the administrators of law was impaired and almost gone. (Cheers.)

Goschen, chancellor of the exchequer, denied that the government desired to delay the extension of local government in Ireland.

Parnell was greeted with enthusiastic cheers, all the members of the opposition including Gladstone rising and waving their hats. Parnell said: There is no example in history of a large section of people rebelling unless stirred up to it by suffering and injustice. He was convinced Irishmen, knowing that the people of England, Scotland and Wales had for the first time turned the ear of reason to the solution of the question, would steadily resist any incitement to disorder, and hold fast to the true way pointed out to them in 1885 by Gladstone. He maintained that the offences for which the Parnellites were imprisoned were not as a role of a political nature.

Morley's amendment was rejected, 339 to 260.

Cable Briefs.

W. H. Gladstone is dying.

Dr. Tanner, M. P., was arrested in the smoking room of his hotel last night and taken to Scotland Yard.

Lord Salisbury has elected Sir Julian Pauncefote for the post of British minister at Washington on account of the latter's knowledge of the fishery question.

Afghan forces are advancing from Herat, and the Emir of Bokhara is preparing to attack them. Russian papers all adopt a warlike tone in commenting upon the situation.

The Methodist minister, Mr. Jeffrey, has been regularly appointed to Queen street Methodist church, Toronto. An investigating committee has also reported that the charges against his conduct are not sustained, but the council will admonish him for imprudent remarks from the pulpit.

Attorney General Webster occupied the remainder of yesterday with reading extracts from the Irish World and Freeman's Journal regarding Davitt. Sir Chas. Russell finally protested that the attorney general's only object was to have the passages published in order to arouse prejudice against the Parnellites. The commission then adjourned.

Dr. Von Dollinger, the theologian and historian, observed the 90th anniversary of his birthday yesterday. He was flooded with congratulatory messages and received many telegrams from America, including one from Count Arco-Valley, the German minister at Washington. Prince Luitpold of Bavaria sent Dr. Von Dollinger a splendid bouquet, and 51 German members of the Austrian Reichrath sent him an address.

Telegraphic Flashes.

In the Montreal civic elections yesterday Ald Kennedy, Villeneuve and Hamelin were elected respectively in St. Anns, St. Jean Baptiste and Centre wards, but surprise was created by the defeat of the veteran Aldermen Laurent, chairman of the board of works, in St. Louis ward, which he had represented for 13 years. Mr. Sarignac was his successful opponent.

Hon. Mr. Taillon is very ill with inflammation of the kidneys. He was suddenly attacked yesterday morning at his hotel, and though better, will be confined to his room for a few days. Dr. Marcil took measures to check the attack. Yesterday afternoon both sides of the house, headed by Messrs. Mercier, Taillon, McShane, Lynch and Flynn, cabled Mr. Parnell congratulations on his victory over the London Times.

The committee of the Toronto Anglican deanery has reported in favor of leaving the Jesuits' bill alone, and the decision has been received with great satisfaction.

At a soiree given to artists and authors Gen. Boulanger said: "It is deplorable that France, who had not fired a gun for so long a time, should now fire on our friends, the Russians." General Boulanger was the object of much attention from a large number of the guests.

Publicity.

LONDON, March 1.—Pritchard has been put up to fight Jack Dempsey for one thousand pounds.

FIRST EDITION.

SIR CHARLES SPEAKS.

THE MODUS VIVENDI IS DEAD BECAUSE THE U. S. SENATE REJECTED THE TREATY.

Canada Awaits the Further Action of the United States and Rests on the Treaty of 1818.

NEW YORK, March, 2nd.—Before leaving for Canada last night Sir Charles Tupper informed a reporter that there was no truth in the rumors that he was to succeed Sir John A. Macdonald as Premier or that he had been entrusted with the duty of reopening negotiations at Washington, in regard to fisheries and other trade relations between Canada and the United States. "I may say definitely," said he, "that neither Great Britain nor the Canadian government will take the initiative in negotiations of this character. The relations of Canada with the United States in regard to the fisheries are at present governed by the treaty of 1818. It was expressly provided that the modus vivendi which governed the relations of countries during the discussion of the proposed Chamberlain treaty should hold only while that treaty was pending in the United States Senate. The Senate rejected the treaty and hence the modus vivendi is now dead. This treaty was rejected by the Republican party and an administration of that party is about to come into power. It is for this party and for this administration to take the first steps toward making another treaty rather than ourselves. We shall await their action. The purpose for which I am coming to Canada at this time is just this and only this. I have been summoned home by the Canadian government to give evidence before our arbitration commission there which is investigating some matters in dispute between the Government Canadian Pacific Railway Company, having reference to the construction of the Onderdonk section of the Railway during my tenure of office a few years ago as dominion minister of railways and canals. I am now a resident of London and I expect to go back there and resume my duties as high commissioner in about two months.

A Rival to Monte Carlo.

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE GAZETTE.

BERLIN, March 2.—Prince Lichtenstien is in negotiations with a syndicate of German bankers who are endeavouring to lease land at Vaduz on the Swiss frontier for the purpose of establishing a gambling house in opposition to Monte Carlo. It is said a yearly rental of a million floins has been offered.

New Gold Discovery.

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE GAZETTE.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal. March 2.—The news of gold discoveries in the mines near Ensenada is becoming more satisfactory and great excitement prevails. The town is deserted by people who have gone to the mines. Old miners say the "find," is probably the richest ever discovered on the Pacific coast.

Henry George Goes to Europe.

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE GAZETTE.

NEW YORK, March 2.—Henry George sailed for Europe on the steamship Ems this morning. George expects to remain abroad about four months.

The Weather.

INDICATIONS.—Fair, followed in eastern New York by light rain; slightly warmer, variable winds.

The Minstrels.

There was a crowded house to witness the second performance of the minstrels last evening. The performance was given more satisfactorily then the first.

Among those present were John H. Parks, Mrs. Parks and Miss Parks; J. M. Robinson and wife, A. C. Fairweather, D. D. Robertson, S. S. Hall, of Rothesay; Squire Peters and others from Hampton; Mrs. Dever, and the Misses Dever, Gen'l. Warner, Mrs. and Miss Warner, D. C. Clinch, and Mrs. Clinch. Robert Armstrong, James McMillan, D. J. Fraser, the Misses Adams, R. Lester Peters, Miss Peters, Joseph Allison.

The following is a full list of the members of the company:

F. Blackadar, W. L. Busby, A. Thompson, Bones.

C. DeForest, Jim