

# The Evening Times Star

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## Revelations Thick and Fast

### Balance of the \$61,500 Traced at Potato Inquiry—Geo. B. Jones, Star Witness, Informed by Commissioner That He Must Answer

Revelations came thick and fast at the session of the potato inquiry this morning, the evidence secured being among the most important yet recorded. The comptroller-general gave evidence regarding the payment of \$9,531 to close the account of A. C. Smith & Company. The check was made payable to "A. C. Smith & Co., or the Bank of Montreal."

The manager of the bank told the court that this check was presented by Mr. Daggett. Part of the proceeds were used to retire a note of Mr. Daggett, made payable to and endorsed by G. B. Jones, for \$5,077.66. The balance was paid out by a check in favor of A. C. Smith & Co.

Mr. Hawkins testified also that the money which was returned to Mr. Sumner was deposited according to the bank records, by one William Thompson. The star witness of the session was George B. Jones. The witness readily admitted having received \$61,500 from W. B. Tennant, having been instructed by Premier Clarke to get it. He paid it out according to the premier's instructions. He gave \$33,900 to Mr. Daggett, but did not remember giving Mr. Daggett any instructions regarding the money. After some hesitation, he admitted having sent \$6,000 to Westmorland county, prior to the by-election there.

Here Mr. Jones balked, but when convinced by the commissioner that he must answer, he continued with his list. Four thousand dollars more went to Westmorland; \$10,000 was paid to the Frederick Gleason, and \$4,000 was sent to Carleton county for use in the by-election there. The balance, \$14,000, was sent to pay various election expenses.

Pressed for information regarding the persons to whom he had made the payments, Mr. Jones absolutely refused to answer, saying he would drag others into it. He was warned by counsel for the government that at another session he must answer the questions or be committed for contempt of court.

Mr. Loudoun, took it up with his head office before discussing it. He asked you have any authority from any one to apply part of the proceeds of a check payable to A. C. Smith & Co., in July, 1915. He said the requisition was signed by J. B. Daggett and endorsed by George B. Jones.

Mr. Jones of Apohaqui was called and sworn. He deposed that he was a member of the legislature for Kings county and had been since 1908. Counsel produced to him a check for \$8,077.66 on that shipment. The check was made payable to A. C. Smith & Co., or the Bank of Montreal.

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THE KAISER: "I cannot drink any more; I am sick unto death."

## Unconditional Surrender Will Not Be Enough

### That is Sentiment Growing in London in Connection With Peace Move

London, Oct. 10.—The demand for something more than unconditional surrender from Germany "is becoming intensified in the newspapers here. Letters recalling the crimes of Germany and urging retribution include one from Professor Spencer Wilkinson, who declares that a condition precedent for the cessation of hostilities should be Allied occupation of Metz, Strasbourg, Mainz, Trier, and Cologne.

Viscount Middleton, former secretary of state for India, says that the Allies make a declaration that peace shall not be made until retribution is exacted from Germany. The Times says that German "high financiers and industrialists" must be marked down for their part in the war.

Dr. W. F. Roberts this afternoon said that he personally saw four cases of influenza today which he diagnoses as Spanish. Asked if the closing order of the door to fraternal lodge gatherings, Y. M. C. A., Y. W. C. A., and such bodies, would be the beginning of official negotiations, he replied that he was not sure.

London, Oct. 10.—In a manifesto issued by the parliamentary committee of the trades union congress and the Labor party executive, the opinion is expressed that the German peace offer is applied to reasoned consideration.

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## MEAN TO GIVE BEATEN ENEMY NO CHANCE TO REGAIN BREATH

### Details of The Last Blow, That Smashed Hindenburg Line

## CANADIANS' BIG PART

### Germans Flee Across Country Abandoning Towns After Towns—Cavalry and Tanks at Their Heels—Disorganized, Defeated, Discouraged

With the British Army on the Cambrai-St. Quentin front, Oct. 9.—(By the Associated Press)—By last night the British and Americans had reached the Hindenburg line, and the German line, with probably one hard blow, could be crushed. As a matter of fact, cavalry might have gone through the German lines last night in considerable numbers. Only a few were seen, however, while the main bodies were held just back of the line.

For miles the front suddenly sprang into one place just north of Cambrai, but with great gallantry swept on after annihilating the Germans who tried to bar their way. From there on the Canadian and English troops, after a "crash" barrage, launched a powerful attack extending some miles north from the Hindenburg line.

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## More Gains All Along The Line

### British, French and Americans Pressing on in First Step of General Retreat Which Now Seems Inevitable

London, Oct. 10.—Further progress was made by the British last night on the east of Cambrai. Fighting is going on southeast of Cambrai on both sides of the Hindenburg line, and the British are now within two miles of Leateau. Sallamennes and Noyelles have been captured.

Between Lens and the Scarpe the British also are advancing and are in touch with the Germans to the west of the line of Vitry-Es-Artois, Asel-Lez-Esquennes and Douvres.

Paris, Oct. 10.—A quarter of a million Germans are now in full retreat between Cambrai and St. Quentin in the Allies hot at their heels. At some points the advance has exceeded fifteen miles in the last two days.

This forward movement of the Allies is regarded as the first step in the general retreat of the Germans which seems now inevitable.

Paris, Oct. 9.—Field Marshal Haig's communication tonight seems to mark another phase in the astounding success of the Allied arms, namely, the completion of the breaking through of the whole Hindenburg defensive system from Arras to St. Quentin.

According to accounts sent by the correspondents at the front, the general belief is that there are no further strong defensive positions to conquer such as have now been passed.

Paris, Oct. 9.—In an advance of about eight kilometres east of St. Quentin, the railroad junction point of Hindenburg-Sar-Cheval has been captured by the French. They took about 2,000 prisoners and some guns, according to the French official communication issued tonight. Big gains also have been made by the French along the Aisne, where 600 more prisoners were taken.

Paris, Oct. 9.—The text of the war office statement tonight reads: "North of Cambrai the Canadians attacked the German line with great success. They reached the outskirts of Bouillers and held Maury and Honnechy. Large forces of the enemy have been seen from the air fleeing well to the east of Leateau. Many of the British and French reached Bouillers and passed quickly through Bouillers.

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## FRATERNAL ORDERS NOT ALLOWED TO HOLD MEETINGS

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## GASOLINE RESTRICTIONS CONTINUE ON SUNDAY

Ottawa, Oct. 10.—There can be no relaxation of the gasoline restrictions on Sunday, says Assistant Fuel Controller Peterson.

## WEATHER REPORT

Issued by Authority of the Department of Marine and Fisheries, R. F. Stewart, director of meteorological service.

Synopsis—Fair weather prevails over Canada, except over the British Columbia coast and in the eastern portion of the maritime provinces where rain is prevalent in some parts.

Lakes and Georgian Bay, Ottawa Valley and Upper St. Lawrence—Light to moderate winds, fine and moderately warm today and on Friday.

Lower St. Lawrence, Gulf and North Shore—Moderate west to southwest winds, fine today and on Friday; moderate west to southwest winds, mild today and on Friday.

All West—Fair and moderately warm today and on Friday.

Martique—Moderate to fresh north-west to west winds, rain at first in the eastern portion, generally fair. Friday, moderate west to southwest winds, mild today and on Friday.

## VON STEIN QUILTS AS THE PRUSSIAN WAR MINISTER

Copenhagen, Oct. 10.—According to a semi-official report from Berlin, the resignation of General von Stein as Prussian war minister has been accepted. Major General Scheuch, it is said, has been appointed his successor. Scheuch has been at the head of the department of munitions in Berlin.

## TRYING TO DENY THAT THEY SET FIRE TO TOWNS

London, Oct. 10.—Indications that Germany is becoming anxious in consequence of the threats of reprisals for the destruction of towns in France are afforded by a telegram from the official War Bureau, received in Stockholm, saying that Douai was burning as the result of the continuous British bombardment.

## AMERICAN HOSPITAL IN NEW JERSEY BURNED

Two Officers Lost Lives. Railway, N. J., Oct. 10.—Two officers are reported killed and several others were injured in a fire which destroyed the officers' quarters at Base Hospital No. 4, early today at Colonia, three miles from here.

## BURIED TODAY

The funeral of Mrs. Margaret Sullivan took place this morning from her late residence, 116 Duke street, to St. John the Baptist church, where high mass of requiem was celebrated by Rev. P. J. McMurphy. Interment was made in the old Catholic cemetery.

## MRS. ANNIE SHANES

Many will learn with regret of the death of Mrs. Annie Shanes which occurred this morning at the residence of her brother-in-law, Station street, Fairville. She leaves four brothers, Andrew Keating and Charles Fairville; four of nephews and William of Woodstock.

## NOT TOMORROW NIGHT

A published statement might give the impression that the mission in St. John the Baptist church would be closed tomorrow night. The fact is it will be closed this evening.

## LIQUOR SEIZED

At the incoming Montreal train today Inspector Garnett captured two men with a suit-case containing liquor.